## HORSES AND CATTLLE.

HOLSTISIN CATI'LE
At the recent dairy meetings held in Woodstock and Belleville, several references were made to a breed of cattle highly estecmed in their native country, Holland, and already well distributed in the United States, but unknown in Cannda, excopt by repute. . Mr. Ballantyne, $\Omega$ high authority, has expressed the opinion "that we have now no cattle equal to the Holsteins for dairy purposes." The Ontario Agricultural Commission collected some valuable information concerning this breed, which will bo found at length in Vol. I. of their admirablo report. They also expressed the opinion that it would be well if the Government through the Agricultural College, or some of the many publicspirited breeders of the Province, would undertake the task of introducing these animals into this country. They are a distinct breed of horned cattle, with marked characteristics;
 jus. in 8 months. $P$. of Boamstor, 4 yoars old, $65 f$ lise.
 10,113/i ibs. in 8 months. Sappho, 3 years old, 04 lbs. in 1 dny; 1,755 , lWa . in 1 month; 0,502 d lus. in a months; sold. LAndy of tho Lako, 2 years old, 45y! lbs. in 1 day:

 1.243; Ws. in 1 month; 6.041 g Ibs. in 6 months; 8,220 f
 6,860z ive. in 7h fuonthe.
"Nothorland Queen mado n two-yoar-old record in 1870 of 58 lbs. 12 oz . in one day; $1,070 \mathrm{lbs} .9 \mathrm{oz}$. in ono month, and $13,574 \mathrm{lbs} 3 \mathrm{oz}$. in ono yoar. Naid of Parmor ill 1879 made a two-year-old recurd of $10,893 \mathrm{Jbs} .1 \mathrm{oz}$. it one jear."

Messrs. Smiths and Powell, after giving the foregroing figures, go on to sny :-
"Wo havo made a careful study of the breed, its origin. growth, native country, its prominent characteristics, eto., and after sevoral trips through Molland, visiting many farms where theso cattlo are, importing, breeding, and ol. sorving the offect of change of location, wo have decided in our own minds that thoy aro the coming breed for milk, or milk and beef combined. Our herd now nam. bers nbout 150 head, and our record proves their suparior merit."

## BREAKING HALTER-PULLERN.

The following is a cheap, safe, and sure remedy for breaking even the most confirmed
halter long enough to let him settlo back a foot or two when he is ready to perform his nccustomed trick.s

After fastening him securely in this manner, step aside and watch the result. When ho settles back to business he will find an impediment in the rear that will bring him up with a round turn, and you will seo the surprisod $a$ horse as over was foiled in a vicious trick. If he is not inclined to pull at tirst, contrive $n$ way to get somethin ${ }_{0}$ in front of him to frighten him a little, and encourage him to exert himself vigorously once or twice, and after that you probably cannot induco him to make the attempt. A few lessons of this kind will break the worst cases, and the cost will not exceed the value of the cord, while all risk of injury is avoided.

## IRAINING A COIT.

Bad horses are more frequently made than born. It is very much in the bringing up-

holsteln bull, " Uncle tomi"-Omsed ar Smitu and Powehl, Stacose, N.Y.
colour, spotted black and white. They have a larger frame than the Ayrshires, and are therefore better adapted for beefing when no longer serviceable for the dairy. The accompanying illustrations will give a good idea of their general appearance. They represent specimens from the herd of Holsteins owned by Messrs. Smiths and Powell, of Syracuse, N.Y., and the following extract from the milk record kept by this firm will show how excellent are the milking qualities of these cattle :-
"Milk records of thoronglibred Holstein cows of the hord of Smiths \& Yowell, for ono day, and for ono to sir monthe, according to time in milk, to date Auguat 24th:

- Neilson, 7 years old, 74 l lbs. in 1 day; 2,206 ${ }^{\circ}$ lbs. in I month, $9,805_{1}{ }^{3}$, lbs. in 6 months, $11,744 f^{1 \mathrm{lbs} \text {. in } 81}$ months Jannek, 7 years old, 719 lbs. in 1 day; 2,1104 monthe. Egis, 6 ycars old, 82 电 lbs. in one day, 2,289 , ${ }^{2}$
 in 9 monthe. Ággio, 6 yasrs old, 84 Z lbs. in 1 day;
cases of halter-pulling in horses. Take $a_{j}$ in which it is broken. Firmness with hind-half-inch cord twelve or fourteen feet long and double it in the centre, place the middle of the cord under the animal's tail like a crupper, cross the ends on his back and carry them forward under his neck, tying them firmly in front of and close to his breast; buckle a surcingle or tie a cord around his body, just back of the fore legs, to keep the cord which passes under his tail in place; put a strong head halter on him which has a rope attached instead of a chain; have a strong iron ring fixed to his manger, placing it in such a manner as to allow the rope of the halter which passes through it to slip ensily; place the end of the rope which is not attached to the head-piece through the ring, carry it back to his breast and tie it firmly to the cord which passes under his tail, leaving the
ness goes very far in making a valuable horse. The colt should early learn that it is never to be deceived, that it is to be encouraged and rewarded when obedient, and punished by the withholding of caresses when disobedient. The same natural qualities that make a horse vicious, will, with proper treatment, make one of those intelligent and spirited horses that all desire to possess. The true trainer of colts is gentle, loving, firm and thoughtful, and the young animals of his charge partake of the same qualities.

Messns. McGregor \& McIntosh, of Brucefield, have disposed of their young heavy draught imported stallion, "The Major," to Messrs. Colquhoun \& Dow, of Hiblert, for the sum of 52,000 .

