laboriousness; some of them ha recognised very many years ago; and for the promptitude and decision with which they acted. 5. For the manner in which they followed out its missionaries at their stations, and exercised its legitimate powers as lay patrons, which the Bishop said he always wished the Society to retain. 6. For the scriptural tone of its printed Reports. 7. Because he considered its faults, if any to be on the safe side, in occasional over-directions to its Committees abroad. And, 8. Because all its designs were entered upon and carried on with prayer.

At the conclusion of the Bishop's address he arose and pronounced the benediction; and then withdrew.

[Through a private channel we learn that His Lordship has consented to preach the Anniversary Sermon for the Church Missionary Society next May, provided his health admit of it .- Ev.]

To Coures rondents :- Received Wt. and sent extra by English Mail; -- Wy we had the information only through public channels; --B. next week ;-A's closing part has been read by M. and he must write.

PAYMENTS RECEIVED :- From the Baroness de Longueuil from No. 53 to 101; Rev. J. A. Allen No. 53 to 104; Mr. John Waddell No. 99 to 112.

Nocal and Political Entelligence.

EUROPEAN NEWS .- On Saturday last the Western Mail brought forward extras of the Montreal journals, giving a few items of the news brought by the 4th of February Mail steamer, the Cambria, from Liverpool. This fine vessel arrived at Halifax on the 17th inst. at 9, 20 A. M. By arrangements previously made, the news was carried express to Portland, and from thence to Montreal, in January, made up an extra bag for letters on

The news is highly important in a commercial point of view, though political matters present nothing very striking; the repeal of the corn laws is now certain. Parliament met on the 22nd of January, and was formalities. Some extracts from the speech of Her Majesty upon the occasion follow:

" For several years a desolating and sanguinary warfare has afflicted the States of the Rio de la Plata. The commerce of all nations has been interrupted, and acts of barbarity have been committed, unknown to the practice of a civilised people. In con- elected to uphold. junction with the King of the French, I am endeavouring to effect a pacification of those States.

"The Convention concluded with France, in the course of last year, for the more effectual suppression of the slave trade, is about to be carried into immediate execution by the active co-operation of the two Powers on the coast of Africa.

"It is my desire that our present union, and the good understanding which so happily exists between us, may always be employed to promote the interests of humanity, and to secure the peace of the world.

"I regret that the conflicting claims of Great Britain and the United States in respect | he in his dotage, and deserves the censures of of the territory on the North Western Coast levery body, his speech being calculated to of America, although they have been made mislead'even well disposed people, the subject of repeated negotiation, still remain unsettled.

"You may be assured that no effort consistent with national bonour shall be wanting on written by a General Officer residing in my part to bring this question to an early and | England and received in town by the last peaceful termination.

" GENTLEMEN OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS, "The estimates for the year will be laid before you at an early period. Although I am deeply sensible of the importance of enforcing economy in all branches of the expenditure, yet I have been compelled, by a due regard to the exigencies of the public service, and to the state of our Naval and Military Establishments, to propose some increase in the estimates which provide for their efficiency.

"I have had great satisfaction in giving my assent to the measures which you have presented to me from time to time, calculated to extend Commerce, and to stimulate domestic skill and industry, by the repeal of prohibitory, and the relaxation of protective, duties.
"The prosperous state of the Revenue, the

increased de nand for labour, and the general improvement which has taken place in the internal condition of the country, are strong testimonies in favour of the course you have pursued.

"I recommend you to take into your early consideration whether the principles on which you have acted may not with advantage be yet more extensively applied, and whether it may not be in your power, after a careful review of the existing duties upon many articles the produce or manufacture of other countries, to make such further reductions and remissions as may tend to insure the continuance of the great benefits to which I have adverted and, by enlarging our commercial intercourse, to strengthen the bonds of amity with Foreign Powers.

" Any measures which you may adopt for effecting these great objects will, I am convinced, be accompanied by such precautions as shall prevent permanent loss to the Revenue, or injurious results to any of the great interests of the country.

"I have full reliance on your just and dispassionate consideration of matters so deeply

affecting the public welfare.

"It is my carnest prayer that, with the blessing of Divine Providence on your councils, you may be enabled to promote friendly feelings between different classes of my subjects, provide additional security for the continuance of peace, and to maintain contentment and happiness at home, by increasing the comforts and bettering the condition of the great body of my people,"

Upon the re-assembling of the House of summit level, each costing on the average,

monious working of the Committee; for their Commons, after the delivery of the Royal | 600,000 francs. M. Garetta, however, sug-Speech, Sir R. Peel and Lord John Russell as having been active members in that room both entered into explanations of the course through the mountain, which, besides the which they had found it necessary to take during the adjournment of Parliament; and must be of height sufficient to permit the pas-Sir R. Peel then gave notice of his intention to bring forward at an early day, a measure of the highest importance to their commercial interests. Accordingly, on the 27th idem, of the tunnel is fifty millions of francs, but it before a House crowded to excess not only will enable the canal to be constructed with with members but strangers of all classes, Sir Robert, in a long and masterly speech, developed his policy for the future. The limits of taking, by dispensing with by far the greater the Berean admit only of a summary of a number of the locks. The total expense of speech which occupied four hours in the the canal is estimated at 125 millions francs delivery: the following list gives some of the (five millions sterling.) principal changes proposed. Tallow, duty reduced from 3s. 21, to 1s. 6d. per cwt: duty on timber to be gradually reduced to a point not yet determined; on calicoes, prints, and articles of cotton manufactures the duty of 10 per cent repealed; on cottons made up, reduced from 20 to 10 per cent. Duty on woollen goods made-up reduced from 20 to 10 per cent; on made-up linens reduced one-half; on silks from 30 to 15 per cent; on paperhangings from 1s. to 2d. per square yard; on manufactures of metals from 15 to 10; and in cases of other articles not enumerated, the highest duty to be 10 per cent. Daty on candles reduced one-half; on hard-soap from 30s. to 20s. per cwt; on soft from 20s. to 14s.; on dressed hides the duty repealed; on boots and shoes reduced one-half; on brandy, Geneva, and foreign spirits, reduced from 22s. 10d. to 15s.; the duty on free-grown foreign sugars to be reduced 3s. 6d. per cwt; Maize and buck-wheat to be admitted free. The duty on butter reduced from 20s. to 10s. per cwt; on cheese from 10s. to 5s. per cwt; an immediate repeal of the duty on all those articles which constitute meat, as distinguished from grain: on fresh beef, on salted beef, on what are called unenumerated articles, salt pork and fresh pork, on potatoes, on vegetables of all kinds, all that enters into the vegetable, any-

thing that constitutes animal food, duty free. The duty on Corn to be repealed entirely the short space of 51 hours, reaching that after the 1st Feby. 1849, and in the mean time city on Thursday at noon. The Mail was a sliding scale to be substituted in lieu of the despatched express from Montreal, upon its present one, in which the maximum rate of arrival there by the regular route, and reach- duty will be 10s, per quarter. A number of ed Town at noon on Monday. This was the other articles are effected by the change in the day for closing the return mail, but the tariff, but the above are those of most interest Post-Office authorities, as with the mail of to Canada. This promulgation of the principles of free-trade naturally caused great excitement and much difference of opinion. The leaders of the Agriculturalists in the House of Lords gave vent to a good deal of angry feeling upon the proposed repeal of their favourite measure; but it is probable that a majority of the nation will gladly receive the boon which opened by the Queen in person with the usual the Premier offers to them, and which the principles of the age and the exigencies of the time seem to require of him; and Parliament no doubt will carry out a policy which time has gradually but surely matured.

Lord Ashley has resigned his seat for Dorset; it is supposed because he can no longer support the Corn laws which he was

The Oregon Question has not yet caused much sensation in England. The excitement caused by the new Commercial Policy doubtless occupied the public minds to the exclusion, for the moment, of other subjects. The subject was broached in Parliament and Sir R. Peel said he trusted that "the dispute between the two countries would, by the exercise of moderation and good sense, be brought to a perfectly honourable and satisfactory conclusion."

THE WAR-QUESTION .- " Upon the anticipated war with the U. States, I rather think Mr. Adams, who in his old age has added much fuel to the fire that was blazing, must

"I however hope that the calamity of war will be averted."

The above is an extract from a letter

IRELAND.—The state of this country is very melancholy : murders and outrages of all kinds abound.

The Irish board of education are about to build thirty-two model schools, for training teachers, in the several counties of Ireland. NEW PLANET OR COMET .-- Mr. Hencke

of Driesen, in Prussia, has discovered a new star in the constellation Taurus. It is a star of the 9th magnitude. Sir J. South, in a letter in the Times, mentions that he has also seen it by following the directions given by Mr. Hencke.

THE AFRICAN TRADE. - A few weeks ago. the smallest vessel that ever cleared out of the Clyde for an Atlantic voyage, measuring only twelve tons, new measurement, left the river with a general cargo for Cape Coast Castle. This yacht was built at Port Bannatyne, in Buteshire, and was intended for pleasure excursions alone, but she attracted the attention of an African merchant who was in this country last summer, and was purchased for the river trade in that country. He determined on sending her out with goods; and so confident is he in the capabilities of his little ship that he has arranged to join her at Madeira. The gentleman to whom she now belongs has given her the name of the Ocean Queen; and when she has reached Cape Coast Castle in safety, the name will have been earned; for never, sure, previously has a smaller craft navigated a sea so wide and dangerous. We do not know what the underwriters may say to this risk, but the crew and the owner are con-

fident of success.

ISTHMUS OF PANAMA.—Some time since M. Garetta received a commission from the French government to proceed to Panama. for the purpose of inquiring upon the spot into the practicability of the many schemes which have been devised for cutting a ship canal through the isthmus. The report of that gentleman on this subject has recently been ublished, from which it appears that the whole distance will be about 47 miles in length, of which 331 are between the Chagres and the Pacific, 74 between the Chagres and the Bay of Simon, and about six along the bed of the river itself. The canal is to be of the following dimensions :- Depth, 22 feet 9 inches; breadth at water surface, 145 feet 3 inches; at bottom, 65 feet. Ninety-four locks will be required in order to reach the

gests the magnificent experiment of a tunnel dimensions stated above for the canal itself, sage of vessels with their lower musts standing 120 feet at least, and will be three miles and one-third in length. The estimated cost a summit level of only 160 feet, and greatly

TIMBER DUTIES .- In the House of Commons, last night, Sir R. Peel stated to the House his proposed reduction of the duties on timber. His plan would be to ultimately reduce the differential duties on foreign timber from 25s. to 15s., but he did not propose to do so immediately. He would, when he brought the question forward, move that from the 5th of April, 1847, the duty should be reduced by the sum of 5s., and that a further reduction of 5s. should be made on the 5th April, 1848. Upon sawn timber, the reduction would be 6s. in 1817, and another 6s, in 1818. On the smaller descriptions of timber, such as oars, spars, &c., the reduction would be proportionate; but he would reserve his opinion as to whether the reduction of those duties should not be almost immediate.

VESSELS BUILDING ON THE CLYDE. -There are now building and outfitting on the Clyde 37 vessels, amounting, in the agregate, to 18,027 tons; of these 26 are iron steamers, collectively amounting to 14,137 tons and 5,550 horse-power, the residue being timber ships, amounting to 3,890 tons. Valuing the timber vessels at £20 per ton, the iron steamers at £25, and the machinery at £40 per horse-power, over head, the total value of these vessels, when ready and equipped for sea, will amount to £654,125.

A letter from Rome, of the 26th ultimo, ays that the chestnuts, which in that country are, like potatoes in the north of Europe, the principal food of the lower classes. have suffered from the same disease as the potatoes, and that scarcely one in ten is catable. The grapes also have become already rotten, instead of remaining dry and fit for food until meeting on the 12th inst. the end of February, as in ordinary times.

A letter from Cannes, (in the south of France,) has the following:- "the temperature here is very mild; we have roses in full flower, and the orange-trees are all covered with flowers, as fine as in spring."

The house of the famous Jewish philosopher, Moses Mendelssonn, in Berlin, has just been mrchased for 35,000 dollars by the Jewish Commune. It is to be converted into a free school for the education of poor Jewish

A machine for shipbread baking has just been invented, which is exceedingly complicated in its construction, and capable of making ipwards of 250 biscuits, with the name of the naker impressed thereon, in one minute.

Thirty-one pounds of Shropshire iron have een made into wire upwards of one hundred and eleven miles in length; and, so fine was the fabric, that a part of it was converted, in lieu of the usual horse hair, into a barrister's wig!

The new tariff is producing some rare imports. For instance, there were put up at a public sale, in London, thirty baskets of China exctable or tree tallow, and thirty bales of China hemp, just received from Shanghae.

DUELLING DISCOURAGED.-The King of Bayaria has issued a decree, ordering that, in future, all persons killed in duels, or who had committed suicides, shall be interred without religious ceremony of any kind.

The capital of Great Britain has a population estimated at 2,000,000 of souls, exclusive of strangers. The population of Paris now exceeds 900,000; the population of Vienna is 330,000 souls; Berlin, 355,000; and St. Petersburgh, 476,000.

COPPER MINES IN UPPER CANADA .- A ecent number of the Scientific American. published in New York, contains the followng :- " Some of the British officers in Canada have lately made an important discovery of some of the richest copper mines in the world. This discovery has created great excitement. Some of the officers, en route to England, are now in this city, and will carry with them some specimens of the ore, and among them, one piece weighing 2,200 pounds. The ore is very rich yielding as we learn, 75 per cent. of pure copper. Some of the copper was taken off from the bed of a river, and some broken off from a cliff, on the banks. The latter is six feet long, four broad, and six inches thick."

Mr. J. C. Lee has recently established Knitting Factory at Sherbrooke, for the manu facturing of drawers, shirts, hosiery, shawls &c. From specimens shown us, we should pronounce his articles superior to anything of the kind heretofore sold in this section of the country .- He has 13 of the knitting machines which, when in full operation, will turn out 36 dozen shirts and drawers, 42 dozen pairs of stockings, and 6 dozen shawls per week. -Stanstead Journal.

In another column will be found an advertisement from Messrs. J. G. Mackenzie & Co., announcing that they have become the Agents of the Chambly Cotton Company .-Though perhaps it will be long before Canada can approach Britain, or even New England in her manufactures, there is in the Lower. Province, particularly in the Eastern Seig niories, a considerable amount of surplus la bour which may be advantageously employed: particularly in the manufacture of heavy cotton fabrics for domestic use. The excellence and strength of the Chambly manufacture is well known .- Montreal Gazette.

The Agricultural Society of the County of Quebec held their annual meeting at the Court House on Tuesday before last. In the absence of the President, A. Anderson, Esq., the Vice-President, Alex. Simpson, Esq., was called to the chair. The following are the officers elected for the ensuing two years: The Hon. John Neilson, President,

The Hon. W. Sheppard, Vice-President. J. C. Fisher, Esq., Secretary. Wm. H. Anderson, Esq., Treasurer.

The Gore Annual Agricultural Show was held at Hamilton on the 3rd inst. The Hamilton Journal says, "the appearance was highly satisfactory, and the improvement seen has been gradually progressing each year from the commencement of the Society, in 1811."

J. mes B. Ewart, Esq., was elected President, and John Wetenhall, Esq., Secretary.

LORD METCALFE, it is said, has taken a residence in London. The present state of his health is not mentioned. A numerously signed address having been presented to his Lordship, upon his retirement from the Government of Canada, by gentlemen connected with the North American Colonies, His Lordship made the following reply:

"To the Subscribers to the Address of the Merchants and others connected with the British North American provinces.

"Sirs,-1 am deeply sensible of the honou conferred on me by the sentiments which you entertain, and I beg you to accept my warm est thanks for the kindness which has induced you to express them.

"Had it been possible, with reference to the state of my health, to perform efficiently the duties of my late office, I would gladly have devoted the remainder of my life to the welfare of Canada, and to the furtherance of those purposes which you state to have been promoted during my administration of the government of that province.

"The aggravation of the malady with which I have been long afflicted having rendered the continued discharge of my functions impracticable, I was under the necessity of soliciting her Majesty's gracious permission to resign the trust conferred on me; but so long as I live I shall never cease to feel an anxious desire for the prosperity of Canada, and a grateful recollection of the loyalty and public spirit by which the measures of my administration were supported in that country.

· METCÁLFE. (Signed) " 2, Mansfield-street, Jan. 27, 1816."

Address to the late Mayor.—A public meeting of the citizens is to be held in the Parliament Buildings this afternoon at 3 o'clock for the purpose of presenting to the Hon. R. E. Caron the address adopted at the

PROVINCIAL PENITENTIARY, KINGSTON .- A fire occurred at this Institution lately by which the Blacksmith's shop, together with several other shops and out-houses, all of wood, were destroyed. The flames did not communicate to the main building.

ARMY CHANGES. 43rd Foot-Ensign R. H. Weyland to be Lieut, without pur. v. Bruere, dec.

46th.—Brevet Maj. G. De Rottenburg from 60th Foot to be Capt. v. Mansel, ex.

52nd.—Mjr R. French to be Lt-Col. without pur. v W. Blois, who ret. upon full-pay Cap. C W Forester to be Mir. v French Capt F Andrews, fm half-pay 45th Ft, to be Capt, v Forester; Lt C G Fountaine to be apt, by pur, v Andrews, who ret.; Ens. W. F. Riley to be Lt. by pur. v. Fountaine; G. C.

ynge, Gent. to be Ens. by pur. v. Riley. 60th.-Capt. G. P. Mansel from 46th ft. to

be Capt. v De Rottenburgh, ex. Ryl Canadian Rifle Regt.—Bvt-Lt-Col W H. Newton to be Lt-Col, without pur. v Elliot, dec; Rvi-Mjr R. Muter to be Mjr, v Newton Lt II Monro to be Capt, v Muter; Ens and Adjt R. Macdonell to have the rank of Lt; Ens J. B. Geale to be Lt, v Munro; H G A Powell, Gent. to be Ens, v Geale, Lieut. G. A. Young fm 8th ft. to be Lt. v Geale, ex.

Hospital, Staff .- Asst-Surg G N Foaker. fm 43rd Ft. to be Staff Surg. of the 2nd Class, v Brodie.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,

Montreal, 21st Feby., 1846. His Excellency the Administrator of the Gov ernment has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:

GERALD G. DUNLEVIE, Esq. to be a Surveyor of land, in and for that part of Canada heretofore Lower Canada.

William Pozer, Esquire, of St: George d'Au-

bert Gallion, Resident Agent for the disposal of Public Lands, in the Townships of Jersey, Linière, Marlow and Shanley, in the County of Dorchester.

QUEBEC, FEBRUARY, 1846.

Date.	Thermo.	. Weather.
19 Thurs.	4 below	Very fine.
20 Frid.	14 above	Cold-windy.
21 Sat.	23 "	Fine-warm.
22 Sux.	55 e	Snowy.
23 Mon.	22 "	Warm-fine.
24 Tues.	13 "	Fine.
25 Wed.	4 "	Cold.
		and the second s

BIRTH. At Sherbrooke, on the 17th inst., the lady of he REV. W. W. Wair, of a son.

MARRIED.

On Thursday, January 15, at Casterton, the Rev. Robeut Couren Black, M. A., feldest son of John Black, Esq., of Wigtown, N. B., of Worcester College, Oxford, and High Legh, Cheshire, to Elizabeth Anne, the fourth daughter of the Rev. WM. CARUS WILSON of Casterton Hall, Westmoreland.

DIED.

On Saturday evening last, Honace Giffney, son of Mr. Jour Parken, aged 15 months
At the Manse of Caputh, Perthshire, on the 31st December, James Wylie, second son of the Rev. P. C. CAMPBELL.

On the 11th of January, at Hillsborough in Ireland, Doctor Moorhead, after only two days' illness, of a malignant fever caught in a hospital attended by him professionally.

NOTICE.

PAIR of FUR-GAUNTLETS (ladies' size) A PARK of FUR-GAUNTLETS (ladies: size) were left in the Sale-room of the Gospel-Aid-Society last week. The owner can have them (by proving property) upon application at the office of this paper. Quebec, 25th February, 1846.

MUSS THRELCICE

HAS commenced taking a limited number of Pupils, to instruct in the usual branches of Education. For particulars apply at No. 3 St. François-street, on the Cape. Quelice, 11th Feb. 1846.

QUELEC MARLETS.

Corrected by the Clerks of the Markets up to Tucsday, :4th Feb., 1846

Do., per quarter 1 0 a 5 Pork, per lb...... 0

Pot Ashes per cwt. . . 21s. Od. a 21s. 6d. Pearl do. do. . . . 22s. 6d.

TO BE LET, ROM 1st May next, THREE OFFICES on Arthur Street, opposite the Exchange.

C. & W. WÜRTELE,

86 St. Paul Street

86, St. Paul Street. Quebec, 11th February, 1846.

THE GRAMMAR SCHOOL IN CONNECTION WITH BISHOP'S COLLEGE,

R E.OPENS at the close of the Christmas Holidays, on MONDAY, the 26th instant, under the superintendence of B. Miles, A M. one of the Professors in the College, from whom,

detailing the system pursued in this Seminary. Lennoxville, January 16th, 1840. Just Received, and for Sale at the Office of

on application, a printed prospectus may be had,

this Paper: ADVICE FOR THE NEW-YEAR:

OR, A PASTOR'S OFFERING TO HIS FLOCK; BEING

ASERMON

Preached in St. Thomas' Church, Montreal, on Sunday, the 4th January, 1846,

BY THE REV. CHARLES BANCROFT, A. M.

Published by Request. PRICE-9d. PER COPY.

Quebec, 11th Feb. 1846.



A Ta MEETING of the MAGISTRATES of this City, held at the Court House, on the 30th instant, for the purpose of gruning Certificates to obtain Tayern Licence for the City and Banlieue of Quebec, for the ensuing year, the following Resolution was unanimously adopted by their Worships, viz : -

Whereas, it has been found that the number of Taverns has of late years greatly increased, and that many persons who have Trades or other carning a livelihood are keepers of Taverns, which Taverns are in many instances without the accommodation by law required.

lie-olved, -That after the expiration of the next twelve months, the Magistrates will not grant a certificate to obtain Tavern Licence in the City or Bantique of Quebec to any Stevedore or Tradesman.

Ordered .- That this Resolution be inserted in both languages in the public newspapers of this City for one month. Office of the Clerk of the Peace,

F. H. ANDREWS. ORCAN & PIANO-FORTE

TUNER.

Quebec, 30th January, 1546.

NATIONAL SCHOOL, Nov. 1845.

COALS.

EWCASTLE, Wallsend, Grate & Smith's Coals, for Sale by H. H. Porter & Co. Porter & Co's. Wharf, Late Irvine's.

Quebec, 1st Jan. 1816.

Mutual Life Assurance

SCOTTISH AMICABLE LIFE ASSUR-ANCE SOCIETY,

HEAD OFFICE, 141, BUCHANAN-STREET, GLASGOW. HE Constitution and Regulations of this

Society insure to its Members the full benefits which can be derived from such sums as they are willing to devote to the important duty of LIFE INSURANCE. The whole profits are secured to the Policy holders by the Mutual System on which the Society is established, and their allocation to the Members is made on fair, simple, and popular principles.

It is provided by the Rules, that the whole Directors, Ordinary and Extraordinary, shall he Members of the Society, by holding Policies of Insurance for Life with it, of more than three years' standing. This rule secures to the Public that those Noblemen and Gentlemen who appear as Directors of the Society, have practically approved of its principles. For further particulars, with tables of Pre-

miums, apply to R. M. HARRISON.

Agent for Canada. Quebec, August, 1845.

PHŒNIX FIRE ASSURANCE COM-

PANY OF LONDON. THIS Company, which established its Agency in Canada in 1804, continues to

assure against fire. Office, Gillespie's Wharf, open from 10, A. M. to 4 P. M. GILLESPIE, GREENSHIELDS & Co

Quebec, 7th July, 1845. THE Girls' department of the British

and Canadian School will re-open on MONDAA, the 6th instant, in a room in the Military Asylum.

JEFFERY HALF. Quebec, 2nd Oct. 1845.