

- (d) "judgment" means any decision, however described (judgment, order and the like), given by a court in a civil or commercial matter, and includes an award in proceedings on an arbitration if the award has become enforceable in the territory of origin in the same manner as a judgment given by a court in that territory;
- (e) "judgment creditor" means the person in whose favour the judgment was given, and includes his executors, administrators, successors and assigns;
- (f) "judgment debtor" means the person against whom the judgment was given and includes any person against whom the judgment is enforceable under the law of the territory of origin;
- (g) "original court" in relation to any judgment means the court by which the judgment was given;
- (h) "registering court" means a court to which an application for the registration of a judgment is made;
- (i) "territory of origin" means the territory for which the original court was exercising jurisdiction.

PART II

SCOPE OF THE CONVENTION

ARTICLE II

1. Subject to the provisions of this Article, this Convention shall apply to any judgment given by a court of a Contracting State after the Convention enters into force and, for the purposes of Article IX, to any judgment given by a court of a third State which is party to the 1968 Convention.
2. This Convention shall not apply to
 - (a) orders for the periodic payment of maintenance;
 - (b) the recovery of taxes, duties or charges of a like nature or the recovery of a fine or penalty;
 - (c) judgments given on appeal from decisions of tribunals other than courts;