

Military Force—continued.

Red River, *Right Hon. E. Ellice* 6034, 6050, 6051—Difficulty in maintaining a proper military force at Red River in the event of a war with the United States, *ib.* 6046.

Explanation as to a military force at Red River having recently been applied for in consequence of disturbances at Minnesota, and of the possibility of illegal conduct on the part of the half-breeds and Canadian traders, *Right Hon. E. Ellice* 6048-6055.

Minerals. Copper and iron exist along the eastern shore of the Lake Superior, *Sir G. Simpson* 917-919—The north shore of Lake Superior in Canada has been surveyed by Mr. Logan, and lead and copper have been found, and worked for a time; failure of the mining companies adverted to hereon, *Sir J. Richardson* 3092-3106—The geological formation north of Lake Superior is promising, *ib.* 3103, 3108, 3109—Mineral character of the country north of Lake Superior, *Crofton* 3294—Report in 1845 or 1846 by Sir William Logan on the minerals around Lake Superior, &c., *Hon. W. H. Draper* 4218, 4219.

Impression that the Company have not endeavoured to develop the mineral resources of the territory, *Right Rev. Dr. Anderson* 4300—Greater value of the territory than has been represented, in regard to mineral resources, *Roche* 4464-4471—Supply of copper, coal, and galena along the Coppermine River and the coast, *King* 5697, 5698.

Witness has examined large quantities of minerals brought to this country from the Hudson's Bay territory, *Tennant* 5746—Minerals doubtless exist there in large quantities, but it is very questionable whether they can be worked profitably, *ib.* 5747-5751—On the American side of Lake Superior silver and copper exist more abundantly than on the British side, and the copper has been extensively worked, *ib.* 5748, 5749, 5752, 5753—Similarity between the features of the mineral districts in British North America and in Siberia, *ib.* 5756-5758—Existence and working of mines of cryolite and lead in Greenland adverted to, *ib.* 5758-5764—Probable existence of similar minerals in parts of British North America as have been found in other countries of a like formation, *ib.* 5764-5767—Remarks on certain minerals found in Australia, *ib.* 5773, 5774.

Quotation of remarks from Sir John Richardson's books as to the probable value of the minerals, *Isbister* 6090.

See also *Coal. Copper. Gold. Iron. Malachite. Plumbago. Tar.*

Minnesota. Circumstance of there having been a strong tendency to settle in Minnesota, but not in the country at Lake Winnipeg, on the part of the population to the south and east, *Lefroy* 321-325—Circumstance of Minnesota having been partly settled before all Wisconsin was settled, *Rae* 456-470—Less rigorous climate at Minnesota than Red River, *Sir G. Simpson* 837—Rapid and immense increase of the population in Minnesota, *Kernaghan* 2237—Greater facilities for the spread of colonisation in Minnesota than at the Red River, *Crofton* 3250-3255—Emigration from Canada to Minnesota adverted to, *Hon. W. H. Draper* 4068, 4069—The inducements to settlement in Minnesota do not apply to settlement at the Red River, &c., *Right Hon. E. Ellice* 5845-5847, 5911-5914, 6039-6041.

Missionaries and Missionary Settlements. Circumstance of witness having recommended a missionary settlement between the Lake of the Woods and the Rainy Lake, *Sir G. Simpson* 846-848—Particulars as to the religious or missionary establishments in the territory, and the payments made by the Company to them severally, *ib.* 1100-1102—Reference to a charge made by the Company for the passage and travelling expenses of two missionaries, *ib.* 1724-1728.

Witness was, for about three years (1852-55), in charge of the Grand Rapids district, the largest settlement on the Red River, *Corbett* 2651-2661—Acted as a missionary of the Colonial Church and School Society, and did not receive any payment from the Hudson's Bay Company, *ib.* 2662-2665—Statement as to the Company having for several years prohibited the formation of a missionary station and settlement at Portage-la-Prairie, on the Assiniboine River, *ib.* 2666-2680—Pressure under which the Company have recently stopped their opposition to a missionary station at Portage-la-Prairie, *ib.* 2680, 2681—Measures, equivalent to a prohibition, taken by the Company with reference to the missionary station at Headingley, on the Assiniboine River, *ib.* 2682-2688—Restrictions placed upon the proceedings of missionaries at Fort Alexander, *ib.* 2692, 2693—Circumstance of agents of the Company having more than once stated that if missionaries and missionary settlements increase, factors and fur-trading posts must decrease, *ib.* 2694-2703.

Facilities afforded to the missionaries by the Company, *Sir J. Richardson* 2965, 2986, 2987—At Norway House the missionaries were very useful to the Indians, *Crofton* 3435-3437—The missionaries are paid by the Missionary Society, but have also some allowance from the Company, *ib.* 3439.

There are nineteen clergymen of the Church of England, besides witness, located in Rupert's Land, all furnished by different societies, except the one who is chaplain to the Company,
0.24—Sess. 2.