landkerchiefs, mer-1/2-inch hemstitch Saturday, 3 for .23 chiefs, white Irish tial, %-inch hem-Special Saturday, 4 proidered Handker-h hemstitch border, owers in small de-Saturday, 4 for .25

s Today h Towels, made

pile. Saturday, 1.00 k Bedroom Tow-Saturday, per 69 sheets, twilled or size, 80 x 100

. 1.88 light, fluffy cotuilted; size 72 x orings. Saturday 2.48 warm and cozy; g range of colorwith cord and urday 2.75 54 inches wide: covenhagen and ard. Clearing Satls at Old Prices. and plain color-

on Gloves siery ose, plain black Saturday 59 Hose, plain black

...60

nerican make, lisle plain colors, black Half Hose, seamoves, gray, tan and ined; sizes 7 to 10 Gloves, "Perrin's," oints; black, white 1/2. Saturday 1.60, ede Gloves, "Per-

arket

MEATS.

ners. silk-stitched

ay; light weights,

.

. 1.60 1.75

. whole or half whole or half eight, per lb... .16

Pork Sausage, Butter, White n Chili Sauce,

Tips, per tin. .24 .22 .22 .25 .15 Tomatoes, 3 wberries and ead, per lb.....

elb. pail FEE, LB., 27c.

in the bean, Saturday, ns, in bunches bronze and . .25

Saturday... .60 pink, white, .75 Saturday... ANTED NOW. ite and red

in water or der of flower

in water or .15 regular \$1.00 Grapes. Sat-

ns. Saturdáy,

.20

of Chocolates,

FOR SALE

The Toronto World

Office for Rent

MONDAY MORNING NOVEMBER 15 1915

VOL. XXXV.-No. 12.787

ALLIES' WHOLE LINE ADVANCES IN BALKANS

Canadian Artillery Gains Ascendancy Over Germans in Bombardments BULGARS THIRTY KILLED, MANY INJURED, IN AUSTRIAN AIR RAID ON VERONA

Organized Bombardment of German Trenches Proves Effective.

MANY RAIN SHOWERS

-Snipers and Patrols Maintain Ascendancy.

OTTAWA, Nov. 14.—Sir Sam
Hughes received the following communication from the Canadian general representative in France:

Setween the Anglo-French and their Setbian allies.

"The Greek reply is not known, but in view of the good-will evident on both sides the conviction prevails that a satisfactory solution will be reached.

Kitchener To See Greek King?

Altho London refuses to show constant.

France, Nov. 14: During the week tion on the Canadian front has remained unchanged. Rain fell in heavy showers at frequent intervals and at times prevailed, but on the whole the weather conditions showed a slight improvement over last week.

Our working parties have been employed thruout the area on repair work and the improvement of our drainage systems. The enemy has been actively engaged repairing his trenches and there has been every indication that his trenches were severely damaged as a result of the recent heavy rains. Continuous sounds of pumping and bailing have been heard from his lines and during the day time his working parties have offered more than usually frequent targets for our agreement of 1914 were violated after the war broke out. In some respects these conditions, which had been the rule of conditions, which had been the rule of conditions.

Little Fire From Foes' Trenches. As the result of the employment by

the enemy of large numbers of men on repair work there has been little machine gun and rifle fire from the German trenches and only occasionally have German snipers displayed their customary activity. The enemy artillery has displayed a tendency to bombard certain sections of our front line more heavily than usual, and to concentrate a considerable fire on some of the farm buildings within our area. Very little damage has been done. In every case our articlery has taken advantage of its superior weight and retaliated with a heavy fire, which has effectively silenced the German batteries

Organized Bombardment. On various occasions during the period an organized bombardment of sections of the enemy trenches and defence works have been carried out by our artillery, and several of the German fortified places have been de-

Our patrols and snipers continue to maintain their general ascendancy over the enemy. On several occasions officers' patrols have penetrated the German2wire entanglements and secured valuable information as to the condition of the German parapets. Few redications of hostile patrols have been found. The training of our troops is progressing well and continues t, receive every attention. A large proportion of the personnel of our artillery units has taken a grenade course in one of our schools In spite of the wet weather, the health of our troops continues good and all ranks remain in excellent

PETROGRAD, Nov. 14, via London, 12.05 p.m.-Persia's shah having re-Solved to remain in Teheran in the hope of a favorable issue of the pourparlers between Persia and Russia, the population of Persia has been reas-

Sured, says a telegram, dated Friday at Teheran and received here today. The despatch adds: "The Mussulman clergy displayed Crew of Charles A. Luck Have great reserve in their sermons during the Muharram festival. "The Russian minister to Persia made a reassuring statement to the Russian colony outlining the measures to be taken for the protection of life and property of individuals in the event of complications at Teheran. Mirzar, the democratic leader in par-

GREECE LIKELY TO SUBMIT TO ALLIES' STRONG DEMAND

Greek Premier Called on to Explain Position in Event Thirty Killed and Many Inof Retreat of Allied Forces Into Greek Territory From Serbian Macedonia.

LONDON, Nov. 14.-An Athens espatch, dated Nov. 12, to Reuter's Celegram Company says: "The British, French and Russian

ministers today interviewed the premier and demanded that Greece define Trenches Damaged by Water the attitude she would observe in the event of the allied forces seeking re-fuge in Greek territory in case of a reverse in Serbian Macedonia. They insisted that no distinction be made between the Anglo-French and their

> Altho London refuses to show conster-nation which dissolution of the Greek chamber has caused in France, no attempt is made to minimize the seriousness of the situation, nor to ignore

The report that Lord Kitchener, secretary for war, has been sent on a mission to King Constantine, to whom he will offer new proposals, has re-ceived no confirmation, but the coin-cidence of his departure with the chamber, makes the supposition plaus ible. The report also gains interest from the announcement from severa sources that an Austro-German mission has already arrived at Athens to formulate a definite understanding between Greece and the central powers
Saloniki Open Port.

The central powers have again pro-ested to Greece against the landing of allied troops at Saloniki. King plied that as Saloniki is an open por there has been no infringement of Greek rights in the landing, and that Greece will remain neutral until one against those rights. France, and the fact that King Constantine's ac- Italy, who has now joined her allies by tion has put a definite quietus on all sending a warship to Saloniki, are parlopes of Greek co-operation in the ticularly anxious as to the attitude of

FACTS ON THE STRIKE OF HYDRO EMPLOYES

senting the strikers on Saturday, The World found that the chief complaint of the men

employment under the commission been violated since 1913, before Mr. been violated since 1913, before Mr. Couzens came. Four points appeared to be vital to the men in the discussion: Holidays—the men say that it is impossible to stand the strain without these. Sick pay—If men take advantage of this they should be discharged at once. Collective bargaining—Construction men to be paid for time going and coming on emergency work. The World could not ascertain from the representatives of the men whether they would make any concessions on the score of the "conditions." They appeared to be satisfied with the offer of 5 per cent. increase of wages.

POINT 2. The conditions were violated in the case of meter installers and operators, not on account of scarcity of work, because more men were hired at the same time.

POINT 3. The men regard the "monthly engagement" rule vital, applying to operators and meter men. The foremen also are monthly men.

POINT 4. One man who had been taken around by one of the general foremen from 7 till 1 o'clock was not only not paid but was docked three days' pay.

POINT 5. Men on the sick list did not get their pay according to agreement. The men who took their places were paid overtime and handed the amounts thus received to the sick men. This violated the agreement POINT 6. Mr. Couzens does not know what goes on under him, or the acts of the heads of departments. When a certain case was demonstrated to him, he put it right. He should know all that goes on.

POINT 7. Mr. Couzens, the men state, has refused to sign any agreement, and still refuses. They state that he is against collective bargaining. They also state that his 'admission before Judge Coatsworth, that he had violated the agreement of 1914, justifies the strike. They allege that his statement, that he gave compensation to the monthly men who were placed on the hourly schedule by an advance of on the hourly schedule by an advance of 4 per cent. In lieu of holidays, is untrue. They admit that overtime was paid, but not at time-and-a-half rates.

POINT 8. The men state that technically there was no protest from the commission in going into the arbitration. The appointment of an arbitrator amounted to an acceptance of the reward. Had there been a regular protest, then the government would have appointed a man to represent the commission.

the commission. POINT 9. The insinuation of German influence was unfair. First appeared in The Telegram.

Shah to Remain in Teheran While
Pourparlers With Russia
Progress.

Progress. POINT 11. Foremen were offered \$15 a month extra to stay on when the strike was de-

> POINT 12. Delay was asked for by the com n in order to prepare to break the

strike. GREAT LAKES STEAMER BELIEVED TO BE LOST

Probably All Perished. DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 14.—The steamer Charles A. Luck, until recently known as the City of Berlin, has been lost with all hands, according to a report that reached here last night report that Suleiman democratic leader in par- C. A. Tomlinson, who had the steamer liament and Sulieman San, assistant under charter to carry grain from Duminister of the interior, are retiring from public life as are other officials who are opposed to Russia.

Induct charter to carry grant and the feared the from public life as are other officials who are opposed to Russia. **DEADLY RAID UPON VERONA**

jured by Bombs From Aeroplanes.

IN HEART OF THE CITY Nineteen Were Killed by One

of the Austrian Explosives.

ROME, via Paris, Nov. 14.-Thirt persons are dead in Verona as a result of three Austrian aeroplane dropping bombs on the city. Thirty other persons were seriously and 19 Former Cabinet Minister Loses slightly injured.

The bombs of the aircraft found nost of their victims in the principal of the city, but none of the missiles dropped by them fell near any of the military buildings.

POINTS 1 TO 7. The violation of the "conditions" was due to the inclusion in the Snider award of a sentence in clause 3: "All monthly men shall have two weeks' holidays with pay each year." This was regarded by the commission as impracticable, and in compensation to the men who had not previously had holidays, except in isolated cases and for special reasons, but were now deprived of the privilege, an increase of 4-per cent. in wages was given, and overtime allowed.

POINT 2. The commission positively denies.

Important Heights and Villages Are Also Wrested From Enemy.

HOT FIGHT ON MORAVA

POINT 2. The commission positively denies.

No new men were engaged at the time spoken of. In the case of operators, from May 1 till September the number varied from 32 to 36, on May 3 there being 35, and at the end of September 34. The meter installers were 37 in January, 24 on Feb. 6, 25 till May 23, when there were 23; in June there were 19, in August 13, and so on till September. Serbs Are Making Gallant Resistance Along the East-POINT 3. Operators and foremen are month-

considerable losses on their pursuers. OINT 4. If this is the case, attention should have been called to it at the time. See Point 6.

POINT 5. Under the minority award there was to have been a co-operative scheme of sick beneit applicable to all the men. The rule of the system is that all who work the Morava River. So stubborn has of Mesnil knoll, and the firing extendhave had to call for assistance from Chevaliers' wood. regularly seven days a week, are entitled rule of the system that relief men give the Austro-German artillery in their pay to the sick. to sick pay. It was according to the early

coint 6. Complaints are not made in the proper quarter. Mr. Couzens is ready at all times to investigate any grievance brought before him. Complaints should be made in the first place to the immediate superior, and, if this be not satisfactory, to the next authority. The men admit that Mr. Couzens put right what was placed before him. It is impossible for a general manager to have every detail always before him. At the arbitration enquiry, it was stated that any individual case would be gone into on its merits, and the commission would be glad to deal with any cases where injustice had been done.

take serious work now to check the French Capture Bulgar Fort. POINT 7. As to the signing of an agreement, the commission holds that this is a purely technical point. The commissioners make an agreement, pass a resolution, and adopt it, and this is binding upon them. There is no signed agreement in any civic depart ment. There is no reason why a special exception should be made. There is no agreement signed with the Toronto Electric Light Company. The following official communication from the French army in the east, received under date of Nov. 13, has been given out by the French war office: "The Bulgarians attacked on (Continued on Page 7, Column 1).

Unite Action of Empire in

LONDON, Ont., Nov. 14.-N. W. Ro-

War.

POINT 8. The letter of June 10 to the minister of labor protested fully and gave the reasons why there should be no change. Protests of the most emphatic kind were made in the papers submitted at the enquiry. Mr. Couzens' letter is included in the minority report. IMPERIAL CONFERENCE ADVISED BY ROWELL Immediate Session Necessary to

. POINT 9. No suggestion was made that the men were disloyal, but it has happened elsewhere that German agitators have fomented such strikes to cause inconvenience to the nation at inopportune times.

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POINT 10. Whether the onus be on the com mission or on the strikers, the commissioners have the responsibility of the safety of the system, and have to take steps accordingly.

POINT 11. This is positively denied by the commission. There is no evidence of any such thing.

POWell declared that an imme-POINT 12. The commission had no expectation or thought of a strike. It was the last thing they thought of under the circumstances of the war. No new men were brought in. The staff had been reduced during the year, and there were no preparations for a strike.

Mr. Rowell declared that an immediate session of the imperial conference was necessary in order that "the was lost, but it was completely reconduced during the year, and there were no preparations for a strike.

Mr. Rowell declared that an immediate session of the imperial conference was lost, but it was completely reconduced during the year, and there were no preparations for a strike.

Italian Cruiser **Destroys Trains**

Battleship Piedmont Arrives at Saloniki After Bombarding Dedeaghatch.

SALONIKI, Nov. 14.—The Italian cruiser Piemonte bombarded and destroyed the railroad station at Dedeaghatch, Bulgaria, on Friday. The warship also destroyed two trains made up of eight cars loaded with war munitions. The Italian cruiser Piemonte has arrived at Saloniki.

CHURCHILL LEAVING FOR FRONT ON WEDNESDAY

Little Time in Reaching Trenches.

square of the city where citizens and peasants from the outlying districts were attending the market. Nineteen the chancellorship of the Duchy of Lancaster in the British cabinet was peasants from the outlying districts the chancellorship of the Duchy of Lancaster in the British cabinet was announced Friday, will leave next Wednesday to join his regiment in France, according to The Weekly Dispatch.

Enemy's Field Works Subjected to Intense Fire in Many Places.

Special Cable to The Toronto World. PARIS, Nov. 14.-After the Germans, by a surprise attack, penetrated one sistance Along the Eastly men under the commission. The meter men are dealt with under the increased wases arrangement. Why should meter men who work six days a week be put on monthly wages, and construction men not be? The meter man is not called to work overtime usually, but in the minority award is given overtime. To put him on the monthly wage under the general conditions of clause 9 would be to discriminate against all the other six-day men. The minority award gives the meter man compensating increases in his wages in lieu of the holidays which may have been granted in the past. Should any omissions inadvertently occur, they would be put right on attention being called to them.

SOUNTAL Mathet the second of the Labyrinth, near the road from Lille, the French immediately counter-attacked and drove the enemy out. The German left all their wounded behind in their retreat.

A German attempt to gain ground in the region of Frise, west of Peronne, by the explosion of a mine chamber, was repulsed and the railway station at Chalons was bombarded by the French Saturday and Sunday. The German organizations on the Nouvron tinuously, however, and are inflicting considerable losses on their pursuers. of the trenches of the Labyrinth, near

Along the eastern front the Serbi-ans appear to be holding their own ed to the heights of the Meuse and the Cannonading is reported from Loos

POINT 6. Complaints are not made in the been unsuccessful.

Heavy artillery engagements were reported Saturday on the Avre, near Andrechy and L'Echelle St. Aurin, to Andrechy and L'Echelle St. Aurin, to the Avre, near Ville and L'Ech the north of the Aisne, near Ville au Bois, and at Les Eparges, the French artiliery compelling the German mine throwers to cease operations. The Belgians report that their posi-tions were bombarded by the enemy and that their batteries replied by firing on the Germans at Leke and Saint Pierre Capelle.

Grenades Frequently Fall on Austrian Town Since Battle's Opening.

BERLIN, via wireless to Sayville, Nov. 14.—An official statement given out today at the Austro-Hungarian army headquarters says:
"Italians taken prisoner at the commencement of the new Isonzo battle well, K.C., in addressing a meeting here last night in connection with the annual convention of the Ontario affirmed that Gorizia would be bombarded if the Italians failed to conquer Boys' Work Conference, being held the town. As a matter of fact since here, expressed the opinion that a the beginning of the battle Italian "war session" of the imperial confer-ence should be held this year. He also yesterday Italian heavy artillery directed its fire on Gorizia over an unconquerable point of support.
"All the Italian attacks failed. North

Twenty-Five Thousand

CALLING FOR RECRUITS

British Government Unable to Spare Troops for Campaign.

PRETORIA, Union of South Africa, via London, 1.20 p.m., Nov. 14.—Gen. Jan. Christian Smuts, minister of defence, has been given supreme command of the military expedition against German East Africa. The Union of South Africa Government has decided dead." to send against the German colony as many as 25.000 men if a force of that size should be deemed necessary.

MUCH BIG GUN WORK GERMANS' DRIVE

Russians Pursue Retreating Enemy From Riga and Dvinsk.

MUD HALTS FIGHTING

Germans Claim Minor Success in Stroke on Styr River.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—The Russian have definitely repelled Field Marshal Von Hindenburg's drive toward Riga and Dvinsk and along the Dwina River and have themselves taken the offensive, butaparently, owing to the state of the ground, they have been able to make only slow progress in the

marsh region west of Riga.

Along the Styr River, in the souththe Austro-Germans by a counter
stroke have pierced the Russian lines and captured 1500 prisoners, according to the Berlin official statement. These strokes are about all that can be expected on the eastern front while the

soft weather continues.

The following official communication was issued from Russian general headquarters at Petrograd today:
"On the western (Russian front) the Germans attempted to take the offen-sive against the Borzemeunde farm, in the Ikskul district. They were re-

"Desperate fighting continues near the Village of Medvejie, northwest of Czartorysk. The enemy's efforts to advance in the direction of the River Styr were stopped by our fire. There was desperate fighting in this district.
"Our troops in the Shlok region, oursuing the enemy, inflicted severe osses on him and advanced west of Kemmern.

"Almost everywhere on the rest of the front there were merely exchanges of shots and encounters between outposts."

SPECIAL SALE OFHIGH-CLASS LADIES' FUR GARMENTS.

The advent of cold weather has stimulated the demand for furs. The W. & D. Dineen Co. Limited. 140 Yonge street, are making a special display of their magnificent stock of ladies' and gentlemen's fur garments

this week. Ladies' Hudson Seal Coats. Ladies' Persian Lamb Coats. Ladies' Muskrat Coats. Mink Muffs and Neck Pieces. Hudson Seal Muffs and Neck Pieces. Sable Muff and Neck Pieces.

money.

French Are Within Twelve Miles of the Town of Veles.

ENEMY'S LOSS TERRIBLE

Gen. Smuts May Command Armistice Asked to Bury Dead Before Place is Surrendered.

PARIS, Nov. 14 .- The Athens corespondent of the Havas Agency, in despatch dated Saturday, says that that the French were within 12 kilo-

metres of Veles, Serbia, which was held by the Bulgarians. The Serbian legation here today made public the following official

"Altho Veles is not yet in the hands of the French and British troops, the Bulgars are hard pressed and the fall of the town is imminent. The Bulgarians in the region of Veles have suffered enormous losses and have re-

Serbs Not Discouraged. The Serbian legation at Rome has received the following official state-

Germans Driven Out of Advance Trench Which
They Had Captured.

The government recruiting committee at Captown has called for another 10,000 men for service in German East Africa. It is said that the call was made at the request of the British Government whose available troops are now so fully occupied that it could not be expected to provide men for campaigns the world over.

MUCH BIG GUN WORK

They Had Captured.

SALONIKI, Nov. 13.—(8. p.m., via London, Nov. 14.)—The French and British troops continue their advance announced that the proportion of wounded to killed on the allied side so far in the Balkan campaign is as

ITALIANS MAKE **MOVE ON TRENT**

Capture Pass of Demarco and Mountain Height in Advance.

VOLANO BOMBARDED

Austrian Headquarters Also Attacked by Aerial Squadron.

ROME, via Paris, Nov. 14.—The Italian war office has received the following official statement from main neadquarters of the Italian army under date of Nov. 13: "Our offensive, which has been pursued with untiring tenacity along the whole front, brought us some fresh successes yesterday. In the Legarina valley, towards Trent, we have occupied the pass of Demarco and won east of this locality the mountain height descending from Zugnatorta northwards to Lizzana. At the same time our aeroplanes bombarded Volano

and Austrian headquarters.
"In Campelle valley a detachment of Alpine volunteers reconnoitering to-wards Montalon attacked and put to flight an enemy detachment descending from Forcella de Valcorda. On Cordevole height our operations con-tinue with the object of extending our positions to the summit of Col di Lana

and Montsief.
"On the heights northwest of Gori-On the heights northwest of corridary with varying fortunes around Osalavia and below the summit of Calvario. We made about fifty prisoners, of whom three were officers. "On the Carso we are advancing tenaciously trench by trench. Yesterday we made new progress towards
Boschini and took by assault some
trenches and redoubts, which we have
retained in spite of violent counter at-

tacks." GERMAN HOUSEWIVES **BOMBARDED MARKETS**

LONDON, Nov. 14.-The Amsterdam correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company sends the follow-

ing:
"At Dusseldorf a recent food riot, in which crowds of women, incensed at the high prices, bombarded the mar-Black. White, Red, Cross and Isabella Muff and Neck Pieces.

The extraordinarily low prices presented by the control of the country of the country of the crowds of white, incensed at the high prices, bombarded the markets and shops with potatoes and stones, was stopped with some diffivailing make an investment in furs culty by the police, who were com-a wonderful opportunity for saving pelled to charge the crowd, arresting a number of the participants."