

## VOL. XXXV.-NO. 29.

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## MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1885.

### AMERICA, LINCOLN, Neb., February 13th, 1885.

the Officers and Members of Branches Irish National League of America : Enclosed I hand you copy of a letter just ceived from Hon. T. Harrington, M. P.---te Honorary Secretary of the Irish National ary 18t., 1. eague-and I feel that in order to secure 5th our prompt and hearty co-operation, I have at to call your attention to the urgent re-nest of Ireland's chosen leader-Charles tewart Parnell-for renewoed exertion in suport of the Parliamentary Fund. As you will learn from the statement of

Ir. Harrington, the people at home are doing beir duty nobly and their organization is taking splendid progress. Let us of the rish National League of America do our art in the holy cause, and we shall before ong see, as the result of cur united efforts, he re opening of Ireland's National Parlia-hent in College Green.

Yours respectfully,

# PATRICK EGAN, Pres.

FFICES OF THE IRISH NATIONAL LEAGUE, 39 Upper Sackville Streat.

DUBLIN, January 27, 1885. ATRICK EGAN, Esq., President Irish National League of America :

MY DEAR MR. EGAN,-Mr. Parnell de-tres me to write to you and place before you te difficulty he has in acting upon your sugestion to send over two members of the arty during the spring. He had been in opes that two members of the party might eable to undertake the journey; but the mmense labor that will be thrown upon our mall number in the forthcoming session of Parliament in fighting the Redistribution of eats Bill and the Renewed Crimes Act will under the absence of even one man of our arty a serious loss. If we can show sufficient trength in the Honse during the approaching ssion we will be able to amend the Redisribution of Seats Bill in such a manner that t will enable us to take possession of eighty-ive seats in the new Parliament, while at the ame time, upon the energy and power we isplay in discussing the Bill, will depend e fate of the Crimes Act, which the Govern-

ent intends to renew. Under these circumstances Mr. Parnell esires me to say that you and our friends in merica will have to leave us our full Parlianentary strength during the approaching ession, and you may rely fully upon his de-ire and that of the Party to send you a dele-ation as soon as it is at all possible. Our organization is making splendid pro-reas and doing great work. To the activity which our Irish branches displayed in workup up the registration of voters during the ast two years we owe the fact that Ireland s to receive the benefit of the extended franchise, for we showed that with energy and erseverance we could secure under the limited franchise nearly every seat which the new franchise brings within our easy grasp. A very large proportion of our unds was expended on this part of the truggle, and even still our expenses in atending Boundary Commissions and preparing chemes and svidence for them are very large. f, however, we had not to sustain a large umber of evicted tenants who have come to us as a legacy from the Land League our organization at home would be able to meet ts own working expenses. But this Evicted fenants' Fund is a first charge upon us and forms the largest part of our expenditure. We have received from our Irish branches during the year £6,000, while we have had to vote over £7,600 in grants to these evicted tenants. I have seen a statement in some of the American papers attributed to Mr. Parnell that no funds were needed in Ireland until the general election. He tells me he never made such a statement. On the contrary, it is with a view to preparing for the general election that we mainly want funds. We shall have to put forward about 90 candidates at the general election in Iroland, and we must have, local machinery prepared to work every one of these elections, as all the con-stituencies will be split up into single member constituencies, and every man will have to fight his own corner with the local aid he may receive. Mr. Parnell has directed me to request that any parliamentary fund at present in hand might be forwarded, as a large proportion of the present expenditure of the National League falls within the line of a parliamentary fund ; such as the preparation of bills for parliament, the rent and expenses of parliamentary office, and the expenses of members delegated to attend meetings, as well as the preparation of pamphlets on the Crimes act, and the supplying of other such information to parliament. To remove these off our limited resources would leave us free to devote a larger propor-tion of our funds to organization! Under all these circumstances Mr. Parnell urgently requests that you will point out toour friends in America the necessity for renewed exertion in support of the Parliamentary Fund.

ARNELL TO THE AMERICAN LEAGUE ARNELL TO THE AMERICAN LEAGUE of his country. It was Ebenezer Burgess Ball, of Louden county, Va. "My grand-mother," he said, "was George Wash-ington's niece; my grandfather Ball was of the family of General Wash-ington's niece; My grandfather Ball was of the family of General Wash-ington's miece Mark Ball." The mili ington's mother, Mary Ball." The mili-tary soon arrived. Senator Sherman, chairman of the joint congressional commis-sion, at 11 a.m. called about 500 people to order and proceeded to deliver the opening

address. Prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Suter. Dr. Welling, president of Columbia university, read an address prepared by W. W. Corcoran, to whom had been assigned the honor of representing the part taken in the initiation of the project of construction of the monument by the Washington Monument society, of which he is first vice president. The masonic ceremonies of the Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia were brief. Grand Master Parker brought into use certain historic relics with which Gen. Washington had been intimately connected. Col. Casey then formally delivered the monu-ment to the president of the United States. President Arthur, in accepting the monu-ment, paid an elegant tribute to Washington, and was frequently applauded. A procession was then formed and proceeded to the ball of the house of representatives. The senate were present, besides Gen. Sherman, judges of the Supreme Court, members of the cabinet and President Arthur. Ex-Governor Long, of Massachusetts, read the oration prepared by Hon. Robt. C. Winthrop, eliciting much applause.

The structure is 550 feet 51 inches high ; the shaft is 55 feet 11 inches square at the base and 34 at the pyramidian. The latter is 55 feet from base to apex. The total weight of the structure is S1, 120 tons. It cost \$1,-187,710, of which the United States expended \$887,710 and the Monument Society \$300,-006. Expressions in admiration of its state-ly and stupendous proportions were heard on every hand.

# LONDON TOPICS.

LONDON, Feb. 21.-The Parnellites will vote with the opposition unless the gov-ernment pledges itself to abandon the re-newal of the Crimes act. The government whips calculate on a majority of twenty without the Parnellites.

The Queen's message does not call out the reserves, but orders the soldiers at present serving who would otherwise be entitled to retire as reserves, to remain in active service until further notice. Two battories of artillery and six regiments of infantry of militia, one being an Irish regiment, will be embodied. It is believed a portion of the militia will garrison Ireland.

The News denies the report that Gladstone

for the joint action of Russia and Persia is the suppression of brigandage. It is expected Russia will send many troops to Penjdeh ea Russia will send many troops to Penjdeh in the spring, and that a gradual advance toward Bokhara will ensue. There is a renewal of the rumors that Russia has offered to form an alliance with the Ameer of Afgluanistan if the latter will allow the establishment of a protectorate over Herat.

### TARING THE BANDITS.

### HAND TO HAND FIGHT IN WHICH THERE WAS LOTS OF SHOOTING.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Feb. 23 .- On Saturday Marshal Gosling and Deputies Manning and Loving started to take James Pitts and Charles Yeager, notorious highwaymen and post office robbers, from Austin to San Antonio for safe-keeping. The officers and prisoners occupied seats in the smoking car. On the opposite sides of the coaches were the prisoners, being handcuffed together. They were accompanied by Mrs. E. A. Drown, grandmother of Pitts and Rosa Yeager, sister of Yeager. The women occupied seats immediately in front of the prison-ers. The car was well filled with passengers. The prisoners and the women were quite affectionate. The first intimation that any. thing wrong was going on was the sharp report of a pistol. This was followed by the report of a pistol. This was followed by the rapid discharge of shots, which filled the coach with smoke, in rifts of which the prisoners were noticed moving towards Goslin and the deputies. The first shot missed the marshal. He was in the set of deputies is noted when a moved was act of drawing his pistol when a second was fired, and the marshal fell forward with his head into the aisle and pinioning Manning to the seat. Before the deputy could free himself he was shot in the neck and shoulder. Leaping over the seats to the door Manning began firing and emptied his revolver He then drew a pencil and began to remove the shells from his revolver. While the pri-soners were peppering away at him, Loving backed to the rear door firing at the prisoners. The prisoners forced Loving to the platform of the sleeper where the deputy fired his last shot at the desperadoes, who jumped from the train which was in full motion. As they struck the ground Col. Mayfield fired an ineffective shot, as did also con-ductor Fowler. The prisoners made off in the direction of New Braunfels. Gosling was found dead. M18. Drown was lying near the marshal, shot in the stomach. Rosa Yeager was found unconscious, shot through the leg. Two shots went through the first-class coach, one grazing the head of a lady, who fainted. The rear of the smoker was riddled with bullets. Manning's wounds

JOHN BOYLE O'REILLY.

The British Government Opposes his Visit te Montreal-The Ultimatum of Downing Street - Correspondence Between St. Patrick's Society and the Distinguished

Political Refugeo (From the Montreal Daily Post.)

Some days ago THE POST announced that St. Patrick's Society had, invited Mr. John Boyle O'Rielly, the taking poet and editor of the Boston Pilot, to come to Montreal for the 17th of March next and deliver the annual address at the society's concert on the occasion. This was not the first time that Mr. O'Reilly had been asked by his fellowcountrymen in Canada to visit them, having been previously invited to both Ottawa and Montreal, but as he is an escape i Eug-lish political prisoner he did not care to run the risk of possible interference with his person or plans. When he received the last invitation from Montreal, however, Mr. O'lieilly deemed it advisable to have his political status established and defined. He therefore wrote to London asking permission of the government to visit British soil, either in Canada, England, or Ireland. The answer to this request was received by Mr. O'Reilly on Saturday, and

### FORBADE HIM TO VISIT BRITISH SOIL

under pain of arrest. Mr. O'Reilly at once sent notice to Montreal to this effect which somewhat surprised the Irishmen of this city. It was, however, feltthat perhaps some means might be found by which the safety of Mr. O'Reilly could be guaranteed, in the event of ago I was invited by the Irishmen of Ottawa to deliver a St. Patrick's Day oration. I de-clined, but I sent a letter to Mr. Frelinghuysen, our secretary of state, asking him if my citizenship would pretect me if I visited the Dominion. I stated to him the circumstances of the case. That I was

### TRIED FOR HIGH TREASON

in 1866, was convicted and sentenced to 20 years' imprisonment ; that I made my escape and came here in 1869 and became a citizen of this country the very day I landed, so far as the declaration of my intentions went. While I was not sure that I would be protected, I suggested the question of whether or not the protecting power did not extend outside the country as well as in it. Mr. Frelinghuysen was very kind. As it was a problematical question, he sent it to the Eug-lish government through our minister, Mr. Lowell. I then wrote to Mr. Sexton asking are serious. The wounded women were jailed him to acquaint the Irish members of parliament with what I had done, and get their advice. They advised me to write directly to the English government stating my request. I did so. As there was a question of some 1rish-Americans being asked to visit Ireland, and as we have large business interests there, I asked about England and Ireland as well-whether I might be allowed to visit those countries. Meanwhile, another city, Montreal, sent me a request to visit it and deliver a lecture. The invitation came from St. Patrick's society, and was signed by the president, Mr. D. Barry. I told him that

### reasons as stated by the English officials in a few days."

# Guarantee Wanted From the Canadian Sovernment—His Intest Letter to Mr. D. Barry, President of St. Patrick's Society.

When John Boyle O'Reilly received in-structions from the English Secretary of State that he could not visit British territory without leaving himself open to arrest, he at once wrote to Mr. D. Barry, President of St. Patrick's society, explaining the state of affairs and regretting that he would be unable to fulfill his engagement to deliver the annual address at St. Patrick's concert on the 17th of March next. As soon as Mr. Barry received this news from Mr. O'Reilly the former sent the following despatch :-

" Letter received. Don't see why arrangements should be altered in view of my letter to you. Have no fear. Am writing you. D. BARKY.'

To Mr. Barry's communications Mr. O'Reilly has sent the subjoined letter, which will be brought before the meeting of the St. Patrick's Society this evening :---

# THE PILOT EDITORIAL ROOMS. BOSTON, Feb. 16th 1885.

DEAR SIR,-I am sorry that my judgment leads me to the conclusion that I ought not to visit Canada, after the letter of the English Home Secretary, without at least the written or publicly capressed guarantee of the Dominion Government, that I should not be bollimined with. Any other course would appear like a challenge, or defiance of British authority in a British country, and the public opinion of the country would not endorse or support it. I do not think it would be a dignified course to go to Canada. Depending on the convivance of the authoritics as the means of evading the law. I might have done so had this English letter not reached me, but now I cannot do it with self-respect or the approval of this coun-

try. I thank you personally and your society for your great kindness, and I deeply regret that I have been the cause of so much trouble to you. I beg that you will present my respects and gratitude to the St. Patrick's Society of Montreal, and assure them that I hope some time to have the pleasure of meeting them. I am, dear sir,

Yours very truly, JOHN BOYLE O'REILLY.

### D. BARRY, ESQ., President of St. Patrick's Society, Montreal.

INCREASE OF THE INDIAN ARMY. LONDON, Feb. 20 .- The Whitehall Review

states that Lord Dufferin, formerly Governor General of Canada, who recently succeeded Lord Ripon as Viceroy of India, has demanded that 20,000 British soldiers shall be sent to India as reinforcements. He makes the demand on the ground that the British garrisons and field troops are absurdly weak, the building, and he was instigated to the

# A HUNDRED CATTLE LOST.

PRICE --- FIVE CENTS:

EXPERIENCE OF THE STEAMER NEWOASTLE CITY.

HALIFAX, Feb. 19.-The Furness Line steamer Newcastle City, Captain Valder, which sailed hence for London on Thursday last with a cargo of 9,400 bushels of pease, 38,200 bushels of wheat and 152 head of cattle, returned to court this morning in a damaged condition. Her captain reports that on Sunday last, the vessel being then 200 miles southeast of Sable island, a heavy gale from the east-southeast was encountered, during which the ship was boarded on the port side by a tremendous sea, which swept overboard 100 of the cattle and all the cattle pons, stove in the hutches, and smashed one of the boats. Strange to suy, no one on board was seriously injured, except one of the cattle men, who was washed some distance along the deck, but escaped with only a few bruises. The remainder of the cattle on board are in a very bad condition, the skin being torn completely off the backs of some. One is lying dead on the deck and another is in a dying condition. The whole of them will no doubt have to be killed. It is not known yet whether her cargo is damaged or not. A portion of the steamer's freight is to be discharged at once for a thorough examination of the vessel.

### ARCHBISHOP OF DUBLIN.

DR. WALSH LIKELY TO SUCCEED CARDINAL MCABZ-A PARNELLITE SYMPATHIZER.

DURLIN, Feb. 23.-Opinions are freely expressed in reliable ecclesiastical quarters tonight that Dr. Walsh, of Maynooth College, will be appointed Archbishop of Dublin in place of the late Cardinal McCabe. Whether he will also be made Cardinal remains for the present an open question. Dr. Walsh's ap-pointment would mean a triumph for the Parnellite party. He holds almost the same-views as Archbishop Croke. The recent: appointment of Dr. Kenny, ex-suspect and Parnellite, as medical superintendent of Maynooth College, was through Dr. Walsh's influence.

### THE ALMSHOUSE HORROR.

A FIRE FLEND WHO CONFESSES HIS TER-RIBLE CRIME.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 20.-At the Coroner's inquest this afternoon in regard to the death of the twenty victims of the Blockley Alms-

Yours sincerely, T. HARRINGTON, HODOLENN Honorary Secretary

WASHINGION HONORED.

has been warned by his physicians to relinquish office. The police yesterday suppressed the sale of

picture at the bookstalls representing Gladstone as a "sandwich man," having on his boards the following inscription : "Massacres executed without responsibility."

Morley, a radical, will move an amendment to Northcote's motion of censure calling for the evacuation of the Soudan at once. Lord Hartington will doubtless succeed

Gladstone when he resigns. The Lord Mayor will preside over a great

neeting, to be held in London, to promote the work of of sccuring a national memorial of Gordon.

RUSSIA AND AFGHANISTAN.

HOSTILITIES EXPECTED ON THE FRONTIER SIONER ADVISES THE IMMEDIATE OC-CUPATION OF HERAT-MUCH FEELING CREATED IN LONDON-THE GUARDS SAID TO HAVE BEEN ORDERED TO INDIA.

LONDON, February 21 .--- The Times states that the Russians are advancing upon Pen-jdeh in Khorassan. Penjdeh is held by the Ameer of Afghanistan, and his outposts, according to the Times, are liable to come into immediate contact with the Russian advance The danger of collision is so imminent that Sir P. Lumsden, the British commissioner on the Afghan frontier question, has tallen back with his surveying party and taken up temporary quarters behind Herat. He has done this to save himself and party from becoming involved in the impending contest. The publication of this news has attracted serious attention. The Pall Mall Gazette says the authorities at the foreign office believe that the statements are correct, and that unless the Russian advance is checked hostilities between the Afghans and Russians are certain and will result in grave consequences.

The Evening News says : It is asserted that the Guards, who were ostensibly despatched to Soudan, are destined for Afghanistan. It says this report, if true, forms England's reply to Russia's advance to Herat. The truth of the assertion is doubtful, but the existence of the rumor proves the gravity of the tension

between England and Russia. LONDON, Feb. 22.—Sir Peter Lums-den, informing the government that he has withdrawn the commission expedition from Bala Murghab towards Herat, repeats his advice that the British shall occupy Herat and the mountain passes forming the natural strategetic line. The reported presence of Russian troops near Penjdeh is confirmed! Negotiations between Lord Granville and Lessar, the Russian agent, on the basis of the Afghan frontier line, are progressing. The cabinet discussed the subject yesterday.

at New Braunfels. Loving organized a posse at New Braunfels and started in pursuit. They found the dead body of Pitts near the scene of the tragedy and recaptured Yeager eight miles distant. The desperado resisted and was pierced by three bullets. He subsequently died at New Braunfels. The following were arrested for complicity in the affair :-- Mrs. Pitts and her father, named Scott; two brothers named Kronts, John Hardiman, Philip Yeager, brother of the convict. Annie Scott. and Jim Brannan, brother of the Missouri desperado. Most of them were armed. They are all suspected of belonging to a gang of outlaws which have been a terror to the State for years. Mrs. Drown died yesterday morning and was buried by the side of Pitts. Manning is in a precarious condition.

TWO WOMEN BURNED TO DEATH, PESTH, Feb. 21 .- A terrible casualty is reported from Szegedin. Two poor women being cared for in the infirmary connected with the convent became insane, and were so violent and so disturbed the other patients by their incessant screams that they were con-fined to an out-house, some distance from the main building, till they could be removed to a lunatic asylum. They were separately fastened by chains padlocked round their waists and secured to the walls at opposite ends of the room, so that the unfortunate women might have the largest amount of liberty without being able to inflict injury on each other. At an early hour yesterday morning the out-house was discovered to be on fire, and in the confusion the key of the padlocks could not be found, and before the chains were wrenched away from the walls the two unfortunates were so budly injured that they died almost instantly upon being taken out of the burning building. A Gov-

crnment investigation will be held.

THE LENTEN SEASON.

LONDON, Feb. 21 .- The social world has. figuratively speaking, laid aside its silks and satins, and arrayed itself in penitential garb of solemn black. The change, however, is largely figurative. Balls have given place to musicales, and dancing is tabooed. But otherwise the gay world wags no much as usual-" Though we are in Lent, we est more than fish." In the matter of marriage, however, propriety says no fashionable maiden can approach the hymencal altar. The list was closed on Tuesday by the union of the Duke of Buckingham and Miss Graham, and Viscount Lymington, son of the Earl of Portsmouth, and Miss Pease, the descendant of a long line of wealthy Quakers. The Duke of Buckingham is sixty two years of age, and was a widower; his wife, the daughter of Mr. Robert Harvey, having died in 1874.

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I COULD NOT GO TO CANADA

unless I had protection from arrest, or the governmental promise of immunity from ar-rest, and they wrote me, asking if I would go if they made arrangements with the federal government guaranteeing me from arrest They then appointed a committee of prominent Irishmen to wait upon the government

that

officials. The committee acted, and made a report. In substance it was that the committee had proceeded to Ottawa and had seen Sir Alexander Campbell, the minister of justice. That he immediately decided that his department would undertake pothing against Mr. O'Reilly. That they had also seen Sir John Macdonald, and that he had expressed the same view, and had stated

THERE WOULD BE NO DANGER

so far as the government was concerned. He also stated that he would be happy to further anything that the society desired and added, that under the law any person could, by swearing out a charge or giving in-formation, have Mr. O'Reilly arrested, but he saw no danger of that. He suggested, however, that the committee might see the attorney-general of Quebec, and warn him so that he might not take action on such information, and that then everything would be all right. On the receipt of that report I accepted the invitation, and they have made their arrangements accordingly. That was all very well until yesterday, when I received

the following DOCUMENT FROM THE ENGLISH GOVERNMENT 1 . .

A. 38032. WRITEHALL, January 29, 1885.

Sin,-With reference to your letter of the 19th instant, asking permission to visit Canada England and Ireland, I am directed by the secretary of state to inform you that he has al ready received an application to a like effect from the American minister, to which he has replied that, having regard to the circamstances of your case, he cannot accede to your request. Lam, sir, your obedient servant,

GODFREY LUSHINGTON, Mr. J. B. O'Reilly, the Pilot editorial rooms, the Boston, J. S. Jan. 44 could be

I then wrote to Canada saying that I could.

carrisons and field troops are absurdly weak, in view of the prospect of a Russian advance upon India by way of Afghanistan. This is not the first time that Lord Dufferin has sounded the note of alarm regarding the insufficiency of the British army in India. Some months ago he called attention to the great and growing size of the armies main-tained by some of the native princes. He pointed out the loss of British prestige and the danger to the British possession which resulted from the fact that Great Britain did not have inall India a force sufficient to defeat a combination of two or three of the native armies. At the same time he expressed his determination to equalize matters either by curbing the growth of the forces in the principalities or by increasing the strength of the British army. The present report in the Whitehall Review is quite in line with Lord Dufferin's previous declarations and with his well known energy and decision of character. On the other hand the military experts doubs. that he would embarrass the Government by such a demand at such a moment, when he must know that the war establishment is being dangerously drained to supply the Soudan requirements.

RUSSLA'S ADVANCE IN ASIA.

LONDON, Feb. 18 .--- The danger of permitting Russia's undisputed advance in Afghanistan is apparent to every thinking man ; but Earl Granville appears to be as indifferent to foreign affairs as though he were one of The Seven Sleepers. The Boundary Commission was a transparent fraud for the purpose of gaining time, and the excuse offered by the Russian government for the non appearance of her representatives to meet the representatives of England, because one of her officers was sick, would insult the intelligence of a child; but it suffices for Earl Granville, and now Russia is approaching Herat, which, without doubt, will be as silently and as easily absorbed as Merv was. A panic was created in the city to-day, espocially in commercial and financial circles. by the receipt of despatches from Berlin, annonncing that Russia had ordered 2,000 Krupp guns for the purpose of strengthening her position in Central Asia. The guns are evidently intended for service in fortresses, and indicate that Russia intends retaining what she has acquired, and making her position as nearly impregnable as pos sible, when England awakes to a sense of the danger of a formidable for so close to the borders of her Indian empire. Russia has every year an excess of 11, 100,000 births, and more immigrants than emigrants, which in twenty years means the population of a firstclass power. This gives her an enormous force, and Russis's advance, in Asia is the gracatest danger that England can be called upon to encounter. There was a long session

act by Peter J. Schroeder, one of the chief attendants. Nadin, who is 23 years of age, was committed to the institution as an imbecile. The physicians of the institution say he is morally responsible, and was frequently parmitted to go home unattended. Schroeder has been jailed to await further developments.

NEW IRISH CONSERVATIVE PARTY.

LONDON, Feb. 21.-A meeting was held here last night at the call of the Ulster Conservative parliamentary committee. A large number of Conservatives and nermanent gentlemen from North Ireland attended. After much discussion it was unanimously decided to form an Independent Irish Conservetive party. Its purpose is to secure means of bringing pressure to bear upon the leaders of the Conservative party with a view to the protection and promotion ci the interests of loyalists in Ireland. Another meeting will be held on Monday the decide what action shall be taken on the vote of consure.

FEARING FOR THEIR MONEY.

DUBLIN, Feb. 23.-The cast le authorities are alarmed owing to the probability of a Fenian uprising. The constables declare that since the fall of Khartoum and the news of the Soudan disasters there has been jubilation in the Fenian ranks. The Foniaus are only waiting intelligence that the Mahdi has smashed the Britishers to strike a blow for freedom.

## ONE MORE ASYLUM FIRE.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 20. St. Michael's Orphan sylum and St. Jos eph Convent were partially burned to-day. When the flames were discovered thirty-five nuns and twenty little children were in the building. Through the offorts of a few calm sisters a panic was averted and all life the building safely. The fire started in the dormitories.

### DEATH IN THE FLOCKS.

POKREPSIE, Feb. 21,-Prof. Law, of Cornell university, and Dr. Kerr, of New York, yesterday examined the stock on Gray's farm where rin derpest was reported. They certified that/ the cattle had died of, meningitis, and that those remaining on the place were free of/symptoms of rinderpest or other contagion as diseases.

THE VATICAN GOVERNMENT.

Rome, February, 21.-It is now generally . islieved that Cardinal Jacobini will susseed. the late Cardinal Ohigi as Secretary of Memorials at the Chancelleris, vacating the Seuc-taryship of State. For the latter position the names of Cardinals Czacki and Laurensi are mentioned, with the chances in favor of the