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FRIGHTFUL RIOTS IN STREETS OF LODZ; THOUSANDS ARE KILLED AND WOUNDED; COSSACKS VOLLEY INTO THE POPULACE

Bloodshed and Anarchy Rage Night and Day in Streets of the Polish City

Lodz, Russian Poland, June 24.—Yesterday, "Black Friday," in Lodz, surpassed all the horrors of "Red Sunday" in St. Petersburg. While it is not yet possible to ascertain the exact number of victims, estimates place the killed and wounded as high as 2,000.

The troubles here were initiated by the Social Democrats and Jewish Bund, who determined to avenge their comrades killed in the rioting on Wednesday.

Thursday, the feast of Corpus Christi passed off quietly, but during the night workmen attacked the patrols. In this fighting two officers and seven Cossacks were killed. One of the latter was shot by a girl of 13 years.

At dawn Friday commenced a day of terror. The city was given up to bloodshed, anarchy and fierce street fighting, which prevailed all day. Barricades were hurriedly constructed in the Jewish quarter at dawn. Men climbed to the roofs of houses, cutting telephone and telegraph wires to use for entanglements in the streets, while others cut down telegraph poles and used them in strengthening the barricades which already had been constructed and in building others.

Early in the day two bombs were thrown from the crowd into the barracks, killing or wounding 20 soldiers. This started the shedding of blood, which continued until after midnight. AT 11 O'CLOCK ALL THE FACTORY HANDS STRUCK AND FLOCKED INTO THE STREETS. COSSACKS, DRAGOONS AND INFANTRY CHARGED THE MOB. TIME AFTER TIME, FIRING VOLLEY AFTER VOLLEY INTO THE CROWDS. THE RIOTERS REPLIED WITH REVOLVERS, WHILE THEIR COMPRADES ON ROOFS AND IN WINDOWS JOINED IN THE FUSILLADE. SOME DASHED VITRIOL FROM POINTS OF VANTAGE UPON THE TROOPS IN THE STREETS. BELOW, THE BURNING FLUID DROVE ITS VICTIMS INTO A FRENZY AND LED TO SCENES OF A HORRIBLE CHARACTER.

Fighting continued throughout the day and only diminished in its intensity at nightfall, when the city was plunged into utter darkness, as practically all the street lamps had been destroyed. Even then, occasional volleys and isolated rifle shots were heard in different quarters, the troops having received orders to shoot any person appearing in the streets.

The dead were carried off to the cemeteries in military wagons, the troops acting as undertakers. But, this morning, many dead and wounded were lying in the streets and courtyards.

Terrible, indeed, is the plight of the wounded, for medical aid is unobtainable, and many are dying for the lack thereof.

There was a renewal of the bloodshed this morning. A regiment of dragoons and one of infantry had been ordered hence from Warsaw.

The casualties up to noon today add eighteen killed or wounded to yesterday's appalling total. So far as yet ascertainable, 130 persons were killed outright during the fighting on Friday, and 41 more died in the hospitals during the night. Of the wounded, 320 sustained only slight injuries, which were attended to on the spot by the ambulance surgeons. All the hospitals of the city are filled to overflowing, and owing to the insufficient number of beds many of the wounded persons are lying on the floors. All the shops, stores and factories are closed and business is at a complete deadlock.

The rioters this morning attempted to set fire to the Government office, but were scattered by a strong force of troops.

Light Case of Smallpox At Carling Heights Camp

The Patient Completely Isolated and There Is No Danger of the Disease Spreading.

The dreaded disease, smallpox, has made its appearance at the military camp on Carling's Heights. There is no cause for alarm, however, either to soldiers or civilians, for there is only one case of the disease, and the man affected has been carefully watched, and separated from the rest of the camp. His name is Pte. Wansch, of Guelph, a member of the Army Service Corps. The fact that he was vaccinated within the past few months, robs his case of danger.

It will be remembered that a man who had contracted measles was left over by the last camp and is being cared for in an isolation tent at the southeast corner of the Heights. A couple of days ago, Pte. Wansch was taken ill, and it was thought at first that his trouble was measles. He was at once isolated in a tent near that of the other man. Col. Belton, P. M. O., suspected from the first, however, that Pte. Wansch had something more than measles, and watched the development of his case very carefully. This morning the nature of the disease became apparent.

There is positively no danger of the rest of the camp being infected, so excellent is the work of the medical department, and so quickly was Wansch's case taken in hand. It is understood, however, that the military authorities are endeavoring to have the patient placed in isolation far away from the neighborhood, both of soldiers and citizens, as was done with

the three or four men who were taken with smallpox at last year's camp. Col. Belton, P. M. O., camp commandant, communicated with the city health inspector, Dr. Hutchinson, regarding the matter, and the latter held a consultation with Dr. English, chairman of the board of health. To The Advertiser, Dr. Hutchinson said that Wansch is isolated as effectively now as possible, and that the other soldiers in the camp are in no danger whatever.

As the camp is within the city limits, however, the city is concerned in the matter, and it is possible that the camp officers will press their claim to have Wansch removed to some distant point. In this case, the situation would be complicated by the fact that through the action of the county council the city was compelled to burn the tents, bedding and furniture which were used last year. It is understood that the medical department of the camp, with Col. Belton at its head, is perfectly willing to have Wansch left where he is. This morning the tents of the Bear Company, which are the nearest to the isolation tent, were moved half a hundred feet further north for the sake of extra security.

The value of the rigorous medical inspection conducted by Col. Belton and those under his command can now be fully appreciated and those soldiers who were not allowed to come to camp because they were not vaccinated will see the wisdom of a strict carrying out of the regulations. If many of the soldiers had been allowed to come to camp before being vaccinated, as at Niagara, there might have been some cause for alarm.

LATER.

Dr. Hutchinson says Wansch will be placed in a city isolation tent.

"TEXAS" ONCE MORE IN TROUSERS IS REPORT FROM PORT HURON

Thief Caught Answers to Description of Shorty Billy's Pal Who Escaped From Local Jail.

A man supposed to be no other than the notorious "Texas" Burdell, who made such a sensational escape from the Middlesex county jail over a year ago, is in the lock-up at Port Huron, with a charge of carrying concealed weapons preferred against him.

The prisoner gives the name of William Mason.



"TEXAS" BURDELL.
Jail breaker believed to have been captured by the police of Port Huron.

William Mason. He went into a bank at Port Huron yesterday afternoon and asked the teller to give him bills for \$30 worth of nickels, which he produced. The teller thought it strange that the fellow should have such a

large amount of nickels, and he notified the police department, who sent down a detective and effected the arrest of the stranger.

The latter quietly went with the officer, and on being searched at the police station it was discovered that he was carrying a loaded revolver. As there was no other charge on which he could be held, the prisoner had "carrying concealed weapons" entered against his name. He gave the name of William Mason, and claimed that he had been employed by an amusement company that had been making a tour of the State of Michigan. Other than this he would tell the police nothing.

After the escape of "Texas" Burdell, circulars were sent out by the London police, giving a minute description of the notorious jail-breaker, and asking the police to be on the lookout for him. One of the circulars went to Port Huron, and when Mason was examined by the Port Huron officers it was found that he very closely answered the description of "Texas," having every mark and scar of the latter with the exception of one.

This led the Port Huron police to notify London, and the department here is now awaiting further information from the border town. If the prisoner proves to be "Texas," a great deal of credit is due to the Port Huron police for the capture. Since the jail-breaking here, the London officers have not received any definite information about Burdell, although it has from time to time been reported to them that he has been seen in various places.

"Texas" was the pal of "Shorty Billy," or Sieve Dwyer, who was dead at the house of a man named Richardson, near Blackfriars bridge, a year ago last February, and it was his arrest that led up to the killing of the desperado by Detectives Nickle and Egelton.

Giant Deal in Mines; C. P. R. Expends \$825,000

Toronto, June 24.—The largest mining deal in the history of Canada was consummated yesterday when the control of the War Eagle, Center Star and St. Eugene mines in British Columbia passed from the hands of the Gooderham-Blackstock syndicate to a group of capitalists which is largely representative of the railway and smelting interests of the west. The negotiations which began with a proposal for the amalgamation of the smelter and mining properties and ended with the sale outright of the mines, have been in progress for several weeks.

The vendors are Mr. Thomas Gibbs Blackstock, the surviving member of the Gooderham-Blackstock syndicate,

and the Gooderham estate, and the purchasers are Toronto, Montreal and New York capitalists.

The Toronto men are Mr. W. D. Matthews and Mr. E. B. Osler, M. P., and the Montreal member of the new syndicate will probably be Mr. D. R. Hosierville. The negotiations were carried on by Mr. E. J. Aldridge, the manager of the mining interests of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and the result means a complete unity of the railway, smelting and mining business in the Kootenays. To the few financial men who have been aware of the transaction last night the price paid for the stock, \$25,000, appeared remarkably low, especially in consideration of the fact that the transfer carried with it real estate, including Government bounties, supplies and cash, aggregating nearly half a million dollars.

MACLAREN IS PRESIDENT

Well-Known Justice Made Head of International School Union.

Toronto, June 24.—Hon. Justice J. J. MacLaren was this morning elected president of the International School Union. He will hold office for the next triennium, until the convention again assembled. The new president was briefly introduced by Rev. Dr. Potts. The retiring president, Rev. R. F. Tyler, of Denver, Col., made an excellent presiding officer, and retired with the good wishes and high regards of the convention. Chairman U. V. Hartshorn presented illustrated plans of a big Sunday school temple, to be erected on Morococ street, to be decided on. The estimated cost is \$2,000,000, and it is figured that an annual revenue of \$50,000 can be had from it. The further work of the raising of \$50,000 a year for Sunday school work.

FEARS FRENCH PASSIONS

Official Germany Thinks Deputies May Precipitate a Conflict.

Berlin, June 24.—2:02 p.m.—The foreign office officials are busy studying the French proposals for a new treaty, the length of which will necessarily delay answering it. Emperor Wilhelm's absence from the foreign office, says, will cause a delay in the negotiations, inasmuch as he is daily informed on all points, and his decisions are promptly given. As the treaty of Premier Rouvier's answer progresses the fact becomes evident that he has left many points open for discussion, and from which further negotiations can continue. The greatest difference now seems to be in agreeing on whether Germany and France shall seek to reach a separate agreement before the meeting of the conference, thus eliminating many matters from international action. Germany apparently holds the view that it would be an act of discourtesy to the powers, which have already agreed to attend the conference if she arranged any matters beforehand with France.

Official circles here continue to follow the affair with keen interest without anything like excitement, much less bellicose inclinations. They watch closely the movements of public opinion in France, and while it is recognized that the French people at large have grown much less chauvinistic to the point of view of the past few years, corresponding with the waning influence of the nationalist-clerical-military combination in French politics, some anxiety is still prevalent. Berlin lists the leaders of the opposition to the French Government again succeed in inflaming the passions of the people, and arouse a storm which the republican leaders would be unable to withstand.

Fell From His Train

Pembroke, June 24.—Fred Beck, of Carleton Place, a brakeman on a special C. P. R. emigrant train going west this morning, fell from the platform of a car here, struck the railroad bridge, and dropped into the river among the logs. When picked up by a boat, he was found to be a widow and family at Carleton Place.

A Narrow Escape

Brantford, June 23.—Mrs. Charles Campbell, who lives near this city, while out driving this afternoon with three children, was struck by a train near Cainsville. All four persons were run over 25 yards, but, miraculously, all escaped with little or no injury.

Knelt in Street to Pray

Chicago, June 24.—William Reilly, who had the contract for the construction of the Wiggins Theater, and who died suddenly of heart disease on Wabash avenue Wednesday, had taken particular interest in the death, by apoplexy, of C. S. P. Shubin, as he was carrying on a telephone conversation.

When he himself was stricken, he believed that the end was near and he knelt down in the street and prayed till an ambulance came. In a few minutes after being taken from the street he died.

BIG BOILER WENT DRY, IS WRECKED BY AN EXPLOSION

Employees of Brick-Yard Have a Close Call for Their Lives—\$1,000 Damage Done.

A boiler seventeen feet long and four feet in diameter, located in Warwick's brick-making plant, a few hundred yards north of the barracks, exploded about a quarter to 6 o'clock, last evening, with a terrific roar, which startled even the residents of the center of the city.

The engine and the brick engine-house were completely demolished by the explosion, and huge pieces of iron were hurled from 20 to 300 feet away. Wonderful to relate, of the fifteen men who were working near by in the brick-yard, only one was injured by the explosion, and he simply received a scratch.

Richard Warwick, one of the partners in the business, said he had no person but himself to blame for the explosion, as he had allowed the supply of water in the boiler to become exhausted. Mr. Warwick was himself in charge of the engine-house, and when he left a short time before the explosion, he noticed that there was plenty of water in the glass, and only 35

pounds of steam. On leaving Mr. Warwick neglected to connect the boiler with the water supply, the consequence being that the boiler was soon empty. The boiler, engine and engine-house were worth about \$1,000.

The explosion was remarkable. They were working immediately around the engine-house until just a short time before the explosion. At about 10 o'clock, Clinton went to place a roof on a shed about 70 feet away. Clinton stayed to work on the shed, and about 10 o'clock, Clinton went to place a roof on a shed about 70 feet away. Clinton stayed to work on the shed, and about 10 o'clock, Clinton went to place a roof on a shed about 70 feet away.

The huge dome of the boiler was carried over Clinton's head into a field 50 feet away, the pipes were scattered in every direction, and the iron covering of the boiler was torn into bits like a ribbon. One heavy piece was hurled into a private yard fully 350 feet to the north.

The boiler was of 25-horse-power and was used for working a brick-making machine. The accident will enforce the necessity of a more careful supervision of the boiler business in very active.

Dog That Bit Langford MacGregor Had Rabies

Statement Made by Head of the Pasteur Institute at New York.**Dr. MacGregor Acted Advisedly
in Taking Son There for Treatment.**

Dr. H. A. McCallum, of Queen's avenue, yesterday afternoon received a letter from Dr. John MacGregor, whose little boy, Langford, was bitten

by a dog supposed to be mad. Dr. MacGregor states that it is the opinion of Dr. Wheeler, head physician of the Pasteur Institute, that the dog which bit the boy is suffering from hydrophobia. The animal was taken to New York by Dr. MacGregor, so that a proper diagnosis of the case could be made. The letter, which is dated Thursday, reads as follows:

"Dr. Wheeler, in charge of the Institute here, says the dog undoubtedly has the paralytic form of rabies. He is alive yet, and is a typical case of this form. The other, or street form, is most common. There are several cases coming in each day.

"The course of treatment is of eighteen days' duration, and the regulation charge \$10. The laboratories are at Saranac Lake."

There has been some talk to the effect that Dr. MacGregor acted hastily in taking his boy to New York, but the fact that the dog which bit the lad has developed symptoms of hydrophobia, show that the doctor was well advised when he lost no time in going to the Pasteur Institute. Speaking of this matter with an Advertiser reporter, and also of the criticisms which have been leveled at the mayor for issuing a proclamation calling upon all dog owners to tie up or muzzle their dogs, Dr. McCallum said today: "A glance at the facts show that Dr. MacGregor acted in the interests of the public at large as well as in the interests of the boy when he took him to New York. Little Langford MacGregor was bitten on Monday night. The wound was at once cauterized and the issue all around and beneath were injected with strong antiseptics, but it is well known to physicians that somewhere in the neighborhood of 35 per cent of those bitten by mad dogs, in spite of the fact that their wounds have been thoroughly cauterized develop hydrophobia. Consequently, Dr. MacGregor and myself did not believe that the boy could be rendered absolutely immune from such an attack without the

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THE WEATHER.

Tomorrow—Fair and Warm.

Sunday, June 25.—Sun rises, 4:26 a.m. Moon rises, 12:12 a.m. Sun sets, 8:03 p.m. Moon sets, 12:10 p.m.

Heavy showers have again occurred in Manitoba, while elsewhere in the Dominion the weather has been fine. In Ontario it has been cooler, but in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces warmer.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 50-60; Calgary, 36-54; Edmonton, 34-54; Qu'Appelle, 36-54; Prince Albert, 34-50; Winnipeg, 46-58; Port Arthur, 38-52; Toronto, 54-70; Ottawa, 56-75; Montreal, 52-74; St. John's, 50-70; St. Louis, 52-74; Halifax, 50-50.

FORECASTS.

Saturday, June 24.—8 a.m. Clear.

Today—Moderate easterly winds; fine and warm.

Sunday—Southeasterly winds; mostly fair and warm; showers before night.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations. 8 a.m. Min. Weather. Calgary 38 26 Fair Winnipeg 44 22 Cloudy Port Arthur 44 50 Fair Toronto 54 56 Clear Ottawa 58 68 Fair Montreal 52 68 Fair Quebec 52 68 Fair Father Point 46 46 Clear

WEATHER NOTES.

The weather continues fine throughout Ontario and Quebec. Heavy showers have occurred in Manitoba, and light frost is reported from some localities in the Territories.

HAMILTON MEN DIE ON SURVEY

Engineer Almond and Transit Man White Drowned Near Lake Abitibi.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Ottawa, Ont., June 24.—N. D. Almond, of Hamilton, an engineer, and Walter White, a transit man, of the Transcontinental Railway survey, were drowned near Lake Abitibi.

FOUR CONVICTS DROWNED

Were Endeavoring to Escape From Vancouver to the U. S.

Vancouver, June 24.—Four criminals lost their lives in the Gulf of Georgia Monday night by the capsizing of the sloop Omoo, which they had stolen from Departure Bay. Thursday night the sloop was being towed by the Indians found the sloop drifting in the Gulf, and there was ample evidence to show that the fugitives met death in their endeavor to reach United States territory. The names of the criminals, who were trying to get beyond the reach of British law, have not been ascertained, save a lad called Stewart, 18 years old. He came from Idaho.

Resume Was Bumped.

Windsor, Ont., June 24.—Provincial Secretary Reume bumped against one of his own rules at the ferry dock yesterday afternoon. He crossed from Detroit with two friends in an automobile, but was stopped because his machine had no license. After his identity was known, and Collector Smith had given the necessary order, Dr. Reume was allowed to proceed. The machine was to have been in the country only a few hours.

The Bayan Floated.

Tokio, June 24, 11 a.m.—The Japanese commander at Port Arthur reports that the Russian armored cruiser Bayan has been successfully floated.

JAPS REFUSE ARMISTICE; LITTLE FAITH IN THE CZAR

Tokio Says the Plenipotentiaries Must First Be Named and Confer.

Washington, D. C., June 23.—Japan has informed the United States that she will not agree to an armistice with Russia until the peace plenipotentiaries have met and found each other's credentials entirely satisfactory. She would be willing to do so if a guarantee of some kind could be given her that Russia will negotiate a peace in good faith.

The President's efforts to stop the fighting in Manchuria have thus met with a temporary check. When he returns to Washington tomorrow he will be informed of the replies made by Japan and Russia.

Those who have seen the restlessness of Mr. Roosevelt have searched for an open door to bring peace may feel assured that he will not cease his efforts to induce the belligerents to end—temporarily, at least—the operations of their armies.

So far as can be ascertained Russia

DR. MACGREGOR'S HEROIC ACTION

Sucked the Wound Inflicted On His Son by a Mad Dog.

Mrs. MacGregor, wife of Dr. MacGregor 657 Colborne street, received a letter this morning from her husband, who went to the Pasteur Institute at New York, with his son Langford, who was bitten by a mad dog. The letter was written on Thursday and it contains the information that the doctor will also have to undergo the Pasteur treatment because of his having dressed the wound of his son.

Dr. MacGregor not only had the wound cauterized, but he went so far as to suck the matter from it. In this heroic action he ran the risk of contracting the disease which in such a large percentage of cases proves fatal.

St. Jean Baptiste Day.

Montreal, Que., June 24.—The celebration by the French Canadians of Montreal in honor of their patron saint, St. Jean Baptiste, which commenced last night, was continued today under the most favorable climatic conditions. The various societies marched to St. James' Cathedral, Dominion square, where an impressive religious ceremony was held. Afterwards the big parade was held, in which the crowds participated. Games are being held this afternoon, and the day will end with a banquet at the drill hall tonight, the proceeds from which are to go to educational purposes.

The Kalmars Wreck.

Winnipeg, Man., June 24.—Dispatcher Brown, of Fort William, and Operator Bowen, of Renzie, charged by the coroner's jury with criminal negligence in causing the C. P. R. train wreck at Kalmars on June 30, in which two men were killed yesterday, June 20 was fixed as the date of their trial, and both prisoners were allowed out on bail.

Japan's Position Has the Sympathy of Officers of the Army and Navy Here.

Its justice is also conceded by the administration. There is no way by which she can be brought to adopt a different attitude. Germany and France have made polite representations to Japan in behalf of peace. Neither has gone, nor dares to go, as far as the United States.