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# THE TRIUMPH OF TRUE LOVE

"You will not think it a liberty," he said. "Your son was a dear friend. I could not have loved him more had he been a younger brother of my own. Miss Temple," he continued, "I should apologize to you. Poor Bertie always spoke of you as his little sister. I have been in the constant habit of thinking of you as a child. I have no other apology to offer for venturing to have this lock-

"I was a very young child when Bertie went," she replied; "but my age makes no difference to your kindness, Lord Selwyn; whether you thought the locket was for a big girl or a lit-She took the pretty locket and opened it. The ring of hair lay there, bright and golden, as though it had only been cut off yesterday. He watched the changes on her lovely face, as she looked long and earnestly at it, then kissed it, without one

"I can not tell you how I thank you," said Mr. Temple; "there are some ser-vices that no words can repay—this is

Lord Selwyn spent the evening at Oakside. He talked of nothing but Bertie. He told them every little incident-every little anecdote he could remember; and in doing so, revealed his own kind, generous heart and noble nature so openly that father and daughter alike were charmed with

As for the young earl himself, be-fore he had spent one hour with Violante Temple, he knew that he had met his fate. It was a complete case of love at first sight. Her beautiful, ever-changing pure young face charmed him; her musical voice thrilled him with every tone; her words, so picturesque—by turns sad and gay; her thoughts, so noble, charmed him. He knew at once that no other

man would ever charm him as she did. It seemed to him that in meeting her he had met the other half of his life—the better part of his soul.
"I am not leaving Woodeaves at once," he said to Mr. Temple, when he took his leave that night: "the country is so beautiful that I think of staying here some weeks. It is some time since I have been in the

deep green heart of the land, and I want to enjoy it." After these words it was not wonderful that Horace Temple was quite blind to what was going on. Lord Selwyn took lodgings at Woodeaves:

he made a point of spending his evenings at Oakside, and Mr. Temple became attached to him in a quiet way: he enjoyed his companionship, and felt deep gratitude toward him. It is true that during these few weeks he often looked in silent won-der at Violante's face, and thought how bright and well the child was.

and how fair she grew; but he never seemed to remember that she was of an age to love or be loved. Sometimes, when he returned in the evening, she would tell him that Lord Selwyn had called that morning with a book, and they had been singing to-gether; and again, it would be that she had met Lord Vivian, and they had walked together up Croom's Hill or through Burbank Wood. Yet it never

Lord Selwyn gave himself up to the charm; he was deeply, passionately, earnestly in love, and he knew it; there could be no more happiness for him without Violante.

struck the man, whose whole soul was absorbed in his business what was

He lingered on at Woodeaves, trying all in his power to win the love of that pure young heart; he succeeded at last; the time came when he could keep his secret no longer, and one evening, when Mr. Temple had been obliged to return to his office for papers, and the two were alone, he surprised her into confessing that she, too, loved him.

"Against my better judgment." she said, with a saucy, bewitching smile, "but I can not help it."

After two days of deep thought and onsideration. Horace Temple, beconsideration. Horace Temple, be-wildered as ever, gave his consent: and the marriage of Lord Vivian Selwyn Violante was arranged to take place in September.

#### CHAPTER V.

No other land has homes so fair, or more stately; no other land has home in the same sense of the word. Perhaps one of the fairest is Selwyn Castle, as it stands, lofty and preeminent, among the hills of Kent.
The counties of England are like a

group of fair sisters. Each one has some peculiar beauty which belongs exclusively to itself. Kent is perhaps one of the fairest, as it is one of the most fertile; it has the charm of land and sea, of white chiff and fertile

Its luxuriant vegetation seems to run

All grocers sell Tea, but all Teas are not the same. Some are good and some are not We have had a great many years' experience, and after occeptilly studying the productions of all the countries we recommend the use of

### Pure Indian or Ceylon.

Make your Too in an earthen pot, us bolling wines, let it draw source primates Buy our 25c or 35c Indian or Ceylon.

wild—seems to run over the tops of the steep cliffs, even down to the sea. The hop gardens, and the orchards laden with fruit; the meadows all green and golden; the streams, broad and deep; the hills crowned with tufted trees—all make scenery the most varied and charming. From the most varied and charming. From the hills and orchards one catches ever and anon a glimpse of the blue channel waves. The sky seems fairer, the grass greener, the flowers more luxuri-

Selwyn crowns the summit of a tall hill, whose sides, covered with trees and flowers, slope down to the sea. No park surrounds it, but the pleasure grounds are extensive and magnificent. There is, too, a deep, clear lake, of vast extent, bordered by drooping trees, whose branches touch

Though there is no park, the Thorn-leigh Woods are close, and the River Thorne runs at the foot of the hill. Selwyn Castle has long been one of the show places of the county. It has a superb picture gallery, where some of the finest works of the old masters hang; where statues of world-wide fenown are placed amidst green plants. It has state-rooms; Queen Elizabeth slept in one, when she made her royal progress through Kent, Long ago the Merrie Monarch, too, had spent some pleasant days at Selwyn. It has deep, broad balconies, from whence one can see the blue waters of the channel breaking on the British shore. It has large oriel windows, and towers that can be seen among the trees miles away. It has a grand carriage-drive, made through a long avenue of chestnut trees. It has conservatories, hot-houses, ferneries, and gardens that are unequaled even in sunny Kent.

The interior of the eastle is mag-nificent; the hangings, the furniture, the pictures, are all superb. There are nooks and little rooms; there are cushioned seats in the deep bay windows, that one would fancy were designed by an artist for the express accommodation of lovers.

Selwyn Castle is well known—it forms in every book of plants it has

figures in every book of views; it has been sketched and painted perhaps more than any other place in England.

Lord Hulabrand Solwyn, the last earl, had been a very wealthy man. He had almost doubled the revenues of the Selwyns. Some property that he had bought for very little, turned out a magnificent speculation, for mines were discovered upon it, and they alone, for many years, had yielded a princely revenue.

Lord Huldibrand had never married.

There had been some love tragedy in his life, the particulars of which were never known, but when he lay dead, ribbon was found round his neck; it held a locket, containing a woman's hair, and a ring was fastened to it. The story of that love was never known, never even hinted at, but the ribbon was buried with him. Lord Huldibrand had one brother, Gerald, different from himself as light from dark, for Gerald Selwyn was delicate, sensitive, utterly unfit to cope with the world, possessing as little real knowledge of life as a child.

He married, as most timid, retiring men do, a proud, imperious lady, ambitious and worldly, whose only ambitious seemed to be that her son should live to succeed Lord Huldibrand. Gerald Selwyn had no other children. On Vivian all the hope of

his life was fixed.

Of course, Lord Huldibrand educated him sent him to college, made him a most magnificent allowance, and then almost quarreled with him because Vivian instead on tolping the cause Vivian insisted on joining the

Every one opposed him-the Honorable Gerald Selwyn, his father, had been dead for some years—but his mother was almost violent over it. Every friend he had was against it. They represented to him that he was the only heir, the only hope of the Sel-wyns; and, if anything happened to wyns; and, if anything happened to him, both title and estates must go to some far relation, whom no one either knew or cared for. He laughed, declared that a soldier ran no greater risk than any other man. All opposition was withdrawn at last. Lord Huldibrand purchased for him a captain's commission in the Queen's Own, with the express agreement that he should leave the army when his turn came to reign at Selwyn.

On this morning, a fair one in June, he windows of the breakfast-room at the Castle were thrown wide open: the wind came in, in great perfumed gusts: the flowers outside seemed as though they bowed their heads in greeting; lilies and roses were at their fairest; the sunbeams swept in through the flower-shaded windows, and they fell upon a quiet, pretty scene that spoke of home, affluence, and elegance. (To be Continued.)

The modern kid glove goes through the hands of 235 people before being perfected. At least 40,000,000 are manufactured in France every year, and their valuation is at least 125,000,000



When baby comes to the home it will bind the wife closer to the husband, or it will gradually tend to cut her off from his companship. A sickly mother loses in physical charm, and often in temper and disposition. A fretful child is a trial, even to loving parents. The use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription prepares the wife for motherhood. It strengthens the body, and induces a healthy condition of mind, free from anxiety or fear. It makes the baby's anxiety of fear. It makes the baby's advent practically painless. The mother being healthy her child is healthy, and a healthy child is a happy child, a joy to the parents, linking them together with a new bond of affection.

There is no opium, cocaine or other narcotic in "Favorite Prescription." marcotic in "Favorite Prescription."

"I read what your medicine has done for other people," writes Mrs. Edwin H. Gardner, of Beechwood, Norfolk Co.. Mass., Boz 70, "so thought I would try it, and I found it a blessing to me and family. I took your medicine a year when I had a ten pound girl. I had the easies' time I ever had with any of my three children, and I have been very well ever since. I took three bottles of 'Favorite Prescription,' three of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and three vials of 'Pellets.' Before I took your medicine I only weighed 135 pounds, and now I weigh 175 pounds."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure sick

# INDORSED

Rousing Meeting of the South Middlesex Retorm Association.

Blinding Blizzard Does Not Prevent a Large Attendance-Officers for the Year Elected-Mr. McGugan on Questions of the Day.

Despite a storm, which at first was only an ordinary fall of snow, attended by no disagreeable features, but which developed into a blinding blizzard, with wind that blew the sharp sleet stingingly against the face, there drove to the village of Delaware yesterday, to attend the annual meeting of the South Middlesex Reform Assoclation, a surprisingly large number of representatives from every portion of the riding. Mr. J. P. Grigg, of Strathroy, presided over the meeting, which was characterized by hearty approval of recent actions of the Dominion Government, by commendation of the policy of the Ontario Government, by confidence in and appreciation of the splendid abilities of their representa-tive, Mr. Malcolm McGugan, M. P. Among those who were present were noticed: Messrs. Malcolm McGugan, M.P.; President J. P. Grigg, Strathroy;

C. H. Lockwood, secretary; H. Hardy, Godfrey McGugan, Thos. Falls, Duncan Brodie, A. Waters, Wm. Lockwood, D. Lamont, Frank Lockwood, M.Faulds and J. Clark, of Caradoc; T. Turnbull, Peter McIntyre, Donald Campbell, Malcolm Fletcher, D. McArthur, N. Graham, P. Graham, Neil Fletcher, A. McGugan, C. M. Simmons, and Malcolm Fletcher, of Lobo; J. K. Little and J. H. Elliott, of Westminster; E. How-lett, J. M. Keiser, Walter Hay, H. C. Johnston, S. Sutherland and Rev. A.

L. Leitch, of Delaware. Upon the completion of some routine business, the chairman spoke briefly, intimating the course that would be pursued throughout the meeting. He eulogized Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and also spoke approvingly of the Dominion Government's judicious administration of affairs, referring explicitly to its ef-forts for closer unity between the motherland and Canada, its management of the Alaskan boundary question, and to its splendid patriotism in sending the Canadian contingents to South Africa. Such administration had been indorsed by the people, and such a gov-ernment had been and would continue to be supported by the people. THE NEW OFFICERS.

Immediately afterward, the election of officers for 1900 was proceeded with, and resulted as follows: President, Mr. J. C. McDougall, Westminster; first vice-president, Mr. Neil Graham, Lobo; second vice-president, Mr. J. K. Little, westminster; treasurer, Mr. J. K. Little, Westminster; treasurer, Mr. H. C. Johnston, Delaware; secretary, Mr. C. H. Lockwood; auditors, Mr. John Macpherson, London, and Mr. Peter Grapherson, and Mr. Pe ham, Lobo; township conveners, Hiram Harris (Lobo), E. Howlett (Delaware) J. H. Elliott (Westminster), H. Hardy (Caradoc), J. M. McEvoy (South Lon-

don). M. McGUGAN, M.P. The representative of the riding in the Dominion house, Mr. Malcolm McGugan, was given a splendid reception when he arose to speak. expressed his pleasure at meeting so many of the representatives from all parts of the constituency, many more than he anticipated on such a stormy day. He was glad that they had met, because he intended to explain to them certain differences between the Liberal and the Conservative governments. Since the latter was defeated, Sir Winfrid Laurier had conducted the affairs of the country in a manner that was proving to be for its best interests. When the Conservatives were in power the Liberals had taken issue with them in many matters. One of these was the tariff, in regard to which they promised to make very material re ductions. They had done so. Their policy was not the National Policy. When Hon. Mr. Fielding introduced his first budget he was told that he would run the country into bankruptcy, that the factories would shut down; but instead of these Conservative predictions coming true, the factories had been enlarged and employed more hands, who were being paid better wages. Articles which used to be dutiable some 47 in number—were now free. Many of these were farmers' personal requirements. On many others duty had been reduced, and on still With reductions on 147 articles. Conservatives were saying that the National Policy is still in force. Even with these reductions the revenue was increasing at the rate of from \$2,000,000 limbs.

The Liberals desired economy in spending the people's usually sleeplessness, irritability, loss of energy and appetite, a twitching of the people's limbs. money. They wanted a wise expenditure. Such was that of making Monthe muscle treal the terminus of the Intercolonial ed spirits. Railway, by which action the road had become a paying institution for the first time since it was built. The Liberals had also promised to repeal the franchise act, which had been done. and as a result revisions were now made at less expense than before. The superannuation act had been superseded by a new system, whereby 5 per cent of salaries was withheld, and formed a retiring allowance. By this method the people did not have to pay for superannuated officials' maintenance. The gerrymander act was another matter upon which the Lib-erals were at variance with the Conservatives, but the attempt to replace it by the redistribution bill had balked by the senate, who claimed that it was brought in at an inopportune time. This bill, however, would be introduced again. It was the intention, also, to reform the senate, but the government had been unable to this as yet. Mr. McGugan then dealt exhaustively with many matters that evidenced the increased prosperity of the country under Liberal rule. By the management of Mr. Mulock the postoffice department was now nearly postoffice department was now nearly on a paying basis, despite the introduction of the penny postage. The Yukon was being opened up at no expense to the older portions of the Dominion. The revenues from that district, in two years, had exceeded the expenditure by nearly \$450,000. By the present method of subsidizing railways they will have to carry the mail, troops and provisions, and if this same method

provisions, and if this same method had been adopted in years gone by there would have been a saving of \$1.375,000 for the mail alone. By the Hon. Sydney Fisher's action in removing the quarantine from Canadian cattle in 1897, the country had benefited by more than \$2,500,000 in two years.

The government had done everything possible to facilitate the exports of the farm produce, and their efforts had been attended with engmous increases. In concluding, he poped his course had met with their approval.

He was proud to be a supporter of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, than when there was no statesman more devoted to his country, more worthy of his country's

ALEX. STUART, Q.C. Mr. Neil Graham, of Ivan, then took the chair. Mr. T. H. Purdom, Q.C., was to have spoken, but owing to the severity of the storm and to his recent poor health, he was unable to be present. In his absence, the chairman asked Mr. Alex. Stuart, Q.C., to address the meeting. Although he had not purposed giving an address, Mr. Stuart said that he was glad to hear such a good statement from their such a good statement from their member. It was convincing evidence that the country's affairs are being well administered. There never was a time when the people could have more confidence in their government than the could today. There had been a time when, by reiteration, the Conservatives had led the people to believe that the National Policy was the savior of the people. Now they were convinced that the Liberal policy had brought the greatest prosperity. Mr. Stuart found causes for especial pleasure in the facts that the statesmanship of the Laurier Government had resulted in closer relationship between Canada and Great Britain, and between the two Canadian races. He commended heartily the action of the government in sending troops to South Africa to ald the cause of the empire.

C. M. SIMMONS. Mr. C. M. Simmons spoke in approving terms of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's actions since coming into power, and urged that he be long supported. The country was prospering, and he lieved that the government should have a free hand in assuring future benefits. What had been done had been wise. He hoped that the government would subsidize some steamship lines in order that the farmers might always have cheap transportation to the old country. Mr. Simmons advocated the necessity for more earnest and thorough local work in the election campaigns. J. M. McEVOY.

Mr. J. M. McEvoy spoke very briefly. He emphasized what had been said in regard to more thorough work, There had been disoppointment on account of over-confidence in times past. He spoke very highly of the representation of Mr. McGugan in the house, where his grasp of large matters had caused him to be a power, especially where their interests were concerned. Ex-Warden Henry Hardy agreed with the previous speaker in the remarks concerning the worth and ability of their member. He believed that more attention should be given to promore attention should be given to provincial affairs now than to Dominion ones. In the latter the Conservatives were being beaten time after time, and seemed to despair of ever winning, but they were working in the Ontario field, and it was there that the Tiberele. and it was there that the Liberals should expend most energy. province were worked as it should be, Hon. George W. Ross would have not eight, but twice eight, supporters at

Mr. John H. Elliott and Mr. J. M. Keiser also made short speeches.

The following resolution was then moved by Mr. C. M. Simmons, seconded by Mr. J. P. Grigg, and passed unan-imously: "That this meeting of the South Middlesex Reform Association reaffirms its confidence in the Reform Administrations at Ottawa and Toron-to, and its belief that both govern-ments deserve the complete confidence of the people. We fully indorse the progressive policy adopted by the Hon. George W. Ross and are fully in accord with Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his administration. We fully indorse the progressive policy adopted by the Hon. George W. Ross, and are fully in accord with Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his administration, and in the loyalty so recently shown to the mother country. 'We also wish to reaffirm our confi

dence in Mr. Malcolm McGugan, and indorse the action by him taken in the House of Commons." After tendering a hearty vote of thanks to the retiring president, the afternoon's programme was concluded the Queen, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Mr. Malcolm McGugan, M.P. and the Canadian boys in South Africa

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the muscles, tired brain and depress-

When you can't sleep at nights and toss in misery longing for daybreak to come, do not yield to the temptation to use morphine, cocaine or other opiates. They only hasten decay.

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Railways and Navigation

## CANADIAN PACIFIC Settlers' One-Way

Excursions To Manitoba and Canadian North west, will leave Toronto every TUES-DAY during March and April.

Passengers traveling without Live Stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 2 p.m. Passengers traveling with Live Stock should take the train leaving

Toronto at 9 p.m. Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train. For full particulars and copy of

'Settlers' Guide" apply to any Canadian Pacific Agent, or to A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, 1 King street east, Toronto. THOS. R. PARKER, City Passenger Agent 161Dundas, corner Richmond.

On and after Sunday, Jan. 14, 1800, the trains leaving Union Station, Toron to (via Grand Trunk Railway) at 9 a.m. and 9:30 p.m., make close con nection with the Maritime Express and Local Express at Bonaventure Depot, Montreal, as follows:

The Maritime Express will leave Montreal daily except Saturday, at 11:30 a.m., and on Sunday at 11:35 a.m., for Halifax, N. S., St. John, N. B., and points in the Maritime Provinces.

John, N. B., and points in the Maritime Provinces.

The Maritime Express from Halifax, St. John and other points east, will arrive at Montreal daily except on Monday, at 130 p.m.

The Local Express will leave Montreal daily, except Sunday, at 130 a.m., due to arrive at Hiviere du Loup at 650 p.m.

The Local Express will leave Riviere du Loup daily, except Sunday, at 12 noon, and Levis at 425 p.m., due to arrive at Montreal at 1610 p.m. 10:10 p.m. Through sleeping and dining cars on the Maritime Express. Buffet cars on Local Ex-

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The vestibule trains are equipped with every convenience for the compost of the traveler. The elegant sleeping, dining and first-class can make travel a luxury.

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Tickets for sale at all offices of the Grand Trunk system, at Union Station, Toronto, and at the office of the General Traveling Agent, Wm. Robinson, General Traveling Agent, M. Price, District Passenger Agent, 143 St. James street, Montreal. THE LAND OF BIG GAME.

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#### Canadian Northwest.

Will leave Toronto, via North Bay, at 2 p.m. and 9 p.m. each Tuesday during March and April, if sufficient business offers.

Colonist Sleeping Cars for passengers, with ordinary baggage, will be attached to train leaving Toronto at 2 p.m., and will run through to Winnipeg. Colonist Sleeping Cars for passengers, traveling on same train as their live stock will be attached to train leaving Toronto at 9 p.m., and will run through to Winnipeg; berths will be free in these oars, and can be secured by passengers on application to Grand Trunk agents. Tickets, rates and all information from agents of Grand Trunk Railway system.

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S.S. GERMANIC, March 7.... Noor 

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