

Demand ASPIRIN

SAY "BAYER" when you buy—Genuine

Proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for

Colds Headache Neuralgia Lumboago
Pain Toothache Neuritis Rheumatism

Genuine—Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

This is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoclonal Acetic Acid of Salicylic Acid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer Manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

The Enquiry Conducted by T. Hollis Walker, K. C.

MRS. HARSANT — Cross-examination (Continued).

MR. HOWLEY—Miss Miller do you recollect a letter we had on review yesterday which Sir Richard wrote to you concerning the power of attorney?

A.—Yes.
Q.—I think in the course of that letter he told you that he would be at the office in the morning at 9.30 to go into matters?

A.—Yes.
Q.—That I presume would be matters of business and finance which had arisen during his absence.

A.—I don't know Mr. Howley.

Q.—He did notify you that he would come over at half past nine.

A.—He notified me because I was in charge of the office.

Q.—Did he come over?

A.—I saw very little of him. He came over sometimes.

Q.—On the occasions that occurred when he came over were you in the office?

A.—I was in the office at my desk.

Q.—You were there when he came in?

A.—Sometimes he came in by the other door.

Q.—Were you in the office at half past nine?

A.—I think so.

Q.—You are not sure?

A.—I don't remember, I suppose I was there.

Q.—As a matter of fact during this period hadn't you developed a custom of not going to the office until very late?

A.—Yes, I had.

Q.—Sir Richard knew that. It was after Mr. Fraser took over my work.

Q.—You had developed the practice of not coming until late?

A.—I suppose so.

Q.—So the notification that Sir Richard would be there at nine o'clock to go into matters was not carried out because you were not there?

A.—I don't know. If Sir Richard

wanted me there I was there I guess.

I guess Sir Richard would complain if he wanted me there and I was not there.

Q.—Mr. Fraser came in to take your place?

A.—Yes.

Q.—When did he come in?

A.—I am not sure about that. I think it was about when Mr. Curtis went in as partner and when the Power of Attorney was cancelled. 1921 I think.

Q.—Mr. Fraser succeeded you as cashier and accountant?

A.—Yes, Sir Richard knew that I was getting married.

Q.—I think Mr. Fraser took over your work?

A.—Yes.

Q.—In other words the work of cashier and accountant carried on by you up to a certain date was continued by Mr. Fraser?

A.—He took over all my work with the exception of the financing.

Q.—What do you mean by that?

A.—Because I was called upon to raise money for Sir Richard after that.

Q.—What work did Mr. Fraser take over?

A.—The books, both of the Insurance Companies and the Bank Account.

Q.—What was the condition of the books when he took them over?

A.—I guess they were in a bad state.

Q.—You don't know do you whether he has been able to correct that bad state?

A.—I don't know anything about it.

Q.—When you handed the books over to Mr. Fraser, why were they in a bad state?

A.—Because there were a lot of things I could not explain.

Q.—Anything else?

A.—A lot of the work had got behind during Sir Richard's absence. I did not have time to attend to it.

Q.—When you say that, do you mean the books had not been written up?

A.—They were waiting for Sir Richard to come and take care of them to come and call them over. He did not do that.

Q.—Did anybody else have access to the books except yourself?

A.—Yes I had two assistants, Miss Reader and Miss Noseworthy.

Q.—Did they have access to the books?

A.—They would write over my work for me. They had access to the books.

Q.—Did they have a knowledge of the affairs of the office?

A.—They knew that the Bank account was overdrawn and that I had difficulty in raising funds. Every one in the office knew it.

Q.—Prior to the period you were with Sir Richard you were in an insurance office?

A.—Yes, my brother's.

Q.—In 1916 you entered the employ of Sir Richard and it was not until some time later that you were given full charge?

A.—In the Fall of 1917.

Q.—They gave you this authority to sign cheques?

A.—Yes.

Q.—In the summer of 1919 Sir Richard became the leader of a political party and engaged in the affairs of politics he was away from the office?

A.—Yes.

Q.—Following the election of that fall his party was successful and took office?

A.—Yes.

Q.—Since the time of his office in 1919 down to his resignation in this past summer, has he spent much time in his law office at all?

A.—Not a big lot, but mostly after tea.

Q.—His absences from the Colony and his political engagements took up most of his time?

A.—Yes.

Q.—And when he would visit his private office, would he be occupied in the affairs of his private business or political?

A.—Since he became Prime Minister political matters came first with him.

Q.—All political. He has not given much attention to his private affairs at all?

A.—I would not say that at all. He would come over occasionally.

Q.—But he left matters entirely in your hands?

A.—Yes.

Q.—I think at all time he has placed implicit confidence in you and your capabilities to do his work?

A.—Yes Sir.

Q.—Now you told us yesterday out of all the amounts which you received from Mr. Meaney, you retained only two lots of \$50.00 and three lots of \$100.00 on account of expenses?

A.—Yes.

Q.—Did you make any account as to when you retained these moneys?

A.—I have been keeping at my home which I was going to show Sir Richard when he called over the books.

Q.—You used the money from time to time?

A.—Yes.

MR. WALKER—I understand it was to visit Bell Island?

A.—Yes, I went there to get the money from my brother.

Q.—Have you any documents to show what moneys you had expended?

A.—I had some.

Q.—You were prepared to go into the thing if an opportunity came up?

A.—Yes Sir.

Q.—That never took place?

A.—No Sir.

MR. HOWLEY—Did you keep any of the pass receipts you got from Mr. Meaney?

A.—No, except the receipts I gave Mr. Meaney. I thought that was sufficient.

Q.—So the only record you have as to the obtaining of the money or as to the disposition of it after it was obtained are the cheques and I.O.U.s in evidence and the verbal statements of whoever can explain it?

A.—Yes that is so.

Q.—Now referring back to those first payments you got from Mr. Meaney in 1920. Were those all paid in notes?

A.—As far as I can remember. Yes.

A.—Yes.

Q.—Not in cheques?

A.—No, I don't think so.

Q.—Were they all paid at once in one payment, that is, was each amount paid out at one time or did it take two or three instalments to pay it?

A.—Two or three instalments, sometimes. He would not have the money to give me.

Q.—I mean the four thousand dollars. The cheques did not evidence the actual single payment for cash.

A.—I may have got the full amount of the cheque for some of them but I know I had to call again in connection with one or two.

Q.—Have you any remembrance of the date when you paid the \$4000.00 to Meaney?

A.—No, I cannot remember that at all.

Q.—Are you quite positive that you gave the money to Sir Richard?

A.—Yes, I am positive of that.

Q.—You gave it to him.

A.—Yes, I gave it to him.

MR. WALKER—Q.—You also said you were positive that the indebtedness at that time was \$7054.00 so you can get the date from that, Mr. Howley.

Q.—You say "he gave me \$4000.00 and asked me to get it from Mr. Meaney as quickly as possible?"

A.—Yes.

Q.—You say "I think the amount due at that time was in the neighbourhood of \$7,000.00."

A.—I am not quite sure about that.

MR. WALKER—Q.—What time are you referring to?

A.—The time the \$4000.00 was paid.

Q.—Then there is in the evidence, that she cannot place the date of the payment of the \$4000.00. She thinks it was in the month of December. Mr. Meaney thinks it was in the winter.

A.—It was in the winter, sometimes.

MR. WALKER—She cannot give us but the approximate date and it does not seem necessary to ask this young lady more than three or four times to do it. Is there anything else you want to ask her?

LOOSEN UP THAT COLD WITH MUSTEROLE

Have a jar of Musterole handy. The moment a cold starts use it freely. Just apply this clean white ointment with your fingers over the congested parts. You will immediately feel a warm tingle as it penetrates the pores, followed by a soothing, cooling sensation and quick relief.

Made of pure oil of mustard and other simple ingredients of well-known medicinal value, it will not blister. Many doctors and nurses recommend Musterole not only for colds but in cases of bronchitis, sore throat, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, croup, neuralgia and congestion. Taken in time it may prevent pneumonia. There is nothing just like Musterole or nearly so good for any of the above ailments.

Buy a Jar or Tube today—if your druggist hasn't got it insist that he get it.

Better than a mustard plaster

MUSTEROLE

Sold and Recommended by W. Parsons, Druggist.

Jan 4, 1924

A.—Yes Sir.

MR. HOWLEY—In answer to questions put to you yesterday you stated that Sir Richard asked you not to fill in the counterfoils?

A.—Yes he did not want it on record at the office.

Q.—Mr. Hunt said to you then "all the other sequees you would draw you would fill in the counterfoils" but you did not fill in the counterfoils, for these and you answered that that was the only way you had of keeping the records.

Q.—Then the Commissioner says, I don't quite see why you did not fill in the counterfoils, and you said "Sir Richard asked me not to fill in the counterfoils."

Q.—What exactly did that mean?

A.—So that the clerks in the office would not be enquiring about it.

Q.—When did he ask you to do that? Was it before he went away or after?

A.—It must have been before he left. I don't know exactly.

Q.—You are also asked if he gave any reasons for that to which you replied, "I understood it was for political reasons. Do you mean that he gave it for that reason or did you decide that for yourself?"

A.—I knew it was for political reasons and he knew it was political.

Q.—When he came home in the fall, you had drawn a number of cheques which Mr. Meaney had cashed and you had made the entries cash J.T.?

A.—Yes.

Q.—And when you told him of this he said that was good?

A.—Yes when I said cash. I don't remember if I mentioned the J.T.

Q.—Was that cheque of the 19th of November the first cheque that you cashed at Mr. Meaney's office.

A.—The first cheque was during Sir Richard's absence so it must have been about that time.

Q.—How long had Sir Richard been away?

A.—He told me that he would be back in two months.

Q.—The first cheque that was cashed was cashed three months afterwards?

A.—That is right.

MR. WALKER—It is really unnecessary to ask the witness to calculate for us.

MR. HOWLEY—I want to give her an opportunity of confirming what she has already said.

MR. WALKER—Or confusing her. There is no need to ask her to confirm the multiplication table. The fact that it is three months gains nothing from Mrs. Harsant's position of the correctness of things. I am quite alive to the fact of the alteration she has made in her statement of this morning and I think I can estimate its worth.

MR. HOWLEY—I may say, Sir, that at the present time, we are having prepared at the Bank, whose name has been mentioned here, certain points which have also been mentioned.

MR. WALKER—And you would like to put another question to her. You can always ask me and I will adhere to your request.

Adjournment until 2.30.

COMMISSIONER—If Mrs. Harsant is here would you ask her to resume her place in the box.

MR. WINTER—She is not here just yet.

COMMISSIONER—Then we must wait until she comes. In the meantime, is there anyone else who thinks himself sufficiently interested or affected by these proceedings to be entitled to cross-examine. If there is I shall listen to him. If not I shall ask the re-examination to be proceeded with.

MRS. JEAN HARSANT—(Re-examined by Mr. Winter).

Q.—I think you told us that you entered the firm, or were employed by the firm of Squires and Winter in 1916?

A.—Yes.

Q.—That was the name of the firm then?

A.—Yes.

Q.—I believe it has been shown that Mr. Winter left the firm in July, 1920.

A.—Yes, I think that was the date.

Q.—Do you know if the firm would continue under the name of Squires and Winter after that?

(Continued on page 2)

It's Like Old Times to See these Prices



PADLOCKS.

Brass plated steel case stamped steel shackle, brass swivel keyway, 2 flat keys. Only 25c. each.



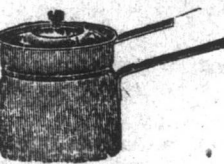
ENAMELLED MILK KETTLE.

Grey Enamelled Milk Can, tin cover with large loop handle, welded ears; 3 pint size. Extra value 29c. ea.



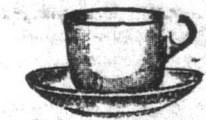
SCHOOL BAGS.

Waterproof School Bags; heavy waterproof, real leather school bag with metal buckles, leather shoulder straps. Only \$1.19



DOUBLE RICE BOILERS.

Seamless, tin cover, 2 compartments, long handles on each, holes for hanging. Special value 59c.



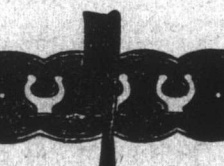
CUP & SAUCER.

English White Granite Cup and Saucer. This is a good solid cup and saucer, especially for children. Our Price 15c.



ROLLIN' PIN.

No. 1 grade finest birch, with revolving handles, perfectly turned and sanded; tremendous value. Only 39c. each.



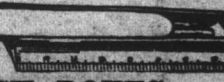
TOOTH BRUSHES.

Excellent quality stiff white bristles; oval and concave cuts slit back head, curved polished handle. Only 25c.



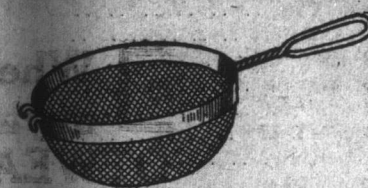
STOVE COVER LIFTERS.

Medium weight, nickel-plated, polished, cool coiled wire loop handle. Only 15c.



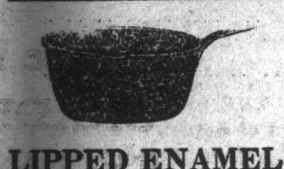
PENCIL BOXES.

Fancy Wood Pencil Boxes, three compartments, varnished, handsome litho designs on top. This is a handy box to keep your pencils in. Only 15c.



BOWL STRAINER.

1/2 inch tin rim around the top, re-tinned wire handle, almost unbreakable. Only 39c. each.



LIPPED ENAMEL SAUCEPAN.

Lipped, flat handle, hole for hanging. Don't miss buying one of those popular Saucepans. Only 14c. each.



MIRRORS.

Nickle framed, easel back Mirrors, clear glass reflectors with attached wire stand or hook; 5 1/2 x 7 1/2. Only 19c.



KNIVES & FORKS.

Cocobolo handles, polished blade, 4 tin forks, metal bolster handle. Good value 29c.



FINE COMBS.

A good wide centre English Comb. Splendid value. Only 5c.



SIDE COMBS.

Heavy reinforced backs, bevel edges, rounded teeth. Only 20c.



CLOTHES BRUSHES.

White fibre centre; good strong varnished hard wood handle. Only 29c. each.



ENAMELLED WATER KETTLE.

Semi-seamed swag body, enamelled cover with knob, welded ears, wire boil, black enamelled wood handle; small size. Only 79c.



ALUMINUM SALT & PEPPER SHAKERS.

Polished screw cap, satin finish, loaded bottom. Only 10c.