LOCAL NEWS.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

Farewell to Postmistress.—Dances on Mt. Sicker seem to be all the rage just now. Last Friday evening a private dance was given in honor of Miss Ethel Ford, who is leaving the Hill. Much regret is felt at her resignation as postmistress. The dance itself was a great success and a very happy evening was spent by all. Residents of Mt. Sicker wish Miss Ford every happiness wherever she may go.

Sunday's Funerals.—Two funerals took place on Sunday—that of the late Mrs. Diana Denton, of Nanaimo, who died at the Royal Jubilee hospital, at 2:30 from the parlors of the B. C. Funeral & Furnishing Company, and of the late Mrs. David Lindsay, from the family residence, Douglas street. Rev. Mr. Westman conducted the services at the latter. There was a large attendance and many beautiful floral emblems.

Arrested in San Jose.—A man, giving the name of J. S. Tennant, and having letters on his person addressed from this city, was arrested in San Jose the other day, Eugene Coopers, who resides at Third and San Antonio streets, being the complainant. The police state that Tennant made a confession, in which he claims that he is subject to mental derangement. Tennant is well dressed, apparently an Englishman. The police do not credit his statement.

Beach Fires.—The annual complaints of the prevalence of beach fires are now being made. Boys and others who go strolling along Dallas road and other beaches around the city, are in the habit of lighting fires, which are speedily fanned by the ocean breezes into dangerous blazes, the sparks flying towards residences in a most menacing fashion. The police will keep an eye on the offenders, with the object to putting a stop to the objectionable and dangerous practice.

Missing Son Wanted.—Mrs. Samuel M. Martin, of 93 Wyman street, West Lynn station, Lynn, Mass., forwards a pathetic letter to the Colonist in which she appeals for some information about her son, John Henry Martin, whom she has not heard from since he left home in September, 1897. She says: "I am almost heart-broken. My son was five feet seven inches in height, auburn hair, small brown eyes; weight, 140 lbs.; age, 22. Father and brothers and sisters are very much worried about him. I heard he was employed on the C. P. R. steamer Yosemite."

Mr. Lugrin's Offer.—The Halifax Herald says in a recent issue: "There is likely to be another change in the editorial management of the St. John Telegraph. The chequered career of that organ will be still further varied by the introduction of C. H. Lugrin as its chief editorial writer. He is a New Brunswick man and a Liberal, and was until a year ago editorial writer for a British Columbia daily. Mr. Blair has been negotiating for his services for the Telegraph, and it is understood that the offer of the Minister of Railways and Canals will be accepted."

East Coast Trade.—It is anticipated that at this evening's weekly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce an important announcement will be made in connection with the proposed steamer service to ports on the east coast of Vancouver Island. For weeks past an energetic committee has been working in an endeavor to secure a suitable craft to ply between Victoria and Hardy Bay, in opposition to the Union Steamship Company, of Vancouver; and it is understood the effort has been successful, and that the much-desired service will be inaugurated within a short time.

More Special Prizes.—The following additional special prizes for the fall exhibition have been received by the secretary: A silver cup for the best thoroughbred Jersey cow, offered by D. M. Eberts; $5 for the best loaf of bread made by girl 16 years or under, offered by Dr. Lewis Hall; 12 two-year-old rose bushes for the best collection of cut rose blooms, properly named, offered by Richard Layritz; 12 two-year-old fruit trees (prize-winner's selection) for the best five plates of apples grown from trees obtained from Layritz nursery, offered by Richard Layritz; 1 box stumping powder, offered by the Hamilton Powder Company.

Tourist Registrations.—The following ladies and gentlemen registered at the Tourist rooms yesterday. It is very gratifying that many of these visitors are here through the circulation of the large edition of Picturesque Victoria: Eleanor Derham, San Francisco; Munroe Ruisden, Dubuque, Iowa; A. Stone and wife, United States; C. D. Stovel and wife, Winnipeg; C. S. Burley and wife, Portage la Prairie; J. F. McIntyre and wife, Winnipeg; A. M. Pence, Seattle; Capt. Boyd and Mrs. Boyd, ship Springbank; G. Auchinleck, Cranbrook; C. Wright, London; R. Landells, Golden, B. C.; Geo. A. Wood, Vancouver; E. A. Strong and wife, Everett; E. A. Bennett, Seattle; R. Summers, wife and daughter, San Jose, Cal.; Mrs. E. W. Snowden, San Joe, Mo.; E. E. Ward and wife, Revelstoke; C. E. Dobson and son, Great Falls, Mont.; Jesse F. Ried, Santa Rosa, Cal.; Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Dinue, San Francisco; Mr. and Mrs. Bozdeck, Tacoma, Wash.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Offer Declined.—Mr. C. H. Lugrin informs the Colonist that the only foundation for the paragraph copied from the Halifax Herald in regard to his accepting the position of editor of the St. John Telegraph is that the place was offered to him two months ago, and declined.

Outlook at Cumberland—An important miners' meeting is to be held at Cumberland this evening, when an attempt will be made to settle the strike at that point: It appears that affairs are shaping very much on the same lines as at Ladysmith during the closing scenes of the trouble there. It is believed by a great many that the vote will see the end of the strike, and a resumption of work by a large number of men tomorrow morning.

Hopper vs. Dunsmuir.—Argument on the appeal of the plaintiff in Hopper vs. Dunsmuir against the refusal of Mr. Justice Drake to strike out the statement of defence, was continued before the Full Court both morning and afternoon yesterday. The application to strike out the defence was made by reason of the defendant declining to answer questions on the examination for discovery before the registrar. The argument of counsel yesterday hinged on the relevancy of these questions, and judgment was reserved.

East Coast Trade.—At the regular weekly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce held yesterday evening, a very favorable report was presented from the committee which has in hand the matter of arranging for a steamer service from Victoria to Texada and East Coast points, making the northern terminal point of the run. All that is necessary to ensure the placing of a suitable craft on the run at an early date is the guaranteeing of the sum of $1,250 per year for a term of three years. The wholesale merchants of the city are enthusiastic over the proposal, and a meeting to arrange final details is to be held tomorrow afternoon, the merchants co-operating with a committee from the Chamber in the matter. It was decided to ask the Ottawa government to forward a copy of Col. Anderson's report on the needs of Victoria harbor improvements. No other business came before the meeting.

Rich Placer Strike—Late reports from White Horse are to the effect that the rumors of rich placer diggings being discovered 150 miles northwest of White Horse are confirmed by the return of men from the scene. The Fourth of July and Ruby creeks, each ten miles long, have been prospected, and gold is evenly distributed. It panned three to fifteen cents on the surface, but high water prevented miners reaching bedrock. A big stampede is on from White Horse, Cariboo and Skagway. Crews are deserting the boats. There is a big unprospected country adjacent. It is an easy country to travel through, and there are no high summits to cross or dangerous rapids to overcome. There is a good horse trail from White Horse. Game is also plentiful. White Horse is the nearest outfitting point to the new find.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

Bank Clearings.—The total clearings of the Victoria clearing house for the week ending July 14, 1903, were $543,024.75.

Happily Wedded.—The marriage of Mr. Hallard Wornell and Miss Lucie Adeline Cox took place on Tuesday evening, the Rev. D. MacRae performing the service at his own residence.

New Hoist Installed.—According to advices received here from Texada, the 75-horse power hoist for Marble Bay mine is being installed. The mine will be idle for a couple of weeks till the machinery is in place. Sinking, which has been delayed for lack of a new hoist, will then be resumed.

Shipping From Lenora.—A force of 30 men is now employed at the Lenora mine, Mt. Sicker, and daily shipments of ore are being forwarded to the Crofton smelter. It is intended to largely increase the force of men at an early date and prosecute mining operations on a comprehensive scale. The property is in good shape, and those connected with the management of it are enthusiastic regarding the outlook.

Sunday's Colonist.—Next Sunday's issue will include besides the regular features, an illustrated description of the Saanich peninsula, including many of the farms of the leading residents. The steady increase in the circulation of the Daily Colonist, and more particularly of the Sunday edition, makes it a most desirable medium through which to reach the reading public of the province. Next Sunday an edition of 5,000 will be worked off.

Flower Show Arranged.—At a meeting of the Horticultural Society held yesterday, it was decided to hold the annual flower show at the Jubilee hospital grounds in conjunction with the garden fete which is a feature each summer at that institution. The tents will be illuminated in the evening and the various side shows will be under the management of the ladies' committee of the hospital. The dates are Friday and Saturday, August 21st and 22nd.

Dredge at Sidney.—The big dredge King Edward has put in an appearance at Sidney, where it will be employed for a couple of days deepening the channel off the ferry slip. On Monday next the King Edward is expected to take up the work of filling in the flats back of the retaining wall in James Bay. An ample supply of silt is lying in the harbor, the process of shifting the same being likely to occupy the dredge for a month, when a further supply will be obtained from the upper harbor in the neighborhood of Point Ellice bridge.

His Last Voyage.—The remains of the late Capt. David S. McPhee were laid to rest yesterday afternoon. The funeral took place from the family residence, No. 116 Bay street, at 2:30 p.m., where impressive service was conducted by the Rev. Dr. Campbell, assisted at the grave. The large attendance of friends and the many beautiful designs testified to the esteem in which the deceased captain was held. The members of the Knights of Pythias lodge attended in a body, Bro. A. E. Greenwood, acting prelate, conducting services at the grave. The following gentlemen acted as pallbearers: Capt. D. McDougal, Capt. L. McLain, Capt. D. Jones, Capt. H. Brown, H. Dalziel, J. J. Randolph.

Powers Amplified.—Because of the fact that the registration of voters in the districts is proceeding so slowly, the government has decided to extend the powers of collectors of votes, to enable them to take applications to be placed on the list from those entitled to franchise rights in any part of the province. Up to the present time each collector has, by his commission, only held the power to accept names and applications of those resident and entitled to vote in his own individual electoral district. Under the new order a collector may take applications from persons entitled to vote in any electoral district in British Columbia, which he will duly mail to the accredited collector for the said district after having sworn the applicant.

Texada Looking Up.—Mining operations at the Van Anda properties, Texada Island, are proceeding in a very satisfactory fashion. Three shipments of ore are being made to Crofton smelter. These are the first since the new company took hold of the property a year ago. One hundred and twenty-five tons were shipped from the Copper Queen last week, 300 tons from Cornell last Tuesday, and the third will be ready on Saturday. There are 7,000 tons of fines on the Cornell dump, left there by former operators, which will be shipped to Crofton in a short time. These fines could not be handled previously on account of the cost of haulage. Completion of the tramway and bunkers, however, has made this large quantity of ore available.

Additional Prizes.—The following prizes have been offered for the fall show since the last list was published: A. J. Morley, $5; Geo. Powell & Co., one lamp, value $2.50, for the best exhibit of native cranberries; The Hickman, Tye Hardware Co., Ltd., one Aitkin's crosscut saw complete, value $8.75; Sidney Shore, hardware, value $5, for the best bacon pig; Victoria Truck & Dray Co., Ltd., $10, for the best yearling colt by Newman, and $10 for the best sucking colt by the same horse; also $10 for the best yearling colt by Carvel and $10 for the best sucking colt by the same; The S. Reid Co., Ltd., child's suit for the best all round specimen of a boy from 3 to 7 years of age, the secretary and ex-secretary of the society to be the judges.

JAPANESE POLITICIANS.

Yokohama, July 13.—The political crisis resulting from the resignation of Premier Katsura has been settled, and the Premier has resumed office. It is understood that Premier Katsura's threatened retirement was a protest against the interference of the irresponsible elder statesmen in the government policy.

Piles To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, we manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 60c a box, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & CO., Toronto.
Dr. Chase's Ointment

The Premier At Revelstoke

Reviews Political Situation In a Stirring Address to Electors.

Condemns Federal Government For Policy in Respect to Oriental Immigration.

Following is the Kootenay Mail's report of the speech delivered by Hon. Richard McBride, the Premier, at an enthusiastic political meeting held at Revelstoke on Thursday evening last.

After his introductory remarks, he reviewed the struggle over the Canadian Northern, through which the people saw they must have party lines. He had always been a firm believer in party lines in order to obtain settled conditions. It was not until the great fight of 1896 this province was brought to recognize party lines. Both Liberal and Conservative conventions had now endorsed party lines.

He condemned the Canadian Northern scheme, by which it was proposed to give away millions of acres of land and millions of dollars without the authority of the people. If such a policy had been attempted in the general elections of 1900 most undoubtedly the party attempting such would have gone down to defeat. They know what a monopoly the C. P. R. enjoyed, and it was a matter of much favor to get any consideration at their hands. If the Canadian Northen bill had passed it would have meant the whole Northern portion of British Columbia being handed over to Mackenzie & Mann—timber, water, coal, everything practically.

When called upon to form a government he had no other course but to call on his Conservative friends, and in future the responsobility of the government would be on two great parties of which any country might well be proud. (Cheers). As a result they would see a return of confidence and the march of progress such as had never been known. In the preparation of the voters lists he had given as much consideration to the recognition of Liberals as Conservatives, and if victory should come to the Conservatives even the Liberals would be satisfied. It would lead to more progressive times. (Cheers). Those who did not see eye to eye with either party, independents and Socialists would be given every consideration. There was absolutely no question so far as he could see as to the outcome of this fight. The Conservative party should win by two to one. They should see to it that every man capable of exercising the franchise was on the voters list. It was also important to have a large voters list as members attached much weight to the number of names on these lists when considering the estimates. The list did not close till August 14. The larger the number of names on the roll the bigger would be the majority of the Conservative candidate.

The platform of the Conservative party had been printed in the papers for some time. He claimed for the people the right of regulating rates where aid was given. The Conservative party believed in government ownership of railways where conditions permitted, and as in case of railways under Federal authority, powers for protection of the rights of the people. He had not time to go into the question of government ownership but the Federal government, in dealing with the Grand Trunk, had laid the corner-stone of government ownership of railways. (Cheers). He pointed out the value of railways to the Coast—the Canadian Northern, the Grand Trunk, the Trans-Canada. The country required opening up with railways and he urged making it as easy as possible for people who meant business to proceed with their works without having to go through useless formalities.

Up to date the Liberal party had failed to obtain the exclusion of Chinese and Japanese. They had raised the poll tax on Chinese to $500, but so far as Japanese were concerned they might come in without let or hindrance. The inroad of the Jap was to be challenged as well as the Chinaman. Where there used to be thousands of white fishermen on the Fraser, Japs had taken control, and the same in lumbering and other industries. (Cheers.) It was a crying shame that the people of British Columbia should be required to continue this agitation. Was the Mother Country to refuse to extend to British Columbia the same privileges as had been granted to Australia and Natal? He said "No," and was not satisfied with the explanation given from Ottawa—that it was a matter of Imperial concern. His colleagues, Hons. Wilson and Green, had gone to Ottawa with most specific instructions on this matter. The party of which he was leader would insist on the rights of the people being observed, and that British Columbia be preserved for white people. (Cheers.) He hoped to have the assistance of Senator Templeman and the British Columbia members in insisting that Laurier should carry out his pledge of 1896, that in this matter the wishes of the people of British Columbia should prevail. (Cheers.) Notwithstanding the statement of the Japanese government that they would restrict emigration, the officers informed him the inrush of Japs was now greater than ever. Millions and millions of dollars were taken out of British Columbia annually by Chinese and Japs.

British Columbia paid three to four times as much into the federal treasury as any other province in Canada, and they got back but a very, very small proportion. Their cause was just and they would insist on better terms. In this matter Conservative governments were as much to blame in the past as Liberal. His colleagues were determined to extract from the government at Ottawa what they might expect from them in the near future. If they kept up the agitation they would get better terms. He complained that the Federal government had refused to subsidize the Westminster bridge, which would bring the Great Northern into Vancouver and add largely to the Federal revenue.

NANAIMO'S CUSTOM HOUSE.

Further Particulars of New Federal Building Promised Coal City.

The following additional particulars regarding the announcement that Nanaimo is to have a new custom house are taken fro mthe Free Press:

"For years the loca lboard of trade has been endeavoring to impress the Dominion government with the necessity of providing more commodious quarters for the customs officials that those in the basement of the post office building in whic hthey are at present cibbed, cabined and confined. These representations, assisted by those of Mr. Ralph Smith, M.P., have at last had their effect. Mr. W. W. B. McInnes, who returned from Ottawa on Sunday evening, bringing the welcome news that a custom house is to be provided for in the supplementary estimates.

"The building it was learned from Mr. McInnes, will be an addition to the present building, extending along the water front from its north side, and will follow the same style of architecture and consequently form, with the post office, a very handsome block. The cost is estimated at $40,000.

"The supplementary estimates have not yet been issued but Mr. McInnes was assured that the matter had gone through in proper form and all that remained was the routine of presentation to the house and the usual confirmation."

Barring frost Manitoba and the Territories are assured of bumper crops.

SENATOR DICKEY DEAD.

Amerst, N. S., July 14.—Senator Dickey passed away this afternoon at the age of 92.

COMPANY RESTRAINED.

Trenton, N. J., July 14.—Chancellor Magie today, on application of Attorney-General McCarter, ordered the Intestate Trust Company of Jersey City to show cause why a receiver should not be appointed. The company is also restrained from doing business; today's order restrains a proposed capitalization of the company at $5,000,000 and the issuing of collateral bonds.

AT MARLBOROUGH HOUSE.

Prince and Princess of Wales Give First Dance Since Victoria's Death.

London, July 14.—In the beautiful temporary ball room erected on the grounds of Marlborough House, the Prince and Princess of Wales last night gave their first ball since the death of Queen Victoria. The scene was a very brilliant one, the guests including the King and Queen and 30 other members of the Royal family.

DEVELOPMENT OF ISLAND MINES

Keen Interest is Manifest in the New Camp Near Ladysmith.

Ladysmith, July 14. — Naturally enough the keenest interest is taken by all the residents of Ladysmith in the announcement that the syndicate owning the important group of claims about seven or eight miles behind the town, in the mountain range, which is a continuation of that in which the famous Mt. Sicker occurs, had determined to proceed at once with the most active development of their properties. The syndicate includes, besides the Scotch capitalists, several very well known residents of this town; and their ability to carry out an elaborate scheme of development is undoubted.

Samples of the ore from these claims, exhibited here some months ago, caused quite an excitement amongst the experienced miners to whom they were shown. The real facts concerning these promising properties have been kept very quiet, although it has been well understood for a year past that Ladysmith's prospects of developing into a metalliferous camp were excellent. The promise given by Government Agent Thomson to the representatives of the owners of the claims that he would do all that he could to have the trail they asked for, four miles in from the main trail, cut through as soon as practicable, has given great satisfaction not only to those more immediately interested, but also to all the citizens.

It was reported last night that the owners of a neighboring group of claims, of almost equal promise, had, on the strength of the action taken by the other syndicate, decided to go ahead with extensive development work this summer. The last mentioned group is almost at the end of the main trail, and is understood to be an iron "proposition" of unusually high promise.

If iron in quantities sufficient to warrant the undertaking can be proved to exist contiguous to Ladysmith, it is reported that Mr. Dunsmuir has expressed a willingness to establish a steel works, rolling mill and general iron manufactory here. Specimens of magnetic, hematite and pyrites have been shown around the camp for some months past, and alleged to have come from the hills near Ladysmith. The opening of another ore-producer near Ladysmith would mean the doubling of the capacity of the Tyee Copper Company's smelter.

The big Norwegian steamer Hero, Capt. Swinertsen, is taking on her 6,000 ton cargo of Wellington coal very fast, 1,200 tons having been loaded by Saturday night. She has now aboard upwards of 2,500 tons, and the remainder is coming down from Extension daily in large consignments. At the present rate of loading, she is expected to be ready for sea early next week, if not by Saturday night.

Mr. D. Gordon, of the Victoria teaching staff, spent a few days in Ladysmith, returning to Victoria on Tuesday morning's train. He was much impressed with the splendid facilities for rapid loading at the wharves and bunkers.

The fine business block being erected by Messrs. Ward and Southin at the corner of First avenue and Roberts street, is rapidly nearing a finish. Messrs. A. R. Johnston & Co., grocers, will occupy the spacious corner store, and expect to move in at an early date.

Evidently the local Chinese have every confidence in the bright future of Ladysmith, for they are building with an activity which quite puts to shame the white man's attempts at improvement. Several two-storey houses have lately been erected in a most substantial manner by the Celestial carpenters, who ask no aid from the paleface carpenters. The Japanese are equally independent, having put up with their own hands, and queer, antiquated tools, a building of their own on First avenue. Many of the local carpenters went down to watch the little brown men saw wood with an instrument like a hay knife, the cutting stroke being just the opposite of that given by the white man's saw; that is, the Japanese pulls his saw through, whereas the white carpenter's main cut is exerted in the push. The Japanese use a biceps cut, and the white man a triceps, and both seem to "get there" much about the same.

Crowds of the local Indians and Chinese are leaving every day for the Fraser to take part in the annual fishing and canning operations there.

Contrary to expectations and apprehensions, the fumes and smoke from the Tyee smelter and roast yards are doing little or no damage to the flower gardens of Ladysmith. The 90-foot smokestack of the smelter carries off all the deleterious and noxious gases, whilst the peculiar system of air currents hereabouts dissipates the roast yard smoke in quite a remarkable way. For example, Mr. David Page, whose fine farm and fruit ranch is directly across the harbor from the roast yards, in reply to a question from your correspondent as to whether he suffered much from the fumes and smoke, said that he had not even smelt them on his property, in consequence of a current of air that acts as a kind of guard to his place, carrying the threatening smoke either up or down the bay. Often he has seen the smoke coming over in a dense, white rolling cloud, which completely obliterates everything on the west side of the bay, but as soon as it reaches a certain point a short distance out from his place, it is carried away up or down the bay. In town, even in the vicinity of the smelter, no perceptible damage has been done as yet.

Quite a number of Ladysmith families have gone out camping near by, and report that in spite of the fickle weather, they are having the full limit of enjoyment playing Romany Rye.

A first-class lawn tennis court is being constructed in the beautiful grounds surrounding the residence of Mr. Thos. Kiddie, manager of the Tyee Copper Company's smelter. It will be the only one in Ladysmith. The situation and surroundings are perfect.

MASONIC GRAND LODGE.

Toronto, July 15.—The Masonic Grand Lodge of Canada convened today at Massey Hall with about 800 delegates present. There was an official welcome by the mayor, addresses by the masters of city lodges and grand masters.

Machinery Is Fast Pouring In

Larger Importations Into Yukon Than Ever Before In Its History.

Millions of Dollars Being Spent in Heavier And Improved Equipment.

Dawson, July 4.—The evolution of the Klondike, Atlin, Rampart and other big mining districts throughout the Yukon basin in the manner of working placer grounds has reached a notable epoch this summer. The introduction of heavy mechanical equipment was experimented with the last year or two. This year the stage of experiment is past.

From one end of the vast Yukon basin to the other, hydraulic equipment is being introduced this year, and in many places steam shovels are in use. The use of boilers is continued to a great extent, and a marked increase is made in the size of boilers used in nearly every district. Millions of dollars are being spent in the Yukon this summer for this heavy equipment.

The heavy machinery landed on Dawson wharves from the outside world is coming in such large consignments and such ponderous pieces as to astonish the Klondikers themselves.

O. F. Bremer, manager of the Klondike-Detroit Company, operating the Williams concession, on Hunker, may be the heaviest importer of the year. He has received two big shovels this week, and intends to brings in seven or eight if the two first prove a success. It is probable that 10 to 15 steam shovels will be brought here in the aggregate this summer. All are for mining in various parts of the camp. Each steam shovel is of the giant size and capacity used in railway construction. One belonging to George L. Taylor, the Indian river and Bonanza operator, arrived this week, and has been a source of much discussion among the operators this week.

At least two Keystone drills, for probing the earth and doing rapid placer prospecting, will be in the camp before the close of the season. The Syndicate du Lyonaise, operating on Dominion, has one en route, and the Klondike Consolidated Goldfields Company, Limited, received one and took it to lower Bonanza this week. Each drill is mounted on traction carriages, the entire outfit weighing from six to eight tons.

Huge pumps and boilers brought to the camp this season average heavier than the similar equipment of previous years. The heaviest pieces of machinery brought to this camp prior to this year never ran more than from nine to ten tons, and they were for the electric power company, and not for mining. This season pieces have been landed here for the E. E. Andrews Company, on Cheechaco hill, weighing 13 tons each. Consigned to the same concern are numerous pieces of lesser weight. Alexander McDonald is bringing in some machinery for pumping purposes, including pieces almost, if not quite, as heavy as those being imported by the Andrews syndicate.

One of the most significant features in connection with the importations is that they are not made for any one locality in particular, but for all portions of the Klondike proper, and for many parts of the Yukon basin not strictly within the bounds of the Klondike camp.

The Keystone drills will be used on the Stewart river, as well as in this camp proper. Andrews' heavy machinery is for Bonanza creek; the quarter of a million dollar plant brought in the last thing last season has been taken to Last Chance creek; the Brenner equipment of steam shovels and hydraulic apparatus goes to Hunker creek; the Taylor steam shovel will likely be used on the Indian river side or up the Sixty mile or on lower Bonanza; Fassbender & May have installed a heavy hydraulic plant on Bonanza; the North American Transportation & Trading Company is installing a hydraulic plant on Miller creek; Charley Lamb and Billy Leake are installing a big plant in the old Circle diggings; the Anglo-Klondike Syndicate is operating a big hydraulic plant on Bonanza; Dougherty & Stiles have a steam shovel on lower Bonanza, and another company has one of these ready to operate and is contemplating the installation of others. The Gold Run-Klondike Company is installing a quarter-million hydraulic plant on Gold Run.

Many other hydraulic plants are on the way, and doubtless other large shipments of machinery not yet announced will be brought on before the conclusion of the season.

"Barney" Sugrue, who was appointed to service in the gold commissioner's department a few days ago, will be assigned to the position of mining inspector in the Duncan Creek district. The new appointee is receiving instructions in the mysteries of the clerical end of affairs in the department, and will leave for Duncan within a short time.

BOODLE CHARGES AT WINNIPEG

Contractor MacDonald Publishes Affidavit in Criminal Libel Suit.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Winnipeg, July 14.—The Free Press publishes a sworn affiavit from Contractor George H. MacDonald, giving details of the alleged transaction in which he was compelled to pay over $5,000 to the local government funds. MacDonald alleges that the money was required for the Telegram newspaper of this city, and that it was paid over to a well known Winnipeg lawyer. The police magistrate gave a decision today declining to hear the Free Press defence; hence the publication of MacDonald's affidavit.

U. S. IMMIGRATION LAWS.

Extension to Philippines Works Injustice to Foreign Commercial Houses.

London, July 14.—The Times correspondent at Hongkong, in a despatch referring to Collector Schuster's decision, says that no foreigner under contract can be allowed into the Philippine Islands. This interpretation of United States immigration law menaces all the foreign business houses and banks, which are chiefly British. The British firms construe the decision as an attempt to drive them from the islands in order that Americans may secure the trade.

DANDY MAHER RECOVERING.

Hartford, Conn., July 14.—A cablegram from London was directed here by Danny Maher's father saying the jockey, who met with an accident in London last week was improving rapidly, and would be able to take his mounts again in about two weeks.

IRISH CRIMES' ACT.

Dublin, July 14.—A proclamation is published today in the Dublin Gazette revoking the summary jurisdiction powers of the magistrates in those districts of Ireland which still remain under the Crimes' Act.

LACROSSE IN MANITOBA.

Winnipeg, July 14.—If the Shamrock lacrosse team wins out in its series for the Manitoba championship the team will be sent to Montreal to play for the Minto cup in August.

CYCLONE IN TONQUIN.

Villages in Ruins and 510 Natives Killed.

Marseilles, July 14.—The mail from Haiphong brings news of a terrible cyclone in the French possession Tonquin, June 8. One hundred and fifty natives were killed and many villages laid in ruins.

THE PLAGUE IN CHILE.

Disease Has Spread to Nearly All the Ports in the Country.

Washington, July 14.—United States Minister Wilson makes, from Santiago de Chile, a rather long report by cable to the State Department touching the plague.

He says the disease has spread to nearly all Chilean ports; that the postal service is disorganized, and that no American mail has been received at Santiago for nine weeks.

THE NOMINATIONS IN MANITOBA

List of the Candidates Chosen By the Two Political Parties.

Winnipeg, July 13.—The nominations of candidates for the Manitoba Legislature were held today throughout the province, with the exception of the constituencies of Gimli and Swan River, which will take place some days later. In Winnipeg South, Hon. J. D. Cameron, Liberal, and Mr. J. T. Gordon, Conservative, are nominated; Centre Winnipeg, Dr. J. A. McArthur, Liberal, and Mr. T. W. Taylor, Conservative, and Mr. Wm. Scott, Labor; in Winnipeg North, Alderman J. A. Cockburn, Liberal, and Messrs. Sampson Walker and Robert Thoms.

As far as heard there has been no elections by acclamation.

CONSERVATIVE CANDIDATES.

Arthur	A. E. Thompson
Assiniboia	C. G. Caron
Avondale	James Argue
Birtle	C. J. Wilkinson
Beautiful Plains	Hon. J. A. Davidson
Brandon City	Dr. S. W. McInnes
Carillon	Albert Prefontaine
Centre Winnipeg	T. W. Taylor
Cypress	George Steel
Dauphin	Dr. Gunne
Deloraine	B. Briggs
Dufferin	Hon. R. Roblin
Emerson	Hon. D. H. McFadden
Gilbert Plains	Glen Campbell
Gladstone	David Wilson
Hamiota	Wm. Ferguson
Killarney	Geo. Lawrence
La Verandrye	J. B. Lauzon
Lakeside	Edward Lynch
Lansdowne	Dr. Hicks
Mountain	D. A. McIntyre
Manitou	Hon. Robert Rogers
Minnedosa	W. B. Waddell
Morden	John Henry Riddill
Morris	Hon. Colin Campbell
North Winnipeg	Sampson Walker
Norfolk	R. F. Lyons
Portage la Prairie	Hugh Armstrong
Rhineland	H. P. Hanson
Rockwood	Isaac Riley
Russell	A. L. Bonycastle
Springfield	W. H. Corbett
St. Andrews and Kildonan	Dr. Grain
St. Boniface	Joseph Bernier
South Brandon	A. N. Carroll
South Winnipeg	J. T. Gordon
Turtle Mountain	Jas. Johnson
Virden	J. H. Agnew

LIBERAL CANDIDATES.

Arthur	John Williams
Assiniboia	Jos. Prefontaine
Avondale	C. W. Miller
Birtle	Hon. C. J. Mickle
Beautiful Plains	Dr. McRae
Brandon City	A. C. Fraser
Carillon	A. Herbert
Centre Winnipeg	Dr. J. A. McArthur
Cypress	Wm. Little
Dauphin	John A. Campbell
Deloraine	Geo. Patterson
Dufferin	James Riddell
Emerson	Geo. Walton
Gilbert Plains	Thomas Young
Gladstone	Thomas L. Morton
Hamiota	David Jackson
Killarney	Geo. B. Monteith
La Verandrye	W. Lamoureux
Lakeside	Wm. Fulton
Lansdowne	T. C. Norris
Mountain	Hon. Thomas Greenway
Manitou	D. D. Campbell
Minnedosa	Neil Cameron
Morden	John Henry Ruddell
Morris	N. Commeault
North Winnipeg	J. A. Cockburn
Norfolk	J. D. Hunt
Portage la Prairie	Edward Brown
Rhineland	V. Winkler
Rockwood	A. R. Leonard
Russell	W. J. Dolg
Springfield	Thos. H. Smith
St. Andrews and Kildonan	M. O'Donohue
St. Boniface	H. Chevrier
South Brandon	John Watson
South Winnipeg	Hon. J. D. Cameron
Turtle Mountain	John S. McEwen
Virden	F. W. Clingan

GERMANY WILL MOURN THE POPE

Recognized as Having Been Always a Good Friend of the Empire.

Berlin, July 14.—The imminent death of the Pope causes general regret throughout Germany, and sincere sorrow among Catholic people. Pope Leo has maintained close relations with German politics. He has exercised power to the clerical party, directing the closer alliance with the government, reconciling differences and increasing the party's influence upon public policy. Officials frankly say that Leo XIII. has been one of the best popes ever known, so far as his attitude towards Germany is concerned.

He always showed comprehension of German affairs, smoothed out difficulties between the Centre party and the government, even exerting pressure upon the clerical party to carry measures like the Septennate of 1878, in order to get concessions and ecclesiastical legislation. Although the Centre party was opposed to the legislation of the Septennate, the Pope's hint sufficed to induce the party to abstain from voting, thus making its passage possible. The clerical party also opposed this subsequent ecclesiastical bill, but Leo's orders caused its members to change faith and vote for it. Officials further point out a recent case where the Pope ordered Bishop Morima at Treves to withdraw the circular forbidding communion persons patronizing the government's mixed schools. Leo XIII. was directly instrumental in settling the kulturkampf (the great Bismarckian struggle between Protestantism and Catholicism in Germany), which he followed up with a steady policy of reconciliation, thereby giving the Centre party a dominant political position. No expression gained greater currency in latter day German politics than "The Centrist's regard for the Pope, whom he visited every time he went to Rome."

IN MEMORIAM.

Services to Be Held Today Over Body of Late Judge Armour.

London, July 14.—The body of Justice Sir John Douglas Armour of the Supreme Court of Canada, and a member of the Alaskan Boundary commission, who died July 11, leaves Thursday for Canada by the Allan line steamer Tunisian. The two daughters of the deceased will accompany the body. A memorial service will be held tomorrow at the Temple church, and will be attended by representatives of the bench and bar and other prominent personages.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Has won success far beyond the effect of advertising only.
The secret of its wonderful popularity is explained by its unapproachable *Merit*.
Based upon a prescription which cured people considered incurable,
Hood's Sarsaparilla
Unites the best-known vegetable remedies, by such a combination, proportion and process as to have curative power peculiar to itself.
Its cures of scrofula, eczema, psoriasis, and every kind of humor, as well as catarrh and rheumatism—prove
Hood's Sarsaparilla
the best blood purifier ever produced.
Its cures of dyspepsia, loss of appetite and that tired feeling make it the greatest stomach tonic and strength-restorer the world has ever known.
Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is a thoroughly good medicine. Begin to take it TODAY. Get HOOD'S

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY
TRADE THERAPION MARK
This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind and surpasses everything hitherto employed.
THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, removes all discharges from the urinary organs, superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases.
THERAPION No. 2
for impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swellings of the joints, secondary symptoms, gout, rheumatism, and all diseases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of sufferers' teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous matter from the body.
THERAPION No. 3
for nervous exhaustion, impaired vitality, sleeplessness, and all the distressing consequences of early error, excess, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.
THERAPION is sold by all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the World. Price in England 2/9 & 4/6. In ordering, state which of the three numbers is required, and observe above Trade Mark, which is a fac-simile of word "THERAPION" as it appears on British Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every package by order of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.
Sold by Lyman Bros. & Co., Ltd., Toronto. Price, $1; postage, 4 cents.

CROFTON HOUSE
VANCOUVER, B. C.
A Boarding and Day School for Girls.
The Michaelmas Term will begin on Tuesday, September 1st.
For all particulars apply to the principal,
MISS GORDON,
(Late of Newnham College, Cambridge.)

RETAIL MARKETS

Fruit is now coming in in abundance, the following being listed since last week: Bananas, oranges, plums, watermelons, squash, cherries, apricots, raspberries, pears peaches and beans and Chili peppers.

Old potatoes are now practically off the market. Lipton's bacon has gone up 2 cents and is now retailing at 27 cents. Butter has gone up 5 cents.

Wheat, per ton	$35
Corn, whole, per ton	$27
Corn, cracked	$28
Corn, feed meal	$28
Oats, per ton	$25
Oatmeal, per 10 lbs.	40
Rolled oats, B. & K., per lb	4
Rolled oats, B. & K. per 7-lb sack	35
Flour—	
Hungarian	$1.25
Pastry	$1.25
Feed—	
Hay, baled, per ton	$16 to $18
Straw, per bale	75
Middlings, per ton	$26
Bran, per ton	$25
Ground feed, per ton	$26
Vegetables—	
Beans, per lb.	10
Chili peppers, per lb.	30
Cabbage, per head	5 to10
Cauliflower, per head	10
Onions, per lb	3
Carrots, per lb	1½@3
Beet root, per lb	3
New potatoes, per lb.	3