Evening Edition.

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Tokens of Peace.

The Quiet of Europe Said To Be Assured.

King Leopold Opens the World's Fair at Antw

Sir William Harcourt Has No Intention of Resigning.

The Grand Old Man Reported To Be Rapidly Breaking Down—Talk of Trouble in India—Fast Trip of the Steamer La Touraine.

Antwerp's World's Fair.

ANTWERP, May 6.—The World's Exhibition was formally opened here yesterday by King Leopold. About 40,000 persons were present. The exhibition will remain until Nov. 4.

Six Dead.

VIENNA, May 6.—A dispatch from Vienna this evening says that six of the Lugloch tourists have been taken out dead. The youngest of the party, a school boy, is reported to have been rescued alive.

For Peace and Unity.

ROME, May 6.—The Pope's coming encyclical, which is ready for submission to a committee of the Sacred College, concludes with an appeal to Christians of all creeds to preserve peace and strive for unity.

Executions Delayed by Illness.

PARIS, May 6.—It is reported M. Diebler, the official executioner, is ill with a serious attack of bronchitis, and that the execution of the Lille Anarchists and decapitation of Emile Henry have consequently been postponed.

Nothing In It.

LONDON, May 6.—The Daily Telegraph announces upon the authority of Sir William Harcourt himself that the rumor that Sir William is about to resign is entirely unfounded and that he has not the least intention of abandoning his seat.

Shakespeare's Birthplace.

LONDON, May 6.—The annual report of the trustees of Shakespeare's birthplace shows that there were 18,000 paid admissions in 1893—materially fewer than in 1892. The falling off is ascribed to the depression in America and to the Chicago exhibition. The report shows an adverse balance of £697.

Germany's Claims to Samoa.

BERLIN, May 6.—The Cologne branch of the German Colonial Society has forwarded a resolution to Chancellor von Caprivi, expressing confidence that the Government will defend Germany's "unquestionable claims" in Samoa and Tonga, and demanding that the Samoans be placed under the German flag.

Heavy Rains and Snow in Silesia.

BERLIN, May 6.—Heavy rains have caused the rivers to overflow in the low-lying districts of Silesia, and a warning has been issued to the inhabitants, who are taking steps to move themselves and their belongings from the districts which are threatened with floods.

A heavy snowfall is reported at Glogau, Prussian Silesia.

Now This Is the Shortest.

HAVRE, May 6.—The steamship La Touraine, which left New York on Saturday, April 28, at 8:30 a.m., with John Jacob Astor and family, Mme. Calve and Henri N. Braem. Danish consul to New York, among her passengers, arrived yesterday at 6 a.m. The time of the voyage between New York and Queenstown, five days and sixteen hours, was the shortest on record.

To Reclaim the Zuyder Zee.

THE HAGUE, May 6.—The royal commission, presided over by Mynheer Cley, the Minister of Waterways and Commerce, has decided almost unanimously in favor of the project to reclaim 500,000 acres of the Zuyder Zee, by means of sea dykes from Northern Holland into Friesland at a total cost, including measures of defense and compensation to fishermen, of 315,000,000 guilders. It is estimated that the value of the land reclaimed will be 326,000,000 guilders. The commission unanimously recommends that the state shall undertake the execution of the project.

Princess Alix.

BERLIN, May 6.—Princess Alix of Hesse, who is betrothed to the Czarewitch, has gone to England in order to spend a few weeks with Queen Victoria. On the return of the princess to Darmstadt she will be placed under the spiritual guidance of the Czar's confessor, Father Jonyscheff, the

[redacted]

and the possibility of serious trouble in that country. The Spectator refers to the dispatch from Calcutta published in the Times on April 17, announcing that much excitement prevailed in North Behar, owing to the fact that the mango tree in several districts had been found smeared with a mixture of mud and of the hairs of some animal. The officials were perplexed, some considering that the smearing of the trees was a secret sign connected with the cow protection movement, and this and other movements going on in North Behar disturbed and puzzled the Government officials.

In its reference to the Times' dispatch the Spectator recalls that next Thursday is the anniversary of the Indian mutiny, and that this anniversary has been preceded by a mysterious distribution of cakes throughout Behar and the northwest. According to the Spectator there is something stirring among the Nepaulese priests, and it is feared that it portends another serious rising in India. The rising, if it takes place, according to the Spectator, will be due to the disaffection which exists on account of the rulings of the opium commission, increased taxes, the cow question and other matters which have caused deep mutterings among the populace.

Gossip About Gladstone.

LONDON, May 6.—London correspondents all have something to say of Gladstone's latest appearance. Harold Frederick, in his cable letter to the New York Times, says: "Gladstone's brief visit to London to make a speech eulogizing the memory of his late physician, has been gingerly treated by the press. He spoke seated in a chair, a thing which London never saw him do before, and though his voice was heard all over the hall the old light seemed gone out of his face. It was pallid and almost expressionless. He was approached with a suggestion to find time to include a short visit to the House of Commons, but he declined almost testily. Reports are current of his having declared never to open his mouth on a political subject again."

Mr. Geo. W. Smalley cables: "Mr. Gladstone, with very considerable effort, went to the meeting in Princess Hall on Thursday in aid of the memorial to Sir Andrew Clarke. He spoke, sitting, with a pathos due partly to has own illness, mainly to the nature of the tribute he offered to his late friend and physician. His reception by the audience was remarkable. It was an audience of the classes, with the Duke of Cambridge presiding; yet they greeted him with enthusiasm."

The Sun's London correspondent says: "Those who feared that his retirement from public life would bring upon Mr. Gladstone just those evils which he designed to avoid are beginning to find their judgment justified. The Grand Old Man has aged many years in the past three months. The picture he made at the Sir Andrew Clarke memorial meeting on Thursday was a pitiful one. He was a feeble, bent octogenarian who leaned upon a stout stick even when addressing the audience from his chair. His words were brave, polished, well chosen and appropriate. Not a shadow has yet crossed his shining intellect, but both flesh and spirit are breaking. He is not ill. No specific malady is undermining his marvelous vitality but a great change, which his grieving friends cannot fail to recognize is making rapid progress. He has lost interest in life. That is ominous, and his friends are beginning to understand now what Sir Andrew Clarke saw clearly, that for such a man to fold his hands meant despair and death. Every effort will be made now to provide the warrior statesman with tasks and ambition sufficiently important to keep alive that energy which craves and feeds upon what in most men would destroy it. If his enthusiasm can be revived he may remain many days a figure of which the nation will be most proud. If not, then nothing can long delay the end."

The most remarkable effect of Mr. Gladstone's retirement has been clearly emphasized in connection with his first public appearance on Thursday. His enemies have already become his friends. He has completely ceased to be a partisan figure in English politics.

The Daily News said truly yesterday: "In a few short weeks he has outlived hatred, malice and all uncharitableness. His fame stands as high to-day as if it had been purified by half a century of the tomb. Most great men have to wait for such a vindication of the passing away of an entire generation. Their appeal is to posterity. In Mr. Gladstone's case the scales have fallen from the eyes of his opponents almost at the very moment of his withdrawal from the position which made him the most commanding figure in the world."

A Jealous Lover.

ROME, May 7.—A young man named Venzi, belonging to one of the most aristocratic Roman families, last evening called at the house of Signor Liberali's daughter, Glorinda, to whom he was engaged. As the girl stepped forward to greet him on entering the reception room, Venzi drew a revolver and fired two shots at her, and she fell dead. Venzi then put the pistol to his head and sent a bullet into his brain, dying almost instantly. It is supposed the deed was caused by jealousy.

Gladstone on Free Trade.

PARIS, May 6.—The Society of Political Economy recently sent to Mr. Gladstone an address expressing deep regret that he had retired from public life. In his letter of thanks addressed to Leon Saer, Mr. Gladstone wrote: It is great affliction to see the economic ground lost in the last 30 years, not only in Europe, but amongst the largest portion of the Anglo-Saxon race. I regret the undue material losses, but I regret the change still more because free trade develops international good will. Great Britain remains to-day the solitary adherent of what was formerly regarded as the established economy. Nevertheless, the time will come and we shall patiently await when experience and reason will convert the minds of the unbelieving to this beneficent faith.

The "Baron" Was a Brute.

MUNICH, May 6.—Baron Max Von Kubler, a scion of an ancient German family, but lately acting as the director of a traveling circus, was arrested at Ludwigstakt yesterday. The charges against him are of trampling upon his sister until she was almost dead, stabbing his wife, stabbing one of the hostlers employed with the circus, dashing his five children against the side of a traveling carriage, inflicting serious injuries upon all of them, wrecking the carriage used by himself and family for sleeping purposes, and stabbing five ponies to death. These offenses the baron committed because a horse which had been under his sister's care had died en route. The baron fought like a tiger in resistance of the police and stabbed two gendarmes endeavoring to take him into custody.

The Indian Rising Discussed.

LONDON, May 7.—Col. Matteson, who is recognized as an eminent authority on Indian affairs, has written an open letter to the newspapers on the subject of the anticipated uprising of the natives in India. Col. Matteson says that undoubtedly some serious disturbance is meditated, and that prompt action on the part of the Government is imperative. There may not be an uprising on Thursday, the anniversary of the Sepoy mutiny in 1857, as has been predicted, but it is bound to come if immediate measures are not taken to prevent it. The writer advises the Government to cease tampering with the laws relating to marriage, the sale and use of opium, and other so-called "reforms," which the natives regard as worse than tyranny, and to quietly but closely watch the movements of the natives.

THE P. P. A.S IN THE STATES.

Non-Committal in Many Particulars—A Declaration of Principles for Publication Issued.

DES MOINES, May 6.—The Supreme Council of the American Protective Association closed its work yesterday. The council tabled every motion attempting to commit the order to any distinct line of policy on the money, labor, suffrage, temperance or other party questions, and also adopted a resolution declaring that no committee could bring the members to any political action beyond their negative obligation. The council approved the draft of a bill for the suppression of immigration, which will be sent to Congress, and also adopted resolution cards for state legislation suggesting that convents and similar institutions be open to public inspection. A declaration of principles for publication was approved of. It says:

"The American Protective Association is not a political party and does not control the political affiliation of its members, but it teaches them to be intensely active in the discharge of their political duties in order out of party lines; it holds that subjection to and support of any ecclesiastical power not created and controlled by American citizens is irreconcilable with American citizenship; upholds the constitution of the United States of America, and no portion of it more than its guarantee of religious liberty, but we hold this religious liberty to be guaranteed to the individual, and not to mean that under its protection any un-American ecclesiastical power can claim absolute control of the education of children growing up under the Stars and Stripes.

"We consider the non-sectarian free public school, the bulwark of American institutions, the best place for the education of American children. We condemn the support out of the public treasury of any sectarian school.

"We demand that no real or personal property be exempt from taxation, the title to which if not vested in the National or State Governments.

"We protest against the enlistment in the United States army or navy or the militia of any State of any person not an actual citizen of the United States, and demand the prohibition of importation of pauper labor and the restriction of immigration.

"We demand that no alien shall be naturalized who cannot speak the language of the land and who cannot prove seven years consecutive residence in this country from the date of his declaration of intention.

"We demand that all hospitals, asylums, reformatories or other institutions in which the people are under restraint, be at all times open to public inspection, whether they are maintained by the public or private corporations or individuals."

Globe Trotter at Winnipeg.

WINNIPEG, May 5.—George Griffith, who is making a tour around the globe in an endeavor to beat the record made by Nellie Bly, passed through Winnipeg last evening. He is in the best of spirits and confident of beating the record, having reached Winnipeg one day ahead of the time expected.

Montreal Man Missing.

MONTREAL, May 5.—Wm. McKay, of her Majesty's customs, late member of the Provincial staff of the Roman Catholic schools here, has been missing from his home since April 21. The affair is a complete mystery. He is 56 years of age, but looks younger. Height 5 feet 7½ inches, straight and erect, eyes blue, features regular, full beard and mustache of brownish hue, slightly streaked with gray. Information should be sent to John McKay, 72 Fortier street, Montreal.

Y. M. C. A. Secretaries' Convention.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., May 6.—George T. Coxhead, general secretary, of St. Louis, presided at yesterday's session of Y. M. C. A. secretaries. At the business session M. McCulloch, of Toronto, Ont., secretary and treasurer of the association, made his annual statement, showing a balance of $63 18 on hand. F. W. Ober, Omaha; H. R. Anderson, Atlanta, Ga.; T. W. Mosser, Chicago; W. G. Latz, Boston; W. E. Day, Dayton, O.; R. H. Thatcher, Buffalo, N. Y., and F. F. Best, Brantford, Ont., were chosen the executive committee for the ensuing year.

ALL MEN

Young, old or middle-aged, who find themselves, nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with LEADEN CIRCLES, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring or vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address and 10c in stamps for book on diseases peculiar to man, sent sealed. Address M. V. LUBON, 24 Macdonnell avenue, Toronto, Ont., Canada.

Please mention this paper.

SUICIDE AT ST. THOMAS.

A Bartender Drowns Himself in Shallow Kettle Creek.

ST. THOMAS, May 6.—Wm. Hamill, a young man 28 years of age, who has filled the position of bartender for his uncle, W. T. Wyatt, Station Hotel, committed suicide at an early hour this morning in two and a half feet of water in Kettle Creek, about 75 yards east of the L. and P. S. R. bridge. He was seriously ill last fall, and has been somewhat dispondent of late. He complained of being nervous last night upon retiring, and nothing more was seen of him until 4:30 this morning, when one of the G. T. R. employes met him proceeding up the track. He was found by a party of men as described about 11 o'clock. Coroner Gustin will hold an inquest to-morrow.

TRAGEDY IN INGERSOLL.

A Young Man Killed by Another in an Aggravated Quarrel.

INGERSOLL, Ont., May 6.—The circumstances leading up to the unfortunate affair by which young McDermott lost his life are the result of several years' growth. For the past eight or ten years a certain class of men have been in the habit of congregating in various localities, and acting in a disorderly way. One of their chief amusements seems to have been to waylay unsuspecting young men returning home at night and firing rocks at them "to see them run." From the evidence it would appear that on this occasion a company of young men, of whom deceased was one, had selected a young man named Alward as a victim of their practical joking. It was known that he was escorting home a young lady named McFee, who resides at the extreme west end of Victoria street. They accordingly went down to the G. T. R. track and awaited Alward's return. Upon his appearance the gang opened fire upon him with rocks, and during the melee McDermott received a blow upon his head. He was assisted to a neighboring house and medical aid summoned, but nothing could be done for him, and the unfortunate young man breathed his last a few minutes afterwards.

The police were notified and went to the residence of Alward's father, Cherry street, where the young man was found sleeping, apparently oblivious of the fact that anyone had been injured. He was at once placed under arrest.

A coroner's jury viewed the body and then heard the evidence of Arthur Mitchell, who said the party who intended to "rock" the prisoner was five or six in number. The inquest was then adjourned till Tuesday evening. Dr. Williams will hold a post mortem in the meantime, the jury appointing Dr. Lucas to assist in the operation.

PROUD DAY FOR TALMAGE.

He Celebrated the 25th Anniversary of His Pastorate.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., May 7.—A celebration of the 25th anniversary of the pastorate of Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage was begun at the Brooklyn Tabernacle yesterday. At the morning service Dr. Talmage preached an eloquent sermon, taking for the text of his discourse the words—"One generation cometh and another passeth away."

During the sermon Dr. Talmage spoke of the ordeal by fire through which the church had passed, and also of the good work accomplished in the raising of over $1,000,000 for charitable purposes during the past quarter of a century. He referred to the fact that but two or three of the original twenty-five who had extended him the call to come to Brooklyn were alive.

The church was crowded to its utmost capacity. The celebration will continue on Thursday and Friday evenings of this week, when the service will be of an international character.

MORE EARTHQUAKES.

Consternation Caused by a Doctor's Prophecy in Greece.

ATHENS, May 6.—A severe earthquake was felt at 5 o'clock this morning at Thebes, Atlanta and Livadia. The shock was slightly felt in Athens and also in the northern part of the Island of Eunae. King George and the members of his party landed to-day at Stylida and subsequently proceeded to Lamia, where a Te Deum was sung in the cathedral.

The prophecy made by Dr. Faalb a few days ago that there would be a destructive earthquake on Friday or Saturday caused a panic in this city. A large number of persons placed confidence in the prophecy, and expected that their dwellings would be destroyed. A great many of them encamped in the fields about the cities, while others fled for safety to the hills, where they remained Friday and Saturday nights. At the Piræus many of the inhabitants passed the nights in boats, believing the water would be safer than the land in the event of a heavy earthquake.

Millers May Strike.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 7.—It is given out that the flour milling companies of the country may have to contend with a strike or give in to the demands to be presented by the millers.

Kidnappers in St. Louis.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., May 7.—The police believe an organized band of kidnappers are at work in this city. In addition to the mysterious disappearance of W. S. Harrison, a traveling man, and two little daughters, the disappearance of three other small children is now reported.

Meeting of Grand Trunk Employes.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., May 7.—A meeting held here yesterday afternoon by the employes of the Grand Trunk system of Michigan for the purpose of organizing a system of federation was largely attended by delegates. There was a lengthy and thorough discussion of the proposed federation, its desirability and benefits, and all present expressed themselves in favor of the scheme. The meeting was adjourned until the first Sunday in June, when a final decision will be made.

The C. P. R. Murder.

VANCOUVER, B. C., May 7.—From Yokohama news is received that the recent murder on the C. P. R. steamer City of Pekin by a Chinaman was done by order of the Highbinders for revenge. Buck Tong, the assassin, was found in the ladies' cabins. The cabin boy ordered him out, but he refused to go and stabbed the boy. The chief engineer was also slashed, but not seriously. Then Tong ran forward, slashing Lee Shing, a passenger, cut his windpipe and jugular, almost severing his head from the body. The Yokohama officials believe that Tong was put on board by the Highbinders' Society to murder Lee.

The two tourists rescued alive in the cave at Lugoia will recover

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