proved themselves to be perfectly harmless, and are indicated in scarlatina as soon as the naso-pharynx becomes involved.

CHLORIDE OF ETHYL IN NASAL SURGERY.

Mackie says this anaesthetic greatly simplifies and facilitates his work in nasal and throat treatment. Two thousand cases are quoted wherein it has been employed, in which no dangerous symptoms manifested themselves. He claims that if this anaesthetic is used carefully it is an ideal one for the narcosis of minor surgery. The principal advantage of it is the rapidity with which patients come under its influence, while the apparatus for giving it is not as cumbersome as that for nitrous oxide. Goldan, in the *Medical News* differs from these conclusions, but does not set forth the data furnished by Mackie.

## ACUTE TONSILLITIS.

Floersheim claims remarkable results from the application of tincture of iodine in this disease. A camel's hair brush with the tincture is rapidly passed over all the inflamed area. Should intense burning result, a gargle of plain warm water is enough to relieve the condition. While, if no burning is felt, the remedy is applied a second time, from three to five minutes after the first application. The results are said to be marvellous, for in five minutes the pain and difficulty in swallowing are relieved. Ordinary measures were used subsequently, but in many cases it seemed to abort the trouble, and nothing else was done.

## Selected Articles.

ÎNFANT FEEDING.

"In reviewing the immense amount of literature which has accumulated on the subject of infant feeding we find that the superiority of breast feeding is acknowledged so generally that it may be said to have become a scientific truth. On the other hand, the opinions expressed regarding artificial feeding are so diverse, and so opposed to one