

Arrival of the "China."

New York, May 22.—Steamship China from Liverpool 8th, via Queenstown, 9th, arrived at 8 a. m.

American affairs receive little comment. The Times expatiates on the importance of the capture of Vicksburg and Port Hudson, and says it would open the Mississippi to the West, diminish the dissatisfaction there, and enable the Federals to claim one more of the real victories of the war.

Loss of the Anglo Saxon caused painful sensation.

Vessel and cargo, mostly tea, insured in Liverpool at twelve pounds on hull and twelve shillings on cargo.

Polish question unchanged. Fighting continued.

Breadstuffs dull and downward tendency. Flour declined six pence. Little doing in provisions. Produce steady.

A New York letter in the Morning Herald asserts that the Federal Government is appropriating three million dollars to convey 120,000 Irishmen to America.

In the House of Commons the con. of Mr. Christie, the British Minister at Brazil, and Gen. Webb's attack upon him was debated. Lord Palmerston and others defended Christie.

Palmerston made some very uncomplimentary reflections on Webb, and said his letter to Earl Russell was treated with the disregard it merited, and if written by a British diplomatist would be sufficient ground for instant dismissal.

Italian affairs were debated, and some severe strictures passed on the Italian Government.

In the House of Lords Earls Shaftesbury and Horwby strongly demanded that the Russian policy towards Poland should be asserted. Separation was the only remedy.

Russell expressed great confidence in the humanity of the Czar. The question of separation might involve a costly war, which England would be loth to engage in without the most pressing necessity. He believed public opinion of Europe would influence the Russian government to restore the Polish constitution. It was reported that the Brazilian Minister in London had been instructed to demand an explanation and if unsatisfactory, diplomatic relations will be suspended.

The French Corps Legislatif have dissolved.

The elections are fixed for the 31st of May and 1st. The Paris Bourse closed dull at 95 5/8. The Polish question was unchanged. It is again asserted that Napoleon will pursue his object alone if obliged to do so, and the insurgents confidently rely upon his assistance. Numerous engagements are reported with varying success. It is reported that the French Minister Marine has been ordered to ports on the Atlantic to receive the Swedish fleet.

Arrival of the Asia.

HALIFAX, May 25th, 1863

Asia, Shannon, Liverpool 16th, Queenstown, 17th arrived at Halifax, 8:30, 25th. Has 26 Halifax and 41 London passengers. Passed the Persia, 4 p. m., 16th, three miles west of Skerries. The Great Eastern passed Queenstown Harbour on the afternoon of the 17th.

Latest via Liverpool, Evening 16th.—Persia's news eagerly canvassed to day generally regarded as judicious. No effect in London, but in Liverpool rather depressed cotton and strengthened breadstuffs.

Jamaica letters by West India Mail, report that on 7th April a sea fight took place off Pedro Bluff between a large war steamer, strikingly like the Alabama, and three other vessels. Heavy firing was heard at nine in the morning, and vessels were seen distinctly from the shore pouring broadsides into each other. Firing lasted till about 2 o'clock in the afternoon. No particulars known.

Parliamentary estimates for postal subsidies to be moved in Commons on the 18th; they include £250,000 for Galway line, commencing from the 1st of July next.

Reported that Capt. Bullock was to leave Liverpool on the 16th for the Clyde, to take command of another rebel cruiser, ready for departure in that river.

Army and Navy Gazette says that Federal effort in London to raise loan have not been successful.

LIVERPOOL, VIA QUEENSTOWN, 17th.—Paris bourse heavy, rents 69.55. News mesage and unimportant. Bank minimum advanced to 3 1/2 on 16th. Consols 93 1/4 a 93 1/8. Cotton, downward tendency, under Persia's news.

Breadstuffs firmer. Provisions quiet.

FROM THE STATES.

BANGOR, May 21.

Grant officially informs of capture of Jackson and enemy's retreat towards Vicksburg.

Information continues of great contraband trade at Matamoros.

Two Federal regiments reported firing into each other at Suffolk by mistake; number killed and wounded.

Two companies New York mounted Volunteers suddenly attacked and were badly cut up.

Democratic mass meeting at Indianapolis was attended with much disturbance. Vallandigham arrest was denounced. Trains of excursionists leaving the city fired on the Soldier's home. Military authorities stopped train and took away about five hundred revolvers. Forty or fifty arrests were made during the day for carrying concealed weapons, shouting for Jeff. Davis, &c.

Reported President approves finding

Court Martial in Wallingham's case and orders him to be sent South.

May 22.

Syracuse Courier says Mrs. Vallandigham has become insane.

Refugees from the rear of Cumberland Gap confirm increased Confederate force at the Gap, and along the line, but deny evidences of great Confederate invasion from that quarter.

Union Leagues of Western Pennsylvania have been very active the past few days. Meetings held and accessions received from the Democrats.

Office of the Monitor, Democratic paper, at Huntington, Penn., destroyed; material thrown into the street.

Key West letter mentions forty captured Union men on the 16th, near Edwards Depot, and after hours hard fighting was compelled to fall back behind Big Black River. General Tilgham was killed.

Mobile Advertiser says, battle judiciously fought. Federal loss reported 600. Other Confederate account admit Gen. Grant defeated Johnston, and several railroad bridges across Big Black River destroyed, cutting off Vicksburg from supplies and reinforcements.

Confederate papers state that forces from all parts South are on march to reinforce Johnston.

Bridge over Big Black River held by 5,000 Federals, with instructions to destroy in case they are unable to retain it.

Vallandigham sent South, via Louisville, May 23.

A New Orleans arrival brings news of bombardment of Port Hudson on nights of 8th, 9th and 10th. Federal vessels uninjured. Result not given. Good news promised soon.

All colored regiments in Banks Department have been turned over to Gen. Ullman. In addition to present regiments there are 2500 recruits in camp.

Ullman would immediately proceed to organize corps d'armee under white officers.

Grant's operations do not differ from Confederate report. He is believed master of situation.

Reported that Army of Potomac changed its line before Fredericksburg to a point more convenient for the protection of Washington.

Hooker's headquarters some miles nearer capital. Also said Hooker is fully reinforced.

May 25.

Reports from Gen. Grant's operations are defeat of Confederates in five battles, three of which have been already mentioned.

May 16th fought bloody and decisive battle at Baker's Creek against Pemberton's entire force from Vicksburg, capturing 4000 men, 29 cannon.

May 17th defeated same force at Big Black River bridge, capturing 3000 men 17 cannon.

May 18th invested Vicksburg closely. General Steele carrying rifle pits north of city.

Pemberton there with about 20,000; can nonading closed there 20th.

Later despatch says Stars and Stripes float over Vicksburg and victory complete. Grants operations to 20th reported as five battles, 64 cannon, 9000 prisoners.

News from Mexico: French compelled to raise siege of Puebla and retire to await reinforcements.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

We have received our usual advices from this place the latest dates are to the 14th ult. Two most atrocious and coldblooded outrages had been committed by the Indians on the coast within a distance of thirty miles of Victoria, by which three persons lost their lives, and a fourth seriously, if not fatally wounded. The aborigines in this local ity appear to have no fear of the law, nor hesitation in shooting a poor settler for the sake of the musket he carries, or the coat he wears.

The Colonist, in noticing a riot on the streets of Victoria, says that "the combatants went into the work with as good will as it was Sunday." New Governors are to be appointed for British Columbia and Vancouver's Island. The rush of miners to Victoria carrying from 100 to 250 passengers. Immense hauls on Williams Creek are reported; some claims are said to yield 200 ounces of gold per day. The Stickeen country is not now mentioned, only a few old miners remain there. No arrivals of gold are mentioned. The "Colonist" says—

"Cariboo still attracts all who can find any means to go there and will continue to do so. Late accounts (said to be perfectly reliable) report that Diller & Co., on Williams Creek, are taking out from 200 to 700 ounces of gold per day. Other Companies, such as the Canadian, were likewise yielding enormously. The miners were arriving at Richfield, Williams Creek, from Victoria, in great numbers, and along the road going thither were hundreds more. A great exodus of the winter population of Victoria has occurred—all left for the mines. Flour at Richfield was \$1 per pound; at Forks of Quennelle fifty cents. There was a good deal of snow on the upper part of the route

to the mines, but it was a well beaten track. The Government intend to commence at once to make a trail from Alexandria through into the mines. The work will be under the charge of the Royal Engineers. It is much to be regretted that Government has failed to accept the proposal of the Chamber of Commerce to put on a gold escort, inasmuch as large quantities of gold lie in Cariboo without any facilities to bring it down. Consequently an unusual tightness in the money market is likely to continue here till fall.—[Globe.]

THE CONFEDERATE RAID IN WEST VIRGINIA. [From the Richmond Whig.]

The Lynchburg Republican has intelligence that Gen. Jones was entirely successful in his raid upon the enemy, which has been already noticed. Gen. Jones has returned to the valley, bringing with him two thousand horses and mules, one thousand head of cattle, and five hundred of sheep, and six hundred prisoners, who reached Staunton Saturday by way of the Central Railroad.

During his raid Gen. Jones visited both Maryland and Pennsylvania, tore up and destroyed the track of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad in several places, and also seriously damaged the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, so much so as to make it useless for several months to come. In conjunction with the destruction of the trust work across the Cheat river, accomplished by General Imboden, the damage done to the railroad is great, and will embarrass the enemy's means of transportation on that line for a long time to come. The Yankees, after this exploit of Gen. Jones, when contrasted with their abortive efforts at raid by Stoneman, had better quit the business. They are not fitted for it.

BARRELS OF WHISKY.—According to the testimony of General Butler, given before the Committee on the Conduct of the War, the guns of the soldiers in the Army are used for other purposes than scattering death and minie bullets among the ranks of the enemy. The General testified that the picket guard sent from Fort Monroe would leave sober, and come back drunk.

Through a strict search failed to discover liquor in their possession. At last, it was discovered that the barrels of the guns contained a full supply of whiskey. The contents of the guns, when carried in this manner, were more likely to be discharged into the stomachs of those who bore them than into the ranks of the enemy; and prove that of all barrels attached to the stock of a musket, a whiskey barrel in the worst.

The enrollment under the Conscription Act will commence immediately. Instructions are daily expected by the various Provost Marshals. The enrollment list will include all men between the ages of eighteen and forty five; and under the law, no regard whatever will be paid to the exemptions heretofore granted; all persons claiming disability, or non-liability, must substantiate their claims after the enrollment has been effected.—[Am. paper.]

The Burnside Rifles attempted to desert in a body from Camp Sprague, Staten Island, on Wednesday. A fight ensued—one was killed and others wounded. Twenty eight of mutineers escaped, who were afterwards captured and put in irons at Governor's Island.

SHIP LAUNCH.—The first of Mr. Alex. Anderson's vessels, it is said, will be launched from his building yard at the Railway terminus to-morrow, Thursday.

ATTENTION.—By reference to the advertising columns it will be seen, that Colonel Boyd has ordered out the 1st Battalion C. C. Militia, on the 20th inst. Many of the Officers and men who were present at the last training—have been removed by death.

The St. John Morning Telegraph appears to be flourishing; and it is not surprising that it should, when such an amount of original matter, on the leading topics of the day—the latest news, English and Foreign, and almost every occurrence of interest is sure to find a place in the "Telegraph," at the earliest moment. Now all this enterprise costs a considerable amount of money, and deserves to be liberally patronized. The editor says in his advertisement that the paper is independent—well, in our view it is; for he will not even "spoil a joke for relations sake"—and his jokes are generally spiced with a sarcasm which carries weight with it. The selections are both interesting and instructive. He sometimes hits his contemporaries a smart rap over the knuckles for their tergiversations, but he does so, in proper spirit, and his off hand style takes well with the people. Our remarks are by no means intended to laud the "Telegraph" at the expense of other contemporaries, which we have noticed at various times, but are given as an act of justice to an enterprising and independent contemporary.

The Parkfield, which was wrecked on the ledge at Grand Manan, had a general cargo of English merchandise on board, valued at 75,000. The hull and cargo, was sold by auction on Monday last for \$328; Mr. Cline, the pilot, was the purchaser, and will doubtless make a good speculation.—[Courier.]

The News and Globe both think the gen-

eral interests would be better served if the Directors of the Mechanics' Institute would use their influence in favor of the Provincial Exhibition, instead of endeavoring to get up a local one in opposition.

The Globe says that this year the firing for the Prince of Wales Cup will take place at the new ranges, near Bunker's Hotel, Loch Lomond.

A meeting of the Graduates of the University of New Brunswick was held last week, when a society was formed, and office bearers chosen for the year.

We are requested to state that the International Circus will be here within a few weeks.

On the 19th after a short and painful illness, which she bore with Christian resignation to the Divine will, Henrietta Ann, eldest daughter of Sarah and Joseph Alexander.

At St. John on 22d inst., Stephen Wiggins, Esq., in the 82d year of his age.

Whom it may concern, NOTICE is hereby given, that His Excellency, the Hon. Arthur Hamilton Gordon, the Lieut. Governor, will officially visit this County on Wednesday the 27th inst.

His Excellency will hold a levee at the Court House in St. Andrews, on Thursday the 28th inst., at 12 o'clock, when all clerical, military and other gentlemen, are respectfully requested to attend, to be presented.

TIMOTHY JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte. St. Andrews, May 26, 1863.

Militia Notice!

The first Battalion Charlotte County Militia under my command are hereby ordered to assemble at the West Block House in St. Andrews for inspection on Saturday the 20th June, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. Captains and officers in command of Companies will give due notice to their respective companies of the time and place of assembling of all the men belonging to the first Battalion, between the ages of 18 and 45.

JAMES BOYD, Lieut. Colonel, Commanding 1st Batta. Charlotte Co. Militia, St. Andrews, May 26, 1863.

Valuable Building Lot.

The Subscriber has been authorized to sell at Public Auction, on Monday, the 22d day of June next, that elegantly situated building lot at the Western end of the Town, formerly the property of the late Mr. Ingram; the lot is forty feet on Water-street and running 160 feet to the rear, the old building included. An undisputed title will be given. Terms made known at the sale.

JAMES BOYD, St. Andrews, May 26, 1863.

The Supreme Court, In Equity.

Before the Master of the Rolls. Between THOMAS A. WALKER, DAVID JOHNSON, and CHARLES WALKER, Plaintiffs, and The New Brunswick and Canada Railway and Land Company, (limited), Defendants.

WHEREAS the Plaintiffs on the thirtieth day of January last obtained an order of Injunction.

Now upon motion made unto this Court by Mr. Street of Counsel for the defendants on Tuesday the fifth instant (of which motion due notice had been given) and upon hearing Mr. Fraser and Mr. Allen of counsel for the Plaintiffs and what was alleged on both sides.

This Court doth now order that the said order of Injunction be dissolved and that the defendants costs be costs in the cause.

By the Court, W. CARMAN.

THE "Morning Telegraph"

Is published at St. John N. B., on TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, and SATURDAYS.

At \$2.50 per annum, in advance. Half and quarter year subscriptions at a proportionate price.

THE WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, is issued every THURSDAY EVENING.

Subscription price only \$1 per annum, in advance.

The "Telegraph" is independent, but not neutral, in politics; furnishes interesting and reliable summaries of European, American and Colonial news; and gives considerable prominence to purely local matters. Its circulation is daily extending both in City and Country, and even now is scarcely second to any New Brunswick Journal.

Persons not at present subscribers are respectfully requested to send for specimen copies of the Tri-Weekly or Weekly edition. Office—100 Prince William Street, St. John. May 27—1m

JOHN F. STEVENSON, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office next door to Union Store in the same building. Residence over his Office. St. Andrews, May 27, 1863.

Stage Act

THE Subscriber not established a convenient Covered Carriage Steamboats and Hotels.

Persons will be taken those desirous of being signify their wish on his and Bradford's Hotel.

He is open to any use of his carriage, not undertaking.

May 14, 1863.

NOT

ALL persons having estate of William censed, are requested to ested within three months, indebted are requested, ment to St. George, May 12, 1863.

St. An. Valuable Tract of Land Parish of St. MOORE

A Tract of Land more or less 2, of Westworths Division Grant, adjoint granted to Francis L. Apply to

M. EAL.—100 Bags (May 5th 1863.)

Valuable Property THAT desirable House and Queen street residence of C. W. W. Buildings fully partial client well on the preing building lots viz N vision, No 8 letter S1 Victoria terrace.

Also several eligible ern end of the town, a on application to the Lawrence Station.

These properties for sale, previous to the 4th sold at Public Auction. Terms liberal. May 6, 1863—4ms.

CA Mrs. KENDALL Quebec, will open a St. Andrews, on Frida branches connected with le taught.

The most satisfactory for parties interested. P of study, can be obtain Kendall, or the Rev. W St Andrews.

ARRANGEMENT THROUGH AROOSTOOK ISLE, HOI WOODST

NEW BRUNSWICK International To New York, ST. JOHN AND C

TRAINS will leave Rock Station each FRIDAY, at 9 a. m., returning, will leave MONDAY at 3 a. m. Train can take Boat sail and the following days Through Fares each Woodstock Station to

do. do. do. do. O. JONES, Sup't.

ASSESSOR

NOTICE is hereby gi Assessors of Rate n St. Andrews, in the receive, until 27th day o in writing, from all wh for the current year i of the real and personal they possess.

J. LOCHYER, B. R. FITZGERALD, JAS. McFARLAN, St. Andrews, April 28

THE F PROVIDED a suffici is obtained, the month of June next, be voted chiefly to Agricult Farmer, a specimen nu before the Public.

Subscription price \$1 As "The Farmer" will vidual support, it is op cultural progress will im The columns of "The by the contributions of s writers in the Province.

C. F. Fredericton, April, 1.

10 BBL Illuminat For sale low. April 21st 1863.