

# FLY-TOX



"Is Some Little Bug Going to Get You Some Day?"

DON'T YOU BELIEVE IT.

## Keep Safe with Fly-Tox

Kills 'em dead as a doornail. Keep a bottle in the house always and use it freely. Two sizes in stock, 8 and 16 oz. bottles.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

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THE ROYAL STORES, LTD. W. E. BEARNS

## W. & G. Rendell

WATER STREET EAST.

'Phone 883. Distributors. P.O. Box 5102.  
aug17, 1925

### News Novelties

**Miles for Four Guineas.**  
A year ago with £10 for a sight-seeing trip round the world have returned home with £112, between them after travelling 53,000 miles.

**The Whistling Wife.**  
Because it is contrary to the religious principles of the wife of a labourer, she has to leave rooms she occupies in Westcliff.

**Wireless Motion Pictures.**  
Motion pictures of a windmill to action are said to have been projected, with the aid of radio, on a screen five miles away. The inventor, Mr. Francis Jenkins, predicts that his apparatus will be sufficiently refined in a year's time to make wireless motion pictures practical for commercial use.

**Lunatic Genius.**  
A lunatic, acting as engineer to Donegal Mental Hospital, is regarded by the chairman in charge as an absolute genius. He has saved the Committee over £1,000 by his capability.

**Photographs by Telephone.**  
Photographs of the recent California earthquake destruction were taken by

airplane to San Francisco and then sent by telephone to New York.

**Long-Lived Family.**  
There are living in Elginshire four sisters whose aggregate ages total 367 years. Mrs. Annie Young is aged 96; Mrs. Eliza Young, 94; Mrs. Porter, 93; and Mrs. Legg, 84. Mrs. Eliza Young has had 11 children, and there are over 100 grandchildren, 32 great-grandchildren, and two great-great-grandchildren.

**And Another.**  
Four hundred and forty-nine years is the total of the ages of five children of the late Thomas Merry, of Brodick, Isle of Arran. Mrs. Isabella Dickie celebrated her 101st birthday a few weeks ago. Mr. James Merry is ninety-two. Mr. Alexander Merry is eighty-eight. Mrs. Janet Stirling is eighty-five and "the baby" Mr. Donald Merry is eighty-three.

**The Shark Trap.**  
Mr. John Davies, a Swansea fisherman, found a shark five feet long and weighing 56 lb. in his fixed nets.

**CONFEDERATION LIFE.**  
aug17, 1925

Add a little grated nutmeg to caramel bread pudding and serve with whipped cream.

# RIPE TOMATOES

Kia Ora  
Orange, Lemon  
and Pineapple

Local Green Cabbage,  
Parsnips, Carrots  
Beet and Turnips

BAKEAPPLES

## W. E. BEARNS

"THE HOME OF GOOD THINGS TO EAT"

DUCKWORTH ST. RAWLINS' CROSS.

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### Passing of Sir Adam Beck

The passing of Sir Adam Beck, creator of Ontario's Hydro-power System, on Saturday, at midnight, is recorded in the press messages.

Sir Adam Beck, Chairman of the Ontario Hydro-Electric Power Commission, popularly known in this Province as the Minister of Power, was a native son of Ontario. He was born on June 20, 1837, at Baden, Ont., which was founded by his father. After having passed through the public school at Baden, he attended the famous Dr. Tassie's school at Galt, then the Rockwood Academy, and afterwards the Western University, London, Ont., from which he graduated and which later conferred upon him the degree of LL.D.

Sir Adam, who was then simply Mr. Beck, in 1875 engaged in the iron foundry and milling business with his father, the late Jacob B. Beck, at Baden. In 1880 he removed to Galt, Ont., where he commenced the manufacture of boxes and the business of veneering thin lumber. He continued in this line for four years, then went to London, Ont. Here he built an extensive plant, and established branches at Montreal, Toronto and Hamilton.

The beginning of Sir Adam's great interest in the supply of cheap electric power to the people of Ontario began in 1893, when he was appointed a Commissioner to investigate the development and distribution of electric power from Niagara Falls. In 1896 as Minister without portfolio in the Whitney Provincial Government, Sir Adam Beck introduced a new power Bill in the Legislature, creating the Hydro-Electric Power Commission. He was appointed Chairman of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission in June of that year. This position he continued to hold up to the time of his death. He was first elected to the Legislature for London in 1902, and was re-elected for each succeeding term, until the Provincial General Election of 1919, when he was defeated by H. A. Stevenson, Labor representative. Sir Adam was again elected to the Ontario Legislature as member for London, in the General Election of 1923, and was appointed Minister without portfolio in the Government of Hon. G. Howard Ferguson.

"Remember, Beck, \$6,000,000 is the limit," Sir James Whitney is said to have cautioned Beck when the first government guarantee of hydro bonds was demanded. Mr. Beck found little difficulty in getting the Whitney limit raised to hundreds of millions as he had shown him what he could do. The first provincially owned current from Niagara was turned on in the town of Berlin, now of Kitchener, in 1910. The second transmission line was built to Toronto. Beck continued to represent London in the Legislature until 1919, when he went down with the Conservative party in the Provincial general election. He was retained by the Drury U.P.O. Labor Government, however, as chairman of the Power Commission, in which capacity he at that time was paid a salary of \$18,000 a year.

Sir Adam Beck's plans in Hydro affairs met with setbacks under the Drury United Farmer Government, particularly with reference to Hydro-Electric Railways. A Royal Commission, after several months of investigation, recommended against building certain radial railways under provincial guarantees, and thereby took issue with the Hydro Commission and Sir Adam Beck. This report caused a certain division between Sir Adam and the Government when the latter made it clear that they were inclined to accept the Royal Commission's report as the one to follow.

Then there was the break over the cost of the Chippawa project and while the Drury Government did not stop the work there it held up the latest advance of three and a half million dollars until the Legislature could vote on it. Sir Adam defended the stand of the Hydro Commission with characteristic vigor, attacked the Royal Commission's report and defeated the Hydro Commission's expenditures. Sir Adam had very wide interests and probably was the best known man in his native Province. He was Mayor of London, from 1903 to 1904. He was President of the Union of Municipalities in 1904, and held office in various local associations. Known far and wide for his interest in thoroughbred horses, Sir Adam was a promoter of the Canadian Jockey Club and was Master of the London Hunt Club. He was knighted in 1914.

Lady Beck, to whom he was married in 1898, was an expert horsewoman, also an owner of thoroughbreds. With her husband she was prominent at the leading horse shows in London, England, and in the United States and Canada. Lady Beck died on October 17th, 1921.

During the War, Sir Adam Beck rendered valuable service to the cause of the Allies, as Director of Remounts. He personally supervised the purchase of army horses for the Canadian Forces.

In the earlier period of his life, while extending his operations as a manufacturer, Adam Beck's health was threatened by overwork and he was advised by his physician to spend more time in the open, walking or riding. He hired a black horse at a livery stable. After a few rides on this animal, which had never done anything more exciting than to haul people to

the railway station and the cemetery, the young manufacturer discovered that the horse could scale a fence fairly easily, so Mr. Beck bought him. This horse, known as Rosberry, developed into a famous jumper under the skilful management of his new owner, and he won prizes in Canada, the United States and England. This was Sir Adam's first start as a horse expert.

Sir Adam Beck's first experience in public matters was obtained as a hospital trustee, in London, Ont., where he resided for about 20 years. He was prominent in promoting the Byron Sanitarium near London and the handsome residence for the nurses in connection with that institution was the gift of Sir Adam and Lady Beck.

One daughter of Sir Adam Beck, Marion, survives. She is the wife of Major Strathairn Hay, of Toronto.

### British Foreign Policy

In the fortnightly Review "Angus" discusses British foreign policy from the standpoint of the motives behind it. He believes that "the currents which govern the life nations are hidden away deep below the interweaving sequence of daily events," and that they have their source "in the mystery of race, in tradition and in essential needs. Behind political action stands the national need as the motive for it." He adds:

Careful study brings the conviction that there is a national need to-day which in Great Britain surpasses all others. It is expressed by the question: What is the country to do with the surplus of her population?

A natural law exists which imposes a limit on the number of people able to exist on a square mile of land in proportion to its natural and agricultural food resources. This number is exceeded if additional resources are provided by industrial development, by transport facilities, or by the increased buying power of accumulated wealth. This is the law of the so-called "civilised surplus." If industry goes back or disappears, if transport facilities dwindle, if the flow of wealth is arrested, the civilised surplus suffers.

In Great Britain more than three-quarters of the population belong to that surplus, and suffer from the setbacks mentioned. New Zealand, measured in square miles, is of the size of Great Britain. Yet, as compared with the forty-two millions of the latter, the Dominion can support only three million people. This because, being an agricultural country, New Zealand does not carry a civilised surplus. The war, by restricting the buying power of the world and by calling forth the development of industry in other countries, has hit industry and trade in Great Britain badly. The



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For Fruit Trees, Shrubs,  
Flowers and Plants.

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For Obstructed Drains.  
For Solidly Clogged Drains.  
For Frozen Pipes.

RATICATOR.

The Safe, sure Rat Exterminator.  
Harmless to Human Beings,  
Domestic Animals and Poultry.

By shaping the dough into small rolls, much as the loaf is shaped and placing three of these in each greased muffin tin. Let rise until fully doubled and bake as for bread for twenty minutes.

# TREMENDOUS SOCIAL DRAMA AT THE NICKEL TO-DAY



A Jazz Cabaret, a Moonlight Ride,  
a Shooting at a Gay Roadhouse!

Louis B. Mayer presents  
**THE SNOB**  
A Monta Bell  
Production

Based on Helen R. Martin's Novel.  
Adapted and Directed by Monta Bell

With a cast that includes

Norma Shearer John Gilbert  
Conrad Nagel Phyllis Haver Hedda Hopper

Added  
Attraction

"THE  
GOOFEY  
AGE."

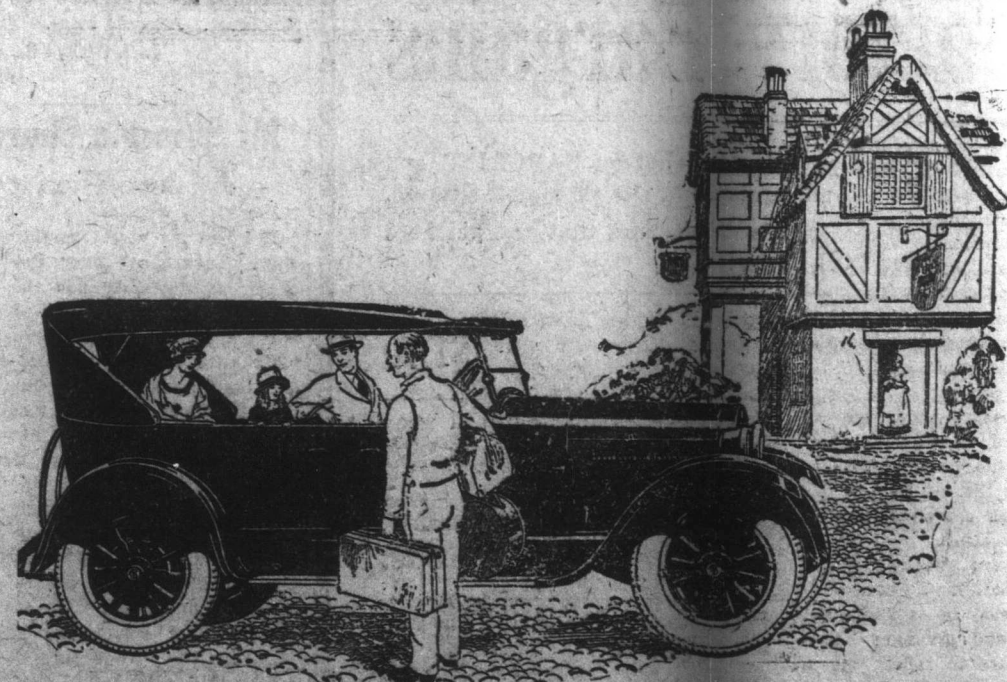
Mack Sennett  
Comedy.



# LODGE BROTHERS TOURING CAR

Its simplicity is as noticeable as its good looks.

Dodge Brothers Touring Car is easy to operate and with reasonable care the owner rarely finds it necessary to employ the services of a garage.



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### Canada's We

is pointed out by W. T. "The Monday" T. Canada's national wealth is estimated at \$22,500,000,000, of which \$10,000,000,000 is in productive value of land and six billion in developed wealth. The undeveloped phase is the vast forest covering the country. There are three hundred and thirty million acres of forest land, of which 100,000,000 acres are physically available for logging. The forest area is not all covered with trees. A Government survey placed the total at 246,828,332 trees. Canadian coal reserves are estimated at 100,000,000 tons, against an estimated world supply of 1,000,000,000 tons. Canada has attained to the world's nickel, a metal of great value in the production of steel. The Province of Ontario is the main source of nickel in the world. Canada's main source of copper is the great fisheries. The Province of British Columbia is the main source of the great fisheries. The Province of British Columbia is the main source of the great fisheries. The Province of British Columbia is the main source of the great fisheries.

Other natural sources are steadily increasing. The forest area of the Dominion is estimated at 100,000,000 acres, of which 100,000,000 acres are physically available for logging. The forest area is not all covered with trees. A Government survey placed the total at 246,828,332 trees. Canadian coal reserves are estimated at 100,000,000 tons, against an estimated world supply of 1,000,000,000 tons. Canada has attained to the world's nickel, a metal of great value in the production of steel. The Province of Ontario is the main source of nickel in the world. Canada's main source of copper is the great fisheries. The Province of British Columbia is the main source of the great fisheries. The Province of British Columbia is the main source of the great fisheries.

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### A New Su

Science has been the possession of an interesting new solution to the claims made by the "solar furnace" which is a machine of the future. Under the power of the sun, it is said to be a machine of the future. Under the power of the sun, it is said to be a machine of the future. Under the power of the sun, it is said to be a machine of the future.

Of course, the machine of the future is a machine of the future. Under the power of the sun, it is said to be a machine of the future. Under the power of the sun, it is said to be a machine of the future. Under the power of the sun, it is said to be a machine of the future.

There are two machines of the future. Under the power of the sun, it is said to be a machine of the future. Under the power of the sun, it is said to be a machine of the future. Under the power of the sun, it is said to be a machine of the future.