

COUNTY COUNCIL; WARM SESSION

Lively Debate Over Grant to the General Public Hospital.

THE ESTIMATES.

Councillor Lewis Reports on Hard Labor Prisoners and Receives a Vote of Thanks--Approves of Abolition of Statute Labor--Bay Shore Policeman Appointed.

The municipal council Tuesday passed the estimates, received a report on the hard labor prisoners, discussed hospital matters at great length, and transacted other business. Coun. A. W. Macrae was unanimously elected warden.

Warden Lowell presided at the opening, and there were present Coun. Cochran, Thompson, Jones, Lee, Gregory, Kelly, Thompson, Jones, Lee, Holder, White, Dailey, Macrae, Beckley, Lamb, Diley, Macrae, Robinson, McQuinn, Carleton, Brannan, County Secretary Vincent, Auditor J. A. Magilton and Marshal Goughlan. On motion of Coun. Cochran and Coun. Macrae was unanimously elected warden.

Warden Lowell, before retiring, thanked the council for its courtesy and support during the past year. Referring to the experiment of making hard labor prisoners perform actual work, he said it had no reduced the number of prisoners in the jail. There was an average of 43 last year and now there are 50 prisoners in the jail. In his opinion, if the police magistrate made the fines smaller, and let more prisoners pay and go, it would be better for the municipality.

Warden Macrae thanked the council for electing him. He referred to the valuable work done by the council last year in connection with the hospital, and to the legislation relating to the hospital act. The council's committee had succeeded in getting this municipality exempt from the provisions of the provincial hospital act. In reply to a question by Coun. Kelly, Secretary Vincent stated that in this municipality the penalties still had the power to continue the system of statute labor, but the committee which went to Fredericton pledged the municipality to abolish statute labor. That they did not do so the provincial hospital act would have been applied to this county.

After reading of the minutes the appointment of municipal officers was taken up, but the committee which went to Fredericton pledged the municipality to abolish statute labor. That they did not do so the provincial hospital act would have been applied to this county.

Finance Committee's Report.

They recommended the following assessments on the same conditions as last year: For contingencies, \$17,500.00; Alma house and work house, \$2,000.00; General Public Hospital, \$2,000.00; Local board of health, \$4,500.00; Debtors--Interest and sinking fund, \$1,000.00; Alma house, 2nd series, \$1,000.00; Hospital improvements, \$1,500.00; Isolation Hospital, \$500.00; Goal improvements, \$500.00; Total, \$27,500.00.

The committee recommended payment of bills submitted, and also that the salary of Samuel Clifford and W. J. Cunningham be increased \$100 each; and that the valuation of certain property of C. H. Peters' Sons in Simonds be reduced for taxation purposes from \$9,000 to \$7,000. The report was taken up section by section. It was stated that the general assessment is nearly \$3,000 more than last year. The first section was laid over. The section relating to payment of bills passed. It was stated that the salaries of the jail turnkeys was not \$500, and the report recommended an increase of \$100 for each. Coun. Kelly moved that the increase be \$50. Nobody seconded this motion. Several councillors spoke strongly in favor of an increase of \$100, and it was so decided.

The last section of the report was adopted, and the council returned to consideration of the first section. The item for contingencies passed, as well as that for almshouse and workhouse, the latter with a request to the commissioners to keep within their income. Before taking up the hospital item...

Celluloid Starch. Never Sticks. Requires no Cooking. The Finest Starch Works Limited, Bradford, Ontario.

Auditor's Statement.

St. John, N. B., May 10, 1904. To the Warden and Members of the Municipality of the City and County of St. John: Gentlemen: The receipts and expenditures for the year 1903 have been placed in your hands. To the following accounts I would call your attention: Contingent you will find overdrawn \$2,274. This overdraft is small considering the large amount paid on account of small-pox, no special assessment having been made.

Table with columns for Receipts and Expenditures. Receipts include Taxes, City of St. John, and Balance due Bank of New Brunswick. Expenditures include General Public Hospital, Improvement Account, and Goal Account.

Receipts over expenditures, \$4,701.74. Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1903, \$4,701.74. Total, \$9,403.48. Expenditures over receipts, \$4,701.74. Balance on hand Dec. 31, 1903, \$4,701.74. Total, \$9,403.48.

The increased cost in 1903 is accounted for by the sheriff having to provide better food for the hard labor prisoners for 1903. The cost of the hard labor prisoners for 1903 June to December: Guards, \$1,824.48; Cooks, \$1,824.48; Showers, \$1,824.48; Extra food, \$1,824.48; Total, \$7,297.92.

Warden Macrae said that the commissioners must have the balance on hand or they could not conduct the hospital on business principles. They would simply have to borrow money. The large amount on hand at Dec. 31st had to carry them over till the next grants were received. They had to pay out money every day. Coun. Fowles said that as he understood it, Coun. Maxwell wanted the commissioners to reduce the surplus of \$14,000 they had on Dec. 31st. He thought that was a fair proposition.

Coun. Maxwell spoke again, agreeing with this statement, and declaring that with the \$14,000 on hand on Dec. 31st, and a grant of \$18,000, with their other receipts they would have this year over \$45,000. Coun. White said this was an absurd statement. Warden Macrae said it would be unfortunate if the commissioners were placed in a position where they would have to borrow money before the receipts for the year were available. The amendment was voted down, 15 to 6, and the section of the report recommending a grant of \$20,000 was adopted. Only Coun. Maxwell and Holder of the city men voted to reduce the grant.

The rest of the section was adopted, with the change that the item for Lancaster police was increased to \$800. The report was adopted as amended.

Hospital Requirements.

Estimate of funds required for support of the General Public Hospital, for the current year: Salaries and wages, including visiting staff, \$10,750.00; Coupon interest, 200.00; Sinking fund, 200.00; Water tax, 2,283.50; Instruments and surgical appliances, 2,250.00; Drugs, including ligatures and dressings, 3,000.00; Provisions, 7,800.00; Fuel and power, 1,500.00; Dry goods, 800.00; Furnishings, 1,200.00; Laundry, 200.00; Bursaries, 150.00; Stationery, printing, 200.00; Contingencies unforeseen, 1,000.00; Total, \$32,123.50.

Considering these items, Coun. White declared that in every way the statement of the commissioners was made up consistent with economy. They could not get along with less money than they were asked for. There has been a proposal, but more nurses and a lady superintendent and a lady superintendent must be provided for the hospital. There is now another story to the building. There must be more servants and an increase in other ways. Every dollar spent has to be repaid, and the recommendation, not of the commissioners, but of the royal commission, must be followed. More apparatus must be had. There is a great increase in the surgical work. Coun. White took up the various items and defended them with ability and force. The nurses' home must have a large amount of new furniture to provide for the increase from 12 to 24. With regard to the increase in the cost of rooms for private patients to \$4 per week, he said he had done to decrease the number of such patients, and not to get more revenue. In his opinion, the increase in the cost of patients, if Coun. Maxwell knew all the facts he would say that every dollar asked for by the commissioners is actually needed, and the institution would be ruined by economy. What is asked is in the interests of the institution. The surplus referred to by Coun. Maxwell was simply the money in hand on Dec. 31st, when the hospital began to come in. All contracts are awarded by public tender. Coun. Maxwell said that all he understood was that the municipality, which has issued bonds for \$21,000 to improve the hospital. He contended that Coun. White's remarks did not justify a grant now of \$20,000, when they had so large a surplus on hand. Granting that they would have to carry on with an ample sum to meet every requirement.

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Dawson City Man Arrested at St. Louis.

Isaac Burpee Charged With Fraud in the Yukon.

It is said Prisoner Debraud His Partners in Business and Then Quit the Dominion Government Will Have Him Extradited. Montreal, May 11--(Special)--A special from St. Louis says: Isaac Burpee, of Dawson City, a Yukon fugitive of justice, has been arrested here at the instance of the Canadian government represented here by the chief of the federal police, Colonel Percy Sherwood.

The case is not one in which the government is interested beyond preserving the good name of the Yukon Territory as a place for maintaining law and order. Burpee was in business with some parties near Dawson. His partners say that he defrauded them and left for the outside. He was traced to the United States and Colonel Sherwood, chief of the Dominion police, is now in St. Louis arranging for his extradition, so that he can be taken back to Dawson to stand trial.

EX-QUEENS SENTENCED. Six royal widows, found guilty of the murder of another royal widow, have been sentenced to death at the Swaziland criminal court. The six widows, upon the death of the king, married his brother. The seventh, however, declined to accept this arrangement. According to the evidence for the defence, she not only refused the marriage, but asserted that the other women would have no children. So, having sent a little sister to fetch her, she executed her husband's will, and she killed her with stones. A policeman who was fetched from the country to see the bodies of the royal widows standing some distance off. To Dr. Perkins, of the South African Constabulary, they promptly admitted their guilt.

Tracy Items. Tracy, N. B., May 11--(Special)--Miss Georgia Stein left for Massachussetts to enter Harding Hospital to train for a nurse. On account of the special services at Fredericton Junction, they are being held by Hays, Daggett and Paul, there has been no service here for the last two Sabbaths. The family of Oscar Tracy has been increased by the arrival of a little boy, Oliver Tracy, and family left for St. Croix on Thursday, the 9th inst., where they will take charge of the post office and a store.

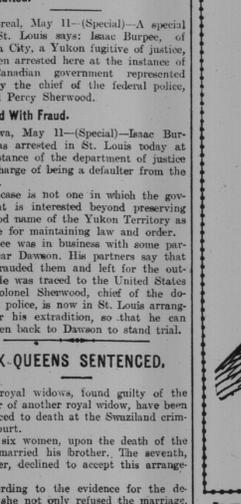
Mrs. T. Watson, of Fort Fairfield, daughter of Squire Tracy, arrived on Friday to visit relatives here. Mr. Moreson, who has been visiting relatives here for the last couple of months, expects to return to Sydney next week. The river driving this year has been rather difficult, however, Smith Bros. have got their logs safe to the boom, but Fred Phillips, who has a large drive in the Moreson, has been obliged to tie it up.

St. Martins Items. St. Martins, May 11--(Special)--A small scale is in progress, not much being done yet. Stream driving on Irish river has been slow owing to the low water. Messrs. Fowles & White have completed the cut at the Mashier mill pond, West Queno, and are moving their mill to West Queno. James Delong is doing a rushing business at Vaughan's creek repairing schooners.

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SYSTEMIC CATARRH

Claims Many Thousands. A Tragedian's Thanks to Peruna.



ROBERT DOWNING, THE FAMOUS TRAGEDIAN.

In speaking of Peruna Robert Downing, the famous tragedian, says: "I find Peruna a preventative against all sudden summer chills that swoop upon one in changing climates and water. It is the finest traveling companion and safeguard against malarial influences. 'You may notice that persons in poor health always find the heat most intolerable; this I avoid by using Peruna. I know by the thermometer that the heat is hot, yet I have felt the heat less than summer has ever."

"The cooling action of Peruna on the mucous membrane makes it invaluable to actors and singers, as it does away with that tendency to sudden hoarseness so apt to overtake one on emerging from a hot dressing room to a draughty stage. "To sum it up, Peruna has done me more good than any tonic I have ever taken."--Robert Downing.

Dr. Hartman was the first physician in the United States to accurately describe systemic catarrh. His remedy Peruna, the only systemic catarrh remedy yet devised, is now known all over the civilized world. A person having used it once can never be persuaded to without it when in need of such a remedy. Write for a copy of Dr. Hartman's latest book entitled "Systemic Catarrh." Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

Structure Valued at \$250,000 and Contents \$400,000. Fort William, Ont., May 12--C. P. R. elevator "B" was totally destroyed by fire, which broke out at 1 o'clock this morning. The elevator was built in 1888 and had a capacity of 1,200,000 bushels. The building, which was of wood, was of a type technically known as terminal transfer elevator for unloading railway cars and loading lake vessels and had 13 elevator legs and all necessary machinery, cleaning machines, etc., and was operated by a 1,000 horse power engine. The elevator was valued at \$250,000. The loss of half a million bushels of grain stored in the elevator will bring the total loss up to \$350,000.

FAVOR PROPOSED UNION OF CHURCHES

Methodists and Presbyterian Clergymen of Sydney Endorse the Idea.

Sydney, N. S., May 11--(Special)--At a largely attended union meeting of the Methodist and Presbyterian congregations held in this city tonight the following resolution was unanimously passed: Resolved, that this meeting consisting of the clergymen, office-bearers and the members of the Presbyterian and the Methodist churches of the city of Sydney, believing that the proposed union of the Congregational, Presbyterian and Methodist churches in Canada, would be for the common good of our beloved country, would facilitate the spread of the Kingdom of God and would also be in accord with the mind of Christ. Hereby gives expression to its hearty approval of the principle of the organic union of the above named churches, and hopes that the said union may be accomplished with no more delay than will be necessary to secure the solidity and permanence of the same.

The resolution was spoken strongly in favor of by several of the Methodist and Presbyterian clergymen in the city. Orchardist Expert at Sussex. Sussex, N. B., May 10--W. C. Archibald, orchardist, of Wallace (N. S.), is here on business. Mr. Archibald has several contracts in Sussex and vicinity in horticultural work.

GENERAL VACCINATION ORDERED IN TRURO. Truro, N. S., May 11--(Special)--Mayor McKean, the smallest patient, is being nursed at his home, Brookside, and the house is under strict quarantine, so is the American Hotel and all parties who have been in contact with McKean are under quarantine there. The board of health has ordered a general vaccination of the residents of the town over three months old, who have not been successfully vaccinated within seven years.

Milions who were sick--like you, perhaps--are well today because of Liquezone. The first bottle free; will you try it? Mere people use Liquezone now than use medicine. Yet, thousands still use drugs to cure germ troubles--to do what drugs can do. If you are one of them, won't you let us give you a bottle of Liquezone and give it to you?

We Paid \$100,000. For the American rights to Liquezone, because it kills germs in the body without killing the tissues too. There is nothing else known which will do that. Any drug that kills germs is a poison, and it cannot be taken internally. Medicine cannot destroy the cause of a germ trouble. Liquezone is so certain that we publish an every bottle an offer of \$100,000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill. The reason is that germs are vegetables, and Liquezone--like an excess of oxygen gas--is deadly to vegetables. Liquezone invariably destroys the germ, wherever they are, and it is the most vital thing in the world.

Acts Like Oxygen. The value of Liquezone lies in the fact that it does not oxygenate the blood, the nerve food, the life food, the scavenger of the blood. It is the source of vitality, the most essential element of life. There would be no nerves, no impulse blood, no muscle fibers if we could get into the blood an excess of oxygen. But oxygen is a gas, and unstable. An excess cannot be held in the blood. In the making of Liquezone we get the virtues of 1,250 cubic inches of the gas into one cubic foot of liquid. The gas is derived in large part from the best oxygen producers. The process of making takes 14 days. The result is a wonderful product, stable and concentrated, holding all the virtues of the gas. It goes into the blood, to go wherever the blood goes. No germ can escape it, and it will kill it. But Liquezone is more than a germicide. Oxygen is Nature's greatest tonic, and Liquezone is a vitalizer which no one else knows how to compound. It not only destroys the cause of a germ trouble, but it quickly repairs all the damage which the germ has done, restorative to the system, and gives it new life.

Cut Out This Coupon. For the offer may not appear again, fill out the blanks and mail it to the Liquid Ozone Co., 458-460 Wabash Ave., Chicago. My disease is... I have never tried Liquezone or Fowler's Liquid Ozone, but if you will supply me a 50c. bottle free I will take it. Liquezone was formerly known in Canada as Fowler's Liquid Ozone.