

STORE-BLOOR WEST

2000 will buy new, detached house, 7-roomed dwelling; hot water heating. Owner going west, must sell quickly.
H. H. WILLIAMS & CO.
25 Victoria Street, Toronto.

PROBS: Strong east to south winds; showers or thunderstorms, chiefly at night.

BROKEN PLEDGES CAUSING SOME TO REBEL

Actions Decided on in Conservative Caucus Afterward Abandoned—“Scape-goats” Not Responsible for Politics.

OTTAWA, April 2.—(Special).—The split in the Conservative party is much more pronounced than outsiders imagine. It is stated by those who ought to know that quite a number of Conservative members are insubordinate because promises given in caucus of certain action and course of criticism in the house on certain measures were broken. It is even specifically stated that a promise was given to move the six months' hold on the naval bill, and to the surprise of all the following, something else was substituted.

The attempt of the Toronto News to make scape-goats of Foster, Haggart, Sprague and George Taylor and the other whips, all “remnants of the old Conservative party,” is also resented here. These men are not responsible for the parliamentary policy that the Conservatives have pursued in late years. The insubordination is against this parliamentary policy and those who made it, and it is not the fault of the Conservatives who have followed it. It is Mr. Borden's house policy that is in question, and those who were associated with him in making it. Mr. Monk did not make it. This is the main issue.

The selection of Mr. Doherty of Montreal to act as deputy leader, the first step in the reorganization announced by the Toronto News, is regarded as quite in keeping with what has happened in the party.

One outstanding mistake of those who controlled the affairs of the party was the acceptance of a salary for the leader of the opposition. Mr. Barker of Hamilton negotiated this matter with the minister of justice of the time, and Mr. Borden was content to let it go. It is Mr. Borden's house policy that is in question, and those who were associated with him in making it.

The News-Week plan of going ahead without any further consulting of French-Canadian Conservatives is also resented here.

FOSTER NOT TO RETIRE
According to Press Despatch Reorganization Stories Are Untrue.

OTTAWA, April 2.—(G. N. W. Press Despatch).—The news so widely published that Hon. George E. Foster has definitely decided to drop out of politics has, as yet, no solid foundation. He is ill and will require a lengthy rest, but he has not been asked to retire; he is a private member and this could not be done, nor has he expressed an idea of retiring and the leader of the opposition will not ask it.

Nor has it, Mr. Borden made any new move towards reorganization or “cleaning up” the party. In Ottawa, the stories published are regarded as newspaper prophecies or something worse. There is nothing tangible in any item thus far.

LIBERALISM IN QUEBEC
Why the Young Men Are Flocking to Bourassa's Standard.

MONTREAL, April 2.—(Special).—That the young Liberals of the province are daily becoming followers of Henri Bourassa is the opinion of God-forsaken Langlois' paper, The Pays, which says:

“The University of Laval, and in the colleges, the young men are teaching themselves from the old parties, and especially from the Liberal party, in order to enroll themselves under the banners of Mr. Bourassa. Even in our small towns and villages the young men are breaking away from old political ties. The young men of 18 or 20 years have their heads filled with pride and patriotism, and they have not yet learned to appreciate personal interest, sordid appetites and compromise.”

“They live for an idea and by an idea. To them the ministerial policy offers very little of an attractive nature, and the opposition, which is simply a negative one, still less. The personality of Sir Wilfrid Laurier still dominates the political situation and captivates the crowd, but when the young men see our leader at Ottawa surrounded by men whose only ambition appears to be to amass fortunes and secure honors and being for a great part of the time simply opportunists, they are tired of the old parties, and think more of men than of party.”

“It is true, however, that Nationalism is far from being the best school for the young men. It falsifies their minds and narrows their conception as to what a citizen and patriot should be in a country like Canada. One has, however, only to look over the Liberal principles and its love for tolerance and liberty, may yet reconquer the hearts of the young men in this province, but to do this, Liberal ministers, senators, members and others must return to the old gospel, and teach once more what our old party taught for so many years.”

PLOT AGAINST KING PETER.
SOFIA, April 2.—It is reported that an anarchist conspiracy against King Peter has been discovered.

Mrs. Sage to Open Model Loan Office

Plans to Protect the Poor From Operations of the Present “Shark” System—Funds at Legal Interest Only.

NEW YORK, April 2.—Mrs. Russell Sage is to devote some of the millions left by her husband to saving the poor and needy of this state from the usury of loan sharks. The Sage millions are to be used to capitalize a chain of model loan establishments, which will advance money on chattel mortgages at the legal rate of interest.

The Sage Foundation, co-operating with Orion H. Cheney, state superintendent of banks, has prepared the plan, and it only awaits the final approval of Mrs. Sage. She has just returned from a trip across the continent and is expected to settle the final details of the plan at once.

According to Mr. Cheney, the new loan offices will not only be of inestimable benefit to the poor, but will drive the usurers and loan sharks out of business, or, at least, cripple them. He has been engaged for some time in waging war on these loan sharks, and is very thankful for the aid proffered by Mrs. Sage.

HARD TO NEGOTIATE A RECIPROCITY TREATY

German and French Tariff Treaties Stand in Way of Uncle Sam Giving Canada Preference.

WASHINGTON, D.C., April 2.—With two months, according to the present plans of the administration, there will be a gathering in Washington or Ottawa of representatives of the Canadian and United States governments for the purpose of negotiating a reciprocity and trade treaty between the two countries.

The felicitous exchanges between Secretary of State Knox and Minister Fielding of Canada, which concluded the recent agreement, contained an implied promise that the effort would be made to reach an understanding on broad lines that might settle for all time the various open issues regarding the land and water boundaries, the fisheries, the preservation of the seals and the tariff relations.

Most of these matters are of concern purely to the two principals, but the developments in the negotiations relative to the tariff were awaited with the greatest interest by nearly all of the European powers, which may be depended upon to make instant demands for any concession of special value that may be made by the United States to Canada or vice versa.

As the extension of the concessions to all nations would result in making them practically valueless to the two countries in the negotiations, it begins to appear that Sir Wilfrid Laurier and President Taft will be obliged to devise some strong arguments on which to base a refusal of the concessions to this party.

The task will be made the more difficult from the reason that the German and French tariff arrangements contain provisions that they shall be terminable within periods of three months, and that they are based upon the understanding that no other country shall be accorded tariff rates lower than those set out in the agreements.

Just how a reciprocity treaty can be framed with Canada that will avoid the objection that it does give Canada preferences is the problem that the tariff expert board will soon have to face.

A GERM DESTROYER

Dr. Doyen Tells of Discovery of Mycolysine.

FEARFUL TRAGEDY OF A RUSSIAN BALLOON

Three Men Perish and Another May Die—Aerial Craft Breaks Away and Finally Sinks in the Sea.

STETTIN, Germany, April 2.—The German balloon Pommern, which made an ascension here this afternoon, met with a series of accidents which ended in a disaster under most tragic circumstances in the Baltic Sea. Three men lost their lives, including the Radical member of the Reichstag, Werner Hugo Delbrueck. Herr Delbrueck and another member of the party were drowned, a third occupant of the car was picked up unconscious and died from his injuries, while the fourth was rescued in a serious condition.

The Pommern carrying Delbrueck, who was acting as pilot, a banker, Herr Semmelhardt, an architect, Herr Benduhn, and a man named Hein, ascended this afternoon at the gasworks. The wind was blowing a hurricane, and the Pommern broke away before she had been completely ballasted.

Chapter of Accidents.
A chapter of accidents began immediately. The balloon collided with telegraph wires, which broke, almost overturning the basket. It then dashed into the roof of a neighboring factory, destroying the smokestack. With the basket swaying wildly, and half of its ropes cut, the balloon soared to a great altitude, and disappeared in the clouds at a terrific speed.

Thousands of onlookers, including a detachment of military, which had assisted in the ascent, ran along the roads, expecting the basket to break away. The balloon, however, was not seen again until it reached Swinemunde, 26 miles northwest of Stettin, over which it passed, at a height of 6000 feet, in the direction of the sea.

Tugs followed in its tracks and one of them which had outdistanced the others, was almost directly under it, when suddenly the balloon fell into the sea. The tug steamed to the spot quickly, but the work of rescue was difficult. Already Delbrueck and Benduhn had disappeared, but Semmelhardt and Hein were clinging to the ropes, and they were dragged aboard the vessel.

Terrific Sufferings.
Describing their terrible experiences, Herr Semmelhardt, when he had been somewhat revived, said: “Our collision with the telegraph wires and the factory roof had the most horrible consequences. Delbrueck sustained a broken leg and a severe injury to the head, which had become entangled in the ropes. He recovered in a moment, but I had a crushed knee and chest.”

“Delbrueck, in spite of his awful condition, vainly endeavored to open the valve, which had become entangled in the ropes. We knew not what to do, but merely awaited our fate.”

“In the meantime, we passed over Swinemunde at a great altitude, and soon found ourselves above the sea. We thought possibly that we might land in Sweden, but the balloon was down, until we were within 150 feet of the water.”

Plunges into Sea.
“Delbrueck was in great agony, but he succeeded in pulling the rip cord, and we fell into the water like a log. All managed to get clear of the basket, but the man named Hein, who was in the network, but Delbrueck and Benduhn sank. I remembered no more until I found myself in the boat which rescued us.”

Hein died soon after being taken on the tug and Delbrueck's body was washed ashore this evening.

WALDMAN STOCK BURNED

\$125,000 Damage to Cloak Making Premises in Montreal.

MONTREAL, April 2.—(Special).—A fire took place late Sunday night on the cloak-making room of J. H. Waldman & Co., St. Paul street. The damage to the stock amounted to \$125,000, and it is stated the insurance totalled \$90,000. The building is also damaged up to \$50,000, partly covered.

During the fire, a back draft took place in the lower floor, and several firemen were overcome by the gases, and a dozen men came near being suffocated. Firemen Livingston and Monette also suffered wounds about the head.

ONE WHOLE DAY FOR THE NEWSBOYS.

The Toronto World acknowledges with pleasure the generosity and kindly spirit which has prompted The Scherrer Lunch Company, 99 and 125 Yonge-street, to offer to contribute their entire receipts for tomorrow (Tuesday) to the Newsboys' Home. To turn over every dollar of the day's receipts of two branches of a live enterprise of this character is a sacrifice of such magnitude that it came as a pleasant surprise to the newsboys of Toronto.

George Wagar is the manager of the Scherrer Lunch Company, and to him and the gentlemen with whom he is associated must go much of the credit for having set an example which will unquestionably be followed by others from time to time until the conception of a Newsboys' Home becomes a magnificent reality.

Scherrer's Lunch, at 125 Yonge-street, is just next to the Arcade, and at 99 Yonge-street, next to Shea's Theatre. The receipts will be turned over as stated for the entire day, including breakfast, luncheon and dinner, and in order to make it doubly attractive, a special 35c luncheon and dinner will be included on the menu.

BABES IN THE WOOD



A CONSERVATIVE VIEW OF IT.

NOW ROOSEVELT MISSES FISH PIRATES BECOME A VISIT TO THE VATICAN BOLD ON THAMES RIVER

Because of Previous Engagement With His Majesty, He Can't Fulfill Papal Demands.

ROME, April 2.—The audience which it was believed ex-President Roosevelt would have with the Pope on Tuesday next will not occur, owing to conditions which the Vatican has imposed, and which Mr. Roosevelt refuses to accept.

Altho definite negotiations relative to the audience ended before Mr. Roosevelt left Egypt, the announcement was withheld until after Mr. Roosevelt reached Rome to-night, at the solicitation of his American Catholic friends here, who believed that in the meantime the Vatican might change its attitude.

While at Gondokoro, in February last, Mr. Roosevelt wrote to Ambassador Leishman, saying that he would be glad of the honor of an audience with King Victor Emmanuel and the Pope. The audience with the king was promptly arranged. Before an arrangement could be reached relative to an audience with the Pope, several telegrams were passed, and the negotiations were ended by Roosevelt refusing in any way to be bound as to his conduct, and announcing that an audience with the Pope under the circumstances was now impossible.

A large crowd of people gathered at the station to-day. A detachment of carabinieri and a large force of police made a pathway from the train to the Vatican. The king himself ordered that the ex-president should be given the same honors as the members of royal families when they visit the Italian capital.

The streets to the hotel were lined with spectators, and Roosevelt and his family were cheered from the time they entered the train to the time they reached the hotel.

Roosevelt particularly desired that the incident shall be regarded by his friends, both Catholic and Protestant, in America as personal and that it shall not give rise to acrimonious controversy. With this end in view, he issued a statement to the Rev. Lyman Abbott, editor of The Outlook, at New York, which says, in part:

“Thru The Outlook, I wish to make a statement to my fellow-Americans that the great majority of my fellow-citizens, Catholics quite as much as Protestants, will feel that I acted in the only way possible for an American to act, and because of this very fact I most earnestly hope that the incident will be treated in a matter of course, as a personal matter, and above all, as not warranting the slightest exhibition of rancor or bitterness.”

“On my journey thru Africa I visited many Catholic as well as many Protestant missions. As I look forward to telling the people at home all that has been done by Protestants and Catholics alike, as I saw it, in the field of missionary endeavor, it would cause me a real pang to have anything said or done that would hurt or give pain to my friends, whatever their religious belief.”

It will be remembered that a few weeks ago former Vice-President Fisk had to forego his expected visit to the Vatican because he preferred to address a Methodist congregation, contrary to the papal wishes.

82500, Pembroke street, near Wilton, First-class boarding house, containing eleven rooms and trunk room; new furnace; most expensive plumbing; just been put in; rooms are exceptionally large and have been newly decorated, let 25 ft. 3 in. to 100 ft. June 25 rear. Cash buyers only. Apply H. H. WILLIAMS & CO.

30TH YEAR.

MAY BE NO MORE ELECTIONS THIS YEAR

Chaotic State of British Politics—Meanwhile There's an Enormous Deficit, But Nobody Seems to Care.

As Redmond Outlines the Situation.

LONDON, April 2.—John Redmond, speaking at Tipperary, declared that Asquith must hold the third reading of the budget until the lords voted on the veto resolutions. If the lords rejected it, they the premier must ask for guarantees, and if he refused he must resign. Immediately, on the other hand, The News declares emphatically that the budget would be passed, and gives no reason for its opinion.

LONDON, April 2.—(New York Tribune Cable).—The impending political crisis is approached with apathy by men of all parties. Even the astounding deficit of over £21,000,000 fails to make a deep impression, and the calculation that over £20,000,000 more he provided in the two budgets this year does not appear to frighten anybody.

It is not because the partisans are bent on fastening the responsibility for the financial disturbance on the other party, nor because the Radical pot is calling the Tory kettle black. It is because the result of the general election, when it comes, is expected to be indecisive and because a third appeal to the country is regarded as a foregone conclusion.

Well informed politicians of all parties assume that an election in May will be followed by another one in July or August, since the relations between the two main parties are not likely to be altered and the Nationalists will hold the balance of power and block the necessary financial legislation.

The prospects of having three elections in a single year, without a definite assurance of authority for levying an income tax, tends to create a disgust for politics of every color, when the expenses are heavy and the results are uncertain. The candidates are tired and are disposed to abandon public life for the superior excitement of the rubber market and the stock exchange. The whips of both parties are sounding a warning that an election is close at hand, and every week candidates are falling out. Meanwhile, stock speculation is rampant and turfmen are forecasting heavy plunging on the horses as a consequence of the suspension of the income tax.

The New Irish League.
One important change likely to be effected by the elections is in the relations of the Irish factions to each other and to the two main parties. Wm. O'Brien's action in founding the All Ireland League points to a new alliance with the Conservatives and the Protestants. Starting originally with opposition to the whiskey and land taxes imposed by the budget, and with a denunciation of the ring management of the Nationalist party, he has already taken an advanced position in favor of reconciliation with the Unionist lords and the Protestant minority.

The extension of Mr. O'Brien's movement seems almost inevitable. It is not dependent on overseas contributions, but on subscriptions from the Protestant and the Irish in the districts which have been uncontested for many years. Land reform has revolutionized Ireland by the creation of a large body of small owners with a Conservative bias. Mr. O'Brien appeals to them, and endeavors to dispel the distrust of the Protestants by assuring them that their property rights and religious liberties will be safe under home rule.

He welcomes assistance from Lord Castletown, Lord Rosemore and Lord Dunraven, and denounces Messrs. Redmond, Dillon and O'Connor for setting up a system of Roman Catholic oligarchy more detestable than Protestant Orangism.

Might Help Unionists In.
If Mr. O'Brien largely increases the number of his supporters in parliament at the next election there may be a faction strong enough to keep the Unionist ministry in power. The Nationalists, in that event, will be divided into two groups, one with Conservative and the other with Liberal sympathies, and each intensely hostile to the other.

The strangest anomaly in all this topsy-turvydom is that the least potent and more embittered Roman Catholic faction is in alliance with British Liberalism and Nonconformity, and at the same time is holding up the budget and exercising a dictatorship over a ministry committed to Gladstonian home rule.

Meanwhile, the government has introduced the mechanism for carrying the first veto resolution this coming week and the remaining two by the end of a fortnight, and for forcing the budget by rapid stages into committee, where it will be hung up until John Redmond makes up his mind whether to let it pass or not. The lords will employ the interval in discussing the definite reform proposals submitted by Lord Rosebery.

A RETROSPECT.
April 4, 1887: First colonial conference held in London.

THE WORLD GROWS.
The World has instructed its architects to prepare plans for adding four storeys to its present spacious building. The demand for office flats in the vicinity of the city hall is urgent and increasing. The World proposes to equip the completed building with elevator and business services that will be on call 24 hours every day. Toronto has just begun to grow, and business flats ready for business all the time are the pressing demand.

VOTE FOR COMMISSION RULE.
COLUMBIA, S.C., April 2.—Government by commission, combining all the essential features of the Des Moines and Council Bluffs plans, arrived east of the Mississippi Saturday when Columbia by a vote of 5 to 1 declared for the new system. A local newspaper began the campaign two years ago. The city council was opposed to it.

Uncle Sam's Game.
LONDON, April 2.—(C. A. P.).—The Observer thinks the United States tariff “surrender” is merely throwing a sprat to catch a reciprocity tariff mackerel.