BOW TRELAND

tion proclamation is supplied tower's charge at the opening klow Assises which, like most tial utterances, was curt and He was there to discharge the

Cerk.
During the debate on the Army Estites, on August 6th, Dr. Tanner raised anomalous position held by the Rev.
Madden, Catholic Chaplain to Cork rrison, as regards both pay and posin, and in comparison to other chapes there. He asked that the favor I consideration extended towards the testant Assistant Chaplain should be anded to him. The pay was insufficite on the catholic diers that he himself would wish.
Doctor was supported by Mr. Arthur connor and Mr. Sexton, both of whom it Father Madden's treatment to have me a scandal. The Government protect that they would look into the tter. Lord Churchill cut in with an ervation in the direction of economy, taking that the Chaplains' Department was one of those that had to consult

ant was one of those that about to at down.

Mr. Maurice Healy, has had to consult be famous Dr. Driscoll McKensie with eference to his throat. The Doctor wing to the relaxed state of his vocal hords. Mr. Healy is in Cork to resume its professional duties. He has done magnificent service during the session in both the Land Bill and the Coercion Bill, and has borne the great strain, to which the severity of his Parliamentary duties has subjected him, extremely sall.

duties has subjected him, extremely well.

The death is announced, on August 11, at the Parochial Home, Roscarberry, county Cork, of the Rev. Jeremiah Maloney, P.P., V. F., in the 63d year of his age and 36th of his sacred ministry.

A collection was made opposite the chapel gate at Grensgh, on August 7th, by the committee of the local branch of the National League for the evicted tenant fund. Most of the persons precent contributed with the greatest cheerfulness, and twenty pounds were contributed in a very short time.

A large force of police under Colonel Taylor and Major Hutchinson, R. M., accompanied by bailiffs, visited Currass on August 9th, and proceeded to evict three tenants, named respectively Pat Murphy, Daniel Daly, and Daniel Daly, jr. The first two tenants were put out without any trouble, but D. Daly, jun. barlcaded his house and poured out tar and boiling water on the bailiffs. After some resistance the house was taken.

Limerick.

An eviction took place at Elton, county Limerick, on Aug. 9th. A large force of police accompanied the Sheriff and bailiffs. An offer of Father Matthew Ryan of one year's rent, on behalf of the tenants, the Misses Barry, being refused by the landlord, Mr. Guinness, the bailiffs attacked the barricaded house. They were along time working with growbars fifteen constables with fixed bayonets rushed in at the opening made by the balliffs. They were driven back by the occupants with pitchforks, Mr. Rice being stabled in the face. He then rushed at the opening sgain, and darted his sword at the tenants, but again fell back. Then he flung stones at the inmates. Mr. Seagrave said he would order the police to fire. At this juncture Father Ryan interposed, and after some time he induced the occupants, Miss Barry and the three men, to surrender. They struggled fearfully when being placed under arrest.

Clare. On August 8th, the Sub-sheriff of Clare with bailing, emergency men and police, was engaged carrying out evictions at the suit of the agents of Lord Inchiquin, the Marquis of Conyngham and other landlords. The number of families evicted is seven. In some cases the heads of families were reinatated as caretakers on promise of paying, when able. Relieving officer John Moran, for the district of Crusheen, with a wife and family of fourteen, was with a wife and family of fourteen, was put out, and emergency men and police placed in possession of his holding. The sub-sheriff, with the same retinue of assist-ants, seized several head of cattle and sheep for rent due by Matthew Clune, a farmer residing at Carabad, which were brought into Eunis and put in the pound at the jall to be sold by auction.

Kerry.

On August 9th, about sixty of the Ballylongford tenantry, of the recently evicted Colonel Crosbie, headed by their pastor, the Rev. Eugene O'Sullivan, attended at the Listowel Arms Hotel, and sitended at the Listowel Arms Hotel, and demanded a reduction of 25 per cent. off their rents, which are rack rents, from the sub-agent of Trinity College, Mr. Whiply. This gentleman said such a demand was altogether unreasonable, as they had got a reduction of 25 per cent. from Colonel Crosbie before he was evicted, and ironically suggested that they might as well ask eighty per cent. reduction. The tenants, on the other hand thought that there was nothing unreasonable in the was nothing unreasonable in the demand, as if the College gave the land to Colonel Crossie at a the land to Colonel Crossie at a certain rent it ought to give it to them at the same rent, for the reduction which they demanded, if granted, would bring their rent down to the sum for which, falling to pay, Colonel Crossie was evicted. It is also doubtful—even though they got the reduction of 25 per cent. which they demanded—if they would be able to pay under the present circumstances, and in the present depressed state of things.

In or select wing waited to the cathedral without bands; the others, more numerous, with bands paraded the city playing party tunes. There was a good deal of drunk-enters of the members of the state of the members of the members

Tipperary:

The Archbishop of Cashal has made the following changes in the diocese of Cashal: Rev. Thomas O'Dwyer, Administrator, Thurles, has been appointed Parish Priest of the united parishes of Solohead or Obla (near Limerick Junction); Rev. William Jones, P. P., Cappamore (late President St. Patrick's College, Thurles), has been transferred to Killenaule parish, and the Rev. John Shelly, C. C., Emly, has been appointed P. P., of Cappamore.

aule parish, and the Rev. John Shelly, C. C., Emly, has been appointed P. P., of Cappamore.

On Aug. 12th, the Sheriff's assistants, Patrick Ryan and John Egan, proceeded to the lands of Greenfield, near Tipperary, and there seized, for the Tipperary Board of Guardians, six bullocks, the property of Lieutenant Bragwell Purefoy, of Aldershot, Eugland. Major Tanner, of Carlow, agent to Lieutenant Pursfoy, evicted a tenant named Badshaw, from his holding at Cappawhite, but failed to serve the necessary 24 hours' notice on the relieving officer of the district, Mr. John Quirke. The Tipperary Guardians procecuted the landlord, and the case came before the County Court Judge, Mr. James A. Wall, Q. C., who dismissed the case. The Board's solicitor, Mr. O'D wyer, LL. B., appealed the case to the Clonnel Assizes, when Baron Dowse gave a decree to the Guardians for £20, the legal penalty. The landlord repudiated the claim, and hence the seizure. The cattle were lodged in Cappawhite pound but a few minutes when the amount of the decree, with costs, was paid down, viz.: £23 11s. 6d.

Waterferd.

Waterford.

Mr. T. M. Healy, M. P., arrived in Waterford, on Aug. 9th, from Lismore, where he had been on a visit to his relatives. He was met at the station of the Lismore and Waterford Railway line by Alderman Richard Power, Mayor, but there was no public demonstration, as it was known that his visit was of a private nature. Having delayed a short time in the city, he proceeded, with Mrs. Healy and family, who had preceded him to Butlerstown Castle, a few miles outside Waterford, which has been placed at his disposal by Mr. Biggar, M. P., and there he will reside for some time. It is rumored that the Corporation will take advantage of his visit to confer on him the freedom of the city.

Orangeman, was charged with the duty of giving an official answer on behalf of the Government to accusations against the Orange rowdies. Of course, he endeavored to shield the "brethren," and to throw the whole blame upon the other party. A telegram from a divisional magistrate furnished his text. Mr. Sexton, however, pressed the member for Thanet with further questions designed to pin him to his allegations or to compel a withdrawal of them; whereupon Mr. Balfour's bottle holder sought time for continued inquiries. It is time that an end were put to these regularly arranged disturbances in the North. Not to mince matters, the authorities nearly always know when an attack is to be made upon Catholics, and they do not prevent it. Sometimes, as at Ballymena on this occasion, the police are entirely withdrawn, and the Orangemen left to do as they please. If there is any prospect of the "loyal" rowdies getting the worst of the encounter, the police are held in reserve until the assalled retallate, whereupon the forces of law and order are employed, not against the original assailants, but against the Catholics. The dodge is an old one.

On August 12th, the obseques of the Very Rev. John McErland, P. P., V. G. Ballymoney, who had died on the previous Tuesday, were celebrated in the Catholic church, Ballymoney, in the presence of an immense number of his parishioners. The attendance of the clergy of the diocese was very large, the Bishop also being present. The remains of the deceased priest was interred in the chancel on the right hand side of the high altar.

Derrye

On August 9th, Monsignor Persico, accompanied by his private secretary, Father Gualdi, arrived in Derry, and visited the principal place of interest. The illustrious visitor was noticed as he passed through the streets, and his identity soon became generally known, but there were no particular manifestations.

On August 12th, the Orange "Apprentice Boys" party celebrated the anniversary of the relief of Derry. The party had disputed as to the details of procedure, and divided into two distinct bodies. The more select wing walked to the cathedral without bands; the others, more numerous, with bands paraded the city playing party tunes. There was a good deal of drunkenness observed, but no disturbance worth mentioning. The display was of the poorest character, and the weather was dismal. Derry.

Coercion Bill, and the eviction of a tenant named Barrett. There were about 2,000 people present. The meeting was held near the old churchyard. The Rev. P. Costelloe, C. C., Ballinasloe, occupied the chair. On the motion of Mr. Wm. Partell, T. U., seconded by Mr. Byrne, P. L. G., a series of resolutions were unanimously adopted. Mr. James Lynam, in supporting the resolutions, said they defied Coercion as they did before. Mr. Reddy, P. L. G., and Mr. Kilsoe, P. L. G., supported the resolution in able speeches. A vote of thanks terminated the proceedings. A dozen police, under the charge of Head-Constable Hensey, were present, and two of the number took notes of the speeches.

GENERAL FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

A FORMER VICERCY ON HOME RULE.

On his arrival in Eugland, after an extensive tour abroad, the Earl of Aberdeen publishes a letter in which among the observations to which he gives expression, he bears testimony to the sentiment in distant climes favorable to Home Rule for Ireland. Quoting from his lordship's letter:

"On the voyage from India to Australia I took the opportunity of obtaining from some of our Australian follow-passengers, several of whom were men of large colonial experience, some information as to the position and reputation of the Irish portion of the Australian communities. I then learned that the Irish were generally respected as good and useful citizens. Subsequently I had ample opportunities of ascertaining that their opinion was fully supported and justified.

"As to the attitude of Irishmen in the Australian colonies concerning the absorbing question of the day, I was prepared to find a considerable amount of interest in the progress of the Home Rule movement; but I was surprised by the extraordinary earnestness with which every phase of the movement has been watched, the depth of conviction manifested as to the urgent need for self-government for Ireland, and the unstinted outpouring of generous and warmhearted expressions toward all persons who have had a share in promoting that cause, or whose attitude proved them in sympathy with it.

"Before I left the vessels on which I arrived at Australia, I received a telegram of welcome from Irish societies of Sydney. And at Tasmania, New Zealand, and every town I visited, I was the recipient of an address of welcome and other tokens of regard. And it is worthy of observation that these addresses and the speeches which accompanied their presentation were uniformly characterized by a distinctly loyal tone with regard to the position of the Sovereign, coupled with a clear recognition of the fact that the Home Rule sought for is not that of separation, but of reunion on a fresh basis—the basis of justice and reconciliation.

"After leaving New Zea

prevalent opinion hitherto entertained in England regarding the American Irish, I observed here, with satisfaction, that the vast majority of the Irish in America do not entertain the views which have been generally attributed to them. They do not, as a body, aim at separation, and they disown and deplore violence. It should be added, moreover, that the promulgation of Mr. deplore violence. It should be added, moreover, that the promulgation of Mr. Gladstone's measure of last year, and the large amount of British support accorded to it, has undoubtedly already exercised a very large influence in allaying or removing the disposition and tendencies of an opposite sort. I must not omit to mention that we also had frequent opportunities for observing the very large extent to which purely American opinion supports the Irish policy of Mr. Gladstone, and that the admiration felt in America toward that great statesman personally is very widespread and apparent.

"To conclude this hasty and condensed "To conclude this hasty and condensed statement of some of my impressions on my tour, I will say that though I started from home as a convinced and ardent supporter of the Home Rule policy, I return with those convictions deepened and intensified, and with a corresponding feeling of satisfaction and condidence on account of the recent indications of a steady and rapid growth of British opinion in favor of self-government for Ireland,"

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is sold all over the world. It is far superior to plan Cod Liver Oil, palatable and easily digested. Dr. Martin Miles, Stanton, Bury Bucks, London, England, says: "I have prescribed Scott's Emulsion, and taken it myself. It is palatable, efficient, and can be tolerated by almost anyone, especially where cod liver oil itself cannot be borne. Put up in 50c. and \$1 size.

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BLOQUENT AND POINTED.

At a recent laying of the corner-stone of the new St. Joseph's Church, at Verona, Pa., ten miles above Pitteburg on the Allegheny river, Rev. Joseph Suhr, of the East End, Pitteburg, presched an excellent agreement from the control of the corner state of t

on the Allegheny river, Rev. Joseph Suhr, of the East End, Pitteburg, preached an excellent sermon from which we make some extracts:

"Three hundred and ninety-three years ago the first priest sent up the sacrifice of the Mass on the vast and unknown continent of America. To-day 58,000,000 Catholice send up their prayers to God in unison and praise. Of these there are 46,000,000 in South America, 2,000,000 in Canada, and the remainder in the United States. The astonishing progress made by the Church is seen by the fact that we have 1 cardinal, 12 archbishope, 64 bishops, 7,658 priests, 6,190 churches, and 3,991 chapels. We have also 88 colleges, 36 seminaries and 593 academies. Whence comes this vitality? Forty years ago we were told that Catholicity could not find a home in this land of liberty; that it could never thrive in this land of the free, and that the Church only flourished under a despotism that trod under foot all the exceed rights of humanity. Also that Catholics could not be good citizens because of their spiritual allegiance to the Pope. How the world stood aghast at the progress and advancement made, and in the face of such odds in this land of ours where we fling to the breeze the emblem of liberty to all. The idea that our allegiance to the Pope in spiritual matters debars us from being good citizens is rank nonsense. As the head on earth of the Catholic Church, the Pope himself teaches that the patriotism and loyalty of a citizen to his country are heaven-illuminated virtues.

"Whence this great vitality?" To understand this you must understand the

loyalty of a citizen to his country are beaven-illuminated virtues.

"Whence this great vitality?" To understand this you must understand the Church. Her body is eternal and her head cannot die. Christ is the heal and she is the body. The Church is the spouse of Christ. This I wish to impress upon you most forcibly. It is no new doctrins or new departure. We find it in St. Paul, who says "Christ is the creator and preserver of the church." Christ so loved this our holy Church that he gave his life and the last drop of blood to purify, preserve and seal its eternal union with himself.

"We need a guide through life to direct
us. If we are beasts of the field, expect
no salvation nor after life, there is no
need of a Church. But if you sak the
way to heaven you need a guide that
knows the pathway, an infallible guide,
an infallible Church, and this is the Roman
Catholic Church. Christ said he would
send the Holy Ghost to be with her for
all time. Therefore we must believe the
Church. Some will say, 'Have we not
the Bible?' We have. I love it. If any
man tells me the Church opposes the Bible
he tells me what is not the case. It is
nonsense. Every Catholic priest must
read this bible seven times a day, and if
any man says we oppose it he tells a falsehood. The Bible is a law book, God's
golden law to man, and like every other
law book requires an expounder or a court
from which there is no appeal."

A Maori Story.

Feeling extremely ill one day, William Thompson, the renowned Maori chieftsin, being at the time advanced in years, deemed it incumbent upon him to settle the succession to his supreme authority over the Maori nation. He had two grown up sons,—fine, spirited fellows,—and, with much shrewdness, he hit upon the following test of their respective capacities for rule. As he was lying on a couch by the open door of his house, he summoned them to him, and, addressing the elder of the two, exclaimed: "Shortland, take down my gun, and shoot that Antrim.

The attacks made at Pertrush, Ballyone year's rent, on behalf of the tenants,
the Misees Barry, being refused by the
landlord, Mr. Guinness, the bailiffs
and when an aperture was made
and when an aperture was made
and when an aperture was thrown out at them.

Then came stones, one of which hit Disfifteen constables with fixed bayonets

Antrim.

Antrim.

The attacks made at Pertrush, Ballymena and other places in the county
Antrim upon the excursion party of the
National Forester's from Belfast formed
the subject of questions by Mr. Sexton
at the end of the gable,
and when an aperture was made
the subject of commons on the 9th
instant. As an exemplification of the
way in which Irish affairs are managed
nowadays it is sufficient to remark that
Colonel King-Harman, himself an old
Orangeman, was charged with the duty of
grown-up sons,—fine, spirited fellows,—
and when an aperture was made
nowadays it is sufficient to remark that
Colonel King-Harman, himself an old
Orangeman, was charged with the duty of
fifteen constables with fixed bayonets

Orange rowdies. Of course, he endeavored of obeying his father's orders when Thompson's second son stepped forward, caught his brother's arm, and remonstrated with him, saying: "Why should you kill the man? What harm has he done to you, or for that you kill the man? What harm has he done to you, or, for that matter, to any of us?"—"Thou hast said well, my son," ejaculated the dying chief. "In thee I discern the true qualities requisit in rulers of men,—intelligence, prudence, and the love of justice. When I am dead thou shalt govern in my stead." And so it came to pass for a few hours later. thou shart govern in my stead. And so it came to pass; for, a few hours later, Thompson presented his second son to the elders of his nation as their future chief, and, upon his death, which occurred shortly afterwards, no attempt was made to dispute his choice of a successor.

What Inspires Prof. Tyndall's Protests.

Prof. Tyndall lets the cat out of the bag, it seems, to a writer in the Pall Mall, in his last letter against Mr. Gladstone. People have been smiling at the Professor's appearance now as a champion of the men of Ulater—"among whom," he says, "I learnt to read and love my Bible"—when not so many years ago the Presbytery of Belfast denounced him and all his works as "ignoring the existence of God, and advocating pure and simple materialism." But the explanation is very simple. When Prof. Tyndall republished his Belfast address, with a preface answering his assailants, he was comparatively merciful to the Protestants, and kept the rough side of this tongue for Cardinat Cullen and his "spiritual barriers" against science. And now, in his latest letter, he bids Ulster never to "submit to be ruled by the Romish priesthood of Ireland." There we have it. It is not that the agnostic loves Protestantism so much more.

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in all Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For Unitdren and the aged they are priceless.

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The Shamrock.

with the dew on its leaf, like a tear in its pity for man, it was culled from the of the beautiful meadows of Erin.

The thistle may do, for the braw tonn North; The rose of the Saxon is sweeter; The Welchman may value the leek at i

And the preacher who gave it a story.

Pwas at Tara, the saint made it holy blest, emblem forever to Erin, do let me pin it just here on your breast ere is not a posy so cheerin', r it speaks for your mother, and father

For it speaks for you.

It speaks of the land you were born in;
It tells of the beautiful voices that call,
From the earth to eternity's mornin'. t's a tougue that is preaching forev

The leaves of it could not be neater;
They are Faith, Hope and Charity, set on
Of its stem—there is nothing completer;
They are hearts, sure, as perfect as ever
were seen,
Will you buy? and God bless you this
morning
Ah there now you're decked with the lovelies green
That ever a breast was adorning.

FIVE-MINUTE SERMONS FOR EARLY MASSES By the Paulist Fathers.

seched in their Church of St. Paul the Apostle, Fifty-ninth street and Ninti avenue, New York City. THIRTEENTH SUNDAY AFTER PENTECOS

What shall I do with my child next year? To what school shall I send him?

year? To what school shall I send him? These are important questions that are being asked by the anxious parent during these days when the school terms is about to begin, and they must soon get a practical answer.

Of course it is the ardent wish of every good parent to give his child a thorough education, so that he might not only be ditted to cope with others in the race of life, but also to secure his eternal salvation. Both these objects must be secured by any education that is worth the name. A school that does not either teach the child to read, write and reckon well, or does not carefully train the child's soul, is no school at all, and should never be patronized by a parent should never be patronized by a parent who is sincerely anxious for his child's welfare. Both these aims are essential to a good education. Neither the one nor the other can be omitted without nor the other can be omitted without detriment to the child and culpable neglect on the part of the parent. The child's mind must be filled with knowledge, so that the child can earn a living for itself, and also, and even more particularly, its heart must be trained to virtue, so that it can do God's will in all things. Virtue can do God's will in all things. Virtue will not grow spontaneously in the child's heart. The heart is like a field child's heart. The heart is like a field where, if we want to have a crop, we must sow the seed and let it germinate and grow to maturity. It is then only that we can reap a harvest. So in the child's heart the seeds of virtue must be sown and tenderly nourished and cared for. Only after this has been done can we expect a harvest of Christian virtues in the child's coul.

soul.

This kind of an education that trains both heart and mind is only given nowadays in the Christian school.

There are other schools that may train

There are other schools that may train the child to read and write well, but they overlook the most important duty the child has—that is, the duty towards his God. They never instil into the child's heart sound principles of Christian morality. They teach him to be smart, but not honest. They teach him to be clever, but not dutiful. They teach him external respectability, but say nothing of what is vastly more important before Almights. vastly more important before Almighty God—internal cleanliness of heart. Blessed are the pure of heart, for they shall see God.

Knowing these things well, a good parent cannot long hesitate where to send his child. If he is within reach of a Christian school he fails in his duty to Almighty God if he does not send his child to that school,

Home training is very good, but in the peculiar state of affairs in this great city peculiar state of affairs in this great city
the home life seldom supplies an adequate amount of religious training to a
child. Practically, it is in the school
where it must be done, if done at all; for
there the child spends the best part of
the day; there the child's mind is being
developed, and the education of his heart
ought to go hand in hand with the
development of his mind; there the child
spends the best years of his youth, the
time that is peculiarly set apart for
learning. So that it is during this time,
while the child is at school, that he must
be taught his religion.

while the child is at school, that he must be taught his religion.

Sunday-school, too, may help, but two or three hours in the week, under the most favorable circumstances, with good teachers and excellent discipline, does not ordinarily suffice to deeply ingrain into a child's soul that most difficult of all

sciences.

Hence, dear parents; do you wish your children to grow up to be an honor to you ?—do you wish them to be good men and good women ?—do you wish them to be astrong staff on which you might lean be a strong staff on which you might lean when your own step will grow unsteady?—train them, then, to virtue when they are young; let the knowledge of their religion be thoroughly instilled into their mind; let their hearts be solidly anchored to the eternal principles of morality. This is best done nowadays by sending them to the Christian school. A wise paraent will not long heaitate, then, in deciding the question for himself where his child will go to school.

Consumption Surely Cured.

TO THE EDITOR-To the Editor—

Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above name dhease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently curd. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your eaders who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address.

Respectfully,

Dr. T. A. SLOCUM,

Branch Office, 37 Youge St., Toronto.