

the manner in which, and times when the private right of fishing in inland waters may be exercised.

This is also an answer to the third erroneous view above mentioned, for the law passed by the Dominion Parliament prescribing how and when fish may be caught was not set aside by the judgment referred to, but rather confirmed.

The matter, therefore, stands thus:—The owner of land bordering on any non-navigable river or lake possesses the exclusive right to fish for salmon, trout or any other fish in the water in front of his land, and may exercise that right himself or transfer it to another.

The right of fishing in water in front of public, ungranted lands belongs to the Province, represented by the Local Government, by which it may be disposed of or leased to private parties; and any person who fishes in such waters without authority to do so may be prosecuted for trespass.

All fishing, whether in private or public waters, must be done in accordance with the Federal Fishery Laws and regulations.

The
aboundi
whitefis

In
of, they
on favor
unlawfu

It is
be large
cial Gov

The
encourag
associati
rivers or
destructi
has begu

Quebe