

"Government of British Columbia, otherwise they might pass into the hands of land speculators, a state of things which would prove ruinous to the settlement of the country. If these lands were not locked up, they would be sufficient to support a population of two millions, and it would be better that a money bonus should be given and these lands opened up to the people for settlement." \* \* \* \*

MR. ANGLIN.—\* \* \* "*He contended that it was not open, or honest, or manly to give \$100,000 for lands along the line of railway; FOR THE MINISTER OF CUSTOMS HAD ADMITTED THAT IT WAS ONLY AN EXCUSE TO GIVE THE MONEY, AND THAT THE LANDS WERE NOT WANTED.*"

"MR. MILLS.—An open confession."

"SIR GEO. E. CARTIER.—A Catholic confession."

"MR. ANGLIN.—A Catholic confession was an open and a full confession, and he wished the Government would make such a one. (Applause) \* \* \* \*  
*Beyond the Rocky Mountains, the country was again hilly and rocky.* In reference to that point, he quoted from an article in the *Victoria Colonist* to corroborate what the hon. member for Lambton had said the other night with respect to the sterile character of some parts of the route. He (hon. M. Anglin) liked to be frank, and would say that the article was written to support one railway scheme against a rival railway scheme. The article spoke of the "Horrible Frazer River Country," the appalling character of the difficulties, "sterile mountains of enormous height," from which land slides perpetually in summer, and avalanches sweep down in winter, carrying all before them. The cost of the railway in these defiles would be money thrown away, and a millstone on the neck of the Dominion. These extracts of which he might read more, would serve to give some idea of the country. Now the question came up what must be the cost of the railway through such a country as that? The cost of forwarding supplies far into the interior to support the men engaged in the work must be enormous, and the wages of the men would also be very large."

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 "SIR F. HINCKS \* \* \* "He only wished to show that there were several points conceded by British Columbia and that to change the terms would re-open all these points."

Ottawa, March 31, 1871. Page 71.

"MR. MACKENZIE: \* \* \* "He expressed his surprise that the Minister of Inland Revenue, with all the information he was able to obtain, was not able to say that more than one-third of British Columbia, even including Vancouver Island, was fit for agricultural purposes. He (Mr. Mackenzie) believed that in reality, not more than one-fourth or one-fifth was at all fit land for settlement. He ridiculed the argument of the hon. Minister of Militia that we would get 15,000,000 acres of land for \$2,000,000; and then get an available surplus, after using the land, \$13,000,000, to be applied to extinguish the debt."

"He characterized the statement of the Minister of Inland Revenue, yesterday, in holding out hopes to British Columbia, and then stating that Parliament was master of the situation, as one of the most immoral speeches he (Mr. Mackenzie) ever heard delivered in Parliament. (Hear, hear.)

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"MR. BLAKE \* \* \* "The man who would vote for the proposition with the secret intention not to sink the last dollar if necessary to fulfil the obligation on thus contracted was a dishonest man."  
 "proposition with the secret intention not to sink the last dollar if necessary to fulfil the obligation thus contracted was a dishonest man."

\* \* \* "Mr. Blake moved an amendment. (See Journals of the House of Commons, page 193, 1871).