

BRITISH MINERS ARE RETURNING TO WORK

MINERS RETURN TO WORK ON MONDAY IN THE BRITISH PITS

Strike Which Commenced On April 1 Is Settled—The British Government Will Authorize Grant of Ten Million Pounds—Parliamentary Vote On Subsidy Only a Formality.

London, June 28.—The British coal miners' strike, which has been in progress since April 1, has been settled, it was officially announced this afternoon.

It was understood that Mr. Lloyd George will ask Parliament this afternoon to authorize the granting of £10,000,000 subsidy to the mining industry. The miners will resume work generally next Monday if the subsidy is granted. The Government offered this subsidy several weeks ago, but withdrew it after the recent repudiation of the owners for a settlement had been voted down by the miners.

The general understanding is that the submission of the subsidy to Parliament is a mere formality, and that the grant will be voted.

The settlement of the coal dispute will be one of the greatest and most important labor difficulties with which Great Britain has ever been effected. Early 1,000,000 miners in the South Wales and the various British coal pits are directly affected by the stoppage, which now has been in progress nearly five months, while hundreds of thousands of other workers have been thrown out of employment or forced to work on curtailed time because of the coal scarcity.

The coal strike threatened at one time in the spring to bring about the worst industrial upheaval in British history, when the whole of the nation would have been made idle. The triple alliance leaders, however, finally decided that such a step would not be justified. Even as it was, the blow to the industry as a whole has been serious one.

London, June 28.—The provisional agreement between the miners and the Government, which is conditional upon the Government's subsidy of £10,000,000 being renewed, provides that the minimum wage for a seven-hour day will not be less than 20 per cent above the previous standard for that day, with a future division of time between wages and profits on the basis of £100 wages to £100 profits.

The Government, before assenting to the agreement, had made available, without assurance regarding the allocation of the grant, the scale of district wage reductions, and guarantees that peace will be maintained.

The strike has lasted 89 days. During the dispute 1,250,000 tons of coal have been imported into England, mostly from France and Belgium, though America contributed 325,000 tons. Several cargoes of Canadian coal were also received.

In several other industries, including engineering trades, wage disputes continue, and ballots are being taken. A large number of men on probation accept wage reductions. There is some doubt that the votes will be cast, but it is probable that negotiations will be resumed.

RAID SILVERWARE FACTORY.
Niagara Falls, N. Y., June 28.—A watchman at the Onondaga Community Silverware Manufacturing Company's plant at Niagara Falls, Ont., was overpowered at 2:30 o'clock this morning by burglars, who stole silver bar and trap valued at \$7,000 from the plant. The watchman was found bound and gagged when the plant was opened this morning.

MAYOR ADVISES OUTSIDERS TO KEEP AWAY FROM LONDON; CITY HAS MANY UNEMPLOYED

"We Have Enough To Do Trying To Take Care of Our Own Bona Fide Workers," Declares City's Chief Magistrate

"We Can Do Nothing For Those From Other Centres."

"It will be advisable for these people to remain where they are or else try to find some place else," declared Mayor Little today.

"We'll have our task cut out for us," he said, "in dealing with the Londoners who are coming here to find work, and providing for Londoners who are not finding work here. We have enough to do trying to take care of our own bona fide workers from now on, without having unemployed from other parts of the province flocking to the city and adding to the unemployment problem."

There was, to his mind, too much advertising the fact that the city was suffering from unemployment. He wished to impress that fact on the public mind, and to show that the city was doing all it could for those who were unemployed here.

TORONTO MAN WILL SUCCEED COL. FISHER

Son of George Ross, Superintendent of Railway Mail Service.

SEVERE CRITICISM

London Men Just As Capable As Mr. Ross Have Been Ignored.

Although nothing official was announced today relative to the sweeping changes to occur at the local postoffice and in the railway mail service on July 1, it has been intimated from a reliable source that Col. Charles E. H. Fisher, who relinquishes his duties as postoffice inspector on that date, will be succeeded by a son of George Ross, the superintendent of railway mail service. Mr. Ross is a Toronto man, and also a member of the mail service. It is understood that as a result of the Government's so-called efficiency scheme his department has been virtually eliminated, and a place must needs be found for him.

Severe criticism is noted in every quarter, including, naturally, the mail service itself, relative to the proposal to bring in an outside man and place him over the heads of a number of capable London men who have been in the service for a great number of years. That they should be given preference is the feeling expressed on all sides today.

With more than 40 years to his credit, Mr. Fisher declared Monday night that the notice of superannuation came as a complete surprise both to himself and the eight mail clerks included in the sweep. "It is very short notice as it is," he asserted, "and in my opinion it is a very bad move relieving the heads of all the departments at the same time."

Discussing Monday evening, the recent change, Col. Fisher declared that he was not greatly surprised himself. "In any event," he said, "I had intended before long placing my application for superannuation."

That the selection of those for the retired list was decidedly unfair was also expressed by one of the number. "It is simply ridiculous to relieve us when the fact is that we are better fitted physically and mentally than others who have not received like notification. It looks to me as though some under-official was taking advantage of the premier's absence by going over his head."

COURT REFUSES HOTRUM APPEAL FOR NEW TRIAL

Jury's Verdict a Proper One, Declares Sir William Meredith.

MURDER OR NOTHING

Hotrum's Counsel Claims Verdict Should Have Been One of "Manslaughter."

Toronto, June 28.—The divisional court today dismissed the appeal for a stated case or new trial for Roy Hotrum, who is under sentence of death, with William McFadden, for the murder of Leonard Spade, druggist, on March 3 last. It was held by the court that there was no misdirection of the jury by the trial judge, Justice Kelly, that would justify a new trial. Argument by the counsel for Wm. McFadden, who is making similar appeal, is still to be heard.

Unless the minister of justice at Ottawa intervenes, there is no further hope for Hotrum.

R. H. Greer was counsel for Hotrum today. The story of the shooting was gone over again, counsel arguing that the evidence was such as to warrant the jury bringing in a verdict of manslaughter. It was the function of the jury to decide whether it was murder or manslaughter. Mr. Greer cited the case of Hotrum at Woodstock, where one was found guilty of murder, the other of manslaughter.

Meaning of "Cut It Out."

"There must be evidence of manslaughter," said Chief Justice Meredith, "and there was no such evidence in this case."

Mr. Greer submitted there was, pointing out that Hotrum had an unloaded revolver and had said, "Cut it out," to the other man.

The judges wanted to know the exact meaning of this phrase.

Sir William Meredith.—He meant to "cut it out" means to "stop," etc. The slang is well known. The world knows it.

Mr. Greer urged that the trial judge ought to have defined manslaughter. Murder or Nothing.

Sir William Meredith.—Why? It was Continued On Page Three.



"Can't you find it, caddy?" "No, sir!" "And it's my last one—thank God!" —Drawn by John Conacher.

SINN FEINERS IGNORE OPENING OF SOUTH OF IRELAND PARLIAMENT

Only Four Members of Lower House and Fifteen Senators Attended Official Opening in Dublin Today—Proceedings Lasted Only Fifteen Minutes.

Dublin, June 28.—The Southern Irish Parliament, established by the home rule act, opened here this afternoon. Comparatively few members were present, however, and the proceedings lasted only 15 minutes.

The four imperialistic members of the parliament from Trinity College, and fifteen members of the senate attended. The lower house is comprised almost entirely of members of the Sinn Fein, which ignored the summons for the opening of parliament. Lord Justice Maloney was present, but there was little public interest.

FOUR MEMBERS OF DE VALERA'S CABINET IN JAIL

Dublin, June 27.—The announcement made by Sir James Craig, the Ulster premier, that he must consult with his cabinet before replying to the invitation of Mr. Lloyd George to a conference between the leaders of the Irish factions, and the Government has directed attention to the fact that four members of Eamon de Valera's cabinet are in jail—the Countess Georgina Markievicz, minister of labor, and Robert Barton, who are under sentences of penal servitude, and Arthur Griffith, founder of the Sinn Fein, and Professor John McNeill, president of the Gaelic League.

The members were summoned by public notice, and the press was excluded from the meeting. Guards had been selected to prevent disorders at the meeting.

The arrangements for the meeting were based on the vice regal proclamation issued last week formally setting today as the date for the assembling of the parliament under the home rule act. The only members expected to attend, however, were possibly some of the senators, as the Sinn Fein, which elected virtually all the members of the lower house, let it be known some time ago that it would ignore any summons for a meeting of this body, created by the home rule act.

McFadden Is Refused Stated Case by Court

Toronto, June 28.—McFadden was this afternoon refused his appeal for a stated case by the divisional court.

WHAT IS THE PROPER LENGTH FOR SUSIE'S BATHING ATTIRE?

Breakers Ahead For Lord's Day Alliance.

That the request by the London Ministerial Alliance to the central body of the Lord's Day Alliance, in Toronto, to assist in "cleaning up" Port Stanley, has received strict attention, is evidenced by the appeal for prompt action by the Lord's Day Alliance to the crown attorney of St. Thomas.

"No doubt the Lord's Day Alliance will investigate," commented Rev. M. Kelly, president of the London Ministerial Alliance, today. "That was all that we asked for, as a matter of fact. We forwarded our resolution to that effect to Toronto, and apparently they have lost little time in preparing for a thorough probe into conditions at the lakeside. We did not actually condemn any person, as we had no real evidence before us. However, we shall hear from them shortly. If there are any abuses those who are violating the law will be, of course, dealt with."

As to what will be the official determination as to the proper bathing attire of either males or females at the beach must also be considered deeply by the crown attorney. Just what length will be deemed modest is problematical at this moment.

"Anything that offends decency should be ruled," commented T. D. McCulloch today, "although one may sometimes walk a block in the city and be likewise offended," he added, "as an afterthought."

WEST SOUNDS DOOM OF HYBRID GOVERNMENT; DAWN OF PROGRESSION

Special Significance Attaches To Medicine Hat Disaster—Urban Constituencies Turning Against Meighen Protectionist Policies—Attempt To Create Suspicion In Ranks of Farmers Fails Utterly.

[Special To The Advertiser.]
Ottawa, June 28.—The overwhelming defeat of the Government candidate in Medicine Hat is regarded here from every viewpoint as the most serious setback which the Meighen Government so far has sustained. If the result is to be regarded as symptomatic of public opinion in other parts of the Dominion, then Government prospects in the five other by-elections pending are far from rosy, and a few more defeats will be bound to precipitate a general election, whether the Government likes it or not.

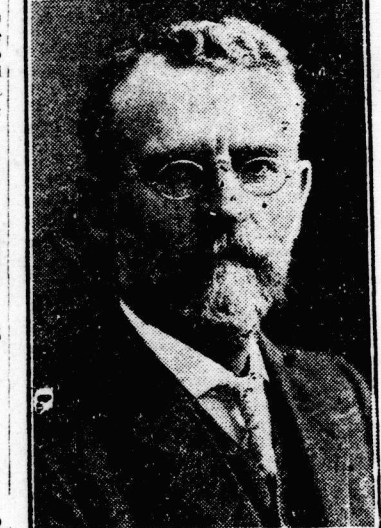
Particular significance attaches to the Medicine Hat disaster because of the fact that the city itself went Progressive by a respectable majority. The Government has professed to believe not only that the Progressives in the West had no strength in the urban centres, but that they could successfully be assailed in their own rural haunts. Medicine Hat is not only a city, but an industrial city, and yet the protectionist appeals of Mr. Spencer, the Government candidate, fell upon deaf ears, and his opponent, Mr. Gardiner, secured a majority in favor of lower tariffs.

Strategy That Failed.
The Government had hoped that the grain inquiry and the alleged disclosures connected with it would have the effect of creating suspicion and dissension among the Progressive ranks. During the session, Government members from the West boasted openly that there "would be no hide on the fence" after all was done, and that the farmers' political movement would collapse when the opinions of their commercial organizations were made known. As a matter of fact, nobody had any delusions regarding the purpose of the inquiry from the first, and any doubts why they might have been entertained regarding the purely political motives of an expensive investigation were set at rest by the notorious hearing held in Fort William. Judging by the result in Medicine Hat County, the Government's plans and so-called strategy had exactly the opposite effect to that expected.

Liberalism in Medicine Hat refrained from placing a candidate in the field. The result of the contest would indicate that they gave heavy support to the Progressive candidate. Here again the Government has suffered a serious setback, for it was predicted that especially in the urban centres, Mr. Spencer would secure Liberal support.

Government's Hope Small.
The Government has held the view that there should be no general election until after a redistribution. Western Government members have contended that by such redistribution there would be larger Liberal representation, and that there would be a more equitable division of gain. But the result in Medicine Hat, together with the results in East Elgin and West Pictou, indicate plainly that the Government's hopes were unfounded. There are also two districts in which the Government has a strong chance of winning.

Since 1917 when the last general election was held there have been 19 by-elections. Out of these the Union and Progress party has won 10, the Conservatives 5, and the Liberals 4.



JOHN A. NELLES

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most prominent insurance brokers. For twelve years he was secretary of the old board of trade before the name of that organization was changed to the Chamber of Commerce. He was also secretary of the Western Fair board for several years. Both these offices at that time were honorary positions. From the time of its organization until his death he was secretary-treasurer of the London Dairymen's Exchange.

Mr. Nelles was a past master of St. George's Masonic Lodge. He was an active worker in the Dundas Centre Church until a short time before his death. He also held the life membership in the local Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. Nelles is survived by five sons: Edmund H., Eric Beecher and Wimer A. of this city, and John S. of Windsor, and Lieut.-Col. Harry Nelles of London, England. There are also two daughters, Rita and Doris, both at home.

The funeral, which will be private, will be held from the family residence on Thursday afternoon. Complete arrangements have not been made yet.

FOUR JUDGES WILL HAVE CHARGE OF COUNTY AND DIVISION COURTS IN MIDDLESEX, LAMBTON, OXFORD

Judges Talbot Macbeth and J. C. Judd Included in List—Other Appointments in Western Ontario.

When the lieutenant-governor of Ontario issued his proclamation in the near future Middlesex County will be grouped with Lambton and Oxford Counties in a district in which four judges will have charge of the county courts and division courts. The four judges will be Judge Talbot Macbeth, Judge J. C. Judd (both of London), Judge J. G. Wallace of Woodstock and Judge A. E. Taylor of Sarnia.

In 1919 the Ontario Legislature passed an act called the county judges' act of 1919, whereby the lieutenant-governor of Ontario was authorized to proclaim the four districts of two or more counties. On June 14, this year, an order-in-council was passed requesting the lieutenant-governor to issue a proclamation forming certain districts under that act. It is expected that the proclamation will be issued at the end of this week.

In one of these districts the judges meet once a year and select the dates and appoint judges to each of the courts. Each judge has jurisdiction over all the counties in his district. If a judge is unable to attend a court to which he has been assigned, he can secure a substitute. All the courts will be held by the judges in rotation. Every judge shall perform the duties given him.

Other districts in Western Ontario are:

Elgin, Kent and Essex—Judges C. O. Zermattner, St. Thomas; Ward Stanworth, Chatham; J. J. Coughlin and George Smith, Windsor.

Huron and Perth—Judges J. A. Barron, Stratford; Lewis H. Dickson and Edward N. Lewis, Goderich.

REFORM HOUSE OF LORDS.
London, June 28.—Canadian Associated Press.—The Government announces that there will be no autumn session of parliament. The chief proposal for legislation next session will be the reform of the House of Lords.

USUAL DIVIDENDS.
TORONTO, June 28.—Directors of the Spanish River Pulp and Paper Company, meeting here this morning, declared the usual quarterly dividends of 14 per cent on both common and preferred stock for the quarter ending June 30.

SUGAR DROPS AGAIN.
New York, June 28.—Two local sugar refiners today cut their list quotations 10 points to 5.20c per lb for fine granulated, another low record.

THE WEATHER			
LOCAL TEMPERATURES.			
Following are the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 88; lowest, 69.			
The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 72; lowest, 68.			
TOMORROW—FAIR AND WARM.			
Toronto, June 29—8 a.m. Forecasts.			
Today—Light to moderate winds; warm with occasional showers.			
Wednesday—Fair and warm.			
Temperatures.			
The highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were:			
	High.	Low.	Weather.
Victoria	60	46	Fair
Toronto	50	39	Rain
Parriss	76	64	Cloudy
Kingston	52	45	Cloudy
Montreal	58	44	Cloudy
St. John	74	51	Cloudy
Halifax	64	50	Cloudy
Weather Notes.			
No American reports have been received this morning. Information is confined to Eastern Canada, where the weather is generally fair.			
Local showers and thunderstorms have occurred in Southern Ontario and Western Quebec.			