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and Sam Neua, pending a political settlement." This means that the transferred fighting units of "Pathet Lao" will station themselves throughout the two provinces because the term "province" implies the totality of the territory within its limits and, if it had been otherwise, the wording would have been that the fighting units of "Pathet-Lao" would move into a zone within the two provinces."

This means that the terminal that the fighting units of mpathet-Lao" would move into a zone within the two provinces."

Furthermore, the same article states:

"pending a political settlement, the
fighting units of "Pathet Lao" shall
move into the two provinces." This
means also that till a political
settlement has been reached, the
fighting units of "Pathet Lao" will
remain stationed in the two provinces to await this political
settlement, and there is absolutely
no necessity for them to be the
subject of any other settlement if
the political settlement has not yet
been reached.

The decision on the regroupment and withdrawal of forces, signed at Khang Khay on 30th August, 1954 has laid down only six Provisional Assembly Areas for the fighting units of "Pathet Lao" but made no reference to the provinces of Phong Saly and Sam Neua. This provision clearly indicates that the two provinces of Phong Saly and Sam Neua constitute in their totality the final regroupment area for the final regroupment area for the forces of "Pathet Lao", and that in these two provinces there exist no units of the forces of the other party; this fact caused the two Delegations to give up selecting in the two provinces Provisional Assembly Areas necessary for the disengagement of the forces of the two Parties in regions where they are.

out in a spirit of mutual concessions, no one can deny that the "Pathet Lao" Party, always peace loving, has already made great concessions. Before the signing of the Agreement, the forces of "Pathet Lao" controlled almost half of the whole territory of Laos having large bases of operations in the provinces of Luang Prabang, Vientiane, Thakhek, Savannakhet, Saravane, Attopeu, Pakse, etc. These bases contained "Pathet Lao" administrative organisations, armed froces, regular and irregular, and organisations of the National United Front, Neo Lao Issara, Now that the