

posted that it took two days' heavy firing to dislodge them. After the bombardment Anderson and his boat's crew took possession of the place. He was with the army at the capitulation of Montreal, and was then sent to Albany in charge of the sick and wounded, and in 1761 he was placed in charge of the workmen in the engineer's department at Crown Point. After the close of the war he settled on a farm, where he lived until the breaking out of the Rebellion in 1775. He was offered a company in the Continental service, which he refused. Some time afterwards he was offered the command of a regiment in the same service, which he also refused. This caused him to be looked upon as too friendly to the King, and led to an attempt on the part of some of his neighbors to convert him from the error of his ways by one or other of the gentle means of carting, flogging or tarring and feathering then in vogue among the Revolutionary party, and five or six of them started to try the experiment. They found him on his farm splitting rails. He asked them what they wanted, and on being told that they intended to teach him a lesson, he invited them to come on and try. They looked at him and at the axe on his shoulder and slunk away, evidently considering "discretion the better part of valor." The next move was to arrest him, and he and many other Loyalists were confined in Litchfield jail, where he suffered all but death until the beginning of 1777, when having been told that all the prisoners were to be shot the next day, he wrenched the iron bars from a window and with his companions escaped to Canada, where he was appointed a captain in the first battalion of Sir John Johnson's corps, "The King's Royal Regiment of New York." (See Note 11.)

When General Burgoyne's unfortunate expedition was preparing to advance from Ticonderoga, Captain Anderson was placed in charge of the workmen who were employed in making the corduroy road through the forest from the head of Lake Champlain towards Fort Edward. (See Note 11.)

Captain Anderson served in the first battalion of the Royal