

Seaforth Boy Falls to Death "Bird-Nesting"

Charles Finkbeiner Loses Balance in Tree and Drops on Pavement.

(Special to The Advertiser.) SEAFORTH, May 25.—A sad accident occurred here this afternoon, in which the young son of Charles Finkbeiner lost his life.

It appears he was "bird-nesting" in a tree that overhung the cement pavement in the old Coleman orchard, Godrich street east, and, losing his balance, fell to the pavement below, landing on his head.

The boy only lived an hour after the accident.

He was 11 years of age.

PUGILIST ENLISTS. LONDON, May 25.—2:10 a.m.—Bombardeur Wells, the English heavy-weight pugilist, has enlisted as a private in a Welsh regiment, according to the Daily Telegraph.

DISEASE IS DUE TO BAD BLOOD

To Cure Common Ailments the Blood Must Be Made Rich and Red.

Nearly all the diseases that afflict humanity are caused by bad blood—weak, watery blood, poisoned by impurities. Bad blood is the cause of headaches and backaches, lumbago and rheumatism; debility and indigestion, neuritis and other troubles, and, disfiguring skin diseases like eczema and salt rheum show how impure the blood actually is. No use trying a different remedy for each disease, because they all spring from the one cause—bad blood. To cure any of these troubles you must get right down to the root of the trouble in the blood, and that is just what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do. They make new, rich blood and thus cure these diseases when common medicine fails. Mrs. John Jackson, Woodstock, Ont., suffered from both nervous troubles and a rundown condition and experienced a complete cure through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She says: "I was a sufferer for a number of years from neuritis, and a general debility of the nerves and system. I had tried several doctors and many medicines, but to no avail until I began Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. At the time I began the Pills I had grown so fat that I could hardly be on my feet and was forced to wear elastic bandages about the ankles. The pain I suffered at times from the neuritis was terrible. I had almost given up hope when I began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. In the course of a few weeks I felt an improvement, and I gladly continued the use of the Pills until I was once more quite well and able to attend to all my household duties.

If you are ailing begin to cure yourself today with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents per bottle, or for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

Dandruff Surely Destroys the Hair

Girls—if you want plenty of thick, beautiful, glossy, silky hair, do by all means get rid of dandruff, for it will starve your hair and ruin it if you don't.

It doesn't do much good to try to brush or wash it out. The only sure way to get rid of dandruff is to destroy it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, get about four ounces of ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning, most if not all of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely destroy and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it.

You will find, too, that all itching and itching of the scalp will stop, and your hair will look and feel a hundred times better. You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive and four ounces will last you a long time, no matter how much dandruff you have. This simple remedy never fails.

Ruinous Curling Iron No Longer Necessary

The woman whose hair has been burnt reads the hot curling-iron. She knows only too well how destructive to the life and beauty of the hair this instrument is. She will therefore welcome the information that a simple, perfect, safe, and effective method has been found to be found at any drug store will not only give her the desired wavy effect, but without burning, discoloring, streaking or injuring hair or scalp in any way. It is nothing more than thin liniment in liquid form. It should be applied to the hair with a clean toothbrush, preferably, before the hair is combed. This simple remedy never fails.

A convenient way is to divide the hair into strands and moisten these one at a time from root to tip. In the morning the hair will be found beautifully wavy and curly, having the appearance of perfect naturalness. No matter how the hair is done up. As the effect lasts many days, the hair will not fall out. This, by the way, is neither greasy nor sticky.

How You Can Make Hairs Quickly Disappear

(Helps to Beauty.) Even a stubborn growth of hair will quickly vanish from the face, neck or arms after a single treatment with delicate cream. To remove the hair, make a stiff paste with a little powdered talc and water, apply to hairy surface and after about 2 minutes rub off, wash the skin and it will be left free from hair or blemish. To avoid disappointment, be quite certain you get real talc—adv.

Aunt Sally's Advice To Beauty Seekers

Lydia says: "I've tried most everything for my freckles. I've used lemon juice. What do you suggest?" See answer to "Stella." The treatment suggested two never knew of to fall in any case of freckles or other cutaneous blemish.

P. J. K. asks: "Is there anything better than massage to remove wrinkles?" Too much massage may aggravate a wrinkled condition, tending to soften and loosen the tissue. I advise bathing the face in an astringent lotion made by dissolving an ounce of powdered salicylic acid in a half-pint of water. This is remarkably effective.

My complexion is horribly muddy. What shall I do for it?" See answer to "Stella." Apply this night cream to your face. Apply this night cream to your face. Apply this night cream to your face.

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"The Prime Minister has decided that a new department shall be created, and he has called the ministry of munitions, and charged with organizing the supply of munitions of war. Mr. Lloyd George has undertaken the formation of the department, and Mr. Churchill, former head of the admiralty, will vacate the office of chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.

"It is understood that Mr. Henderson will assist the Government in matters relating to labor questions, especially those arising out of the coal strike.

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The Cabinet is composed of twelve Liberals, eight Conservatives, one Laborite, Arthur Henderson, and one member of the old Cabinet remain in office. Of these, Mr. Asquith, Mr. Churchill, Mr. Balfour, Mr. Wood, retain their old portfolios.

The promotion of Sir Stanley Buckmaster, whose greatest activities during the war have had to do with the management of the official press bureau, to the high honor of lord chancellor, and the acceptance of the post of first lord of the admiralty, former first lord of the admiralty, of the merely nominal duties of the Duchy of Lancaster, are two distinct surprises.

The most prominent figure who returns from public life is Viscount Haldane. His affiliations with Germany, and the continued newspaper attacks based on these, made his retirement as inevitable as Prince Henry of Battenberg's retirement some time ago.

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The Ministry of Munitions, whose health forbids hard work, becomes a member of the cabinet without duties, except participation in its councils, and the continued newspaper attacks on the Government's confidence by the bestowal of the Order of Merit upon him.

To Rally Workmen. Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Henderson will be especially charged with the task of rallying the workmen to the Government's support, and much is expected of the former chancellor in organizing the country's industries.

Sir Edward Carson represents the Ulster factor of Ireland, and there is regret that Mr. Redmond declined to enter the cabinet and make his representation embrace all political parties.

The cabinet undoubtedly includes the strongest men in public life, whether they will prove correspondingly strong as a working body is a question, the answer to which the country will anxiously await.

IRISH PARTY BACKS REDMOND. DUBLIN, May 25.—11:47 p.m.—The Irish party at a meeting today unanimously adopted a resolution approving John Redmond's action in declining a seat in the new cabinet. The party issued a statement declaring that "the events of last week have created a situation demanding the serious and careful consideration of the Irish people."

Recalling Premier Asquith's assurance that the coalition would not involve the surrender by any person of his political purposes or ideals, the statement continues: "We accept that declaration, and so long as the pledge is honorably and strictly observed, we shall be ready to give to the new Government, in carrying on the war, the same hearty co-operation as we have given to the party to the last Government."

"This war, as the world has repeatedly been assured by British statesmen, is being waged for the strict and permanent maintenance of treaties and for the right of small nations to freedom and the unimpeded development of their national life. These principles John Redmond has held fast to, and his calculable value to the future of the Irish race. But, while we feel confident that these principles will be maintained, we feel that the coalition government, with its British and Irish members, and while we accept this pledge of the Prime Minister, we feel that this is the hour when it is incumbent upon us to remind the Irish people that the great achievements of this party and the movement from which it sprang, have been won, by reliance upon themselves, and by independent action in Parliament, and we are strongly of the opinion that the chairman acted wisely in declining, even in the extraordinary and unlooked-for circumstances of the present hour, to depart in the least degree from the policy on which the great success of this party has been built, and that the old policy should be strictly adhered to until an Irish government is in actual control of every inch of Irish soil.

The statement says that the great lesson of the events of the last week for the Irish people is the necessity of thorough organization and appeals to the local leaders to reorganize the Irish League in every parish where it is inactive.

CANADA WILL HELP ITALIAN RESERVISTS TO REACH HOMELAND. Military Department To Arrange for Transportation.

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Go Direct to Italy. Gen. Hughes was asked if there would be any necessity for mobilizing the Canadian Italian reservists before their departure, but he did not think this would be necessary. He indicated that they would go direct to Italy.

His estimate of the number of Italian volunteers fighting in Canada would probably go back to take part in the war was 30,000. It had been stated that there are about 5,000 reservists in this country, but Gen. Hughes considers this far below the mark.

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"The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week in its reply to the note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania. In all probability the note will be delivered at Washington on Saturday.

"It is stated in Berlin that the note was couched in very friendly terms. On account of the recent Italian complications the feeling in Berlin regarding the United States is much more calm. Everything possible will be done to avert trouble. German submarines are to be instructed in accordance with this policy, although the note will explain that Germany will not extend to submarine warfare."

REV. HENRY HUGHES DEAD. STRATFORD, May 25.—Word has been received in the city of the death of Rev. Henry Hughes, for some years pastor of the Congregational Church here. Rev. Mr. Hughes was 82 years of age.

RESUMPTION CANADIAN PACIFIC GREAT SERVICE via the Great Lakes Canadian Pacific route from Port McNicoll, will be resumed, commencing Saturday, May 22. The service this season will be maintained by the steamers Keewatin, sailing Tuesdays, Manitoula, Wednesdays, Alberta, Thursdays, and Assiniboia, on Saturdays, from Port McNicoll at 4 p.m. The Manitoula, sailing Wednesdays, will also call at Owen Sound each sailing date.

At 10:30 p.m. Special train will leave Union Station, Toronto, at 12:45 p.m. arriving Port McNicoll 4 p.m. daily, except Friday. For reservations or other information regarding this service consult any Canadian Pacific agent, or write Mr. G. Murphy, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

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TO BE ATTACKING USED VERY FREELY

Russians and Germans Issue Contrary Reports on Eastern Situation.

MUCH ACTIVITY SHOWN

Whatever Be Result Heavy Fighting Is Indicated.

(Canadian Press.) BERLIN, May 25.—Via London, 5:35 p.m.—Gen. Mackensen has renewed his offensive against the Russians north of Przemyel, and yesterday he captured 21,000 prisoners, according to the official statement given out in Berlin today by the German War Office.

The text of the announcement follows:

"On the Dniester River, east of Rosynic, our troops attacked strong Russian forces. We defeated them and drove them back across the river with very considerable losses. Prisoners to the number of 2,340 and five machine guns were captured. Further to the south several Russian attacks, some of them at times very fierce, coming from the direction of Egorova, resulted in failure. Our opponents suffered heavily in these encounters.

"Southeastern arena: The army under Gen. Von Mackensen resumed the offensive yesterday in the north of Przemyel. The attack ended in entire success. The strongly fortified villages of Drohobog, Ostrow, Badynia, Wotlin, Makowice, and the hills northeast of Dobroska, and east of Celia were taken by storm. So far 143 officers and more than 21,000 Russian soldiers and officers, including nine heavy guns, and at least forty machine guns have been captured by the Teutonic allies. The Russians suffered extraordinarily heavy losses."

AUSTRIAN REPORT. VIENNA, May 25.—Via Amsterdam to London, May 25.—2:30 a.m.—The following official communication was issued by the war office tonight:

"In middle Galicia the allied armies in the ravine of the Pond De Bual, our access to which the artillery of the enemy posted at Angres and the defense organization, which was particularly strong, had prevented until now.

"We have gained some ground to the east of the front, and the position is now as follows:

"On the rest of the front there is nothing to report."

CANADIANS SUCCEED WHERE GUARDS FAILED. Capture Entrenched Positions North of Ypres—16th in the Lead.

(Canadian Press.) OTTAWA, May 25.—Major-General Hughes, minister of militia, has received a cable dispatch from the Canadian division in driving a strong German force from their entrenched positions in wood to the north of Ypres on Thursday and Friday last.

The message states that "two previous attempts by the British Guards Brigade failed, but the position was so important as to warrant another attempt, which was made successfully by the Canadians."

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