SUMMARY.

Great Britain, &c.

THE BANKS.—We are enabled to state with some degree of confidence, that it is the intention of the joint stock Banks in Lancashire to call a meeting of their various directors, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of declining to receive Bank of England notes, and of taking the notes only of such banks as oppose the measures of the Bank of England, with the view of putting an end to that constant tampering with the currency by the Bank direction, under which the property of every merchant and manufacturer is placed in constant jeopardy. The natural consequence of this important measure will be the complete extrication of the manufacturing, commercial, and agricultural interests, from the thraldom by which they have so long been oppressed. In fact, it becomes daily more evident to every practised mind, that, however adequate the Bank of England may have been to give a circulation to the country 50 or 60 years ago, it is now no longer able to meet the increased wants of the empire, more especially when two-thirds of its capital is foolishly lent to government, instead of being applied to the commercial purposes for which the Bank of England was originally intended. We cannot conclude these remarks without stating that we are fully aware that the notes of the Bank of England have become a legal tender; but a determined demand for gold will soon remedy that point, and create a feeling in favour of a provincial circulation; and we only regret that an establishment, which, under wholesome and monetary laws, might be the foster parent of many other useful banking establishments, and confer a benefit upon the country, should, from the ignorance and perverseness of its directors, resolve itself into a national pest.—*London Morning Herald.*

A deputation, consisting of Adam Hodgson, Esq., John Stuart, Esq., and William Brown, Esq., three of the principal merchants residing at Liverpool, left that town on Wednesday evening, for the purpose of meeting the London merchants, and jointly with them have a consultation with the Directors of the Bank of England, on the subject of the very extraordinary proceeding which the Bank of England has lately adopted towards the most eminent merchants of Liverpool, in conjunction with those of London, in refusing to discount the bills of the houses in question, is supposed to be grounded on the supposition that the bills were drawn to meet the amount of gold that has been sent out to North America. It is the opinion at Liverpool, that the bills were drawn upon *bona fide* mercantile transactions in the manufactures of this country; and the proceeding of the Bank of England, therefore, is founded on gross ignorance of the true state of business.

Fatal Mistake.—A few days since as Mr. George Roscoe, a highly respectable attorney, was visiting some friends near Bruhster, Somersetshire, he was mortally wounded in the following singular manner:—The house in which he slept being alarmed in the night by a report of thieves, the servant of the family came down with a large horse-pistol, intending to shoot the depredators; but unfortunately observing Mr. Roscoe, who had descended by another staircase, and mistaking him for a robber, instantly shot him through the heart. Mr. Roscoe immediately fell, and though the family were unremitting in their endeavours to allay his anguish, yet before he was conveyed to his bedroom the vital spark was extinct. Few persons can more lament his untimely end than the unfortunate man who was the cause of his death.

The quantity of iron required for the rail roads, for which acts have been passed during the last session, amounts to upwards of 220,000 tons.

An officer of rank, "well known in the political and scientific world," advertises that he has discovered a new compound rocket that will set an enemy's ship on fire if discharged 2,000 yards off, and a shell twice as destructive as the old one. He offers those interesting articles to privateers, African traders, &c. "Provided with such means, besides several others, the smallest vessel will, he says, infallibly destroy or compel to surrender any first-rate ship of war!"

It appears from a statement laid before the late scientific meeting at Bristol, that in Glasgow alone, upwards of 60 new churches are wanting to accommodate the enormously increased population of that one place.

The marriage of the Right Hon. Lord Frederick Gordon, to the Right Hon. Lady Kennedy Erskine, was solemnised on Wednesday evening, at Windsor Castle. The ceremony was performed in the state drawing room by the Rev. J. R. Wood, assisted by the Rev. Isaac Gosset and the Rev. Dr. F. Markham, in the presence of their Majesties and distinguished visitors. Th bride was given away by his Majesty. Immediately after the ceremony the happy couple took their departure for Isleworth, where they will spend the honey moon.

The Manchester Musical Festival commenced on the 12th Sept. There were nearly 400 musical performers present. The number of auditors on the 14th, morning and evening, at the Church, were 2500 to 3000, and the theatre was crowded to overflowing. The receipts to the 14th were £13,000.

The culture of the vine is introduced to a considerable extent in Jersey, and is still on the increase. There has been for some years past, sixty pipes annually produced, and which has been mistaken by good judges for old sherry; the produce of the island has the privilege of entering English ports duty free.

Miss Martineau, whose works on 'Political Economy,' and other subjects, are well known to the public, has arrived from the United States. Miss Martineau has passed the last two years in various parts of the American Union.

The object of the journey of the young King of Naples to Paris, was, it appears, to obtain the hand of the Princess Clementine, of Orleans. The dower is settled at 6,000,000 francs; 4,000,000 of which are to be at the disposal of his Sicilian Majesty, and the remaining 2,000,000 are to be invested in land in France. Madame Adelaide is to present the jewels and the bride's *trosseau.*

HORRIBLE WARFARE.—A letter from an English gentleman at Nineva, on the Tigris, communicates some particulars of the operations of the Turkish army under Reschid Pacha, in the subjugation of the Kurds. It seems that the Kurdish Chieftain *roasts alive* all the prisoners he takes from the Pacha, and that the Pacha retaliates by *impaling* all the Kurds who shall fall into his hands; thus the contest is carried on with an atrocity exceeding even the horrors of Spanish warfare.

NORWAY AND SWEDEN.—Let Norway and Sweden in all their internal affairs remain two independent sovereign states, each with its own legislature, administration, &c. in this respect there is not in Sweden, any wish, any thought, different from the wishes of the Norwegian nation. But what every reflecting Swede must wish as earnestly, especially considering how Sweden is exposed to its too powerful neighbor in the East, is, that the kingdoms may in all external affairs, in all relations to foreign powers, and all matters concerning their defence, not remain so divided as they now are, but form one whole; and, truly it seems that every reflecting Norwegian should join in this wish, for it would be idle to imagine that after the bulwark of Norway had fallen—after Sweden had become a Russian Province, the Norwegian nation could long maintain its dependencies against the preponderance of Russia. But it is clear that such an union cannot be hoped for so long as a mistrust is cherished in the Norwegian nation that every proposal coming from Sweden, aims at the amalgamation of the two countries—so long as national aversion is kept alive by insinuations that every thing unpopular in Norway originates in Sweden.—*Argus, a Swedish paper.*

The greater number of the foreigners at St. Petersburgh, by far, are Germans; there are few English, but plenty of Scotch. The English are generally very popular, and many of our customs closely followed. The Emperor has English coachmen, grooms, horses, &c.; many of the maids of honour are English, and learning our language seems "quite the rage" among the upper classes. It is excessively difficult to retain any English servant whom you may take out with you, as the nobility decoy them away from you. One of the first questions asked me was, whether "I had an English servant?" I answered "Yes; a poor relation much attached." It is a fact that the veriest hussies who are brought out as the fancy selections of some merchant to attend upon his family, are presently "off," and received into noblemen's families as nursery maids, at £20 per annum, for which they have little else to do than ride about in the carriage with the children. This is much better than going to Van Diemen's Land.—*Trip to St. Petersburgh, in Monthly Repository.*

Advertising.—A correspondent of one of the French papers, took some pains to prove that all the manufacturing wealth of England and citizen prosperity of London is to be traced to the popular custom of advertising. By his account there is no species of fabric, from pinmaking upwards, that can exist without a systematic operation of advertisement. The blacking maker (he says) not only inserts several in the week, but he sends his men to chalk the walls within forty miles of the great cities. One publisher pays £8,000 a year for puffing his new works, and one great auctioneer expends no less than £20 a day for making known to the public the number of estates he has to sell. The writer then goes into a calculation to show that the newspapers which contain these advertisements are mines of wealth to the proprietors, and he calls on all Frenchmen who are devoted to their country's good to advertise every thing they have to dispose of, and for every thing they want, by which their fortunes will be made, the public benefitted, and the press, the great support of their liberties, be enriched.

The garrison of Paris, consists of 24,000 men, 12 or 15 regiments of cavalry and infantry, in barracks; within 20 leagues of the capital, 25,000; the camp at Compeigne, 30,000. Thus an army of 79,000 men, which is a third of the whole army, how guard the capital. The drum, the drum, is the street music in Paris, all the day, and at early morning, and at night.

The operative population of the town of Lyons, in France, exceeds one hundred and sixty thousand:—among these are 35,000 silk manufacturers, more than 8000 shoemakers, 6000 tailors, 4600 hatters, 1100 jewellers, and 1050 hair dressers.

An Irish estate has recently been advertised in a Cork newspaper, with temptations to a purchaser of no ordinary kind; it consists of two villages, the future prospects of which are set forth by stating, that one of them is let for *nine hundred years*, and the other on *a lease for ever!*—on the expiration of which terms, both the said villages will be capable of great improvement.

A Ship of War.—It is a mighty and comprehensive problem to contemplate all the essential elements connected with the construction of so massy and stupendous a fabric as a ship destined for the terrible purposes of war, which, in the magnificent voyages it undertakes, has to cross wide and immeasurable seas, agitated at times by the unbridled fury of the winds, subjecting it to strains of the most formidable kind;—which shall possess mechanical strength to resist these, and at the same time be adapted for stowage and velocity,—which is expected in all cases to overtake the enemy, and yet must contain within itself the *materiel* of a six months' cruise. These and many other complicated inquiries which the naval architect has to contemplate, must all be involved in the general conditions of his problem, the elements of which he must estimate while he is rearing his mighty fabric in the dock, and be prepared to anticipate their effects before he launches his vessel on the turbulent bosom of the deep.—*Edinburgh Encyclopædia.*

THE OBSERVER.

ST. JOHN, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1836.

There is no later intelligence from Europe since the publication of our last paper.

It is contemplated to form a Railroad across the Island of Jamaica. The cost is estimated at £300,000. It is thought that it will take of this sum £25,000 to cross the morass between Kingston and Spanish Town.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH.—The building formerly called the *Asylum* having been purchased for a Presbyterian Church, and very neatly finished, was opened on Sunday the 16th instant, for Divine Service. The Rev. Mr. M'Lean, of St. Andrews, officiated in the forenoon; and the Rev. Mr. Andrew, (recently arrived from Edinburgh, to occupy the pastoral office in the Church,) preached in the afternoon, to a large and very attentive congregation.—*Gaz.*

☞ The Pews in St. Stephen's Church are to be sold on Saturday next.—(See advertisement, in a succeeding column.)

At a Convocation held at King's College, (University of Windsor,) Nova-Scotia, the degree of D. C. L., was conferred upon the Rev. Samuel E. Arnold, A. M., President of the Institute and Rector of Christ Church, Bordentown, New-Jersey, U. S.

The steamer Royal Tar, Capt. Reed, on account of the severe gales of last week, did not leave this port on her usual weekly trip to Portland, till Friday forenoon, at 10 o'clock. She had on board the Menagerie and Omnibus lately exhibited in this Province and N. Scotia.

NEW TESTAMENT FOR THE BLIND.—It is announced that the New Testement for the Blind, printed with raised letters, so that they can be read by the sense of touch, is completed at Boston, in two volumes. Dr. Howe, in a letter to the corresponding Secretary of the Massachusetts Bible Society, which aided in the accomplishment of the undertaking, says: "If the contributors to your fund, and the members of your Society, could witness the joy which this work produces in those blind persons who have access to it, they would be amply repaid for their generosity."

CIRCUIT COURTS.—We understand that His Majesty's Government has been pleased to authorise the Lieutenant Governor, (until further arrangements are completed,) to re-issue an Ordinance for the Circuit Courts in this Province.—*Chronicle.*

His Excellency the LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, Lady CAMPBELL, and Captain the Hon. A. A. SPENCER and Lady, arrived in town on Tuesday evening, on a visit from Head Quarters. On Wednesday His Excellency visited the Bridge now erecting over the Falls, examined it attentively, and expressed himself much pleased with the mechanism of its structure; and also warmly eulogized the Proprietors for their enterprise and perseverance in such a stupendous undertaking, which must favourably tend much to the improvement and welfare of this City. His Excellency left town on Friday morning on his return to Fredericton.—*Ib.*

THE DELEGATES.—We have much satisfaction in being able to announce, on good authority, that letters received in town this week from Messrs. Crane and Wilmot, give assurance of the most beneficial results to the Province from the mission of these Gentlemen to the mother country. Everything was in train for settlement on the most favourable terms for the Colony. The Casual Revenue, we learn, is either to be given up to the entire management of the Assembly for a certain stipulated sum annually, or so far placed under its control as to prevent further lavish expenditure. We wait with anxiety the full developement of the views and plans of His Majesty's Government relative to this Province, which the Deputation from the Assembly we are convinced have been mainly instrumental in forming and maturing.—*Cour.*

NEW COUNCILLOR.—We understand that EDWARD B. CHANDLER, Esquire, of Dorchester, has been appointed to a Seat in His Majesty's Legislative Council in this Province. Mr. C. is a Lawyer of some standing. He has for several years past been one of the Representatives from Westmoreland in the Assembly, and from the able, gentlemanly, and impartial manner in which he discharged his Legislative duties, had become one of the most popular members of the House.—*Ib.*

BANK OF FREDERICTON.—In another column will be found the Prospectus of a new joint stock Bank, which is about to be established in Fredericton, with a Capital not to exceed £50,000, a large proportion of which is already subscribed for. We learn that the necessary preliminary arrangements are in a very forward state, and that it is expected the Bank will go into operation early next month.—Persons in this City who wish to subscribe for shares, have an opportunity of doing so on application at the store of Mr. C. D. Everitt, north side of the Market square, as will be seen by a notice to that effect in our advertising columns.

MERCHANTS' BANK, FREDERICTON.—The last Fredericton Royal Gazette announces *another* proposed new Bank to be established in that Town,—Capital £15,000,—as follows:—

MERCHANTS' BANK—FREDERICTON.
Capital, £15,000.

We have been requested to publish the Prospectus of a New Bank, under the above title, to be in operation as soon as possible, upon the most liberal principles, which was handed to us after our paper went to press, with a list of names of the most respectable Stockholders in Fredericton and its vicinity. The wish of the parties shall be complied with in our next number. We understand that about £10,000 have already been subscribed.—*Royal Gazette, Oct. 19.*

COMMERCIAL BANK.—Last week we announced that Mr. Leavitt and Mr. Murray, from St. John, had arrived here for the purpose of establishing a Branch of this Bank among us. In another column will be found an advertisement, stating that this Establishment is already prepared to do business. It is located in Newcastle, and the Directors are—A. Rankin, J. A. Street, and W. Loch, Esquires. As the above Institution is calculated, with judicious, and prudent management, to be of essential service to the commercial community, we wish it every success.—*Miramichi Gleaner, Oct. 18.*

Bank of British North America.—The Hon. Samuel Cunard, William A. Black, James M'Nab, Alexander Stewart, and S. Binney, Esquires, have been appointed Directors for the Branch of the British North American Bank at this place; and we understand the Institution will go into operation in a few months.—*Halifax Journal.*

A Bank is about being established in Demerara, to be designated the "British Guiana Banking Company;" Capital, £300,000, sterling, in 6,000 shares; the greater part of which had been taken up; and it was thought advisable to extend the shares to 10,000.

IN THE SUPREME COURT,
Michaelmas Term, 7th Wm. 4th.

Wellington Hatch, Charles Gallagher, Edward A. Clowes, and William T. Wilmot, Gentlemen, having produced the requisite certificates, are admitted, sworn and enrolled Attornies of this Court.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENT.—William Joplin, Esq. to be Tide Surveyor, Guager and Weighmaster at the Port of Miramichi.—*Royal Gazette, October 19.*

The ship *Royal Adelaide* arrived on Friday last at St. John, in 43 days from Greenock, with 317 passengers for the Land Company.—They were embarked on board the steamer *Novelty*, and arrived in Fredericton on Monday morning. We understand they are principally from the Isle of Skye, (Scotland,) and are as valuable a description of settlers as have ever emigrated to this country.—*Ibid.*

Melancholy Accidents.—Two melancholy accidents, accompanied with the loss of life, we are concerned to say, have occurred in the course of the week.

On Tuesday last, Catharine Gillis, a young girl of 14 years, daughter of Mr. Gillis, farmer at Napan, was out digging potatoes, and being cold, she went to warm herself at a fire which had been kindled under a stump in the field, when her clothes ignited. She immediately ran towards a house situate a short distance, but before reaching it she was enveloped in flames, and burnt in such a dreadful manner as to cause her death on the following day.

The other happened on Friday evening, at the Steam Mill, in Chatham. As Michael M'Avoy, a labourer, employed on the premises, was standing on the frame in connexion with one of the Circular Saws, lighting a lamp, it slid from under him, and he unfortunately fell across the saw which was revolving at the time, and he received a most dreadful wound on the back—reaching from his left shoulder to his right hip. His left foot was also nearly dissevered. He died about noon the following day. The deceased was a sober, industrious man, much respected by his employers and fellow-labourers, and has left a widow and three small children.—*Miramichi Gleaner, Oct. 18.*

A PRETTY PAIR.—The St. John Papers recently told a good story, of a fellow who called upon a lady for a suit of dry clothes for her husband, who, he said, had fallen into the water near the site of the new Bridge. Having provided himself with a handsome coat and trowsers, and all the appliances to boot, he made himself scarce, before the Gentleman returned—dry as dust—to hear from the lips of his wife an account of the "melancholy accident." A game of the same sort was playing in Halifax about the same time, and for a while seemed to be rather more successful. A young girl of the name of Billy, about fifteen years of age, who had been learning the dress making business, went round to about a dozen ladies—young and old—in succession, and delivering the compliments of each to the others, borrowed a handsome dress for a pattern—she seemed to have a peculiar fancy for shawl dresses, and had collected a valuable stock—besides some handsome articles, got from Dry Good Stores under similar pretences, with all which it is probable she intended to have made off. But suspicions were excited—the lady was traced—the Police officers got their hands upon her, and she has been lodged in prison. If the New Brunswick Sharper should be in want of a wife, this is a Girl worth his notice; he would have nothing to teach her but—how to get off.—*Novascotian.*

The Duke of Buccleuch, in addition to the numerous munificent donations he has given towards the erection of new churches, has determined to build the new church at Dalkeith at his sole expence; and the expenditure will be £8,000, and not £3,000 as previously stated.

CALCUTTA, March 21.—*A New Pestilence.*—An epidemic of a very fatal and hitherto unknown character has been raging at Hatras throughout the entire cold weather. It still continues, though its virulence is considerably abated. It attacks under the form of a slight fever, which hangs upon the patient for two or three days, and then terminates in death. So great has been the mortality, that there is scarcely a family in the district which has not lost one or more of its members. It raged equally among all classes, and so great a dread did it cause, that numbers of people emigrated to escape the pestilence.

ENGLISH IN FRANCE.—There are said to be upwards of 20,000 English at this time in Paris alone.

News for the Ladies.—Three fourths of the inhabitants of Catsville, Wisconsin Territory, are males, the other fourth are married. Some merchants there offer to pay the freight of a cargo of girls, and will insure them before starting, a handsome log hut each, and as much hominy and bear's meat as they can eat. All they will have to do is, to hoe corn, dig potatoes, and do the house work in general.

The Editor of the Commercial Advertiser, in commenting on the extravagant prices demanded for all kinds of provisions, observes that he does not see why milk should rise, unless it be to keep company with every thing else *but newspapers.* It is but too true that while the publisher is compelled to pay a heavy advance on all the ordinaries necessary for his business, the price of Newspapers remains stationary.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

One of the finest specimens of a petrified reptile, 27 inches long and 13 broad, with its nail complete, was recently found at Clashbennie quarry, near Edinburgh. It is of the crocodile species.

[COMMUNICATED.]

To Mr. ROBERT S. MOORE, late President of the St. John Gentlemen's Literary and Debating Society.

SIR,—We, the Members of the "St. John Gentlemen's Literary and Debating Society," return you our most sincere thanks for the indefatigable exertions you have ever used towards our advancement and prosperity; and, Sir, we deeply regret that indisposition should be the cause of your resignation as President, and of your unexpected departure from this Province. We shall remember with pleasure the talent and eloquence you have ever displayed. And we rest satisfied, that in whatever lot you may sojourn, or in whatever station an overruling Providence may place you, the talent with which you have been so preeminently endowed, will prove an ornament and a lasting benefit to whatever society you may belong.

Sir, accept our best wishes for the speedy restoration of your health, and a safe and pleasant passage to your Native Land.

On behalf of the Society,
S. M. CHAMBERLAIN,
President.

St. John, N. B., Oct. 1836.

To the PRESIDENT and MEMBERS of the "Saint John Gentlemen's Literary and Debating Society."

GENTLEMEN,—At no period of my life have I felt myself so inadequate to express my feelings as I do at this moment, having just read your affectionate, and highly esteemed Address, conveyed to me by your worthy and respected President.

Could I believe that by any act of mine while a Member of your Society, I became entitled to your praise, or gratitude—I should indeed feel proud in having merited either; but, knowing as I do, that nothing has been performed by me, apart from my duties to the Society, I must think that owing to your kindness, my services have been considerably overrated.

From the hour in which the *Saint John Gentlemen's Literary and Debating Society* was formed, I was interested in its prosperity, and in common with many others, exerted myself to further its interests, but for this I am amply repaid, in witnessing its rapid and cheering progress, from an almost unknown and obscure Society, to a highly intelligent and popular institution.

I do assure you, Gentlemen, that I withdraw from among you with regret, as I know not, whether after my departure from this Province I shall again have the pleasure of meeting you, collectively. Allow me then to express my sincere thanks for your ardent wishes respecting my health. Believe me, wherever my lot in life may be cast,—on the rich and fertile shores of America, or among the peaceful and secluded vallies of my native country,—no circumstance shall tempt me to forget the warm and unexampled kindness which you have ever displayed towards me.

I remain, Mr. President, and Gentlemen,
Your obedient Servant,
ROBERT S. MOORE.

St. John, N. B. Oct. 1836.

MARRIED,

At Carleton, on Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Wilson, Mr. Walter Ponsford, to Miss Eliza, second daughter of the late David Henderson, Esq.

On Monday, by the Rev. Mr. Wilson, Mr. James Morrell, to Miss Eleanor Fleming, both of Hampton parish.—Same day, by the same, Mr. Thomas James, to Elizabeth Jacobs, widow, both of Carleton.

At the Parish of Lancaster, on Wednesday last, by the Rev. F. Coster, Mr. Isaac Olive, jun., of Carleton, to Loranah, fourth daughter of Mr. John Lee, of the former place.

In the County of Sunbury, on the 13th instant, by Thomas O. Miles, Esquire, Mr. David Duplicie, to Sarah, eldest daughter of Mr. William Howe, all of the Parish of Blissville.

At All Saints Church, Granville, N. S., on the 8th inst. by the Rev. J. M. Campbell, A. M., J. N. Shannon, Esq. of Halifax, Merchant, to Seraphina, daughter of the late Augustus Willoughby, Esq.

At Halifax, on the 12th inst., by the Rev. John Martin, Wm. Robertson, Esq. Collector of H. M. Customs, at Shelburne, to Catherine, only daughter of Mr. James Miller, of Glasgow, Scotland.

DIED,

Yesterday morning, CHARLES DRURY, Esquire, Deputy Post Master, and Register of Deeds, &c., for this City and County, in the 54th year of his age.—The funeral will take place on Thursday next, at 2 o'clock, from Trinity Church, when the friends and acquaintance of the family are requested to attend.

This morning, after a short illness, William Grant, son of Captain Thomas Reid, in the 8th year of his age.—Funeral on Friday, at 2 o'clock, from his Father's residence, when the friends and acquaintance of the family are requested to attend.

On board the brig *Thomas Parker*, on the 12th inst. Frederick Milton, seaman, of Peticodiac, N. B.—His mother, who is supposed to live at Peticodiac, by sending to Mr. John Mason, at Eastport, can obtain the balance of his wages due.

Port of Saint John.

ARRIVED,

492. *Tuesday*, sch'r George, Chandler, Lubec.
493. *Wednesday*, sch'r Mary Elizabeth, Greenlaw, New-York, via Eastport,—Chas. M'Lauchlan, assorted cargo.
494. Gentleman, Boshou, Quebec, 18—John W. M. Irish, flour, &c.
495. Spray, Trefry, Eastport,—Master, ballast.
496. Post Boy, Henry, Eastport,—Master, flour, &c.
497. *Friday*, sch'r Independence, Steves, New-York, 4—W. H. Scovil, flour.
498. *Saturday*, ship Mozambique, Cronk, Greenock, 35—John Robertson, coals, &c.
499. Brig Comet, Tabor, Londonderry, 43—James Kirk, ballast.
500. Gambia, Robbins, Berbice, 31—W. & T. Leavitt, rum and molasses—Left brig Mary, of Clare, N. S. to sail in two days, and sch'r Morris, M'Curdy, of St. Andrews, to sail in ten days.—Off Brier Island, on Friday, saw brig Union, bound to Philadelphia.
501. Mercator, M'Gibbon, Belfast, 37—G. D. Robinson & Co. ballast.—On the 24 inst. lat. 47, 9, long. 43, 15, received on board 33 passengers and 5 of the crew of ship Chester, Mason, of and for New-York, from Liverpool, the crew and passengers having just abandoned that ship and gone on board the brig Perseverance, of North Shields, from Liverpool for Bay Chaleur.—Brig Palmer, hence, had arrived at Belfast.
502. Cherub, Logan, Beaumaris, (Wales,) 38—to order, ballast.
503. *Sunday*, sch'r Hebe, Griffin, Philadelphia, 15—B. Tilton, flour and corn.
504. *Monday*, ship Llan Rumney, Simpson, Hull, 35—Mackay, Brothers & Co. oats, coals, &c.

CLEARED,

Ship Royal William, Gardner, South Atlantic Ocean, on a whaling voyage.
Brig Eliza, Brown, Jamaica, lumber, &c.
Sch'r Argonaut, Betts, New-York, plaster, &c.

Sch'r Louisa Ann, Faulkner, hence, arrived at Montego Bay on the 21st Sept., and was to proceed to Norfolk on the 5th inst.

The Magnes, at Prince Edward Island, from Bristol, on the 29th Sept. 50 miles from Cape Nortll, boarded the brig Hercules, of and from Boston, bound to Sidney, water-logged and abandoned by the crew. A barque was alongside, stripping her.

Arrived at Halifax on the 7th inst. brig Jessie Maria, Dunn, 57 days from Liverpool, bound to Quebec—dismasted; Rosalind, Gouch, Canton, China, 150 days, with 11,000 packages teas to Charman & Co.; ship Rose, Coffin, 114 days from New Zealand, with 1200 barrels sperm oil, to S. Cunard & Co.

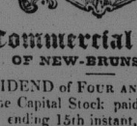
Ship Europe, Young, of this port, cleared at Quebec for London on the 4th inst.

A brig from London, bound to Quebec, was totally lost at St. Pierre on the 3d inst.—3 men drowned.

Sailed from Liverpool, 22d Aug., ship Charlotte, Fisher, Quebec; 24th, Sarah, Sinclair, do.—Sept. 7th, Victoria, Rusland, do.; 10th, St. Anns, Carman, St. Andrews.

Cove of Cork, Sept. 5.—The barque Albion, Smith, which sailed from this port on the 3d inst. for Quebec, has put back with loss of fore, main and mizen topmasts, &c.

Three logs of pine timber were washed on shore at Southport on Monday last, marked M o o, and are now in possession of Mr. Ball, Lloyd's agent of that place.—*English paper.*



Commercial Bank
OF NEW-BRUNSWICK.

A DIVIDEND of FOUR AND A HALF Per Cent. on the Capital Stock paid in, for the (Third) Half Year, ending 15th instant, will be paid to the Stockholders on or after the 17th proximo.

A. BALLOCH, CASHIER.

St. John, 18th October, 1836.

COMMERCIAL BANK
of New-Brunswick.

18th October, 1836.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an Instalment of THIRTY-THREE AND ONE-THIRD per Cent. of the Capital Stock, being the residue unpaid, is required of the Stockholders, payable on or before the third day of April next, (1837.)

By order of the Board of Directors.
CHARLES WARD, PRESIDENT.

BUCKINGHAM SMITH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
PORTLAND, (ME.) U. S.

References—
The BRITISH CONSUL, Portland.
BENJAMIN SMITH, Esq., St. John. *Oct. 25.*

SHEFFIELD GOODS.

EDWARD DRURY

HAS received ex ship *Norval*, a neat assortment of best SHEFFIELD PLATE, with *Silver Mountings*; improved *German Silver*, superior Britannia Metal, and Brass Ware; Block-tin Ware; Japanned Ware; cast and wrought Ware; sets of best steel and brass Fire Irons; with a general assortment of SAWS.

St. John-street, October 25.—6†

WANTED TO PURCHASE,
200 TONS best quality BIRCH, 14 inches and upwards on the square.
MACKAY, BROTHERS, & CO.
St. John, 25th Oct., 1836.

SALE OF PEWS.

SAINT STEPHEN'S CHURCH, situated on King's Square, in this City, having recently been fitted up in a neat and commodious style, and opened by the Rev. Mr. ANDREW, from Edinburgh, in connexion with the Established Church of Scotland,—

☞ Notice is hereby given, that a Public Sale of the PEWS in said Church will take place on the premises, on *Saturday next*, the 29th instant, at Eleven o'clock.

*** Terms, &c. at time of sale.

By order of the Committee of Management.

October 25. LOCKHART & CRANE.

CENTRAL
Fire Insurance Company.

EXTRACTS from the Minutes of the Central Fire Insurance Company:

Fredericton, Wednesday, 19th Oct., 1836.

PRESENT,
Mr. Wolhaupter, Mr. Fisher,
Hartt, Coy,
Smith, M'Pherson,
Chestnut,

The Secretary informed the Board that he had received a letter from JOHN SIMPSON, Esquire, President, tendering his resignation; in consequence of which he had called this Meeting.

It was then moved, That Mr. CHESTNUT do take the Chair.

A letter was read from the President, and is as follows:—

Fredericton, 18th October, 1836.

SIR,—The Resolutions passed yesterday by the Board of Directors of the Central Fire Insurance Company, respecting the appropriation of the monies belonging to that Company, are so much at variance with the principles of honor and good faith which I conceive they are bound to maintain with the Central Bank, and the former proceedings of a majority of that Board being in other respects such as I cannot for a moment entertain, it is scarcely necessary for me to have a voice in their decisions; I must beg leave, therefore, to withdraw myself from the Board, and request they will immediately nominate a Chairman in my place, until such time and opportunity presents itself to the Stockholders to set at rest the jarring elements of which that Body is constituted, and which are so likely to produce the most fatal results to the prospects of any Institution.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
(Signed) JOHN SIMPSON.

To WM. M'BEATH, Esquire,
Secretary of Central Fire Insurance Company.

On motion, *Resolved unanimously*, That the resignation of the President be accepted, and that the Board proceed forthwith to the election of a successor. Whereupon

Resolved unanimously, That BENJAMIN WOLHAUPTER be chosen President, in room of JOHN SIMPSON, Esquire, resigned.

On motion, *Resolved unanimously*, That in accepting the resignation of John Simpson, Esquire, the late President, the Board of Directors exceedingly regret that he should have considered it advisable to withdraw from their Body so early in the commencement of the business of the Corporation, and before the whole of the primary arrangements of the Institution are perfected, but cannot avoid expressing their astonishment at the language contained in the letter tendering his resignation, being so entirely at variance with, and contradictory to the sentiments expressed by him at the Board the day previous to his resignation. The Board of Directors know of no principle of honor or good faith that they, during the whole course of their management of the business of the Corporation, have ever violated; they have always endeavoured fearlessly and conscientiously to discharge the trust reposed in them by the Stockholders to the best of their judgment, and to that end they have zealously devoted their time and humble abilities. The pledge given to the Central Bank has been fully redeemed, the Board never having called upon that Institution for one shilling in specie for the deposit made in their vaults; and the resolution passed reserving One Thousand Pounds for the purpose of being invested in a New Bank, will neither in letter or spirit militate against any former resolution of this Board. The Directors are astonished that exception should be taken to that resolution, as it only appropriates a very small portion of the funds of the Corporation in the manner originally recommended by the late President, and agreeably to the wish of a number of the Stockholders, communicated to the Board by their written recommendation; and the late President must have forgotten that the Board in laying aside the said One Thousand Pounds, for the purpose of being invested in Bank Stock, expressly reserved to themselves the right of appropriating the same, in any other manner they might hereafter deem most advisable.

The Directors being ignorant of those "jarring elements" alluded to in the late President's letter, cannot imagine the occurrence of any of those fatal results therein anticipated. It is their opinion, that their whole proceedings have been distinguished by a spirit of harmony, unanimity, and good feeling, and they have readily forgotten all minor interests, and engaged actively in the prosecution of the business and duties of their office. While the Board has always considered the interest of the Stockholders of this Corporation of the first importance, and to be exclusively regarded by them in the discharge of their trust, they have ever endeavoured to cultivate a good feeling with all kindred Institutions, without distinction or preference. Should a majority of the Stockholders, legally convened, at any time remove them from their present situations, they will cheerfully resign the trust reposed in them into the hands of persons more deserving their confidence, and better qualified to do justice to the situations they hold.

The above extracts are published for the information of Stockholders generally.

By order of the Board.
WM. M'BEATH, *Secretary.*

WHEAT, OATS, &c.

Per ship Llan Rumney, *Capt. Simpson, from Hull,—Just arrived—*

Her CARGO—consisting of:
20,000 BUSHELS Russian OATS, very superior; 1250 ditto WHEAT,
600 ditto BARLEY,
315 Boxes Muscatel and Valencia RAISINS,
10 Barrels Turkey ditto,
81 Barrels Coal TAR,
10 Kegs Black PAINT,
20 do. Valentia Red do.
30 do. Yellow, and 60 do. Green do.
50 do. Spanish Brown,
351 do. White PAINT,
20 Cwt. Putty, in Bladders,
62 Casks Boiled and Raw Linseed OIL,
30 Tons COALS.

For Sale in the vessel, by
MACKAY, BROTHERS, & CO.
St. John, 25th Oct., 1836.

CORN MEAL.—100 barrels Corn Meal, now landing ex schr *Frances*, from Boston, and for sale by [Oct. 22.] J. T. HANFORD.

Refined Sugar, Choice Whisky, &c.

Just received per Ship *Mozambique*, from Greenock:
14 HHDS. Refined SUGAR;
3 Puncheons old Malt Whisky;
40 Dozen best Edinburgh ALE;
1 Ton common Barley.
25th October. JOHN WALKER.

SOUCHONG TEA.

The subscriber offers for sale,—

100 BOXES, containing 6 lb. each, Souchong TEA—a very superior article for family use.
JAMES MALCOLM,
October 25. Prince Wm. Street.

Saint John Bridge Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Fusther Instalment of TEN per Cent. of the Stock of the above Company is required to be paid in on or before Tuesday the 15th day of November next;—And a further Instalment of TEN per Cent. on or before Thursday the first day of December next, at the Secretary's Office. ☞ Office hours from 10 to 3 o'clock.

JOHN ROBERTSON,
St. John, Oct. 11, 1836. *President.*

PROSPECTUS OF THE
Bank of Fredericton.

IN presenting to the public the Prospectus of a NEW BANK in Fredericton, it is not ne- cessary to enlarge upon the manifold benefits of such an Institution, and the advantage of an investment of capital therein to individuals. The rapid increase of Banking Capital in New-Brunswick within the last few years, the enormous interest which it has paid the Stockholders, and the high premium which Bank Stock has commanded, prove far better than any other mode of reasoning the profitableness and utility of such an establishment. It is also a well known fact, that the amount of capital at present employed in Banking, comes very far short of affording that general accommodation which the increasing commerce of the country requires. In no part of the Province, from a variety of favorable circumstances, is there so favorable a location for another Bank as at Fredericton. Situated in the centre of the Province, surrounded with an extensive range of settlements rapidly advancing in wealth, population and enterprize, such an institution must, like the country itself, continue daily to rise in value. It would be needless at present to enter into a minute detail of all the contributing causes which render Fredericton a favorable situation for Banking operations. The recent sale of the stock of the Central Bank at an average rate of upwards of 38 per cent. premium, fully demonstrates the truth of the opinion entertained by the original projectors of that Institution, and the correctness of the position which we have assumed. Those who are familiar with the history of the Central Bank, will recollect, that for about six months after it commenced discounting, its profits would barely cover expences; but at the expiration of the next half year the Directors declared a dividend of 4½ per cent. and in June last the half yearly dividend had increased to 7½ per cent.

During the last Session of the Legislature an Act was passed authorising the Stockholders of that institution to increase its Capital Stock to upwards of three times its original amount. In the application at that time made, we have the deliberate opinion of the President, Directors and Company of the Central Bank—persons best qualified to form a correct judgment—that there is in Fredericton profitable employment for a Capital nearly equal to the gross amount of the Capital of the proposed Bank.

The primary arrangements of the Company have been so regulated as will prevent that total derangement of the commercial and monetary concerns of the community, consequent upon an application to the Legislature for a charter previous to the establishment of the Bank, and such is the forward state of the institution, that it will commence operations with as little delay as practicable.

The Company will be established upon a similar plan to that adopted in the organization of joint stock Banks in England, with the infusion of such principles as have received the sanction of our Provincial Legislature.

For all further particulars, application may be made to
ASA COY,
THOMAS T. SMITH,
ROBERT CHESTNUT,
WILLIAM D. HARTT,
CHARLES FISHER,
} *Provisional Trustees.*

Or at Mr. Fisher's Office, where every particular will be explained, and where a Book is opened for the Subscription of such persons as are desirous to become Stockholders.

Fredericton, October 19th, 1836.

BANK OF FREDERICTON.

CAPITAL NOT TO EXCEED
£50,000,
To be divided into Shares of £25 each.

EIGHT HUNDRED SHARES of the above CAPITAL STOCK being appropriated for the City of St. John—the Public is respectfully informed that there will be a Book open at