THE MOTHER LAND

Latest Mails from Ireland, England and Scotland.

Death of a Famous Nun at Tours—Evidences of Catholic Piety in Scotland—English Freemasonry.

Antrim.

The charge of assault preferred by Mrs. Murtagh against Mr DeCobain, ex M.P., has ended in dismissal. Mr. DeCobain had his sister sworn it was the woman who was violent and screamed "murder" without cause.

Speaking at Belfast on the 8th the Most Rev Dr Henry made the following reference to the Christian Brothers: The Christian Brothers have, by their system of primary education, kept promptly before the minds of the Catholics of Ireland the true ideal of Catholic or Christian education, and this seems to me to be the sole reason why English Governments, which boast of the existence of liberty of conscience throughout the British Empire, have persistently refused to recognize the Christian Brothers' Primary Schools as worthy of State aid. It was, I presume to supplement this income that the Brothers throughout the country undertook to prepare some of their pupils for the Intermediate examinations, for the Intermediate system seems to me to be foreign to their institute as originally approved of by the Holy See. However even in this department of higher education the Christian Brothers in Ireland have proved themselves competent. As it was to my illustrious predecessor so it is to me, the subject of regret that the undivided attention and energies of men so good and teachers so efficient are not, perhaps cannot be for the present, entirely centred on the primary education of the poorer classes. It is to be hoped that the present Government will carry out their pledges and do justice to a most deserving body of teachers by admitting the Christian Brothers to a fair share of the State grants for primary education.

Cork.

A correspondent of the Cork Herald announces the death at Youghal of Mrs. Mary Frances Regis Lynch, a member of the Presentation Community. Sister Regis was but 36 years of age, and a little over ten years a religious. She was of delicate health for years past, suffering from weak lungs, and phtisis supervening, that disease ultimately caused her death. She was much beloved, which was owing to her docility and gentleness of manner, particularly by those to whom she imparted instruction, and those who shared her friendship deeply deplore her death. She was sister to the Rev. Father Lynch, C.C., Charleville, formerly curate at Queenstown, and to Mr. Lynch, J.P., Lisquinlan. The Community have sustained a great loss on the death of Sister Regis. It is not generally known that the magnificent pieces of lace made recently at the convent, and which have still further enhanced the fame of Youghal lace, were designed by her. In addition to the gifts of being an excellent portrait and landscape painter, Sister Regis had a rare talent for inventing and drawing to the very finest detail, designs, some of them most wonderfully intricate, of Youghal needlepoint lace, and even on her death-bed, when her strength permitted her to work, she was busy drawing designs.

On the 1st a young girl, residing with her parents near Ballydehob, left her home, saying she was going to pay a visit to an aunt of hers who lived a few miles away. On the following evening the parents ascertained that she had not gone to the aunt's house at all, and she was traced to Bandon and Innisbannon. She was greatly exhausted, having, according to her own statement, subsisted entirely on blackberries and water from the time she left home. Cheap novels prompted her escapade.

The annual celebration of the Feast of St. Finubarr took place as usual in the "Green Island of Ione Gougane Barra," immortalized by the poet Caimen. The day was beautifully fine. High Mass was celebrated by the Rev. Father Murphy, P.P. Inchigeela, in the ruined hermitage of the saint, and both inside and outside the crumbling walls vast crowds of people were congregated. After the Mass the Rev. Father O'Shea (Finn Barrs) ascended the elevation in the centre of the enclosure and from it preached a very impressive, able, and forcible sermon on the life of the saint. He described the lineage of St. Finn Barr, his labours in various parts of the country, and finally his death at Cloyne. He then went on to describe the intense faith, love of country, and love of religion which pervaded the Irish heart in those days.

Carlow.

The action of the Local Government Board has brought the question of nursing by nuns to the front in several of the workhouse infirmaries throughout the country. In Carlow Dr. Rawson has been saying there were cases almost every week at which the nuns sat up all night. They were the most devoted ladies as nurses he had ever met with, and they never, under any circumstances, complained.

Dublin.

On August 14th Mr. Michael Davitt delivered his farewell address in the Centennial Hall, Brisbane, to a very large and representative gathering. Mr. Davitt was looking remarkably well after his tour through Queensland, the resources of which astonished him. The trip was but a coastal one. Previous to the lecture Mr. Davitt was presented with a cheque for £250, the result of the efforts of the Brisbane committee. £100 had come from Croydon, where Mr. Davitt had not been; but this fact tells well for the enthusiasm of the friends of Home Rule in the gold fields. The presentation of the fund collected in Brisbane was made by the Attorney-General (Hon. T. J. Byrnes), who said he hoped there would soon be an Irish Parliament sitting in the old place at College Green, which would amply provide for the representation of the nation there. But they might depend upon that part of Australia to do its duty, because they looked upon it as a duty to supplement the efforts of those men who had the interests of Ireland at heart.

The latest addition to the series of calendars published by the Historical Manuscripts Commission consists of another volume of Dr. John T. Gilbert's calendar of the Marquis of Ormonde's manuscripts. The documents contain letters from all the English Sovereigns from Queen Mary to Queen Anne, besides a mass of correspondence between Ormonde and his fellows during the latter half of the seventeenth century. In one of the letters Charles II. calls the Lord Lieutenant to account for not having made comfortable a client quartered upon the Irish establishment. Another orders the arrest of Vis-count Mountgarrett and Richard Talbot, his eldest son.

Whereas there has been further information given us upon oath touching a rebellion designed in Ireland, whereby it appears that Richard Talbot was to be General, the Viscount Mountgarret to be Lieutenant-General, and John Pippard a Colonell, and that they had received and accepted their several commissions from the Provincial of the Jesuits by virtue of a brove from the Pope, as by affidavit made by Titus Oates.

Kerry.

Intelligence has been received in Killarney of the death of the Rev. Father McCarthy, parish priest, Fauedhouse, Scotland. The Rev. Father McCarthy was son of Mr. Denis McCarthy, Main street, Killarney.

Waterford.

Intelligence has reached Waterford of the death of Father Robert Power, P.P., Ballyneale, Carrick-on-Suir, on the 26th ult. Father Robert was well and widely known. By all with whom he came in contact this warm hearted and good-natured priest was held in high esteem.

England.

Christian Union.

It is rumoured that his Eminence Cardinal Vaughan will probably visit Rome again this winter in connection with the great question of the re-union of the Churches. This news is welcomed by his numerous friends with hope and pleasure, for he is recognized as one whose calm, unprejudiced view of difficult questions may be accepted and relied upon with faith in his judgment.

Father Berry's Homes.

A further development of Father Berry's systemtic plan of dealing with waifs was inaugurated on Tuesday evening, when St. Bernard's Training Home, Everton-crescent, Liverpool—so called in memory of the late Right Rev. Dr. Bernard O'Reilly, Bishop of Liverpool, and blessed by the present Bishop Right Rev. Dr. Whiteside, on the occasion of the recent annual conference of the St. Vincent de Paul Society—was formally opened by the Right Hon. H. W. Watts, Lord Mayor of Liverpool. The object of this new home which is situated to the rear of the new St. Philip's Home, is to give a number of the lads a certain amount of industrial training to enable them to earn a living. It has been started by Father Berry with that courageous and trustful dependence upon Providence and public sympathy which has been a marked feature of his rescue work from the beginning; and the interest evinced by all classes and creeds therein has been manifested in a very practical manner.

The Holy See and Freemasonry.

The "Bristol-Mercury," in a temperate and well-written article urges that the Holy See in dealing with Freemasonry should draw a distinction between British and foreign Masonry. When the Grand Orient of France struck out of its fundamental principles that of belief in God, the Grand Lodge of England refused to recognize it. The Grand Orient still remains outside the pale of English Masonry. The present Pope, observes the writer, is credited with entertaining the most friendly feelings towards this country. He might easily give effect to them, without derogating from the position in matters of religious belief which was defined in Bristol by Cardinal Vaughan, if he would discriminate between Freemasonry as practised in English and as practised in Latin countries. A more tolerant attitude towards this country would make his position stronger and more logical than it is at present. The Catholic Times commenting upon the article says: We quite agree with our contemporary that English, as distinguished from foreign Freemasonry, is nowise subversive of law and order, and does not partake in the remotest degree of a political character. But apart from its rites, which partake of a non-Catholic religious character, there is an insuperable bar to its toleration which, we are sure, the editor of the "Mercury" will, on reflection, admit to be reasonable. The Catholic Church cannot sanction a secret oath-bound society. No man should be committed to principles and acts of which before he is bound he know little or nothing.

Scotland.

A Lesson for Toronto.

Edinburgh has just inaugurated her new supply of water from the Talla, one of the head waters of the Tweed. The event was immortalized in the following ode read at the inauguration ceremony:

Hail to this day, September Twenty Eight,
A day which some historian may relate,
Was one by which Edina's sons might thrive
(It was in Eighteen Hundred and Ninety, Five);
For then a new supply was to be found
Of water pure, brought in from Gameshopo ground,
And from the Talla glens, so far from home,
'Mid pastures, green, where men delight to roam;
While, all around, the giant mountains stand,
Th' eternal sentinels of enchanted land,
Upon their slopes no tender lily grows—
No primrose pale—no meek, red, blushing rose;
Nought but the heather and the blue harebell
Do on these grassy brae delight to dwell.
We wander off beside Tweed's silver stream,
Murmuring and sobbing, as a child in dream;
Then dashing onward, in its wayward course,
O'er boulders, powerless to resist its force;
Its waters seem intent to hurry on,
Until in ocean deep they are all gone.
We view the mists that on the hill-top rise,
And seemingly unite the earth and skies;
We think of God, who does so much for man,
Whose life at best is but a mortal span.
A day to be remembered this has been;
We shall not soon forget the lovely scene.
As, first, of all, the Lady cut the Sod,
When we had asked the blessing of our God
Upon the means which we were bound to take
To bring "sweet waters" in, for City's sake,
May this, our latest project, when 'tis made,
Contribute largely to increase our trade!
And may our children's children live to see
That their supplies of water sure shall be.

"Stream of Conversions."

The work of convincing non Catholics of the error of their ways in a religious sense is being pursued with considerable success in many parts of Scotland. In no parish perhaps, is the harvest of souls more plentiful than in that of St. Francis's, Glasgow, where a number of Protestants are under instruction. Indeed, the significant phrase "stream of conversions" has lately been used in reference to this populous mission. This announcement will yield genuine pleasure to every pious Catholic in the land of the Scot.

New Altar Unveiled in Dundee.

A religious function of great interest has taken place with considerable pomp in the Pro-Cathedral of St. Andrew, Dundee. Solemn High Mass was sung in presence of a number of clergy and a considerable gathering of the laity, and an appropriate sermon was preached by the Very Rev. Canon Doulevy, of St. Mary's Cathedral, Edinburgh, the occasion being the unveiling of a new altar to the Sacred Heart of Jesus, devotion to which has spread with such rapidity in Scotland.

Christian Unity.

Rev. Father Splaine, S.J., speaking at Edinburgh on "The Union of the Churches," directed attention to the fact that his Holiness has addressed his Encyclical Letter to the people of England and not to the churches. This, the rev. lecturer pointed out, arises from the fact that his Holiness recognizes the utter impossibility of the Catholic Church attaching to itself denominations, such as the Anglican, that hold the Bible to be the only guide in faith and morals, and that permit independent interpretation of the Biblical teachings. The lecturer proceeded in a most lucid manner to show the folly of regarding the Bible, which was not compiled for two hundred years after Christ's death, and which was for one thousand years later beyond the reach of the vast majority of Christians, on account of its price, as the guide of men in faith and morals.

University Honour for Canon Chisholm.

Scottish Catholics will learn with very deep satisfaction of a great honour which is about to be paid by the University of Aberdeen to Canon Chisholm, President of St. Blair's College, Aberdeen. The honorary degree of LL.D. is to be bestowed upon him in connection with the celebrations on the occasion of the opening of the new Aberdeen University buildings.

THEY NEVER FAIL.—Mr. S. M. Boughner, writes: "For about two years I was troubled with Inward Piles, but by using Parmelee's Pills, I was completely cured, and although four years have elapsed since they have not returned." Parmelee's Pills are anti-bilious and a specific for the cure of Liver and Kidney Complaints, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Headache, Piles, etc, and will regulate the secretions and remove all bilious matter.

In military stables horses are known to have pretended to be lame in order to avoid going to a military exercise. A chimpanzee had been fed on cake when sick; after his recovery he often feigned coughing in order to procure dainties. The cuckoo, as is well known, lays its eggs in another bird's nest, and to make the deception surer it takes away one of the other bird's eggs. Animals are conscious of their deceit, as shown by the fact that they try to act secretly and noiselessly; they show a sense of guilt if detected; they take precautions in advance to avoid discovery; in some cases they manifest regret and repentance. Thus, bees which steal hesitate often before and after their exploits, as if they feared punishment. A naturalist describes how his monkey committed theft; while he pretended to sleep the animal regarded him with hesitation, and stopped every time his master moved or seemed on the point of awakening.

INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM.—Mr. S. Ackerman commercial traveler, Belleville, writes: "Some years ago I used DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL for inflamatory rhoumatism, and three bottles effected a complete cure. I was the whole of one summer unable to move without crutches, and every movement caused excruciating pains. I am now out on the road and exposed to all kinds of weather, but have never been troubled with rheumatism since. I, however, keep a bottle of DR. THOMAS' OIL on hand, and I always recommend it to others, as it did so much for me."

Who can look back on the long chain of graces of which life has been composed since the hour of his baptism without a feeling of surprise at the unwearedness and minuteness of God's love.

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LONDON & CANADIAN LOAN & AGENCY CO., LIMITED.

Twenty-Second Annual Meeting.

The Twenty-second Annual Meeting was held in the office of the Company, 103 Bay street, Toronto, on Wednesday, the 9th day of October, 1895, at noon. Among those present were the following: Sir W. P. Howland, Sir C. S. Gzowski, Rev. Dr. Moffatt, Rev. Dr. Warden, Montreal; Dr. Larratt, W. Smith, Q.C.; Col. Sweny and Messrs G. R. R. Cockburn, M.P.; Thomas Long, James Henderson, George Robinson, Thomas Paterson, Bowmanville; James Campbell, William Gordon, T. R. Wood, David Higgins, C. S. Gzowski, C. C. Baines, John Aitken, F. C. Taylor, Lindsay; M. O'Donnell, Henry Lamport, J. G. Ridout, F. J. Stewart, Frank Arnoldi, Q.C.; R. W. Boyle and H. L. Hime.

On motion of Mr. G. R. R. Cockburn, seconded by Mr. M. O'Donnell, Sir W. P. Howland was appointed chairman, and Mr. J. F. Kirk secretary of the meeting.

The following report was adopted:

The Directors beg to submit the Twenty-second Annual Report of the Company, together with accounts for the year ending 31st August, 1895.

Applications for loans were received during the year to the amount of $879,232 on property estimated as worth $1,780,973, and loans were approved and effected to the extent of $266,252 00 on property valued by the company's own appraisers at $546,870.

During the year Debentures and Certificates have been issued and renewed amounting to	$301,170 83
And Debenture Stock issued	402,393 02
	$703,073 85
While the amount of Debentures and Certificates paid off was	606,938 16
Making an increase of	$ 96,765 69
since last report.	
The revenue account, after all interest and charges have been deducted, and all accrued losses written off, shows a balance of	$ 61,427 47
From which, deducting two half-yearly dividends, amounting with tax thereon to	56,903 18
There remains a balance of	$4,524 29

Which is carried forward at the credit of "Revenue Account" to next year.

A committee of the Board was appointed to investigate and revalue the securities of the Company, keeping in view the depreciation which has existed for some time, and still continues, materially affecting the values of the real estate. The result of their labors, extending over a period of some months, has decided the Board to set aside the sum of $210,000 out of the "Reserve Fund," (which, by the Company's charter is created for the purpose of meeting contingencies and equalizing dividends), being equal to 30 per cent. of the paid-up capital of the Company, to "Rest Account," investing this sum in first-class municipal debentures out of the debentures owned by the Company, and leaving the balance, $200,000 as a provision, believed to be adequate, to cover the probable shrinkage caused by the depreciation in the assets of this Company, a depreciation suffered in common with all other institutions and persons engaged in the business of lending money on the security of real estate. With returning prosperity, your Directors hope that such a contingent fund may not all be required; but, at the meantime, they consider it wiser and safer to mark the limit of contingent loss on the present basis of value.

Your Directors have found good loans at remunerative rates very difficult to obtain, and instead of accepting any securities, except of the best class, have preferred to restrict their operations.

Repayments on mortgages, both in Ontario and Manitoba have been satisfactory and encouraging. In Manitoba, which the President, with the Chief Inspector, visited as usual, the results of the harvest were found most satisfactory; an unusually large crop of excellent quality having been secured in good condition. Your Directors feel justified in the expectation that this condition of prosperity will redound to the advantage of the Company.

It will be observed that the issue of £100,000 Debenture Stock has been nearly all taken up in Edinburgh.

Since the last annual meeting the Company has been deprived of the services of an active and faithful Director by the death of Mr. C. E. Hooper. His place has been filled by the appointment of Mr. Thomas Long, of the firm of Messrs Thomas Long & Bro. of Collingwood. He has a large interest in the Company and his high standing and business experience will be of great value to the Company.

W. P. HOWLAND,
President.

Toronto, 3rd October, 1895.

Auditors' Certificate.

To the President and Directors of the London and Canadian Loan and Agency Co., Ltd.:

Gentlemen,—We have completed the annual audit of the books and accounts of the Company for the year ending 31st August, 1895, and have found them correct, and the cash balances to agree with the bankers' books.

We have also examined the Company's statement of "Assets and Liabilities" and "Revenue Account," have compared them with the ledger balances, and found them correct.

The mortgages, debentures and other securities have been carefully examined. They agree with the schedule submitted to us, and with their respective entries in the ledger.

The "Loans on Call or Short Date on Debentures and Securities" have been valued at their respective market prices, and we find that the amounts advanced on them are fully covered.

We are, Gentlemen, yours faithfully,

DAVID HIGGINS,
J. J. WOODHOUSE,
Auditors.

Toronto, 3rd October, 1895.

Assets and Liabilities, 31st August, 1895.

Assets.

Loans on Mortgages and Interest		$3,763,415 86	
Properties Account—			
Company's Offices and Buildings in Toronto	$75,000 00		
Company's Offices and Buildings in Winnipeg	45,000 00		
Other real estate vested in the Company	86,051 01		
		206,051 01	$3,974,466 87
Municipal and other Negotiable Debentures		402,043 90	
Loans on Call or Short Date on Debentures and Securities		278,098 97	
			680,142 87
Sundry Debtors			1,194 93
Cash in hand— with Company's Bankers in Canada			27,363 67
			$4,683,168 66

Liabilities.

Capital Stock Subscribed, 100,000 Shares at $100 each	$8,000,000 00	
Capital Stock paid up in full		700,000 00
Rest Account (available for Municipal Debentures)		200,000 00
Reserve Fund (to meet contingencies, etc.)		200,000 00
Debenture Stock		195,416 66
Debentures and Certificates payable at fixed dates		3,073,261 14
Reserved for interest accrued on Debenture Stock, Debentures and Certificates to date		75,424 65
Sundry Creditors		7,606 49
Due to Company's Agents and Bankers in Britain		4,976 41
Dividend No. 44, payable 15th September, 1895		28,000 00
Balance at Credit of Revenue Account carried to next year		4,524 29
		$4,683,168 66

Revenue Account for the Year Ending 31st August, 1895.

Dr.

Cost of Management		$ 21,119 51
Commission on Debentures issued and Loans effected during the year, and Agency Charges		24,302 16
Debenture and Certificate interest paid and accrued to 31st August, 1895	$165,582 47	
Less amount accrued last year for interest accrued on Debenture and Certificates	53,101 66	
		112,480 81
Dividend No 43, 4 per cent, paid 15th March, 1895	28,000 00	
Dividend No 44, 4 per cent, payable 15th September 1895	28,000 00	
Municipal Tax thereon	902 18	
Balance at Credit of Revenue Account carried to Next year	4,524 29	
		61,427 47
		$219,330 05

Cr.

Balance at credit of Revenue Account, 31st August, 1894	$5,052 66	
Less amount voted to President and Auditors at the last Annual Meeting	2,300 00	
		$ 2,752 66
Net Interest, etc., received and accrued to 31st August, 1895, after writing off all ascertained losses		216,577 39
		$219,330 05
1895 August 31st—By Balance carried to next year		$ 4,524 29

J. F. KIRK, Manager.

The scrutineers reported those gentlemen duly elected Directors: Sir W. P. Howland, Sir C. S. Gzowski, Sir Donald A. Smith, Donald MacKay, Dr. L. W. Smith, Q.C.; Sandford Fleming, C.E., C.M.G.; G. R. R. Cockburn, M.P.; James Henderson and Thomas Long.

At a subsequent meeting of the newly elected Board, Sir C. S. Gzowski was appointed President and Mr. G. R. R. Cockburn Vice President.

VISIT TO CORNWALL.

CORNWALL Oct. 5.—Mr. Michael McEniry, a "boy" who hails from within speaking distance of Garryowen, started business in the vicinity of the G.T.R. station here several years ago, and from feeble beginnings, has developed into a property-owner of fair-sized dimensions. Mr. McEniry is a good citizen, as he is a most patriotic Irishman, a man who has always had the courage of speaking as he felt upon questions affecting the Old Land; in a few words, a man who, upon those as on most every other question has, whether he be right or wrong, the courage of his conviction.

The appearance here of Mr. McEniry at Cornwall station heralded the coming of others, also from the shadow of the "City of the Violated Treaty." Of these were Mr. John Broderick, Mr. James Broderick and Mr. Michael Casey. The two latter have several years ago, sincerely mourned, passed over to that mysterious world beyond the grave.

Mr. Frank Lally, the well-known athlete and lacrosse player, has settled down to the prosaic duties of boot and shoe merchant. For many years, in the open field Mr. Lally followed fame fortune and ball with a lacrosse stick. At this he developed such fleetness of foot that he was urged by his friends to run for the position of Mayor of his native town. He entered the race, and won, knocking the other competitor out of time, distance and a great deal of money. A valuable "side-line" to Mr. Lally's extensive business is his important trade in the manufacture and sale of lacrosse sticks. Under his own personal supervision, these are manufactured by the Indians on an island opposite Cornwall, and exported to all parts of the Dominion.

Mr. Edward O'Callaghan is a man who, commencing at the lowest rung of the ladder, has risen step by step until now he is recognised as one of the leading merchants of the "Factory Town." He also was in the race for the mayoralty, and won, signalising his term by the display of administrative abilities of a very high order. The present Mayor of Cornwall is the son of an Irishman—the late Mr. Patrick Gilday Mulhern a native of the County Mayo, and a near relative to the late illustrious Archbishop McHale of Tuam. Of the career of Mr. Patrick Gilday Mulhern in Ireland I know nothing, but the many years during which he has resided at Cornwall he was employed as catechist attached to the English Church, where he won as much distinction as his son does in discharging the duties of chief civic functionary of the town.

Mr. James Gleason is an old and respected resident of Cornwall. A native of Tipperary Ireland, he left his home in broad day light many years ago, coming to Canada, and shortly afterwards finding employment under the Government. Mr. Gleason has been a most faithful and trustworthy servant of the public, a fact which the Department of Railways and Canals shows its appreciation of by very strange methods indeed. Some few years ago whilst in the discharge of his official duties he met with an accident which incapacitated him for nine months, during a great portion of which time he lay in his bed, frequently however, between life and death. Upon his recovery he made application for pay which had justly accrued during his illness, but imagine his feelings of surprise, and indignation when peremptorily informed that the Department failed to see the justice of his claim. Unfortunately for Mr. Gleason, if in no other sense, he is not an "Amoreau" of the "P.P.A.," order, nor yet an Orangeman in good or bad standing. Were he only belonging to one or the other of these organizations there would, I feel certain, be very little trouble about his pay. Dr. Bergin, I have good reason to believe, has actively interested himself in this matter, as he has in everything else affecting the welfare of his constituents, but so far without success I trust that the matter will not be allowed to rest, but that a vigorous effort will be put forth to right the wrong done to this honest man, now in his declining years.

The Catholic population of Cornwall exceeds by a few hundreds all the other denominations combined. Of these nearly one third are of French extraction, and the balance made up pretty evenly between Irish Catholics and the descendents of those brave pioneers—the Scotch Highlanders—who appeared on the present site of Cornwall, and in the adjoining county of Glengarry, more than a century ago. There are two magnificent Catholic churches; that at the east end, which is under the charge of the Rev. Paul De Saunac being intended for the French, and the other at the Western end of the town, being in charge of the Rev. George J. Corbett for the English speaking. Of the ministrations of both these clergymen nothing can be said but words of praise. By the sagacity of their counsels, not less than by their zeal, and the uprightness and purity of their lives, they have won the love and confidence of all whilst fostering a spirit of harmony amongst the different races of which the Catholics of Cornwall are composed, that is abundant cause for general gratification as it is pregnant with hope in the future.

The new church just erected by the Rev. Father Corbett, is I believe, the most commodious and costly edifice of its nature in the whole diocese of Alexandria. No wonder, that, as, I sat in his room, the good Priest should have slapped me on the shoulder, and in exultant tones exclaim "Look at that! What do you think of it?" I looked through the window and saw the stupendous form of St. Columban's Church "I have seen it before with pleasure Rev. Father," I answered. "It will rescue your name from forgetfulness long after we are all dead."

Returning to the station which I intended to make my starting point northward, I find a few friends ill of health. Mr. John Danaher I found seriously indisposed. A good honest man, I sincerely believe that the summons, whenever it reaches John Danaher, will find him well prepared to meet it. I hope however, that he is now restored to health. Mr. Patrick Gannon also, who has bravely and in a spirit of Christian resignation, battled for many years, against a disease which appears to be chronic, I found in low spirits. For him as well, I hope for a speedy recovery. Of what I saw here, and of the honest Highlanders, whom I have met in such large numbers, I will have something to say later on. RAMBLER.

St. John, N. B.

Messrs. T. O'Brien & Co., the well-known Catholic publishers and booksellers, etc., at St. John, N. B., are agents for THE CATHOLIC REGISTER. All persons who desire to subscribe, or renew their subscriptions to this paper, may do so through that firm. Single copies of THE CATHOLIC REGISTER may always be obtained at their store, 82 Germain street.

The remarkable number of cures of gout and rheumatism which have followed the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, point conclusively to the fact that this remedy comes nearer being the specific for complaints of this nature than any other medicine in pharmacy.

St. Nicholas has secured a series of letters written by Robert Louis Stevenson to a boy-relative, describing the author's romantic life in Samoa.

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