

# The Semi-Weekly Colonist.

THIRTY-EIGHTH YEAR.

VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA MONDAY MAY 11 1896.

VOLUME XXXVIII. NO. 48

## LATEST FROM LONDON.

### How to Revolutionize English Iron Trade—The Czar and the New Shah.

### Another Guiana Boundary Blue Book—Prince of Wales' Dinner—Vernon Harcourt's Speech.

LONDON, May 6.—A conference of the British iron trade was opened in London today. The speeches made and the papers read dealt on the serious competition which is being offered to the British iron trade from American and German sources. Sir A. Hickman, representative in parliament for North Wolverhampton, who is himself an ironmaster and a person of consequence in the railway world, presided over the conference. In the remarks which he addressed to the meeting, he urged that a reduction of one farthing a ton in the charge for the carriage of minerals would revolutionize the English trade. Another speaker thought that the chief reason for England's loss of trade was the great strikes and lock-outs which have occurred in the iron trade in late years.

A St. Petersburg dispatch to the Times says: "The Czar and the new Shah have exchanged the most cordial telegrams of sympathy, the Shah declaring that it is his first duty to foster and develop the friendly relations which bound his beloved parent to the Russian imperial family."

The Rome correspondent of the Chronicle asserts that the condition of the papal diplomat is desperate. The correspondent also says that Cardinal Biondi, bishop of Palestrina, is in a serious condition from an attack of apoplexy.

Rev. Geo. P. Knapp, the American missionary who was expelled from Bitlis by the Turkish authorities, has arrived at Constantinople in good health.

Hon. Jefferson Colledge and Governor Levi P. Morton, both former ministers of the United States in Paris, have forwarded handsome subscriptions for the American Chamber of Commerce here, to which they also offer their felicitations upon its efforts toward opening the French markets to American products and toward fortifying the ties between the two nations.

The Daily News reports that a second blue book on the Guiana boundary question will be ready on Wednesday next, but will not be published here until it has reached Washington.

Prince of Wales gave a dinner party to-night, at which were present all of the ambassadors, the foreign powers in London, the members of the government, many ex-ministers, the Archbishop of Canterbury, Field Marshal Viscount Wolseley, and other prominent personages.

The report that Baron Clemens von Kettner, ambassador and first secretary of the German embassy at Washington, is to succeed Dr. E. von Winckler, the German minister to Mexico, on November 1, is officially confirmed. Dr. von Winckler has been recalled at his own request on account of ill-health.

Sir William Harcourt, the Liberal leader in the House of Commons, in a speech last night at the banquet of the National Liberal Club, promised to support the American raid in South Africa to the bottom. He confessed impatience at the delay in the settlement of the Venezuela dispute, and said he believed the country was anxious for arbitration, and no personal pride or diplomatic obstinacy should be allowed to impede the negotiations.

It has transpired that Sheikh Jem All Elin, the Persian agitator, supposed to have been the instigator of the assassination of the Shah, was arrested. Later, however, he was released owing to lack of evidence.

As a result of the inquest upon the remains of the late Col. North, a verdict of death from natural causes was returned. The coroner's physician testified that he had previously noticed symptoms of heart disease, which, he asserted, was the cause of the colonel's death.

The most surprising feature of gossip to-day is that in spite of the Croesus-like reputation enjoyed by the late Colonel North he did not die possessed of nearly so many millions as people imagined. He was widely reputed for his extravagant expenditures in entertainment and for prodigal pourings forth into the political pot, but it is known to comparatively few that of late he had been unsuccessful in many business ventures in one Australian mine, the Londonderry, which is now said to have lost a small fortune.

## TEMISCOUTA RAILWAY DEAL.

MONTREAL, May 6.—(Special)—J. Israel Tarte has admitted having received \$17,500 in the Temiscouta railway deal. He declared in court, while giving evidence yesterday in the case of R. Macdonald vs. Boswell and Rordan, that he had a claim for \$45,000 against the company. He, however, admitted \$17,500, and informed the court that the balance was applied to objects which had nothing whatever to do with the present case.

## THE SEALING QUESTION.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The negotiations between the United States and Great Britain respecting the Behring sea seal fisheries during the past year indicate that these fisheries are in a very unsatisfactory state. No success attended the attempt of the state department to secure a revision and extension of the laws of all countries concerned in the seal fisheries by international action.

## OUR OTTAWA SPECIAL.

### Manitoba Claims to Have a Population of a Quarter of a Million.

### The Liberals Not Likely to Make Any Gains in the Maritime Provinces.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)  
OTTAWA, May 6.—E. S. Dennis, assistant to the Statistician General, has been appointed to take charge of the Manitoba census. He leaves for Winnipeg in a few days. The Manitoba government claims to have a population of a quarter of a million, an increase of a hundred thousand during the last five years. The investigation carried on at the request of Hon. Dr. Montague in regard to the outbreak of glanders in Liverpool shows that it was due to American horses and not Canadian, as reported.

A prominent Nova Scotia Grit who is in town admits that his party will not make any gains in that province nor in the Maritime Provinces generally. He concedes that Mr. D. C. Fraser will be beaten in Guysborough.

The marriage of Professor Robertson, the agricultural commissioner, to Miss Mather, daughter of John Mather, took place here to-day.

OTTAWA, May 7.—Hon. Mr. Montague has made arrangements with the Dominion line for cold storage accommodation in their new vessels, which is calculated to give weekly accommodation for three hundred tons of butter, cheese and fruit.

Fishery Commissioner Wakeham returned from Washington to-day. The report of the two international commissioners is well under way. It will contain, among other things, interesting information and important recommendations regarding the Lake of the Woods and British Columbia fisheries.

The Royal Society of Canada's meeting commences on May 18. Among the papers to be read are the following: Climatic changes in British Columbia, by Dr. Dawson; and the spawning habits, coloration and form of sockeye salmon in British Columbia, by Professor Prince. Dr. Walkem arrived here to-night.

## MURDERER HOLMES.

PHILADELPHIA, May 5.—Murderer Holmes seems to be devoting his time, outside of his conferences with his spiritual advisers, to a futile attempt to prove that he did not kill Howard Pictzel. He has had numerous consultations with his attorney and a Western legal representative, Mr. W. Bullock. Lawyer Rotan declines to make known how Holmes will dispose of his property. Mr. Bullock says his client is very distrustful of the promises of Holmes. She will go to her home in Batavia, Ill., to-day, and there wait the result of the negotiations. "Holmes assured Mrs. Pictzel that she will receive at least one-third of the real estate he leaves," said Lawyer Fahy. "While I do not doubt that he will meet it more cheerfully if he has the opportunity to prove that, in spite of his confession, he had not killed Pictzel's children. Holmes has disbursed much of the money received from the sale of the small horde of people to prove that he did not kill Howard Pictzel. He assured me that his interest in the Castle property in Chicago will more than reimburse her out of false promissory notes, purporting to have been signed by her husband, but in all Holmes' statements there is the suspicion of a lie. He is the most reckless man in making promises whom I have ever conversed with. I think, and in that thought Mrs. Pictzel joins me, that Holmes is giving away that which he does not possess."

## NANAIMO ASSIZES.

NANAIMO, May 6.—(Special)—In the Planta case to-day the grand jury returned true bills on the charge of misappropriating the funds of the Blakeway estate and disobedience to the statutes, but threw out the Hardy estate matter. The accused, who was represented by Mr. Atkman, of Victoria, pleaded guilty to the last named offence only, whereupon Mr. Young, for the crown, entered a nolle prosequi on the remaining counts. After evidence as to the previous good character of the accused had been given, His Lordship imposed a fine of \$75.

Keetloosh, the Indian convicted of unlawfully wounding Alichein, was sentenced to six months' hard labor, while Anna Ballo, unlawfully disposing of the dead body of her child, was discharged after twenty-four hours' imprisonment.

This completed the docket. The grand jury has not yet supplied its presentment.

To-day Judge Harrison delivered judgment in favor of the defendant in Parsons v. Westwood. The plaintiff sued to recover certain lots on the ground that the N.Y.C. Co. conveyed them to him in fee simple in 1875 and that he never subsequently conveyed away the title. The evidence showed that the plaintiff's father bought the lots in his son's name in 1875 and sold them in 1876, signing his son's name as a deed of sale and his own as a witness.

## KRUGER'S GENEROSITY.

### The "Times" Says the Course of the Transvaal Deserves Recognition.

### Incursion From Matabeleland Contemplated—Sentences on the Reformers—Barnato's Reasons.

LONDON, May 7.—The correspondent of the Times at Pretoria telegraphs to that paper as follows: "The calm and generous attitude of the South African republic after the injury and the provocation it has received merits recognition. England might well extend the hand of friendship and endeavor to meet such of the wishes of the Transvaal as are not inconsistent with British interests."

The Daily Telegraph has a dispatch from Capetown which indicates that the conspiracy to overthrow the Transvaal had a still wider ramifications. It is stated that all of the telegrams from the Chartered South Africa Company in Capetown bore the stamp "On the company's service."

From copies of the letters which the Transvaal obtained from Dr. Jameson (upon his capture), it seems that orders had been given to prepare everything in Matabeleland for an invasion of the Transvaal.

A dispatch from Pretoria, also to the Daily Telegraph, says: "President Kruger keenly sympathizes with the Chamberlain's dilemma, and is convinced that he was quite unaware of the intrigues going on. The executive council's decision in regard to the sentences of the Reformers is a report of the stubborn objections of Gen. Joubert, commander-in-chief of the Transvaal forces and a member of the executive council, that there should be an unanimous opinion in regard to them."

The report that Cecil Rhodes and Alfred Beit have resigned their positions as directors of the British Chartered South Africa Co. is confirmed. The Pall Mall Gazette is informed that British Chartered South Africa Co. has decided not to accept the resignations.

The Standard and Diggers' News of Johannesburg says it has authority to state that the sentences passed on the reformers will be reduced to a fine and imprisonment substituted. The sentence of banishment, the newspaper adds, will be waived.

The Daily Mail asserts that Rutherford Harris, the secretary in Cape Colony of the Chartered South Africa Co., has tendered his resignation. He was one of those implicated in the Jameson raid and the Transvaal cryptograms.

The Pretoria correspondent of Le Temps, of Paris, reaffirms the statement that Sir Brougham Lough, now Lord Loch of Drylaw, when Governor of Cape Colony and British High Commissioner in South Africa, offered to aid a revolutionary movement in the Transvaal, and in the face of Lord Loch's denial of the original report.

Barney Barnato says that he was actuated by common humanity and a desire to help the Transvaal in closing down many of his mines. He says that his most reliable men are in prison, and he has no competent overseers. He is, he affirms, personally friendly with President Kruger.

A Paris despatch to the Standard says that Le Temps' Pretoria correspondent reports that papers are about to be submitted to the Transvaal government which are extracts from the English instructions to Jameson's troops. The correspondent, says Le Temps' correspondent, that the Rhodesia horse were ordered to be in readiness for the raid.

## THE RACING FIELD.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 7.—The blue-blooded two-year-olds, Orestes, son of the mighty Ormonde, and San Mateo, son of the great Salvo, met on the Inglewood track yesterday, when San Mateo won, time 56 seconds. On Friday last the two colts met in a race in which there were several starters. San Mateo got away first and was never caught. Mr. Macdonough, the owner of Orestes, was not satisfied and made a match with the owner of San Mateo for \$1,000 a side, which was run yesterday with the above result. San Mateo is the son of Salvo, a Kentucky bred horse brought to California. There was no question about Salvo's capacity as a two-year-old, a three-year-old and a four-year-old. He holds the best record for a mile and a quarter that America ever produced. Ormonde, the sire of Orestes, is without doubt the greatest race horse England has produced since Hermit, which won the sensational Derby of 1867. Ormonde has got in England five great race horses and there is no reason that Orestes should not be as good as his sire. His conformation is such that as a sprinter he is a little slow to get moving in a short dash, such as a half mile or four and a half furlongs. When he gets older a long distance, up to four miles, will suit him as well as any colt ever seen in this country.

"FEALAN" A WINNER.  
LONDON, May 7.—This was the third and last day of the Chester meeting. Seven horses started in the grand Chester hirc race, when the Fealar won, Powick second, Irish Car third.

## RATES TO THE KOOTENAY.

A New Tariff Will Go Into Operation at the Middle of This Month.

WINNIPEG, May 7.—(Special)—The N. P. R. and C. Co. company give notice that a change in freight rates to the West Kootenay country will go into effect on May 15.

## HE WANTED TO RESIGN.

### Cecil Rhodes and the South African Company—Hammond's Wife and Kruger.

### Bad Faith Charged—Food Supplies for the Front—Derivishes Are Dismayed.

LONDON, May 7.—The Times publishes a communication from Mr. Hawksley, solicitor for the British Chartered South African Company, which contains the minutes of the board meetings, its correspondence, etc., during the period of the excitement over the Jameson raid and since, showing that Cecil Rhodes, before leaving London on his return to Rhodesia, empowered Mr. Hawksley to tender his resignation to the Chartered Co., if it should prove advisable, he being actuated by a supreme desire to preserve the company's charter. Mr. Jameson also, it is announced, authorized Mr. Hawksley to exonerate the directors of the Chartered Company from any knowledge of or complicity in his raid.

The directors at a meeting also placed on record their absolute ignorance of the raid; Mr. Hawksley's letter to the board tendering the resignation of Cecil Rhodes and Alfred Beit, the two directors directly implicated by the "Transvaal" program, intimated that both of these persons will continue to devote their energies to Rhodesia in an unofficial capacity, retaining their directorships in other African railway and telegraph companies.

The directors of the Chartered South Africa Company on Monday called Cecil Rhodes at Gwelo as follows: "Hesitate to accept resignation. What's your view?" Mr. Rhodes replied from Gwelo on Wednesday: "Let resignation wait. I will be in Kimberley to-morrow. The directors thereupon deferred their acceptance of the resignation."

Colonial Secretary Chamberlain has intimated to the directors that the government has not considered it its duty to advise the directors in the present situation.

A Pretoria despatch to the Daily Telegraph, dated Wednesday, says: "John Hammond's wife had a long and touching interview with President Kruger to-night, at which she pleaded the cause of her husband and the other prisoners. President Kruger promised to consider everything, and said he hoped the matter would be settled by the end of the week."

A despatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Berlin states that Eugene Wolff, the African explorer, has published a card charging the foreign office with bad faith in appointing Lieutenant Werther as chief of the Franki company, a German expedition of the northern parts of German East Africa. According to Mr. Wolff, Lieutenant Werther, during a previous expedition, committed severe crimes against the natives to procure Werther, but desisted on the promise of the foreign office that he should be shelved.

A despatch from Capetown to the Times says: "Supplies of food are being sent from Salisbury to Gwelo by native carriers. The Gwelo and Salisbury columns have gazetted Cecil Rhodes as their Colonel."

## COLONEL NORTH.

LONDON, May 6.—Colonel North, while presiding at a meeting in the Nitrate Company's offices in the Wool Pack building to-day, fainted in his chair and expired at 4 o'clock. Among those present when the colonel fainted was Captain North, his son, in whose arms he expired. Further information shows that the colonel attended a meeting of the Lagunas Company at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and returned to his office, apparently in good health. He had a drink with some friends in a saloon situated in the same building, and then mounted the stairs in order to attend the meeting of the Nitrate railway. Prior to this meeting, Col. North ate a dozen oysters and drank a bottle of beer, both of which were sent to him from a neighboring restaurant. Shortly afterwards he complained of severe pains, but soon collapsed in his chair and expired.

The police were summoned and are now guarding the room in which the colonel died. The body will remain there until the close of the inquest, which will take place to-morrow. Col. North was asked by a friend yesterday whether it would be advisable to back either of his horses, Hebron and Red Heart, for the great Jubilee stakes, a handicap of 3,000 sovereigns which is to be run at Kempton park on Saturday next. The colonel replied: "Don't growling that of the colonel died from a stroke of apoplexy, not heart disease as was at first generally believed."

It is doubtful if ever the fabled wealth of Bayley ever exceeded the self-made fortune of Col. North, who spent his money liberally and was one of the moneyed powers of the English turf. By enjoying the friendship of the Prince of Wales, by his lavish hospitality and by his judicious demeanor he succeeded in late years in advancing his social reputation considerably, although never reaching the inner social set. One of his latest projects was the establishment of a Monte Carlo, in comparison with which the famous gambling resort of the Prince of Monaco would be puny indeed. It was stated that Col. North had bought from the King of the Belgians a strip of seacoast near Ostend for \$1,500,000, whereon he purposed building a magnificent marble casino, which was to be managed with princely extravagance.

## WINNIPEG'S RECEPTION.

### "Joe Martin's Funeral Procession" an Unusually Splendid Demonstration.

### Advices From All Parts of the Country Most Favorable to the Government.

WINNIPEG, May 7.—Sir Charles Tupper, Premier, and Hon. Hugh John Macdonald, the new Minister of the Interior, and party received one of the heartiest welcomes ever tendered by Winnipeggers when they reached here this evening from Ottawa. During the afternoon a stop had been made at West Selkirk, where an address was presented to Sir Charles who replied briefly. At 8 o'clock sharp, when the special train pulled into Winnipeg, the platform was black with people and all the streets surrounding the station were crowded.

Hearty cheers went up for Sir Charles and Hugh John as they alighted and the cheering continued up the entire length of Main street as the procession proceeded to the Manitoba hotel. Here an informal reception was held, Sir Charles and Hugh John being overwhelmed with congratulations on the formation of the new cabinet. Hon. Col. Prior, of Victoria, accompanied Sir Charles as far as Selkirk, but came on to Winnipeg from there. He will remain here several days. The Provincial Conservative convention opens at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning and will continue till evening.

In an interview to-night Sir Charles said he would go directly from Winnipeg to Ottawa on his return trip, as several matters of importance required his attention. On Saturday, the 16th, he would address a mass meeting in Montreal, also taking part in a second demonstration at that point at a later date. From Montreal he would go to Quebec, and then to New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. From the Maritime Provinces he would return to Ontario, and hoped to be able to speak in all the large centres.

In these days of newspaper enterprise it was not necessary, he said, to make the extended tour that marked the campaigns of earlier years. The speech one delivers at night is now read the next day in every town and village for several hundred miles around. At most of his meetings he hoped to be accompanied by Hon. Mr. Foster or some other of his colleagues. He said he would regard the overthrow of the National Policy, if such a contingency should occur, as a calamity to the country, while its maintenance would ensure the continued industrial prosperity of the Dominion. He thought the National Policy had a much stronger hold on the people now, as was evinced by the meeting of certain Liberal speakers in all parts of the country. The scheme for a fast steamship service on the Atlantic, to which is joined the proposition of making Canada the main highway between England and the East, were most important matters for Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and the Pacific Coast.

Sir Charles said he had nothing to say on the remedial bill beyond what he had stated. "Supplies of food are being sent from Salisbury to Gwelo by native carriers. The Gwelo and Salisbury columns have gazetted Cecil Rhodes as their Colonel."

He proposed to deal with the question fully to-morrow night at the meeting. He had most reliable advices from all parts of the Dominion, all of the most encouraging character for the Conservative party, who would sweep the Maritime Provinces, have a large majority in Quebec, and Ontario would respond nobly, as for every Conservative seat in danger they were likely to capture one of the Liberals, who were building in the sand.

Being asked what he expected the party to do in Manitoba, Sir Charles replied: "I expect Manitoba to stand loyally to the great party that has done so much to open up this great country in the face of the bitterest and most uncompromising opposition from the Liberal party, and which proposes to do much more to make these Western provinces populous and prosperous. Among other things I feel assured we shall defeat Mr. Joseph Martin in your city by a very considerable majority."

## INDIGNANT FISHERMEN.

DUNKIRK, May 6.—Local fishermen are indignant because fish caught in Canadian waters and shipped into the United States packed, are admitted free of duty. It is pointed out that the United States government stocks the lakes with millions of fry, which breed in the spawning grounds along the Canadian shore, and that American fishermen are prohibited from entering Canadian waters to fish. Revenue cutters vigilantly patrol the centre of the lake, and woe to the luckless or venturesome craft that crosses the imaginary line. The fate of the tug Grace, which hailed from this port and was taken into custody by the cutter Dolphin about two years ago is marked in the minds of states fishermen and few dare chance a similar fate, so all keep away from the danger line meridian. Then, again, it is urged that the companies in the fishery industry employ cheap labor, enjoy cheap rents, go to little expense to pack their fish, putting just enough ice on to keep them while getting them into the States free of duty, and there are able to undersell American fishermen. This feeling will bear fruit before long in an earnest attempt to amend legislation so as to put fish on the dutiable list.

The Derivishes have arrived at Damara in a dismayed condition. The families of Osman Digma and the other leaders have fled to El Damar on the Nile. It is reported that 2,000 Derivishes have been ordered to reinforce Dongola.

## DOMINION POLITICS.

### Mowat's Excessive Prudence Criticized—Laurier Believes in Teaching Religion in Schools.

### Dalton McCarthy Scored by Hon. J. F. Wood—Candidates and Their Movements.

MONTREAL, May 7.—The papers in this province are daily becoming more severe in treating what they call Sir Oliver Mowat's "excessive prudence." The Roman Catholic bishops, including Mgr. Langevin, of St. Boniface, were conferring with Archbishop Fabre yesterday, and the report is revived that a mandement is in preparation. Hon. Mr. Angers received a despatch from the Premier to-day saying that a popular demonstration will be held here on the 15th instant in Sohier park, and Windsor hall on the 16th.

Hon. Peter Mitchell was yesterday tendered the nomination for Northumberland county, New Brunswick, George Taylor, the Conservative whip, has been re-nominated for South Leeds at Delta.

Toronto, May 7.—The announcement that E. B. Oiler, president of the board of trade, will contest West Toronto is received with great enthusiasm in Conservative circles.

Brockville, May 7.—At a meeting here last night Hon. J. F. Wood, in reference to Dalton McCarthy, said it was the merest hypocrisy to assume an air of sincerity and say that he left the Conservatives because he could not stand their bad acts. He could not see their bad acts till he was near sixty years of age, when he turned like a dog—he used the term advisedly, for he had been fed out of the coffers of the country—on those who had assisted him, and lifted him out of obscurity as a struggling lawyer in Barrie, where he should have been left. A few years ago Mr. McCarthy called himself an N.P. man. The other night he was a Grit in all but name. The only explanation was that he was a crank, and it was a shame to have lunatic asylums should be conveniently near and lunatics remain at large. Mr. Wood said he did not want to be severe and would say nothing he would not say to Mr. McCarthy's face.

A Toronto despatch says that Dalton McCarthy has telegraphed Hon. Mr. Wood at Brockville, challenging him to be present at a meeting to-morrow at Prescott and repeat to his face the charges he made at Brockville.

Quebec, May 7.—In the course of a speech here Hon. Mr. Laurier said in reference to the Manitoba schools: "Let my word reach Manitoba and every part of the Dominion. I am not in favour of godless schools. I believe in teaching religion in the schools."

The report current in Quebec is that Sir Hector Langevin will run for Kamouraska against Mr. Carroll, M.P., and Louis Taschereau for Sir Adolphe Beaulieu's old county, Rimouski.

PORT ARTHUR, May 7.—Charles Beck, of Penatanguishene, who came up here to secure the Liberal nomination or endorsement and did so at most important points has weakened. When he came to count the cost of being a candidate in Algoma and probably an unsuccessful one he reconsidered his determination.

## FAST ATLANTIC SERVICE.

MONTREAL, May 6.—(Special)—The asking for tenders by the Canadian government for four fast steamships causes satisfaction here. It is highly probable that both the Allan and Dominion lines will submit offers for the service. Since Richards, Mills & Company, the English ship owners, and Harland & Wolff, the renowned Belfast builders, have become large owners in Dominion lines, their financial importance has wonderfully increased, and it would not be surprising if these people became stout competitors to give Canada a service equal to that maintained by the best New York companies. Richards arrived out by the Vancouver, and although now in Portland, it is an open secret that he is on his side in connection with a fast line. Your correspondent also learns that the Dominion people have a surprise in store for the Canadians when their new steamer Canada, now building at Belfast, reaches here in July. All definite information respecting that boat has been withheld, but it is understood that the Canada will be a 17½ knot boat and possess accommodation for 400 saloon, with a proportionate number of cabin and steerage passengers.

## TRADE IN ONTARIO.

TORONTO, May 7.—Bradstreet's says regarding trade in Ontario: "The retail trade throughout Ontario has felt the favorable influence of seasonable weather during the past week. Good selling by retailers of spring goods of all kinds is reported. The sorting trade at wholesale houses is fair, but purchases are of a hand to mouth character. The uncertainty incident to the elections tends to prevent the sale of large amounts of goods and to diminish the number of future contracts. Navigation is now open and grain is moving freely all along the Canadian water route from Port Arthur. Prices of grain show little change in the past week. Wheat, oats, corn and barley are slightly easier; peas and rye are firm. On the Canadian stock exchanges values have had a declining tendency. The high rates for money and the difficulty in arranging loans have had an adverse effect. Money continues firm at Toronto at 5½ to 6 per cent. for call loans and 6 to 7 per cent. for commercial loans."

## THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST, \$1.50

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**CK**  
his LITTLE LIVER PILLS in Constipation, curing morning complaints, while eases the stomach, and regulate the bowels.

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