

## BY TELEGRAPH!

By *Bytown and Montreal Telegraph Line.*  
(Reported by Messrs. Dolge & Dickenson.)

## ARRIVAL OF THE "AMERICA."

HALIFAX, Nov. 9th.

The steamer *America* which left Liverpool on the 28th ult., arrived here at 3 1/2 p. m. The *Atlantic* arrived off Holyhead at noon on Wednesday 25th. The *St. Louis* sailed for New York on the 25th ult. The screw steamer *Alps* arrived at Kingston, Ireland 23rd, with troops from Halifax.

The *London Times* says that Soule the American Minister, was on Tuesday, the 24th refused admittance to pass through France on his return from England to Spain.

The *Morning Post* in announcing semi-officially of Sanamaria, (?) says it amounts virtually to annexation of San Domingo.

On the 21st the operations of the besiegers of Sebastopol commenced. The fortifications were little damaged.

The Abasian chiefs have refused to receive Schamy's envoy. Haviz Pasha has consequently cut off all connection with Abasia.

PARIS, 9.—There is no confirmation of the entry of the Russians into Dobrukscha.

Sir John Burgoyne on the 16th forced the sites of the batteries which will destroy the Russian ships.

A Russian war steamer was captured by the fleet.

The *Moniteur* announces a victory over the Russians at Gurney (?). They lost their baggage and 30 guns. A general was killed.

## THE WAR.

Sebastopol is not taken. Latest advices show that 20 days elapsed between the departure of the besieging armies from Bala Clava and their opening their fires on Sebastopol. Both French and English had their batteries ready on the 15th. On the 17th fire was opened from land and sea. The bombardment continued till night. The Russian loss 500 killed and wounded. Admiral Tunneloff was killed. The Russian fortifications suffered very little.

On the 18th the bombardment continued from the land batteries only.

On the 21st five steamers had arrived at Bala Clava with the wounded in repulsing the great sortie of 20,000 Russians.

Genls. Raglan and Canrobert had formally summoned the City to surrender, and had ordered the women and children to be sent away and flags to be hoisted on the hospitals.

The Russian army is concentrating on the Balbek, and already numbers 45,000.

The allied army is divided into a siege army and an army of observation.

On the 9th and 11th the garrison made sorties and destroyed some small works.

On the evening of the 5th a convoy of 4,000 Russians succeeded in entering the City.

The Allies now number 110,000, and 8,000 French were ready to embark for Marseilles on the 5th, and 8,000 Turks from Varna.

Letters of the 12th say that the Allies have 300 guns in battery, and after a few days fire will attempt to storm the garrison, which is estimated at 40,000 men. Altogether, the speedy fall of the place is not probable.

Admiral Machinoff, who commanded at Sinope, is commander of Sebastopol. He has issued an Address, saying he would defend it to the last, and any one is welcome to shoot him if he does not.

Advices from Constantinople to the 13th say that the Russians have retaken Eupatoria, and that the English garrison of 500 men retired, with the loss of one gun. An Allied force is sent under General Bisbet and Achmet Pachia to prevent the advance of the Russians.

Affairs look black between Russia and Austria.

A great Council of War was held in Vienna. It is reported that Austria summoned Russia to withdraw from the frontier of Wallachia. The garrison of Vienna has orders to be ready to march at 48 hours notice. Russia, in the meantime, continues to menace Austria.

The Czar has gone to Warsaw.

The Baltic fleet is to leave the Baltic about the end of November. Five floating batteries and twenty gun-boats, drawing four feet of water each, are being built in England for Spring operations.

A Galvanic apparatus was being built at Newcastle-on-Tyne to blow up the ships at the entrance of Sebastopol.

The Emperor of France has conferred a pension of 20,000fr. on Madame St. Arnaud.

CHINA.—Canton was still besieged, and the distress of the besieged was great.

## LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

Richardson reports Wheat and Flour in good request until the 27th, when the advanced rates hastily receded, and business limited.—There was, however an advance on the week of 2s on Flour, and 6d to 9d on Wheat. Indian Corn 8s advance.

## Arrival of the Atlantic.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13th, 1854.

The *Atlantic* arrived yesterday P. M. She left Liverpool early Wednesday morning. The *Conarda* arrived out on 30th. The *Atlantic* brings nothing relative to the *Arctic's* passengers. The siege of Sebastopol is progressing favorably; two outer forts have been destroyed and a breach effected but not practicable to storm.

Prussia sent a note to the Czar, requesting his acceptance of the last proposition of the four Powers.

## FURTHER BY THE ATLANTIC.

The latest telegraphic intelligence from the Crimea, dated October 20th says "Siege going on favorably,—bombardment from trenches resumed with effect on the 19th; but the enemy not reported to have sustained the loss of any essential part of the fortresses.

A letter from Varna, dated 31st October, states that the fire of the Allied land batteries began against Sebastopol at the same time the Allied Fleet attacked the forts at the entry of the port.

The English blew up fortifications on the left, and the French silenced the quarantine batteries on the right. The guns of the two forts were entirely dismantled. The Allies lost 105 wounded and 502 killed, including Admiral Croubelle. The latter states that the "Land batteries had made a breach"—the Allies are waiting the opening of a second breach to make assault.

The Russian official Despatch, Oct 15th, states that the Russians had made a successful sortie; spiked 16 French guns, and captured Lord Deankillen, son of Lord Clanricarde. Nicholas' two younger sons arrived at Odessa to enter active service under Gortchakoff.

Great preparations in England for the siege of Cronstadt in the spring.

The Russian defeat in Asia confirmed. Lost 30 guns, and all the tents, baggage and ammunition.

Another Russian corps advanced to raise the siege of Ocoevan, and were defeated with considerable loss.

Advices from Vienna are favorable.

It is the general opinion that the German States will side with Austria.

It is stated from Berlin that on the 2nd the Prussian Government despatched a note to the Czar, strongly urging his acceptance to the 5 points.

Mr. Soule has been expelled from France.

## MARKET.

Liverpool Corn Market—quiet at a reduction of 2s. on flour and 1s. @ 2s. on corn—nothing new in wheat—Philadelphia and Baltimore flour 41s. @ 42s. Wheat 12s. a 12s. 6d. Consols closed on the 31st 94 1/2 a 94 1/2.

Eight more deaths have occurred from the effects of the late Railroad accident, near Chicago, and twenty-five others still lie dangerously wounded.

STEAMER "QUEBEC."—On Monday evening last, while this steamer was lying at Sorel, undergoing repairs, a fire was discovered in the engine room, and before it could be subdued, considerable damage was done.

## Miscellaneous.

The space allotted to England in the Paris Exhibition of 1855 will be 160,000 square feet, exceeding by 62,000 square feet the amount allotted to France in the English Exhibition of 1851. A marble statue of Marshal de St. Arnaud is to be placed in the gallery of the Palace of Versailles.

The 26th Cameronians embarked this afternoon in the Resistance after the brief stay of eighteen months in the province. The unfortunate, and to this day unavenged tragedy of the 9th June, 1853, will ever be associated in the minds of Canadians with the future annals of this corps.

FEMALE PEDESTRIANISM.—Mrs. Dunne, the Bloomer pedestrian, accomplished her task of walking 1,000 half-miles in 1,000 successive half-hours on Saturday morning, and so little distressed was she by the feat that she immediately commenced another task of walking 150 quarter-miles in 150 quarter-hours, which she completed in due time.—*Bristol Mirror*.

INDIA.—Intelligence has been received from Calcutta to the 6th ult., Bombay 11th, Singapore Aug. 29th, and China August 11.

No news has been received from Cabul or Central Asia. Letters from the Punjab mention the dangerous illness of our ally, Maharajah Gholah Singh. He is not expected to live.

The Indian papers continue to be filled with accounts of petty disturbances in Oude. The most flagrant crimes are committed with impunity in the immediate neighbourhood of the palace and residency, by the eunuchs and other favourites of the king.

THE RUSSIAN PRISONERS.—The Russian officers brought from Bomarsund are allowed to leave the *Devonshire* and live at large on parole, with a liberal allowance for their maintenance, each cadet receiving 7s. a day. Generosity towards enemies is a noble feeling; but it is a false virtue when indulged at the expense of justice to deserving friends. Why give 7s. a day to a Russian cadet, and only 5s. to an English lieutenant on half-pay? This is a simple question, which might be put in a much more astounding form.—*Observer*.

One of the finest howitzers ever cast, weighing 6 1/2 tons, is now in progress of being mounted at the Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, on a solid bed, for service on board a war steamer, where, from its appearance, it will be fitted in the same manner as bombs are. The howitzer has a bore of 10 inches, and an elevation which will give it a very long range. Howitzers of the above powerful nature, if stationed on floating batteries, with attendant steamers, or fitted with steam means of propulsion, would soon destroy the strongest fortifications they might be brought against, the spherical solid shot fired from that description of ordnance being upwards of 100lb. weight.

We understand that this clandestine entry was intended to prevent any enthusiastic display of a partizan nature, which was considered highly undesirable in consequence of the approaching departure of Lord Elgin. This, however, we simply utter as a mere *on dit*; we should suppose however that it is probable enough.—*Quebec Mercury*.

## ORANGE SOIREE.

ORANGE LODGE No. 34, of AYLMER, begs to inform the Protestants of Hull, Eardley, and Chelsea, that they will give a

## GRAND SOIREE!!

on TUESDAY, the 24th inst., at half past six o'clock, P. M., at the MARKET HALL, Aylmer, Ottawa.

Mr. FRASER & SONS having been engaged, will play appropriate Music.

Several eloquent speakers having kindly volunteered, will address the meeting.

TICKETS, 2s. 6d.

RICH'D CHAMBERLAIN,  
MASTER.

Bytown, Nov. 15th, 1854.—(41)