

now of the Milwaukee bar. Appleton was founded in 1847, and New London in 1852. Each of these places is largely indebted to his untiring energy and skillful management for its present position in the scale of Wisconsin localities. He was endowment-agent of the Lawrence University at Appleton for several years, in which capacity he wrought a work of lasting good to the State of Wisconsin. Lawrence University of Appleton, now one of the most successful institutions of learning in the State, is largely indebted to his untiring Christian zeal for its success.

DANIEL E. SEYMOUR.—He was born in Otsego County, New York, Dec. 22, 1825. He lived and worked on a farm until fifteen years old, attending the district school each winter. Attended the academy at Oxford, Chenango County, N.Y. He then studied one year at the academy in Bloomfield, N.J. Afterward he went to the academy in Hamilton, Madison County, N.Y., where he finished his school-education. Upon invitation of relatives, he started for New Orleans in December, 1844, where he was engaged as a clerk in a store for a couple of years. Then had charge of a large mercantile establishment there for two years more. In 1849 he returned to New York State, and was married to his present wife on the third day of July of that year. He then took a trip with his wife to New Orleans, staying there, and at Natchez, Miss., until May, 1850. Then returned to his old home in New York, and engaged in teaching school. In 1852 he removed with his family to Illinois, in McHenry County, where he continued teaching. Becoming sick with ague for a long time, he disliked that country, and became anxious to find a more suitable location. Therefore, in June, 1856, he removed with his family to the Territory of Minnesota, taking up a homestead, and experiencing the trials and troubles and vexatious hardships incident to the life of a pioneer. Remained there about seven years, and concluded to see if he could not better his fortunes by making one more change, and moving up among the pines. Consequently he sold out his place there, and came to Chipewaw Falls, which he now looks upon as his home. He engaged in his old occupation as clerk in the store of Pound, Halbert, and Co., which afterward became the institution known as the Union Lumbering Company. Staid with them seven years or more,

when, by the death of a relative, he came into possession of some property sufficient to enable him to open the pioneer banking institution in that place known as Seymour's Bank, which has been successfully carried on for nearly six years, obtaining credit for, and name of, being a sound and reliable institution.

HON. M. FRANK.—M. Frank is a native of the State of New York; born in the town of Virgil, county of Cortland. He did not receive a collegiate education. His father was a respectable farmer of moderate means, and unable to incur the expense of sending his sons to college. His education was in the common schools and academic institutions in the vicinity of his home. After passing the period of his school-days, his occupation was divided between working on his father's farm in summer, and teaching school in winter. As soon as he had attained to years of majority, he was elected town inspector of common schools, and was re-elected to that office several successive years. He was also elected, two successive years, a member of the county board of supervisors.

He took an active part in the reformatory movements in Cortland County at this early period, especially the cause of temperance. In 1829 he gave the first public temperance address, which resulted in the organization of a temperance society in the town where he resided. He has ever since been a friend and advocate of the temperance reform.

In 1830 he went to the town of Preble, in another part of the same county, to reside, where he engaged in the mercantile business, and continued in the trade two years. He was married in that town in 1837. During his residence in Preble, he was elected a member of the board of county supervisors, also town clerk.

He moved to Wisconsin in 1839, and settled at Southport (now Kenosha), where he continued to reside, with the exception of a few months at Beloit, until his appointment to a government clerkship in 1870. He still holds his residence in Wisconsin. Southport, at the time he came to the place to reside, contained about two hundred and fifty inhabitants.

In 1840 he became associated with Hon. C. L. Sholes, in the publication of "The Southport Telegraph." There were at that time but few newspapers published in Wisconsin. "The Telegraph," under the editorial manage-