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For Coughs and Colds, Catarrh, Influenza,

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Consumption, Scrofulous and all Wasting Diseases,

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HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME AND SODA. For all diseases of the Nenvous Ststem. as Mental Anxiety. General Debility, In-rovenished Blood, Etc., it is highly recom-mended by the Medical Profession.

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Being very much reduced by sickness and almost given up for a dead man, I commenced taking your PUTTNER'S EMULSION. After taking it a very short time my health began to improve, and the longer I used at the better my health became. After being laid aside for nearly a year, I last summer performed the hardest summer's work I ever did, having often to go with only one meal a day I attribute the saving of my life to PUTTNER'S EMULSION.

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#### AT SUNDOWN.

O tendril of ivy and tangle of tree,
Wild are the banks of my ain countrie;
The sun is sinking low in the west,
A golden ball o'or the mountain creet;
Shatts of light pierce the moorland's breast.
Wild are the banks of my ain countrie.

O curple of heather and eliver of sea,
Bright are the hues of my ain countrie:
A fairy knight rides out of the wold;
A lady's sleeve round his belm is rolled;
His coal-black charger is shod with gold.
Bright are the hues of my ain countrie.

O ripple of streamlet and murmur of bee,
Sweet are the sounds in my ain countrie!
He throws me, passing, a glance remote:
A wandering lark in the clouds affect
Has stabbed my soul with its touder note.
Sweet are the sounds in my ain countrie.

O shadow of pinowood and silence of lea, Cold falls the dew in my sin countrie The levelight fades in the amber sky, And grey mists over the forest fly; We are alone, my heart and I. Cold falls the dew in my sin countrie.

#### [FOR THE CRITIC.] JOTTINGS FROM OTTAWA.

Mr. W. G. Perley, senior M. P. for Ottawa City, died somewhat suddeuly on the morning of the 1st inst. He had been in poor health for some time past, but the disease from which he suffered manifested no really dangerous symptoms until the day before his death. Mr. Perley was born in the State of New Hampshire in 1820, but, when a young man, became engaged in lumbering operations in the Ottawa Valley and took up his residence in the city. He amassed a fortune in his business, and was one of the most enterprising men in the capital. He was one of the promoters of the Canada Atlantic Railway, which is regarded as one of the finest equipped railways on the continent. Mr. Perley received the nomination of the Liberal Conservative Association of Ottawa at the general elections in 1887, and was elected by a year large majority over his exponent. Mr. A. G. and was elected by a very large majority over his opponent, Mr. A. G. McIntyre. Although not a Canadian by birth, his attachment to our national interests and institutions was large-souled and sincere. He was an earnest believer in the policy of protection, and a firm supporter of Sir John Macdonald.

The Ottawa Conservative Workingmen's Association have passed a resolution of condolence with Mrs. Perley, in which they bear record of his

practical interest in the welfare of the laboring classes in the capital.

That history has a weakness for repeating itself at sundry times is a fact so well known as to have become axiomatic, and, this being the case, I see no reason why our neighbors across the border need feel aggrieved because their "rare Bon Butler" exploits during the civil war in relation to spoons have been equalled by Sir Fred. Middleton's operations in furs during the late rebellion in our North-West Territories. Some insignificant Canadian people, who happened to be in England at the time our illustrious General went over to appropriate to himself the dignities and honors which belonged to the men who had really put down the rebellion, tell me that he used to dilate with great gusto in the clubs, and wherever men of strife mostly did congregate to orate and liquidate, upon the lively manuer in which he made the metaphorical fur fly during the few engagements of the campaign; but it was with anything but zeet that he told his Parliamentary Committee on Tuesday how he made Bremner's furs fly to his own pecuniary profit! One has only to read his statement to the committee as published in the press to perceive how melancholy his confession must have been:—"Sir Frederick said that owing to the lapse of time many of the events had passed from his mind. He recollected, however, that after the capture of Poundmaker some of the half-breeds, reported to be rebelz, were encamped near Battleford. It was reported to him that their furs were being carried off and he ordered the whole stock to be sent to the police barracks. Some time afterwards he believed he might have ordered, having received proof that Bremner was a rebel, the confiscation of the furs, that he also authorized some of his staff to take some of the furs, and probably said he might take some himself, perhaps." "Said he might take some himself, perhaps." "Said he might take some himself, perhaps!" Now, I call that just about as fat as you can cut it. Although tinctured with melancholy, this confession reveals to one's mind the insouciance of Robin Hood's, Claude Duval's or Captain Kidd's dalliance with the sighth compandment, which appealed so foresfully to our youthful with the eighth commandment, which appealed so forcefully to our youthful imaginations. But let me continue Sir Fred's sad history of the fur expropriation:-" In cross-examination General Middleton said as to the furs on the steamer he supposed they came as a present from some of the men. He never saw the furs until he came to Ottawa, and he gave no receipt for them. He sent some of the furs to Mr. Devlin of Ottawa, to be sold for him, and presented some to his friends." But one more extract from the evidence produced before the committee on Tuesday and I have done:—
"Mr. Hayter Reed stated that while in Battleford he saw the furs and reported the fact to the General. Under the latter's direction they were confiscated, and two packages ordered to be put up for him (Sir Frederick). Witness said that two or three months after receiving his own share he returned them. The letter from Warden in reference to the confiscation of the furs had been destroyed. There was private correspondence in it in reference to the confiscation which the General did not wish to have made public," Verily, this is not pleasant reading to patriotic Canadians, and it does not make it a bit better to know that Sir Fred. is profoundly sorry that he was found out! That is a kind of contrition that the public justly decline to take much stock in. DEED.