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COME OUT OF WAR COUNCIL IN ROME ALL IN ABSOLUTE AGREEMENT

Co-ordination of Efforts to be Greater

"ULTIMATE VICTORY"

Premier Briand of France More Than Ever Convinced — All United in Policy as to Greece and Action at Saloniki

Paris, Jan. 9—While on his way back to Paris after the Rome conference of the Entente Allies, Premier Briand made the following statement in Turin to a correspondent of the Petit Journal:

"All the chiefs of the allied governments decided to maintain the strictest reserve as to the character and scope of the decisions reached at the oonference. I may say, however, that during the discussions we found that an absolute agreement exists among the allies. We decided to accentuate still further the co-ordination of our efforts.

"Such was the principal object of the conference and it has been realized. I am personally highly satisfied with the results of our meetings, and after the conference at Rome I have more than ever a deep conviction of our ultimate victory."

After the premier's arrival in Paris another brief council was held by French ministers in the waiting room at the railroad terminus.

The Petit Parisien says the Rome conference considered three questions; concerning Greece, in regard to which Italy hitherto had made certain reservations; concerning the operations on the Macedonian front and concerning greater and more effective unity in the direction of the war.

"As regards Greece," this newspaper says, "Italy accepted the point of view of her allies after having obtained the explanations she desired. The agreement as to the operations in Macedonia also is complete, thanks largely to the presence of General Sarrail (the Entente commander on the Macedonian frontier) and General Cadorna, the Italian commander-in-chief, and Great Britain, Russia, France and Italy will apply one policy toward Greece and toward making the necessary effort at Saloniki.

"We are obliged to maintain the closest reserve as to the organization of allied resources in men and material, as well as their distribution among the different sectors of the single front, but we can say that exchanges of material among the allied countries will be intensified methodically and regularly. As to effectives, the decisions naturally are bound up with the plans of action discussed at the meetings which were held by military chiefs apart from the political conference in Rome.

A. P. SEEKING AN INJUNCTION AGAINST THE HEARST COMPANY

Declared That International Has Been Helping Itself to News

New York, Jan. 9—The Times says:—"The Associated Press, through Melville E. Stone, its secretary and general manager, applied yesterday to the Federal District Court for an order permanently restraining the International News Service Company, which is controlled by William R. Hearst, from using in any way news gathered by the Associated Press for the sole use of its members.

In his affidavit Mr. Stone called attention to the fact that the governments of England, France and Canada had expelled the International News. Since its expulsion, he alleged, it had been helping itself to news gathered by the plaintiff, sometimes at an expense as high as a dollar a word.

HORSE RETURNED WITHOUT MASTER

Chas. R. Gunter, York Farmer, Had Fallen Dead on Barn Floor

Fredericton, N. B., Jan. 9—Charles R. Gunter, retired farmer, died suddenly yesterday afternoon while working on his farm on Brick Hill. He went out after dinner with a horse and sled and his failure to return at dark caused his family anxiety. Return of the horse a little later convinced them that something had happened to Mr. Gunter. Search was instituted and his lifeless body was found on the floor of the barn. Heart trouble was the cause of his death.

He was a native of Queensbury, was fifty-seven years old and leaves his wife and five daughters, including Mrs. McVerlan of Saskatoon, and Vernie, May, and Annie at home.

Two Norwegians Sunk

London, Jan. 9.—Lloyd's announces that the Norwegian steamer Borgholm, 1,719 tons, is believed to have been sunk. A despatch to Reuter's from Bergen says that the small Norwegian steamer Markland has been sunk.

AUSTRIANS GIVE UP HOPE OF PEACE

Vienna, Jan. 8.—The Austrian press has abandoned all hope of peace negotiations and discusses calmly the prospect of a continuance of the war. Emperor Charles' order to the army, informing the soldiers that the Entente had refused to accept the Central Powers' peace offer, is accepted as final and editorial comment is confined to pointing out that the only course left is to maintain the struggle with the country's maximum effort. No results are expected from the allies' reply to President Wilson's note and so far as the newspapers are concerned the chapter of the present peace efforts is considered closed.

Says Words Misinterpreted

Amsterdam, Jan. 9.—The Koelnische Zeitung says that Count Julius Andrassy, Hungarian opposition leader, has expressed regret that his statement regarding the communication of Germany's terms to President Wilson has been misinterpreted.

A recent cable despatch reported Count Andrassy as saying that President Wilson was in a position to communicate Germany's peace terms to the allies. Subsequent despatches corrected this statement, making the Hungarian statesman say that the president would receive the German terms with the inference that this step depended on similar action by the Entente Powers. There has been considerable doubt as to the exact language used by Cound Andrassy.

CITY DEFICIT IS $3,495 FOR 1916

Preliminary Statement Presented to Common Council

UNEXPENDED BALANCES VOTED

Will Be Used to Reduce Assessment for Debenture Interest—Commissioner Wigmore Refuses to Divert Water Revenue

According to a preliminary statement from the chamberlain's office which was presented to the common council committee this morning, the city closed the year with a deficit of $3,495.91. Mayor Hayes presented the statement, showing the over and under expended balances in the various departments, giving the record for each. The credit balances amounted to $27,021.79 and these amounts were voted to general revenue to be applied on the payment of debenture interest and reduce the assessment for this account for 1917.

There was an extended discussion regarding the ethics of issuing bonds to the extent of $20,000 to pay for pipes secured for the new work at the dry lake, and paid for out of water revenue, and using the water revenue to meet the 1917 assessment for sewerage maintenance. Commissioner Wigmore strongly opposed this, saying that if it were done he would bring in a resolution to cut the water rates in two. No action was taken.

A communication asking for the use of the exhibition building for military stores was laid over until an afternoon session.

The mayor presided and all the members of the council were present.

A. M. Belding appeared before the committee and asked for a grant of $100 towards the expenses of the Canadian Social Service Congress to be held in St. John January 22 to 24. The local branch was also asking the provincial government for a grant of $200. On motion of Commissioner Wigmore, seconded by Commissioner Russell, the grant was recommended.

Civic Balances

The mayor then submitted a statement showing deficit and credit balances of the various departments. Those showing a deficit are: School trustees, $289.19; general revenue, $18,853.54; assessment interest and sinking fund (short collected), $510.75; sewerage, same, $281.72; garbage, $1,695.64;; McLeod wharf, $1,982.08; South Rodney wharf, $5,733.24; Agricultural Hall, $1,171.54; total $30,517.70.

Those having a credit balance on hand are: Library, $8.57; North End library, $1.60; Union wharf, $6,074.40; C. P. R. wharf, $491.04; City Hall, $2,631.97; exhibition building, $382.59; fire department, $4,876.59; lamp dept., $414.02; market, $3,172.48; police dept., $4,102.34; water maintenance, $4,866.20; total $27,021.79.

Total deficit, $3,495.91.

The mayor explained that last year the revenue from various sources met a large part of the interest account of $123,000. This year, unless unexpended balances were turned in to this account, the finance department would have to ask for an increase of $55,000 in its estimates.

His Worship also said that grants asked for totalled $13,000, while the city was authorized to assess for only $8,000, of which $4,250 must go to the parks.

In reply to the mayor Commissioner Wigmore said that he had paid $20,000 out of water revenue to pay for pipes for the new turn-out in the Lock Lomond extension at the Dry Lake.

Want Bond Issue.

Commissioner McLellan strongly urged that bonds should be issued for this amount and the $20,000 left in the revenue account should be used to reduce the assessment. Commissioner Wigmore protested against this policy.

Referring to balances and estimates, Commissioner McLellan said that the increase he proposed in the police force amounted to only four new men.

Commissioner Wigmore continued that he was absolutely opposed to diverting water revenue for other purposes, and if the council proposed to do this he would bring in a resolution to cut the water rates in two.

(Continued on page 2, seventh column.)

SAY SERGEANT TENNANT HAS BEEN SHOT IN JAW

Fredericton, Jan. 9.—Lance Sergt. Norman Tennant, whose name appeared in yesterday's casualty list, is a son of the late James Tennant of this city. He enlisted in a western battalion and had been at the front for some time. Word received by relatives here is that he has been shot in the jaw. A brother, Walter Tennant, is now in England recovering from wounds and another brother James is at the front.

The case of Shortill vs. Williams is still going on before Judge Barry in the York circuit court.

The York county court was opened by Judge Wilson this morning and adjourned until January 23. There is only one case.

J. S. MacLaren, inspector of customs, is here today on an official visit.

Factory Inspector Kenney of St. John is here and will inspect the Marysville cotton mill this afternoon.

FIRST WILL ENJOY VISIT TO HOMES

Thirteen maritime province soldiers who arrived from England this week are going forward to their homes on a short visit before entering convalescent homes. They will remain in the convalescent homes on full pay and allowances, until they are discharged as again physically fit or recommended for pensions.

Those who left on the 12.40 train at noon today are:—J. S. Roy, Bedford, North Sydney; A. Campbell, East Batteo, P. E. I.; Eldon Darrah, Charlottetown; Alex. Geddes, Florence, C. B.; Robert Powell, Halifax, and Muir Ross, Westville, N. S.

G. D. Cripps, Chatham, N. B., and G. L. Feeley, Jacquet River, N. S., will leave on the Quebec Express this evening at 6.10.

G. W. DeLong, Fredericton; H. B. Scott, Woodstock, N. B., and A. B. Gibson, Woodstock, will leave on the Fredericton train at five o'clock.

John Hamilton, Bridgetown, N. S., and R. G. O'Brien, Bridgewater, N. S., will cross the bay on the Digby boat tomorrow morning.

FUNERALS

The funeral of Hugh Hayes took place this morning from the residence of his brother, 42 Carleton street, to the Cathedral, where high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. Francis Walker. Rev. Miles P. Howland was deacon, Rev. H. L. Coughlan was sub-deacon, Rev. William Duke master of ceremonies, and the final absolution was given by His Lordship Bishop LeBlanc. Interment was made in the new Catholic cemetery.

The funeral of Mrs. David McDuff took place this afternoon from her late residence, 14 Frederick street, to the Cathedral, where services were conducted by Rev. Miles P. Howland. Interment was made in the new Catholic cemetery.

The funeral of Mrs. Thomas Quinlan took place this morning from the residence of her brother-in-law, Patrick Quinlan, 107 Newman street, to St. Peter's church, where high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. D. McDougald, C.SS.R., Interment was made in the new Catholic cemetery. The pall-bearers were: Joseph Corkery, Arthur Connors, William Harding, Thomas Flaherty, Thomas O'Brien and T. McGowan.

The funeral of Mrs. Barbara Hunter took place this afternoon from the Old Ladies' Home, Broad street. Services were conducted by Rev. H. A. Cody, and the body was taken to Welsford for interment.

The funeral of Miss Joan Wallace took place this morning from the residence of her brother-in-law, Dr. R. C. Ruddick, Partridge Island. The body was taken to Hillsboro for interment.

READING MATTER FOR SOLDIERS

Capt. Pearson, in his address at the Elk's Club Hall yesterday, said that the boys at the front greatly needed reading matter, and it was quite pathetic to see a man in from the trenches throw himself down and pull out a tattered paper or clipping that had already passed through many hands. Capt. Pearson said it was not necessary to wait and send a bale, but just roll up a paper or magazine, address it to Y. M. C. A. British Expeditionary Force, France, and send it along. The boys liked jokes, humorous stories, and magazines of fun as well as graver reading matter. The captain also said that no one need be afraid that any one man would get too many parcels of food or other dainties, as many got none and the others were always ready to share.

THEY FOUND NOT A GERMAN TO FIGHT

Further Reports of Recent Raid by English and Scotch

TRENCHES ABANDONED

Not Even Machine Gun Fire to Attempt Check of Advancing Force and the Shelling of Khaki Men Was Weak

London, Jan. 9.—Correspondents with the British headquarters in France describing the daylight raid made by the British on German positions southeast of Arras, which was referred to in Saturday night's official communication, assert that the raiders—who were English and Scottish troops—were astonished to find no opposition worth mentioning. The raid, the correspondents say, gave results that would have been impossible there a year ago.

After an exceptionally severe bombardment of the German line the British started the raid at three o'clock in the afternoon. "They reached the German front line," says one correspondent, "to find the wire cut to pieces and the trenches in ruins, but nobody there, not even a machine gunner. The place had been vacated.

"A survey of the position was made without any opposition, and the men then advanced to the second line. Here was the same thing over again. There was so much of the uncanny about the easiness of the job that it seemed as though the Boches had designed some new dodge and were awaiting the moment to set it working.

"Having attended to whatever there was in the second line which our guns had not smashed, our troops went for the third line. No Germans even were there. The third line, with its wire, was the same mess as the first and wherever the ruin was not sufficiently complete it was made so."

The correspondent quotes a Scottish officer as saying: "From the parados of the third line trench there was nothing in sight. The whole business seemed not to be real. We did not see one live German. We got no machine gun fire when we were advancing and the amount of shell fire when we were going back was not enough to make us hurry."

Some of the officers related similar experiences. The British casualties were astonishingly slight.

JOSEPH P. EDWARDS DIES SUDDENLY IN STATES

Annapolis, N. S., Jan. 9—A telegram received here today conveyed the news of the sudden death of Joseph P. Edwards in Somerville, Mass., where he went last summer to live with some of his family. He was a native of Windsor but came here to live on the opening of the Windsor and Annapolis Railway and he continued in the employ of the Dominion Atlantic Railway until superannuated. He was a prominent Oddfellow, a member of Western Star Lodge, and was for some time grand master. He was prominent also in Masonic circles and was a member of Eureka Chapter, No. 5, Royal Arch Masons, of Annapolis.

He was seventy-three years of age. Two sons and four daughters survive—Mary and Josephine of Somerville, Mrs. Thomas Buckler and Mrs. Gordon Crowe of Middleton, N. S., Harry of Caledonia, a conductor of the Halifax and Southwestern Railway, and Jack in the United States, also a sister in Providence, R. I.

A CONTRADICTION HERE

L. W. Wood was reported by Policeman Corner for operating car No. 3183 without a rear light, on the night of Jan. 4. The policeman said that he noticed this car going along Mill street to Paradise row about 11 o'clock that night without a rear light. It came back about fifteen minutes later and he got the number by aid of the electric street light. Mr. Wood pleaded not guilty and said that he could call witnesses that would prove that he did not have the car out that night. The case stands until Friday morning.

MASTER PLUMBERS' OFFICERS

The St. John Master Plumbers' Association met last evening in the Foresters' hall and elected George Blake, president; R. E. Fitzgerald, vice-president; F. S. Walker, treasurer, and W. J. Crawford, secretary.

Phelix and Pherdinand

WEATHER REPORT

Issued by Authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, R. F. Stupart, director of meterological service

Synopsis—A moderate disturbance is centred over Georgian Bay and a few snowfalls have occurred in Ontario and western Quebec, while in other parts of the dominion the weather has been fair.

Ottawa Valley—Occasional snow, or sleet today; Wednesday, generally fair, not much change in temperature.

Snow or Rain.

Maritime—Some local falls of snow or rain tonight; Wednesday, increasing winds with occasional snow or rain.

New England—Partly overcast tonight and Wednesday; somewhat colder Wednesday. Strong southwest winds.

—CHORUS (*Interested*)

—Fung in the Seattle *Post Intelligencer*

Expect This To Be Last British War Loan

Details Secret Yet But Figures Likely Enormous—Loan Headquarters Busiest Place in Lombard Street

London, Jan. 9—(New York World cable)—"The Victory Loan" headquarters are now open and have become the busiest place in Lombard street. The advance guard of the Bank of England's army of 2,500 helpers has taken possession of a commodious building to receive wagon loads of prospectuses and to distribute them by the million. The building has five stories and every inch of space will be used. At least 20,000,000 documents will have to be sent out, for there are sixty kinds of application forms.

On previous occasions the bank has been able to print forms for loan issues itself, but the task this time proved too stupendous and the help of outside printing firms had to be secured.

Those who know the details of the loan revealed are pledged most solemnly to secrecy. More than £2,500,000,000 of the debt is available for conversion and though it is not assumed that anything like this amount will be converted, the operation will undoubtedly resolve itself into one of enormous figures. The real test of the success of the loan will be the amount of "new money" which it attracts. Every effort will be made to make the loan a national triumph for it is the general expectation that it will be the last one in connection with the war.

WELCOME HERE TO JUDGE CHANDLER

First Occasion of His Presiding Over Session of Court in St. John

The January sitting of the Supreme Court, with His Honor Judge Chandler presiding, took place this morning in the court house. It was His Honor's first court held here since his elevation to the Supreme Court bench, and the event was marked by a complimentary address to him by F. R. Taylor, K. C., on behalf of the St. John Barristers' Society.

Mr. Taylor, who is the president of the society, congratulated Judge Chandler on his appointment, referring to it as a most popular one. He said that Judge Chandler was held in the highest esteem by the membres of the bar throughout the province. Mr. Taylor said that the Chandlers for the last hundred years had held a prominent place in the province, and he felt confident that Judge Chandler, in his new position, would win laurels for the name and add even greater achievements.

Judge Chandler replied feelingly saying that he very highly valued the good wishes expressed. Judges always relied upon the co-operation of the bar, and he said that the responsibility for the proper administration of justice rested as much upon the shouiders of the barristers as it did on the judges.

His Honor said the majority of the associates of his younger days had passed away. Looking back he also recalled how many eminent men, such as Justices Ritchie, King and Sir John Allen had held the position which he held today. He said he would try to emulate their example. He thanked Mr. Taylor for the reference to his family name, and he expressed the hope that he would keep up the traditions referred to by Mr. Taylor.

Attorney General Baxter, K. C., was present, and also a large number of the members of the bar.

The docket consisted of four criminal cases, and three civil cases.

The following is the criminal docket—

King vs. Coholan—Theft.

King vs. Boyle—Escaping from custody.

King vs. McKay—Theft.

King vs. Clayton—Theft.

CIVIL DOCKET

Jury Cause.

Sime Packing Company vs. Hopkins.

Non Jury.

Jardine et al vs. Miles.

Lawton vs. Cullinan et al.

The following are the grand jury—Robert Magee (foreman), Charles B. Ward, James H. Pullen, Percy R. Hunter, John Magee, Walter H. Golding, Frederick W. Coombs, Thomas A. Linton, James D. Driscoll, John J. Bradley, William A. Steiper (absent), Walter Gilbert.

The following petit jurors were summoned—William J. Forbes, Robert H. Murray, Frederick H. Patterson, James A. Little, John A. Lipsett, Frederick French, John B. O'Connor, Hammond J. Evans, William H. Sulis, Isaac Webber, Ernest C. Wilson, John Jackson, Jeremiah Donovan, Hugh McGuire, Frederick Selby, D. Arnold Fox, Wilfred J. McKenzie, Abel C. Tobin, James McKenzie, John H. Hamilton, Everett A. Belyea.

Naturalization papers on behalf of Myer Cohen and Jacob Rosenthall, Russians, were read by L. P. D. Tilley, K. C.

CHANGES IN THE TEACHING STAFFS OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS

At the reopening of the public schools yesterday after the vacation, a large number of changes were found necessary owing to illness in the ranks of the teaching staffs.

At a meeting of the Board of School Trustees held late in December resignations were accepted from Miss Gilchrist and Miss Webb in Dufferin school, and from Miss Knowlton in Albert school. These vacancies were filled yesterday as follows: — Miss Constance Coster was transferred from Grade III in Victoria school to Albert school to take Miss Knowlton's place. Miss Gladys Smith of Dufferin school was promoted to Grade VII to take Miss Webb's place, and Miss Emma Colwell, reserve teacher in Winter street school, was advanced to the regular staff and was placed in charge of Grade II to fill the vacancy made by the promotion of Miss Smith. Miss Grace Young, who returned after six months leave of absence, replaced Miss Gilchrist.

In Centennial school the principal, Arthur W. Hickson, applied to the board for six months leave of absence, owing to poor health, and his request was granted. His position will be temporally filled by the promotion of Miss Iva Yerxa. Miss Kate Earle was appointed reserve teacher at Centennial school to take Miss Yerxa's place in Grade II.

In St. Peter's Girls' school, Sister Theckla, who is principal, is ill with pneumonia and her place is being filled by Sister Barbara, who was on leave of absence. Sister Stella, who was assistent at St. Peter's school, is to replace Sister Clement on the regular staff of St. Patrick's Girls' school in West St. John. Sister Clement will take the place vacated by Sister Stella in St. Peter's school.

In the High school, Miss Barbara Dobson was granted six months leave of absence, and in the interim her place will be filled by Miss Molly Lingley. The latter's place will be filled by Miss Margaret Adams of Hampton, who is a B. A. of the U. N. B. She will act as assistant during the term.

The trustees appointed Miss G. Betts to Winter street School, Miss Gladys Dowling to Victoria street, and Miss E. Marion Mahoney to Centennial school as reserve teachers.

Miss Yerxa, who is in charge of Centennial school, is a teacher of long experience. She was one of the few selected by the British government to become a member of the teaching staff in Johannsburg in 1904. After teaching there for nearly seven years she returned to St. John and rejoined the local staff. Superintendent Bridges said this morning that she was in every way qualified for the work in Grade VII.

One year prior to Miss Yerxa's departure for South Africa, two of Superintendent Bridges' sisters went to join teaching staffs there. Miss Bessie took over the position of director of the Normal College in Pretoria, and Miss Clara became mistress in Sunnyside school, and had among her pupils children of Premier Botha and General Smut. At that time Superintendent Bridges was offered £800 a year and free rent if he would take over the superintendency of the schools there, but he decided to remain in Canada.

GOOD WORK BY THE CANADIANS

Daring Trench Raid By a Small Party

HAVE WON GREAT NAME

Spirit of Adventure Among Dominion Troops Gives Our Patrols Predominance—Edmonton Men Distinguish Themselves at Crater

London, Jan. 8.—The following communique is from the Canadian war records office:

"During work by our patrols, one minor raid and the consolidation of a mine crater have been the features of the fighting on the corps front during the last week. The minor raid, which was completely successful, is of special interest in showing the skill and daring which characterizes the work of our patrols after dark.

"On New Year's Eve two officers and five men of a Montreal battalion left our trenches and fifteen minutes later had crossed the enemy's wire and entered his front line trenches without being detected. Finding no Germans in the immediate vicinity of the point of entry, the raiding party commenced to move down the trench towards a point where a sentry post was believed to be located. The trench was full of mud and water, making movement extremely difficult, but the post was eventually reached without any of the enemy being encountered.

"After waiting for about twenty minutes a sentry was heard approaching. He was overpowered and compelled to surrender. A second German was overpowered as he was emerging from a dugout and with their two prisoners, our party returned to their trenches without further incident.

"The spirit of adventure which leads to enterprises such as that already described has given our patrols a predominance, the value of which is difficult to overestimate.

"On the night of December 28, a mine was successfully blown by us and the western lip of the crater formed was seized and consolidated by a party of an Edmonton regiment. The work of consolidating was carried out well under most difficult weather conditions, the night being wet and pitch dark."

OUT OF DANGER

Sergeant J. C. Stackhouse, D.C.M. Successfully Fights Pneumonia

Mrs. C. J. Stackhouse, of 57 Market Place, West St. John, this morning, received news from Ottawa that brought joy, not only to herself and her family, but also will to many friends of her soldier boy. On December 29, Mrs. Stackhouse received from the adjutant-general at Ottawa word that her son, Sergt. James S. Stackhouse, D.C.M., was then very ill with pneumonia at No. 7 stationary hospital, Havre, France. This morning she was notified again by the authorities at Ottawa, but the news of December 29 was changed into glad tidings, for it said that her son was now no longer reported as seriously ill. He was at No. 2 General Hospital, Havre, on January 7. This reassuring information will be received with acclaim by many friends.

Sergt. Stackhouse crossed overseas with Major Magee's heavy battery. His qualities were duly recognized and he quickly advanced from gunner to sergeant. For conspicuous bravery under heavy fire he was awarded the coveted D.C.M., and was later mentioned in despatches. He is twenty-two years of age and is considered a very efficient as well as a gallant young soldier.

A. K. GRIMMER, C. E. JOINS THE ENGINEERS

A. K. Grimmer, C.E., of St. Andrews has offered his services to his king and country and has been given a commission in the Canadian Engineers. He will report at the training depot of the unit in St. Johns, Quebec, during the latter part of this month.

Lieutenant Grimmer as an engineer has had a wide experience since graduating from the U. N. B. in 1904. He first was city engineer of Fredericton for two years and then was offered the position of city engineer for Medicine Hat which he accepted. This he held for about five years and then went to the teaching staff of the Manitoba University in Winnipeg. Just recently he returned to St. Andrews where he began private practice. Undoubtedly his experience will be of great service to the Canadian army, to which he now belongs.

MARVELS OF SURGERY.

In French Hospitals Since the Opening of the War.

Winnipeg, Jan. 9—Col W. H. Sharpe, a Canadian senator, who recently returned from the Somme front, said: "The war is advancing the art of surgery to an astounding degree. In St. Claude Hospital, near Paris, I saw an operation. A man with his arm broken off, also a piece of the shoulder, was dealt with. In some way they attached that arm again and when I left the man could move his forearm and fingers. Another chap I saw had his whole face blown off, and the surgeons fixed that face—rebuilt it until that man looks no different from you or I."