

EUROPEAN SUMMARY.

LONDON.

The Right Honorable T. Babington Macaulay attended on Thursday at the office of the Secretary at War, in the Horse Guards, for the first time since his appointment to office.

Admiral the Hon. Charles Elphinstone Fleming, cousin to Sir Charles Adam, Commander in Chief at Portsmouth, has been appointed to the Governorship of Greenwich Hospital.

The Lord Advocate of Scotland has arrived in town from Scotland. Tuesday a handsome silver cup was presented by Colonel Chatterton and the officers of the 4th dragoons guards to Mr. Farrier-major Mitchell, on his retirement from the regiment after a meritorious service of forty years.

We are informed, by a correspondent at Southampton, who is known to that Lord Durham and Mr. Poulett Thomson passed a good deal of time together just before the new Governor's departure, and were often seen, on board his Lordship's yacht and elsewhere, engaged in earnest conversation. It was remarked by spectators that Mr. Thomson seemed to exhibit somewhat ostentatiously his intimacy with the Ex-Dictator.—*Colonial Gazette.*

The Government and Colonization.—A despatch has been published from the Marquis of Normanby to a Capt. Hobson, who appears to be her Majesty's Ambassador or Representative at the Court of the New Zealand Chiefs.

A brief extract will sufficiently indicate the policy of the Government respecting the appropriation of land in New Zealand.—"It is an object of the first importance that alienation of the unsettled within its limits shall be conducted from its commencement upon that system of sale of which experience has proved the wisdom, and the disregard of which has been so fatal to the prosperity of other British settlements."

The political affairs of the continent, and of the east, remain in their former state, but the home money market was depressed and funds had fallen. The bullion, too, of the Bank of England had still further diminished. These effects were supposed to have arisen in consequence of the loan contracted by Mr. Jaudon of £200,000. Large remittances of specie were expected from the United States, but in consequence of this loan and its guarantee of Pennsylvania stock, the expected remittances consisted of paper only. The accounts of the British Queen, which is hourly looked for, cannot be expected to differ materially from those already received, and when the intelligence of the suspension of the United States Bank shall reach England, still greater depression will probably ensue. England, however, is a country too abundant in resources to be long affected by this cause, and the lapse of a few weeks may set all right again.—*Albion.*

Lieutenant-General Sir Lionel Smith, Bart., G. C. B., late Governor of Jamaica, will sail this day in the Great Western for England. Major Warren and Lieut. Smith of the 64th Regiment, Aides-de-camp to Sir Lionel, proceed with him. It is understood that his Excellency has been offered the Government of Mauritius. Sir Charles Metcalf reached Jamaica on the 22d of Sept.

Canada.—We regret to hear that H. M. Ship Pique, having on board Sir J. Colborne and family, has been detained several days in St. Lawrence in consequence of strong easterly winds, which detention must have made the distinguished passengers very uncomfortable. The health of Sir John has suffered much from the hard-

ships he has endured during a long life of public service, and he stands in much need of that repose for which he has so long been anxious.

Rumour speaks of the ill-treatment this excellent man has again experienced from the Colonial Government at home. The suspension of the two French Judges we believe led to his retirement. When these immaculate persons were taken from the bench in consequence of declaring the martial law illegal, the act was generally applauded and its necessity on all sides admitted. The Colonial Office in the distinct and positive manner, we are told also of the measure. The disrobed judges, however, went to England, and as usual found sympathy for the guilty rampant; Sir John was then sounded to ascertain if he would restore them, but upon that point the veteran was resolute, and said positively, No! He was then asked—such is our information—by my Lord Normanby if he could not "manage" the thing in some way? But an officer trained in the school of Wellington is not apt to vacillate, and he again said no; but asked as a favour that he might be allowed to return in the same ship that brought out his successor. In this way has Canada lost her best friend and surest protector.

The successor of Sir John, in his military capacity, Sir Richard Jackson, is no doubt a gallant and skilful officer; but for experience, knowledge of the country, and confidence of the people, Sir John has no equal.

Quebec Nov. 6. THE WEATHER.—It has been snowing at Quebec since ten o'clock this morning, and the ground is now well covered. Ploughing was still going on yesterday, but last night's frost has prepared the ground for the snow remaining at the ground, for some time at least. The wind has been strong at East, and it is said to have been in the same quarter for more than a week below. H. M. S. Pique was still on this side of the river Monday.

We understand that the members of the Special Legislative Council for Lower Canada, are summoned to meet at Montreal, on Monday, next the 11th inst. The ordinary Session it is said will be held only when the Governor General returns from Upper Canada, probably in January. Sir Richard D. Jackson, it is said, will administer the Government during the absence of the Governor General.

Neilson's Gazette, in an article which calls attention to the natural advantages of Canada, and the neglect of them—mentions, that they have 1500 miles of steamboat navigation above Quebec, and 5000 miles of coast, of still water navigation, which do not require any expenditure, and that it only wants 20 additional miles of Canals, and the enlargement of 37 miles, to enable the Colonists to enjoy, without extent. These sources of prosperity are said to be neglected while others are carrying off the prize, and extending far west, and directing their trade towards the Pacific Ocean. The repairs and enlargement of 28 miles through the Welland Canal, the Gazette says, would bring the Canals, by an uninterrupted steam navigation, about 1600 miles from Quebec, 2000 miles from the Gulf of St. Lawrence; and 5000 from any port in the United Kingdom.

St. John, Nov. 19.

Steamer for Boston.—The new and splendid steamer North America, owned by Messrs. James Whitney & Co. made a trip to Eastport on Saturday evening, and returned on Sunday night, and we understand performed remarkably well.—He started at 2 o'clock this morning, on her first trip to Boston, from which she will return nearly next week.

Mr. Burke, who lectured here some time ago on Phrenology, is lecturing in Quebec, and is styled Doctor Burke by the papers.

THE STANDARD.

Saint Andrews, Saturday Nov. 23 1839.

Charlotte County Bank. Hon. Harris Hatch, President. Director next week, John Wilson. Discount Day, from 10 to 4.

Tell and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier on or before Thursday afternoon, or they must be overpaid next week.

Sims and Clark House. Colonel Smith, Proprietor. Director next week, T. Turley.

Saint Stephens Bank. William Porter, Esq. President. Director next week, N. Marks.

Tell and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier on or before Thursday afternoon, or they must be overpaid next week.

Discount Day, FRIDAY. Bank open from 10 till 3.

LATEST DATES.

LONDON, Oct. 19. LIVERPOOL, Oct. 21. EDINBURGH, Oct. 21. PARIS, Oct. 21. MONTREAL, Oct. 20. QUEBEC, Oct. 20. HALIFAX, Nov. 16. NEW YORK, Nov. 16.

Since our last the Oxford packet ship has arrived from Liverpool, bringing accounts one day later from London.

The Nova Scotia Legislature met for the despatch of business on the 31st of December next.

Chubb's Almanac for 1840, for sale at the Post office here.

THE ELECTION.

So far the contest has proceeded with that regard to decorum and the feelings of either party, which should always prevail upon similar occasions, and furnishes convincing proof that the struggle will terminate in such a manner as will reflect credit on both the rival candidates and upon the conduct of their numerous supporters. As to the purpose, the Election commenced in St. Andrews, on Tuesday last, James Boyd Esq. was proposed by Wm. Garnett Esq. who at the same time made some remarks in a neat and appropriate speech, in which he assigned his reasons for recommending Mr. Boyd to the friendly support of the people, this nomination was then seconded by James Rait Esq. Patrick Clinch Esq. was then proposed by Mr. Joseph Walton an old and respected inhabitant of this County, his observations were concise and entirely applicable to the occasion, this nomination was seconded by Geo. D. Street Esq.

Mr. Boyd then addressed the assembled freeholders as follows:

Freeholders of the County of Charlotte, Gentlemen,

At the solicitation of my numerous friends, I have been induced to offer myself as a Candidate for your suffrages on this occasion; in thus coming before you, I can honestly assure you, that it is more with a desire to be useful, than for my own aggrandizement. In my printed addresses to the Electors, I have made fully known my political creed, as also my views and sentiments on matters that deeply concern the best interests of this County.

Having lived among you the greater part of my life you have all had an opportunity of judging of my character and conduct during that time. Much has been said about the payment of Grand and Petit Jurors; I, for one, if elected will be found to be a most strenuous advocate for the passing of a Law to that effect. There can be no reasonable objection to such a Law, when it is notorious, that every other description of persons who are compelled to attend courts, from the Judge on the Bench to the humblest office are all paid for their services; nor can the House of Assembly make any thing like reasonable objections, so long as they continue to pay themselves

so handsomely for their services.

Having during my canvass, and at other times made myself acquainted with the state of your Bye Roads, I feel more than ever convinced, that some better system must be adopted and more effectual aid given to settlers in remote situations, than has hitherto been done. The great line of communication throughout the County with such alterations and improvements as may be necessary, I shall keep steadily in view.

Education, the greatest blessing that can be conferred upon the human family, and of the greatest consequence to the rising generation, shall in me find a zealous advocate.

Agriculture and the Fisheries, those Handmaids of wealth, shall ever command my attention and I fearlessly assert that the more general the bounty can be given to the latter, the greater the spur to that most invaluable branch of the Commerce of the County.

The lumbering interest, another great source of employment and wealth, requires the fostering care of the Legislature, so that by their wisdom and foresight they may prevent a foreign article from coming in competition with the products of the Province.

As regards the law respecting the auditing and passing the County accounts, as it now stands, it amounts to a perfect force. We must insist on greater powers to be given to the Grand Jurors, in order that when the accounts have passed their hands, their doings on them may be final; and I feel satisfied that in such hands and with proper management, that in a very short space of time the affairs of this County will assume a totally different aspect.

Having said thus much I cheerfully place myself in your hands; should I succeed in becoming your Representative, you may either from my printed address and from what I now say, will be the tenor of the course I shall steer, should I not succeed, I shall feel proud that my adopted County has chosen some other better qualified than myself to serve their interests.

Mr. Clinch said, that the late vacancy in the representation of St. Andrews had brought before the Electors once more a Candidate for the highest office in gift, and although on former occasions he had never made use of the worst pretext of being urged on by request of friends, (for his own ambition and love of such a high distinction had ever been with him sufficient inducement,) yet his youthful ardor was in some measure cooled down, and he now did say that nothing but the earnest calls he had received from several quarters, and the strongest assurances of support, would have enabled him to overcome the reluctance he felt at again entering the lists after the mortification of a recent defeat.

It must be obvious, that the electing of one who had already served in a public capacity must rest in a great measure on the opinion that might be formed of his conduct while in that situation; in that respect the Electors could, and ought to judge, and see earnestly wished here would be for themselves, and not take their opinions from others, at second hand; (persons who made it a business to traduce his character,) it was for him to hazard forth his merits—this much however he would say, that while in the House of Assembly he had kept the object steadily in view—the interest of his constituents, which on every occasion he had supported with all the knowledge and argument of which he was master, and not always unsuccessfully.

It was not unusual for recent Candidates to lay claim to much honesty of purpose; but to speak less confidently as to their abilities. He asked the indulgence as the latter score—he had said before and repeated it now, that the concerns of this County were of too much importance to be trusted to ignorant or unskilful hands; and if any instance could be shown in which they had suffered through his ignorance or incapacity he would willingly abide the penalty; but the absence of any such charge against him, or of want of political honesty, should be construed into a silent admission of the correctness of his course.

All this however, appeared to have been forgotten at the last Election—or only such things remembered as could by possibility operate to his disadvantage, because not eternally babbling in his hands, and distributed about in order to inflame the passions of a certain portion of the electors, and exasperate them against him; and let it ever be remembered, that the greatest of only political offence of which he stood accused, was, that of belonging to the "old four," against whom such a force was raised, as to that of *Liberated Coleridge* in ancient times, destruction to the "old four." Well, gentlemen, the end was accomplished, the love of novelty was gratified, by a partial change in the representation; and since that they had time to count their gains: the "old four" as a body

had ceased to exist, the good they had done was consigned to oblivion, and it was time their misdeeds if any shared the same fate. Nor need their imaginations be haunted with the dread of their reappearance on the stage of action.—The ghost of Hamlet was laid never to rise again. One prediction made in a spirit of vain and boasting insolence remained yet indeed to have its truth tested—namely, "that he the Candidate now adding rang them should never again sit alongside of his old colleagues in the House of Assembly—the present Election would determine that; but be the event what it might, one thing was morally certain, that the non, and gallant Col. lately exalted into a higher sphere, would never again go back to his old station, so that the old companionship may be considered as completely dissolved; and he (Mr. C.) was now commencing anew on his own account, and without a share of public patronage. Nor could he now be accused of combination, that was a feature of which the present Election was divested, and he was glad of it. There would now be none of those cross currents and counter workings which has distracted men's minds as, the last Election, and has prevented them from steering a straight forward course—he that was hot for him was against him, and such plain and open warfare suited his disposition best.

It was usual to style them free and independent Electors, and he truly believed them to be so, as much as any County in the Province. What was truly called "larger influence," it existed at all, did so in a very small degree; and he had no doubt they had come there fully prepared to vote according to the conclusion they had come to in their own minds. How they had arrived at that conclusion was another matter, and he must be excused for saying that many of them did so from other considerations than a mere regard to the fitness of the Candidates—local and sectional views—party feeling—religious prejudices—the topics of private advantage from supporting the cause of any particular Candidate—and to which too many were ready to sacrifice the more certain but less lasting benefit they might derive in common with the public, from a large and honest representation; and to this national feeling, which operated so powerfully at the last Election and produced such a closing scene as no other of good order would ever wish to see again. All these with many other secret springs and motives operate on Elections, and were accurately to ascertained the well grounded hopes of any Candidate. It was not the fitness of the Candidates, and the propriety of an Election, that he had entered on the contest. If unsuccessful, however keenly he might feel the disappointment, he would bear it with fortitude, as though he could not with propriety lay the same complaint to heart, that an Abolitionist of old did, who having lost his election for some popular office, rejoiced that his countrymen had produced a better man than himself to bestow it on.

STATE OF THE POLL.

At its adjournment at the following places.

	BOTH.	CLINCH.
St. Andrews, Nov. 19,	101	20
St. David's, " 20,	155	78
St. Stephen, " 21,	333	161

UNMERITED NEGLECT.—We regretted in our last that the Poll was not held in the southern portion of this County, we mean in the Bay of Fundy parishes. The fault was not with the "old four," as they advocated the propriety of opening the poll at least one day in West Isles or Campo Bello, and the Bill as it passed the lower House secured this privilege; but it was so amended or rather mutilated by the Council as to deprive a hardy and industrious body of freeholders, without incurring considerable inconvenience and expense, of exercising their elective franchise. We are happy to use a vulgar expression, of availing ourselves of an opportunity, of "saddling the right horse," with the merit and credit of this unaccountable neglect. And we now particularly call upon Mr. Boyd or Mr. Clinch for which of the two, the good freeholders of Charlotte, may delight to honour, to look to this evil at the next session of the Legislature.

To Correspondents.—"An elector," is received, reflecting upon the public conduct of one of the candidates, he is too late, because, the opposite party cannot have time to reply to his remark, before the election is terminated.—The ruse is too palpable.

Woodstock, Nov. 15.

Late last evening three of the Boundary Commissioners, Messrs. Featherstonhaugh, Hansard, and Wightman, and their assistants, arrived here in canoes from the Tobique, and proceeded en route to Head Quarters. We understand that they are from the eastern section of the country, but we have not been able to learn anything definite with regard to their explorations in that region. Colonel Mudge left Quebec for New York

a short time since sailed for England.

FIRE at Mill just been informed that two of the lower were destroyed o'clock last night originated from a carelessly burning

With reference list which has been New Brunswick year 1840, published headed "Staff of" order to prevent deducting official intended to be granted Lieutenant Gov. General Command of the officers attache's Civil at mand are published viz:—

Henry John H. gate Secretary.

Captain S. Fry.

Aid de Camp.

Captain A. N. ment, Acting Bri.

HARR. In Saint Petrick, on the John Casella Mr. John M. Margaret M'Kay of St. Anne John on the Th. Dunphy, Mr. James Boyle, youngest daughter of Mr. W. City.

DIE.

On the 21st aged 75 years, Mr. Donald Grant of St. Andrews, on the 15th inst. in the 75th year of his age, one of the oldest inhabitants a truly amiable and upright gentleman, and a most successful and successful business man.

Shipping.

PORT OF SAINT

ARRIVE.

Nov. 18, Sch. Wm. W. Plover &c.

20, Ship Union, from St. John.

Nov. 16, Big James, from St. John.

20, Bge. Emma, from St. John.

SHERIFF'S

To be sold by Public Auction on the 30th day of May next, 4 o'clock of noon and 4 o'clock of noon and 4 o'clock of noon.

ALL the Rights, Title and Demands, due to R. BUCHANAN of certain lot or parcel of land Oak Hill in the Parish of St. Andrews, containing one hundred and one acres, which the said Buchan and James Christie now with the Biddin and in on. The same having in a certain writ of file, for Sheriff's fees—issued out of Court of this Province in Cause of the said Buchan against said James Christie.

COLL. Sheriff's Office St. Stephen.

To be sold by Public Auction in Saint Andrew 23d day of May next, 6 o'clock of noon and 4 o'clock of noon and 4 o'clock of noon.

ALL the Rights, Title and Demands, due to R. BUCHANAN of certain lot or parcel of land Oak Hill in the Parish of St. Andrews, containing one hundred and one acres, which the said Buchan and James Christie now with the Biddin and in on. The same having in a certain writ of file, for Sheriff's fees—issued out of Court of this Province in Cause of the said Buchan against said James Christie.

COLL. Sheriff's Office St. Stephen.

NOTICE.

The Subscriber begs to inform the Public, that she has heretofore occupied by Mr. J. A select stock of Groceries, mostly on hand, and disposed of a few stand Boarders can and every attention will be paid and that of Visitors.

November 9, 1839. MAR

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November 9, 1839. MAR

London Mould & Soap.

Imported per Messrs. J. & Co. 60 Boxes London Yellow Soap for sale by J. Nov. 12.