nt and is rushing into the M carrying with it the deb The Elkhorn adds its fl Platte, and all the valleys

om Iowa come stories of ice gorge he Des Moines river at Fort Dodg at Madrid, flooding miles of the bot known only one life has he ry Favill, a farmer of Dixon co rowned while trying to cross ge over a swollen stream

s sick with rheumatism, and lay in until May 21, when I got a bottle cation of it relieved me almost from the pain and the second me complete relief. In I was able to be up and abo -A. T. Moreaux, Luverne, Minn. sale by all druggists. Langley erson Bros., wholesale agents

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Mictoria Cimes.

Twice-a-Week.

VOL. 15.

VICTORIA. B. C., FRIDAY, MARCH 26, 1897.

IS KING GEORGE GETTING TIRED?

Belief That Greece Is Seriously Anx ious to Find a Peaceful Solution of Difficulty

Massacre of Christians at Tokat-Sultan Not Frightened at Concert of the Powers.

Bulgaria and Servia Have Announce Their Determination to Preserve Peace.

London, March 23.—The Times correspondent at Athens says various incilents are reported as showing the irritating attitude taken by the Greeks. and an outbreak of hostilities is daily expected. But though the populace and army are eager for war, it is believed the government is seriously anxious to find a peaceful solution. Yet no government could venture to recall Colonel Vassos from Crete unless the Turkish troops were simultaneously recalled. Against even this concession without annexation there would be murmurs; but the government has a strong majority in the boule, and the nation would soon see the prudence of a step which must lead ultimately to annexation.

The government are certainly doing their best to prevent an explosion. Col. Marromichalis, commanding at Larissa, and Colonel Manos, commanding at Arta, possesses great influence with the army; and it is hoped they may be able to exercise the necessary restraint over the troops. The government emphatically denies that the Turkish consuls at Thessaly suffered any ill-usage whatever, and the announcement that Turkey has recalled them is interpreted more as an act of provocation than a

Belgrade, Serv a, March 23.-A leading statesman to-lay, in an interview with a representation of the Associated Press on the eastern question, said:

"While Servia sympathizes with Greece, the Servian government does not regard the present as being a favoris now re-opened it could only be settled in a way antagonistic to the interests of Servia, Bulgaria and Greece. Therefore it is the intention of Servia not to do anything to increase the existing complications at all, but to do everything to preserve for the present the status quo."

During the recent visit of King Alexander to Sophia it developed during the via held identical opinions on the subject and a full understanding was arrived at between the two countries in that there will be a Turko-Greek war or serious disturbances in Macedonia.

The few battalions of Turkish troops sent to the Servian frontier were dispatched there in consequence of a demand from Belgrade that Turkey preserve better order and prevent the further incursions of Albanians.

Constantinople, March 23.-Authentic details of the outbreak on Sunday last at Tokat, in the Sivias district of Armenians while the latter were at church, show that one hundred Christians were massacred. The Armenian quarter and the bazaar were given over to pillage for eight hours. The representations of the ambassadors of the foreign powers regarding the condition of Anatolia made but little impression upon the Sultan, who, relying upon the support of Russia, is convinced that he has nothing to fear from the so-called concert of the powers, which is continually harped upon, although it is believed David Starr Jordan Dispenses a Little that little or no concert, beyond a desire in some quarters to postpone the out-

break of war, really exists. Diplomats here are said to be once More turning their attention to the conduct of the Sultan. And it is semiofficially intimated that they are again presentations on the subject of Armenia, which has hitherto been followed, vive a new fit of righteous indignation, kill them."

the island of Crete for the purpose of THE HORRORS now on duty ashore. The porte has raised no objections up to the present believing that the foreign fleets will then carry out their threat to blockade the principal ports and coast of Greece.

On this question, however, there is no unanimity of opinion, the impression prevailing being that Great Britain and Italy will at least strongly oppose such a step, believing it would cause Greece to promptly declare war on Turkey, a culmination of the crisis which some of the powers are apparently still hopeful of averting. In the meanwhile war preparation

continue night and day, and there are no indications of a backdown. Troops are being constantly hurried to the frontier. The work of erecting fortifications is progressing rapidly, and all is in readiness for an advance early in April, when the weather will be much more propitious for military purposes. Some people intimate that war will break out about April 6 next the anniversary of the standard of the Cross against the Crescent, 1821, at the commencement of the Greek war of in-

ANOTHER LIBERAL VICTORY. Champagne, Liberal, Elected for the

Riding of Wright. Hull, March 23.-In the Wright elec-

tion the following returns have been re-Chelsea-Champagne, 14; McDougali,

Aylwin-Champagne, 34; McDougall. 60. Maniwaki-Champagne, 37; McDougall, 40. Six Portages-Champagne, 46; McDougall, 16. Kensington -Champagne, 12; McDougall, 44. Kenpoll-45. Maniwaki-Chamsington pagne, 120; McDougall, 44. Aylmer-Champagne, 100; McDougall, 211. Boughrell-Champagne, 87; McDougall, 32. Maniwaki poll 14-Champagne, 23; McDougall, 62. Wakefield-Champagne, 50; McDougall, 57. At the close of the poll Champagne has 652 majority.

ARMS FOR CUBA.

Another Party of Filibusters Get Safely Away From Florida.

Punta, Corda, Fla., Mauch 22 - The tug Fearless, which took out a party of filibusters on Saturday morning, transferred them yesterday morning to a large sea-going vessel, name unknown, at Boca Grande Pass, one of the remote able time for a settlement of the Bal- entrances to Charlotte harbor. Thence pedition seems to have been entirely unexpected by the government.

THE FLOODED DISTRICT.

River Falling Slowly at Memphis-The Rise Continues at Cairo.

Memphis. Tenn., March 23.-The river continues to fall slowly at Memphis. The gauge last night registered a fraction under 37 feet, a fall of about an inch in course of a discussion Bulgaria and Ser- forty-eight hours, but the decline of the great volume of water at this point is due to a break in the levee at Carruthersville, Mo., and Sans Souci, Ark. The fact that the rise continues at Cairo regard to the present situation. Bota and other points not affected by the Caruntries are determined to preserve the ruthersville break is sufficient basis for peace, and no one in Belgrade believes the conclusion that the present slight drop here is not indicative that the beginning of the end of the flood is at hand.

MAY AND DECEMBER.

Chief Justice Taschereau Creates Surprise by Choosing a Girlish Bride.

Ottowa March 23.-Instice Tascher eau, who created quite a sensation here by marrying Miss Marie vesterday Panet, of this city, who is but 20 years of age, left to-day with his youthful bride for New York on their honeymoon. Asia Minor, when the Turks attacked the The groom is about 60 years of age, and only returned from India last week.

Winnipeg, March 23.-A Calgary dispatch says that the Galacian settlers sent north to Edmonton recently from Winnipeg are starving. They have no food and no money, and are absolutely dependent on the charity of their neighbors in the north for subsistence. Ottawa, March 23.-The city council of Bristol, England, has nominated two of its members to attend the Cabot celebration in Halifax next June.

THE FUR SEAL QUESTION.

of His Knowledge of the Subject. San Francisco, March 23.-Prof. David Starr Jordan, the head of the commission appointed by the United States to investigate the fur seal industry, has returned to this city from Washof the opinion, so frequently attributed ington. He says the new administration to them, that the system of friendly re-presentations on the subject of Armohe says, to preserve the seal herd is to totally prohibit pelagic sealing. Great must be changed for a sterner method Britain will be asked to join with the of dealing with the evils of which com- United States, but if that government plaint is made. But the Sultan has declines, the United States will take agheard this story many times during the gressive measures. The female seals a past few years, and he consoles himself with the belief that he will still sur-

as he has tided over others of a much more serious nature.

The ambassadors have formally notified the Turkish government of the increase of the powers to land troops on with Great Britain.

OF SHIPWRECK

Survivors of the Wrecked St. Nazaire Tell of Intense Suffering, Madness and Death.

A Small Boat Containing Twent, -Seven Persons Tossed on Heavy Seas for Days.

one by One They Succumb, and When Relief Appears the Four Who Remain Are Helpless.

of the missing steamer Ville de St. Na-valongside. zaire, that was picked up at sea by the steamer Creole and brought to this port, was the one from which the schooner Hilda recently took the four survivors who are now in New York hospitals. When the Hilda took out the living freight the lifeboat containing five corpses wards sighted by the Creole. When that plain enough to be understood. steamer come to port and told her story it was supposed that she had found another of the boats in which the passengers had left the sinking ship. Captain Berrai, however, who was one of tively that the boat from which he had ben taken was No. 3. A baby's sock found in the lifeboat by the Creole's crew was identified by Juan de Tejada, another of the survivors, as that of his baby, who died in the boat. He has the other sock under his pillow in the hospital, where he lies recovering.

Captain Gager, of the Creole, that while in latitude 36 degrees 17 minutes, and longitude 74 degres 30 minutes, a boat was passed filled with water. After a short distance, he recalled the loss of the St. Nazaire, and the steamer and put back. When the steamer got alongside the

and the water in her was up to the gun- as the stern of the boat rose and fell wale. The davits were not strong enough to hoist her out of the water, so of the Hilda, who leaned over her side, the forward derrick was swung over the half afraid to go into the tossing craft. side and the boatswain was sent down In the bottom of the boat lay three to hook on the tackle. The tackle was other men. They rolled about as the first hooked to the bow, and, hoisting waves passed, but none of them rose. the boat so as to empty some of the They were dead. So was the man who water out of her, the bodies were wash- sat in the stern with the ghastly smile

sank.

they steamed away to Cuba. This ex- | Creole and brought to port, and now lies ders of the French Steamship Company. The host contained some clothing, mostly seamen's trousers and jumpers, two part of a bottle of soothing syrup, and some claret bottles containing fresh water. There was also a quantity of French bread, two case knives, and a uniform button of the French company's service. bodies being that of a woman. The man who went down into the boat says there was no woman, while some of the excited passengers who crowded about looking at the ghastly spectacle said there was, and the mate was ready to swear he saw a woman's body. Captain Gager says there was not a woman, and he thinks from the dress and appearance of the bodies that they were part of the crew, and that two of them were color-

The boat is a large one, about forty feet long and pointed at both ends. She has the appearance of being quite old, and is very much dilapidated, probably caused by the buffeting of the waves during the thirteen days she had been in the water since the wreck. She had no

oars, mast or sail when picked up. The survivors of the wrecked St. Nazaire, who were brought to this port. are having a hard struggle to regain their health. Captain Berri, Surgeon Maire and Engineer Sauts are still confined to their romos in the Hotel Martin. Their condition is somewhat improved. Slow progress is also reported in the condition of the surviving passenger, Juan

de Tejada. The story they tell is one of intense suffering, starvation, madness and death. For days the boat, in which were twenty-seven persons, including a woman and four children, tossed about on the heavy seas. They were without food and without enough clothing to keep their bodies warm. One by one they succumbed to the cold and hunger, some dying in the boat, and others in frenzy and madness leaped into the sea. When boat was sighted, one week after wreck, four men sat gibbering in the rm-tossed craft—unable to shout—unable to move, on the verge of madness. The dead steered their craft. On the face of the helmsman, whose stiff fingers held the tiller, death had fixed a ghast

ly grin, and the wide-open, sightless eyes were fixed on those still living. Augustine Forget, the French agent at this port, made the following statement of the disaster as he had learned it from Captain Berrai's discon-

nected remarks: The St. Nazaire encountered a tempes within forty-eight hours out from New the Queen's. York for Port au Prince. The steamship had made about 270 miles from this port, and was off Cape Hatterss. Heavy seas swept the ship continually from Sunday afternoon until midnight. Water poured down the hatches and put out the fires in the engine leaving the vessel helpless. Car Jacqueneau ordered out the boats, ing no other hope. Four boats were

launched, only to be crushed against the ship. In a momentary full the other POURING PEOPLE. the wreck and all on board crowded into

The boat into which Berrai got contained thirty-seven persons all told, including a woman and four children. Berrai took command and ordered the signal lights carried, for the other boats to follow. The four boats parted company, however, almost at once, and Berry never saw a trace of the other three ofter leaving the ship. Everybody worked hard to keep the boat's head to the waves and all suffered most intensely through the first night. Some froze to death and others jumped overboard. Of the last three days of the terrible experience Captain Berrai has only hazy

Mate Collins, of the schooner Hilda, now lying at Perth Amboy, was inter-viewed on board that vessel. In telling of the rescue of the survivors of the wreck of the steamship St. Nazaire, he said that he never in his long experience on the sea had seen such an awful sight as was presented by the small boat and New York, March 24.-Lifeboat No. 3 its occupants when the Hilda came

The four men yet alive were trying to sank to the bottom of the boat, where of the late government positions withfour of their companions were lying dead. Not one of them had the strength necessary to catch the line thrown to was permitted to drift, and was after- them, and not one could utter a word

The small boat containing the survivors, he continued, was sighted at 2 p, m. Sunday. The schooner, which was then about ten miles off shore in the neighborhood of the Fenwich islands, those rescued by the Hilda, stated posi- was brought about and directed toward the boat. A heavy sea was running at the time and it took almost an hour to reach her. After some manoeuvring the Hilda was brought so close to the small Half standing, half kneeling in her were four men, hollow-cheeked and wild-Their lips, swollen and parched, moved slowly before a sound came, except a gasp, such as comes from the lips of a dying man. Their tonges, covered with sores and clotted blood, protruded between their teeth, too swollen to be longer retained in their mouths. The thinking it might belong to her, turned eyes protruded as if the men were being

In the stern of the boat sat a man boat it was seen that she contained six half dressed and apparently laughing podies, lying in a heap under the seats, His mouth and eyes were wide open, and he seemed to nod his head to the men ed out of the other end and immediately on his face, dead of exposure and starvation. The four men alive were insane The boat was taken on board the and weak, as men would get who had gone for a week with almost nothing to eat and no water.

shoulders, none of them had the strength away when in Quebec women's shoes of different patterns, a to hold it or tie it around their bodies. sand miles away. Repeatedly a line was move their arms or close their stiffened Finding the men in the boat were

helpless, two of the Hilda's crew climbed down her sides, and when a wave lifted the boat within reach stepped aboard. One of the four men attracted their attention by groans, and managed to carry his hand to his mouth and pointed down his throat. Then the res cuers turned their attention to the dead. The bodies were removed in a few minutes, but none too quickly. The smail boat was hurled against the Hilda's side by the waves and was splintered so it began to leak, and as the two men from the Hilda left it filled and sank. The dead men were buried at sea.

Then the crew of the Hilda turned their attention to the four survivors. Exposure to the salt water had blistered their skin in great blotches and their hands were raw from pulling at the oars. A little coffee was given to them and the four men were put to bed. They went quickly to sleep and by the next morning had partially recovered. It is believed that seventy-eight persons in all were lost by the foundering of the steamskip, although a summary of the list of the passengers and crew who were on the vessel when she left tory duties will be imposed against the here shows that there were but eleven passengers in all, and that the crew list numbered seventy-one men. Of these only four men were saved. The officers, crew and passengers, with one or the case Canada should govern two exceptions, were residents of foreign

It is, or should be, the highest aim of every merchant to please his customers; and that the wideawake drug firm of Meyers & Eshleman, Sterling, Hl., is doing so is proven by the following from Mr. Eshleman: "In my sixteen years experience in the drug business I have nev er seen or sold or tried a medicine that gave such good satisfaction as Chamber lain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Rem

For sale by all druggists. Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

R. F. Ticehurst, of Cowichan, is

INTO THE WEST

Government Making Preparations to Develop the Long-Neglected Western Country.

Will Assist the Western Immigration Associations by Money Gra t-People on the Way.

Secretarie's Departments To Be Abolished-Discussing Fast Atlantic Service.

Ottawa, March 23.-There is a likelihood of the government abolishing most The four men yet alive were trying to lihood of the government abolishing most establishment for nurses. Mayor Wilstand erect, but their legs refused to of the secretaries' departments, as their son Smith favors the building of a vicesupport them, and time and again they positions were created to give favorites regal residence out any work to do. Those who are likely to be affected soon are Benoit, secretary of militia, who was at one time private secretary to Caron; Jarvis, secretary of agriculture, who was also private secretary to Carling, and Balderson, secretary of railways, who was private secretary to Haggart. It is said that Balderson has already been notified of his superannuation.

It has been decided by the minister of the interior to give a small grant to boat that her crew could see its interior. the Western Immigration Association time, replied the major. "A foreign for its assistance. This association is war a few years ago would have preabout the only organization voluntarily formed by the people of the west to promote immigration, and it has been deemed advisable to encourage and assist this work by giving a grant that will be sufficient to pay the necessary expenditure. The general scope of the work to be done by the association will be supervised by Commissioner McCreary at Winnipeg. Similar encouragement will be given to another association in Montreal, which does work for the benefit for the province of Quebec. The idea is to encourage independent effort on the part of the citizens wherever they are found willing to take an interest in immigra-

> Mr. Davin arrived last night. Judgment will be given in his election case to-morrow. Speaker Edgar is here making assign-

ments for the season. Indignation is a mild term in which to express the feelings of the government in regard to the publication of the proposed deal with English capitalists for The men on the Hilda threw a line to the minister without a portfolio, generthem, and, while it fell over their ally gets credit for giving the matter child's sock, a nipple to a nursing bottle, So far as they depended on their own was called into Sir Richard Cartwright's efforts safety might have been a thou- room, the latter having full charge of the fast Altantic question. thrown to them, and repeatedly it trail- the deal is not finally put through, there ed across their faces while they knelt is a good reason to believe negotiations there in the boat moving their lips as are well under way, and the premature There is some doubt as to one of the if they were laughing, yet unable to publicity given to the matter may cause grave difficulties

Toronto, March 13 .- The rush of settlers from Ontario to Manitoba keeps taining about 250 people and more are to ment adding: "Further than that I rego forward to-night with two train loads of settlers' effects.

Sir Donald Smith is here and appeared before the cabinet this afternoon in con- They might as well ask him how much nection with the fast Atlantic service. J. B. Laplante, advocate, of Valleyfield, Que., has been appointed assistant New England. clerk of the house of commons. The salary is \$2,000.

Montreal, March 23 .- Since the provisions of the Dingley tariff were announced it has been considerably canvassed here, and the consensus of opinion seems to be that it is hostile to the interests of Canada. The lumber trade has been mostly to the front, and there has been a general demand for export duties on saw logs and all kinds of pulp wood. The indications are that the government will accede to this demand. and the forthcoming revision of the tariff will not be much in the line of lower du-

Ald. Prefontaine, who has just re turned from a conference with the ministers at Ottawa, has intimated plainly that this is the case, and that retalia-United States all along the line. "The American tariff," La Patrie declares, "constitutes a Chinese wall

against Canada's trade, and since this is accordingly. It is unfortunately only too evident that our neighbors do not wish to trade with us, consequently it behooves us to look elsewhere for markets. Great Britain and our sister colonies offer us a market that can be utilized to the greatest advantage." The report that the Dominion govern

ment has concluded a contract with the English firm of Peterson, Tait & Co., of Newcastle, for a Canadian fast Atlantic line of steamers is confirmed by sources which seem to be official. The boats, it is stated, will be equal to anything now entering New York, and in some respects will even surpass many of the present Atlantic liners. They will run from Quebec to Liverpool in summer and from Halifax in winter, making the latter trip in about four and s half days. The steamships are to be of the highest class, capable of steaming at least 22 knots an bour on the trial trip and to make 20 to 21 knots at sea.

The passenger account 1 The passenger accommodation is to be equal to anything at present on the Atlantic lines, whilst there will be ample apacity for ordinary freight and very arge provision for cold storage.

NO. 5. accepted the Conservative candidatu for Beauharnois.

VERY NEATLY PUT.

Hon. Mr. Geoffrion Sizes up the School Controversy in a Nutshell.

Montreal, March 23.-Hon. C. A. Geoffrion, member of the Dominion gov-ernment without portfolio, speaking here, referred to Mgr. Merry del Val. who was not coming, he said, to say whether the school settlement was good or bad, but to tell the Catholic Liberals whether they could approve of the settle-ment as well as the Catholic Conservatives could disapprove of it.

HONORING THE QUEEN.

Projects Discussed in Montreal for the Diamond Jubilee Celebration,

Montreal, March 23.—It has been de cided that the military feature of the Queen's jubilee celebration in Montreal shall take the place of a church parade

Sir Donald Smith proposes Montreal shall celebrate the jubilee by erecting an

THINKS WAR A BLESSING.

Major Wagner, U. S. A., Is a Firm Believer in Blood-Letting.

Kansas City, March 23.-Major Arthur S. I. Wagner, U. S. A., in an interview with a reporter here said: The Cretan embroglio seems full of It is time that Europe had a

blood letting. War will clear up conditions like a thunderstorm clears up the 'What do you think of war for America?" the major was asked. "America has needed a war for some

vented the so-called hard times and the discontent of this recent period.' "And a war now?" queried the re-

"An act of war by Spain would be a God-send.' "War," added the soldier, "not only

clear the political atmosphere and national atmosphere, but it purges the moral atmosphere. horrors of fire and blood seem beyond being condoned: nevertheless, as the greatest good for the greatest number, war is the only remedy for the evils of long peace American people are for war right now. These peculiar outbreaks are the symptoms of a demand for war. The inevitable result of unbroken peace is what we see in China to day."

Listowel, Sept. 22nd, 1896.

Edmanson, Bates & Co. Gentlemen.-I have pleasure in saying that Dr. Chase's Ointment, Pills and Catarrh Cure and Linseed and Turpentine are selling well, and are giving every satisfaction. Many of spoken highly in their tomers have

J. A. HACKING.

CROWN TIMBER AGENCY. Mr. Higginson Reticent in Answering

Questions. New Westminster, March 24.-Several witnesses were examined yesterday, including millmen and lumbermen. ginson recalled, denied having been interested in timber berths at the time Two trains left here to-day con- such were acquired from the governspectfully decline to answer on the principle of enquiring into private atfairs, which none had a right to do. stock he had in a certain bank."

Mrs. Black, of Vancouver, is at the

