

versity,* for the education and instruction of youth and students in arts and faculties, to continue for ever."

A Provincial Act to incorporate the Governors of King's College, repealing the Act of 1788, received the Royal Sanction in the year 1853. It contains provisions for the appointment and incorporation of Governors of the College, and that the Royal Charter of Incorporation shall not be affected by it.

The Patron of the University is the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury to whose approbation "all statutes, rules and ordinances" of the Board of Governors are subject.

The Board of Governors consists of the Lord Bishop of Nova Scotia for the time being, who is *ex-officio* Visitor of the University and President of the Board, and twelve Governors who must be members of the Church of England.

Two of the present Governors are life members of the Board, and the remaining ten are elected, two in each successive year, by the Incorporated Alumni of King's College. At the demise of the life Governors, the whole of the members of the Board with the exception of its President will be the representatives of the Incorporated Alumni, two retiring each year and two being elected at the annual meeting in June.

The Incorporated Alumni of King's College is a Society formed in 1846 for the purpose of sustaining the College and the Collegiate School by pecuniary assistance, either "towards the maintenance and support of the Teachers therein, or in such other way as may best conduce to the end which they have in view."

The Society has presented to the Board of Governors, in trust for the University and College, a handsome and spacious stone building for a Library and Museum, besides numerous donations of books, minerals, and fossils. It has also annually contributed towards the payment of the salaries of some of the professors in the College, and of some of the teachers of the Collegiate School.

* This University was founded by Act of Parliament, in 1788, under the title of King's College, of Nova Scotia. A Royal Charter was granted by George III., in 1802.