

## FROM THE STATES.

**Boston, May 26.**  
At a meeting of the Board of Health to-day it was voted to destroy all clothing from small pox and cholera cases; they recommended the issue of all mineral waters except good soda water.

The Express states that from January to the time of the Eastport fiasco \$180,000 were received by O'Mahony, of which \$50,000 were sent to Ireland, the remaining \$130,000 being spent here.

The captain and crew of the brig F. H. Parker, from St. John to Porto Rico, arrived here to-day on the ship Harpswell. The Parker capsized at sea and the crew were on the wreck seven days without food except a little flour.

**Fortress Monroe, 25th.**—Instructions from Washington were received this morning by Major General Miles, to give Jeff. Davis on his parole, the freedom of the fort, retiring to his room at night. Shear and O'Connor, his counsel, have been allowed access to the fort and private interviews with him at any time.

**Toronto, C. W., 25th.**—The counsel for the Cornwall prisoners charged with Fenianism, applied to the Court of Common Pleas for a writ of Habeas Corpus. The Chief Justice promised judgment to-morrow.

**Gold 137 1/2.**

**New York, May 26.**

Steamship "Saxonia," with Southampton dates to 16th inst., arrived.

In House of Commons, on 14th, Mr. Gladstone introduced the second reading of "Scots" Bill, and said it was the general wish of the House that the two bills be combined. Government acceded to motion. Bill was read a second time.

The Times says the number of deaths from cholera in Liverpool is increasing. Dr. Ross, of the "Herald," is dead. Three more emigrants are dead. Cholera had appeared at New Depot at Bankhall, and five patients have been removed to workhouse.

**LONDON, May 14.**—Panle is over-no more failures are reported. Bank refused to make advances on Consols. Consols closed at 86 1/2 a 86 3/4.

Military preparations and patriotic demonstrations continue. War was considered imminent. Departure of Vienna garrison for Echemba had commenced. Substitution money for military exemption has been abolished. Patriotic appeals were being made for contributions for formation of Volunteer corps; in consequence, Baron Wertheimer had an interview with Mensdorf, when he declared he should leave Vienna immediately.

**May 28.**

City of Boston, with Liverpool dates to 17th has arrived.

In both Houses of Parliament the bombardment of Valparaiso has been noticed in terms of indignation, but the neutral attitude of the British admiral was defended and fully endorsed by the Government.

The English press and people loudly denounce this act of Spain.

Fenian Bros. of Liverpool, have suspended. Liabilities heavy, but the assets are considerably in excess.

Three other suspensions are reported.

The Owl says the conduct of the United States in relation to the Fenian agitation in Ireland has been most satisfactory.

Breadstuffs, steady. Provisions, inactive, except lard which is firmer.

Consols 86 1/2 a 87 1/2. U. S. 5-20's 68.

**Gold 137 1/2.**

**Confederation Principles.**

The following extract from a letter of Dr. Rogers, Roman Catholic Bishop of Chatham, published in the "Freeman," are worthy of an attentive perusal. There is a genuine loyal feeling breathed throughout the Bishops' letter. He argues—

When, therefore, a great measure calculated to develop and consolidate our Colonial prosperity as well as promote Imperial interests is proposed and earnestly recommended by the Parent State for our adoption, it is, in my opinion, one of the greatest arguments in its favor. Nay, I go further, and say, that, considering the past and present relationship between us and the Mother Country, it is our duty to acquiesce. Do we owe nothing to the Mother that bore us? That gave us territorial and political existence—whose sons fought and bled, whose statesmen labored, and whose people taxed themselves to pay for the wars by which these Colonies were acquired and opened up for our forefathers and ourselves, whereby we came into the free and easy possession of the property, prosperity and liberty we enjoy in them? Is Great Britain to continue to tax her people in order to send out here not only money and munitions of war, but also her bravest sons—the flower of the country in her armies and fleets to fight for us, to protect and build up us, and we refuse to make the slightest concessions of our opinions, or even interests, were it required, in compliance with her recommendation? At the very moment when we have but just been delivered from Fenian invasion by the prompt action of the British forces protecting us, are we, in return, to thwart and oppose British policy, to stifle for our opinions, to prefer, not the wish of our protector, parent and friend, but rather that of her and our enemies? While Great Britain wishes us to unite, the Fenians have avowed it to be their policy to prevent such union. Which of these two should we try to please? *For est hanc decem.*—Should we not do the opposite of what the enemy wishes?

But besides the arguments which honor and duty to our benefactor furnish, that of self-interest, in the more rapid increase of material prosperity which must inevitably follow from the more frequent intercommunication,

the building of railroads and other public works, the increase of population and general business, the opening up and settling of wilderness lands, &c., &c., would make it the most preposterous folly for us obstinately to persist in refusing to take part in the benefits of the proposed union.

"If New Brunswick was connected with Montreal and Quebec by Railway communication through British territory, our importations from the States would decrease immediately, as much of our flour and other supplies would come direct from Canada; and in the event of the Reciprocity Treaty, and the bonding system of the United States, which allows British goods to pass through their territory free of duty under bond to Canada, being abolished, St. John would probably become the Atlantic Shipping port for Canada for the winter months."—[Controller Smith's Report, 1863.]

## The Standard.

ST. ANDREWS, MAY 30, 1866.

### Union Ticket.

JOHN MCADAM, Esq.  
J. W. CHANDLER, Esq.  
Jas. G. STEVENS, Esq.  
F. HIBBARD, Esq.

### The Elections, &c.

The work goes bravely on; as a first instalment Northumberland has returned 4, Carleton 2, and Albert 2 Confederates. This is undoubtedly a good beginning, and an augury for the success of the cause. It cannot be successfully denied that the Confederation of the British North American Provinces, has been recommended by the Queen, the Ministry and statesmen of Great Britain; or that our own leading legislators and statesmen are warmly in favor of a union of the Colonies; and why, because they know the great benefits inseparably connected with, and which must follow confederation—financially, politically, commercially and in other respects.

It is true, that at the last election it was defeated by many who were not opposed to Confederation in the abstract, but wanted time to ascertain whether better terms could not be obtained; others there were who opposed it and will do so again, because they do not yet believe in union at all, and others desire to change their allegiance and annex the Province to the United States. The latter class will be thoroughly discomfited, as the former having satisfied themselves will now intelligently cast their votes for Union upon the best terms that can be devised. The people are anxious that the Province should not longer remain in its isolated position, and that the institutions of our country may be perpetuated. They have seen that the Parent State has afforded us her powerful protection in times of danger, by sending her fleet and army to our shores, and shielded us when threatened with invasion, and the destruction of our homes and lives by lawless villains, who would if they could sever our connexion with the Mother Country—tear down the glorious old "Flag which for a thousand years has braved the battle and the breeze," and raise their mongrel rag in its stead.

It is pleasing however to know, that there is a sufficient majority of loyal men of all creeds and shades of politics who will by their independent votes triumphantly carry confederation. As we before suggested, let it be—the ticket, the whole ticket and nothing but the ticket,—and God save the Queen.

It is to be regretted that certain "politicians" and a portion (a small portion) of the Press continue to attack His Excellency the Lieut. Governor in an unkind and unbecoming manner. They appear to forget that he is the representative of our Queen, and in their rabid zeal to hold on to power and place, sacrifice all that is honorable, just and patriotic, to satisfy their prurient appetites. The Governor will be sustained, and that will be the most scathing castigation they could receive, and reformation of their misguided views.

**ELECTION CARDS.**—On our outside page will be seen Mr. Stevens' card, and on this page the cards of Messrs. McAdam, Chandler and Hibbard; they are all in favor of Confederation, and are on the Union ticket. Dr. Thomson's card does not state whether he will advocate or oppose a Union of the colonies, but no doubt the Doctor will explain his views at the hustings.

**INSPECTION.**—Col. Anderson, inspected the St. Andrews Battery of Artillery, at Fort Tipperary on Tuesday morning. The Battery was put through the manual and platoon exercise and drill by Lieut. Morris, the Colonel expressed himself pleased with the proficiency the men had made during the short time they were at drill, and the limited opportunities they had for acquiring a knowledge of their duties. The company is composed of some of the best young men in the place.

### The Queen's Birth Day.

Thursday last was ushered in by a display of flags, the firing of guns and other demonstrations of loyalty to our beloved Sovereign, Queen Victoria. The day was fine, and the inhabitants of St. Andrews early afoot, the streets presenting a lively appearance. Our national flag floated from the Staff at Fort Tipperary, the Barracks, public and other buildings. H. M. S. Cordelia, Commander de Wahl, was gallantly dressed with flags, and the shipping in the harbor "showed their colours."

At ten o'clock a general parade of the Volunteers took place, near the Railway Depot. Lieut. Col. Oty put the Battalion through several difficult movements, which they performed with as much apparent steadiness, as the Regulars would have done. "We may mention that the St. Andrews Juvenile Rifle Company were kindly permitted by the Col. to form in line with the Volunteers, and that the manner in which they went through the drill called forth the commendation of "that zealous officer," to use the language of Maj. Gen. Doyle, in his reply to the Address, of the Magistrates and Inhabitants.

The Battalion preceded by the fife and drums marched to the grounds at the head of the town, and were formed in line with the St. Andrews Battery on their right.

At 12 o'clock, H. M. S. Cordelia, and the Battery, fired a Royal Salute, and the Battalion a *feu de joie*; the troops then presented arms to Lieut. Col. Oty, and Major D. Wilson called for "three cheers for Her Majesty the Queen," which was promptly and heartily responded to by the Battery, Volunteers, and the civilians present. The troops were afterwards formed in companies and marched to their barracks.

At half past 2 o'clock, Capt. Stevenson and the officers of the "Gordon Rifles" entertained the members of that corps at Dinner in the Volunteer Barracks; among the guests were the officers of the St. John Volunteers, and some residents of St. Andrews. The large tables were tastefully decorated and abundantly supplied by McMichael, who provided the repast. Dinner was nearly over when it was announced that the Steamer was at the Wharf, and that Colonel Anderson had arrived, several of the leading inhabitants and others had assembled, and when the Colonel stepped on the Wharf, he was lustily applauded; Major Wilson and other officers were present to receive him, and a guard of honor in attendance which presented arms as he passed. He was escorted to the Dinner, and entering the large room, was received with a round of hearty cheers which made the welkin ring—in fact it was an ovation, and showed the estimation in which the Colonel is held, and the thorough reliance our people have in his military skill and judgment. "Everywhere he went it was repetition of good feeling and respect; and when the order was read at the Battery Barracks that he had assumed the command, the intimation was received with a round of cheers. But to the dinner—after ample justice had been done to the substantial, the usual toasts were drunk with demonstrations of loyal feeling: we have only space for the following:—

The Queen.  
The Prince of Wales and the Royal Family.  
Admiral Sir James Hope, and the Navy.  
Maj. Gen. Doyle, and the Army.  
The Governor General of British North America.

The Lieut. Governor of New Brunswick.  
Lieut. Col. Oty and the St. John Volunteer Battalion. Drank with all the honors.

Owing to Lt. Col. Oty's absence on military duty—Capt. McShane responded in a neat and happy speech, in which he complimented Capt. Stevenson and the Gordon Rifles.

Col. Anderson, our gallant protector in time of danger. This toast was preceded with some opposite remarks and was drunk with great good feeling and hearty cheer.

The Ladies of New Brunswick. Capt. McShane acknowledged the compliment for the gentler sex.

Capt. Osburn and the St. Andrews Battery. Lieut. Greathhead briefly returned thanks.

Capt. Stevenson and the Gordon Rifles. Responded to by the Captain in an effective speech.

Capt. Wardlaw and Stickney and the Home Guards. Capt. Stickney acknowledged the compliment, and stated that the Home Guards would be found ready not only to protect the Town, but to move to the front when duty required.

The Press—Briefly acknowledged by the Editor of the Standard.

Three cheers were given for the Queen, and the party separated about 4 o'clock much pleased with the dinner and the days proceedings. We can affirm that the day was celebrated here with great enthusiasm.

**DINNER TO THE ST. ANDREWS BATTERY.**  
The same afternoon the Non-Commissioned Officers and men of the Battery, were invited by their Officers to partake of a substantial Dinner served up in one of the buildings within "Fort Tipperary." About 50 sat down and did ample justice to the well provided tables before them.

### In the absence of Capt. Osburn, Lieut. Odell presided.

The following Toasts were proposed and most heartily received.  
Her Majesty the Queen.  
Prince and Princess of Wales and Royal family.

The Army and Navy.  
The Lieut. Governor of New Brunswick.  
Col. Oty, officers and men of St. John Vol. Batta.

Capt. Stevenson, officers and men of the "Gordon Rifles."  
Capt. Osburn, and officers of Battery.  
The St. Andrews Juvenile Rifle Company.  
The Ladies of New Brunswick.

Various other toasts were given interspersed with songs after which the company separated highly pleased with the entertainment given them.

It does not appear from the Northumberland election returns, that Mr. Anglin was successful in his lecture against Confederation, nor indeed have the Anti Confederates made any converts. The truth is, the people of each County believe that they possess common sense, and can attend their own affairs without the interference of partisan politicians. They understand the question of Union, and will vote accordingly to their convictions. The Lecturers will have quite enough to do to secure their own seats—if they can; which is very doubtful. The general returns will be best answer as to whether the constituencies desire Confederation or isolation.

**THE PARISH SCHOOL** will be opened on Monday next, 4th June, by the Rev. J. Home, whose services have been engaged as teacher. Mr. Home informs us that in addition to the usual English branches including Mathematics, Land Surveying and Navigation, he will give instruction in the Classics, French and drawing. The former teacher Mr. Glenn, who conducted the school so satisfactorily for several years, was obliged to resign the office, from ill health. We learn he is about entering into other pursuits, and trust that the change may prove beneficial to him.

The heavy rain storm of Sunday and Monday last, has retarded farming operations, the ground is so wet that it is feared the seed sown and potatoes planted will rot. On Tuesday morning the weather cleared off and sun shone out, but this morning the rain is falling fast.—The grass is looking well.

The London Court Journal, a reliable authority in such matters, states that Viscount Monck, Governor of General of Canada, is to be raised to the English peerage shortly.

—Another new bonnet is out—a common white handkerchief is passed over the top of the head and tied under the throat, with a wreath of roses in the shape of a horse-shoe on top.

—A new reform is proposed in England.—The Bankruptcy bill now pending in Parliament provides for the abolition of imprisonment for debt.

### THE ROYAL NAVY.

Captains: John Bythson, V. C. to Duncan. 31, flag ship at Halifax, additional for special service.

Lieutenants: Charles S. Broome, promoted to the Duncan.  
Master's Assistant: Richard H. Wellings, to the Duncan.  
Midshipmen: George T. Temple, to the Duncan.

Naval Cadet R. W. S. Rodgers, the Duncan.  
The Heron, Britannia, and Changer gunboats, recently commissioned at Devonport for service on the North American station, went out of harbor on Friday, and proceeded with Barracouta, 6, paddle, Commander G. D. Bevan, also destined for that station.

H. M. Ships Cherub and Minstrel, sailed from Portsmouth, for Halifax, on the 5th inst.

H. M. Gunboat Gannet arrived at Halifax on the 22nd from the West Indies.  
H. M. S. Rosario arrived at Quebec.

### Ship News.

**PORT OF ST ANDREWS**

**ARRIVED.**  
May 23, Ship Bessie Parker, Fritz, New York, Ballast, C. F. Chichester.

Schr. Jane, Clark, Bangor, Flour, J. S. Stevens.  
25, Matilda, Stinson, St. Stephen, Sundries, Jas. Stevenson and others.

Maria Jane, Maloney, Boston, Oil, W. Whitlock.  
Harriet, Hunt, Boston, ballast, do  
29, Superior, Cook, Calais, Flour, J. W. Street.

**CLEARED.**  
May Schr. Lucy & Nancy, Billings, Boston, 1900 Sleepers by R. Ross.  
Ceres, Robbins, Boston, 1330 Sleepers by R. Ross.

26, Matilda, Stinson, St. Stephen, Sundries by R. Ross.  
Harriet, Hunt, Boston, 2200 Sleepers by R. Ross.  
Emma, Lord, Calais, Sundries by Goodnow.

### TO THE ELECTORS OF CHARLOTTE COUNTY.

GENTLEMEN:—At the coming election I shall be a candidate for your suffrages. In so doing I have no promises to make. I have served you seven years. My conduct for the past must be your guarantee for the future. I am still in favor of a union of the Colonies; being rejected at the last election, I felt that it was Confederation that was rejected, and not my services.

Yours truly,  
JOHN MCADAM.  
May 24, 1866.

### TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

GENTLEMEN:—I will at the ensuing Election offer myself as a Candidate for the Representation of the County. If successful, my strongest efforts will be made to promote a Union of the CANADIAN and MARITIME PROVINCES. The prosperity of them all I believe, for many reasons, depends upon their Confederation under a just and judicious Scheme.

Your ob. Servant,  
JAMES W. CHANDLER.  
St. Andrews, May 26, 1866.

### To the Electors of Charlotte County.

GENTLEMEN:—Yielding to the solicitations of numerous friends from various parts of the county, I offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages at the ensuing general election.

Deeply impressed with the necessity of a union of the British North American Colonies, I shall support, if honored with your confidence, the accomplishment of such union, feeling assured that it can be obtained upon terms of justice and equity to all. And while thus asserting to an imperial policy so affectionately urged upon us, we are securing for our country commercial and political advantages of incalculable importance. If elected, these and all other interests shall receive my most watchful care.

I am, Gentlemen,  
Yours most respectfully,  
FRANCIS HIBBARD.

To the Electors of the County of Charlotte.

GENTLEMEN:—At the urgent request of many of my friends in the several districts, the County I am induced to come forward, at the ensuing Election, as Candidate for the representation of this County in the Provincial Parliament.

For many years I have served you faithfully in the Legislature, WITHOUT LOOKING FOR OFFICE, FAVOR, OR EMOLUMENT, caring only for your varied local interests, and the general interest of Province at large, and will do so again if honored by your support and confidence.

I am, Gentlemen,  
Yours most respectfully,  
ROBT. THOMSON.  
St. George, N. B., May 17, 1866.

### Wines, Crushed Sugar, Teas, Nutmegs, Ice, &c.

Ex "Eleanor" from London.  
WINES—6 Hhds. 8 Qr. casks fine Pale and Golden Sherry. 2 Hhds. 10 do Old Port. GENEVA—2 Pipes, 20 Hhds. 10 Qr. casks best Pale Geneva, 30 Cases do Old Tom. OLD TOM GIN—20 do Old Tom.

PORTER & ALE—110 Casks best Bottled London Porter & Pale Ale.  
NUTMEGS—5 Cases.  
ICE—10 Hhds.  
CARBONATE OF SODA—10 Kegs best each.

MARSHALLADE—1 Case.  
COFFEE—7 Bags Rio, 5 do Ceylon.  
TEAS—25 chests, 50 half chests Congo, 12 half chests Oolong, &c. &c.

May 30, 1866. J. W. STREET.

### London White Lead & Oil.

Ex the "Eleanor" from London,  
5 Hhds. Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil,  
14 Ton best ground White Lead,  
4 Cwt. best Putty, &c. &c.

May 30, J. W. STREET.

### Mehan's Fine Malt Whiskey.

To arrive per the "Dr. Kane" from Londonderry.  
20 Quarter casks } Whiskey.  
3 Hogsheads }  
May 30, J. W. STREET.

### ALBION HOUSE,

Water St. Cor. King,  
St. Andrews.  
1866.

**Arrival of Spring Goods.**  
Direct importation from English, French and American markets, per Steamers ST. PATRICK, VENEZIA, ANNETTE and OTTAWA, and Ship NEW LAMPED.

JOHN S. MAGEE begs to call public attention to his stock of NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS, which embraces a large and well selected variety.

DRESS GOODS—in all the new styles, PRINTS—White Sheetings, Fancy Regattas, Grey Cottons, Stripes, Shirtings, &c. &c., Copious in Bk. & Coloured.

TWEEDS, Cloakings, Satinets, Black Braids, Ready Made Clothing.

Coats, Vests and Pants, Merino under Vests and Handkerchiefs, Neckties, Collars, in paper and linen. Large variety of Ladies Hosiery and Gloves in Thread, silk spun and cotton.

Ladies and Gents French Kid Gloves, the best make, blk. and colored.  
Childrens, Ladies and Gents, White Kid Gloves. Trunks, Carpet Bags, and Valises.

A large lot of Nice Straw Hats, to which particular attention is directed, prices from 35 cents to \$1 the very newest shapes.

Gents Hats and Caps—in straw, cloth and felt. Ladies and Childrens Boots and Shoes, warranted best quality of their kind.

All of which will be sold at lowest remunerative profits for cash. No second price.

JOHN S. MAGEE.

**Grand Display Of Millinery and Fancy Goods**  
at the Albion House  
MILLINERY ROOMS ON FRIDAY at 3 P. M.—Public inspection invited.  
Mas. J. S. MAGEE.

## Public

To be sold at Public Auction on Thursday next at Chubb's corner, Prince City of Saint John, under decree of the Supreme Court between Samuel Thomson plaintiff, and Hugh Smith and Mary Ann his wife, Go his wife, Alice Mary Fisher Robert Leonard Hazen Flaherty, defendants, and between Robert Thomson, administrator of the goods of Thomson, deceased, and J. Tiff's, and the same defendants.

Tiff's bill, described in parcel or tract of land, situate on the east side of the river parish of Saint George, in and bounded as follows, to-wit: a lot of land 1 Moses Shaw and Phoebe S on the south side by a lot Connick, on the east side possession of James Hall, waters of the main river 3 running out lake Etopia, red across more or less, and premises lately conveyed to Hubert Flaherty with pretexts, thereon being for terms of Sale and apply to the plaintiff's solicitor.

Dated 21st April, 1866.

Bayard & Thomson, plaintiffs solicitors.

## Fresh Spring

JUST arrived from London Garden & F

Comprising the very best, CARROT, CABBAGE, RADISH, CUCUMBER, CIST. &c., &c., &c., with a choice SEEDS. For sale by

April 11, 1866.

## Valuable Property

THE Subscriber offers Property of Water: piped by him. The house lower flat, with an excellent lot is under good cultivation, the premises a Workshop and the lot extends to low adapted for business. The property will be sold for soon. Title undoubted immediately.

St. Andrews, April 4,

## Grass

TIMOTHY GRASS, Harvey Settlement for Sale

CLOVER and GARDE to arrive.

St. Andrews, April 17

## S A

30 Sacks Liverpool April 4, 1866

## GEN

To arrive per the "J."

3 Pipes  
25 Hhds.  
10 Ton Casks  
60 Cases

April 4.

## STRAHAN & CO

"Good Words are worth."

12 CENTS A MONTH

BEAUTIFULLY GOOD

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15 CENTS A MONTH

PROFESSOR THE SUNDAY

EDITED BY THOMAS

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A MAGAZINE FOR THE

Read the STAND of these Periodicals.

"Messrs. Strahan men copies, and offer volumes of "GOOD day Magazine," or a one who will furnish Subscriber's names.

MONTREAL, 50

NO

WHEREAS I have taken statements from this County, to the effect that the Queen is distinctly contradicted by every such statement and wickedly designed to do not yet know, to the Queen in the eyes of the people. Dated A. D. 1866.