

Facts For Sick Women

We know of no other medicine which has been so successful in relieving the suffering of women, or secured so many genuine testimonials, as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

In almost every community you will find women who have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Almost every woman you meet has either been benefited by it, or knows some one who has.

In the Pinkham Laboratory at Lynn, Mass., are files containing over one million one hundred thousand letters from women seeking health, in which many openly state over their own signatures that they have regained their health by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has saved many women from surgical operations.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is made exclusively from roots and herbs, and is perfectly harmless.

The reason why it is so successful is because it contains ingredients which act directly upon the female organism, restoring it to health and normal activity.

Thousands of unsolicited and genuine testimonials such as the following prove the efficiency of this simple remedy.

Belleriver, Que.—"Without Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I would not be alive. For five months I had painful and irregular periods and inflammation of the uterus. I suffered like a martyr and thought often of death. I consulted two doctors who could do nothing for me. I went to a hospital, and the best doctors said I must submit to an operation, because I had a tumor. I went back home much discouraged. One of my cousins advised me to take your Compound, as it had cured her. I did so and soon commenced to feel better, and my appetite came back with the first bottle. Now I feel no pain and am cured. Your remedy is deserving of praise."—Mrs. Emma Chatel, Valleyfield, Belleriver, Quebec.

Women who are suffering from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not lose sight of these facts or doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

Not a Drop of Alcohol

What is a "tonic"? A medicine that increases the strength or tone of the whole system. What is an "alterative"? A medicine that alters or changes unhealthy action to healthy action. Name the best "tonic and alterative"? Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the only Sarsaparilla entirely free from alcohol. Ask your own doctor about it. Never take a medicine doctors cannot endorse. J.C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Without daily action of the bowels poisonous products must be absorbed. Then you have impure blood, biliousness, headache. Ask your doctor about Ayer's Pills for constipation.



\$26.00 Cut this out and send to us with State whether you wish a new or used bicycle. We will send you the high grade Model Eagle bicycle by express. You can examine it thoroughly at your expense and if found perfectly satisfactory, we will refund the express charges. If not, we will return it free of charge. A GENUINE EAGLE BICYCLE. LITTON, MASS. T. W. BOYD & SON, 27 NOTRE DAME ST. WEST, MONTREAL.

Moir's Chocolates

Every chocolate whereon you find engraved the word "Moir's" is coated with the smoothest, richest chocolate, made from pure cacao beans, selected and ground by ourselves.

The centers, whether they be the delicious creamy kind, the dainty jellies or the tasty nuts of our XXX Chocolates, or the honey-sweet taffy of our Chocolate Chips, consist of the finest and purest ingredients.

Purity is exemplified in its most delicious form in Moir's Chocolates.

MOIRS, Limited Halifax, N. S.

New Brunswick Representative: W. J. WETMORE, St. John, N. B.

IN THE LOCAL

LEGISLATURE

(Continued from page 2.)

descriptions of the Ontario Agricultural College, Macdonald College, the Nova Scotia Agricultural College, and the work they are doing.

Appendix 'D' contains letters with practical suggestions from leading gentlemen in different parts of the Province.

Appendix 'E' deals with the present conditions of Agriculture in New Brunswick with comments and suggestions. Some of the results of prevailing methods are noted, statistics bearing upon agriculture in the five eastern provinces are compared. The farm labor problem, vacant farms, survey and mapping of the provinces, immigration, colonization, agricultural education, farm sanitation, the work of the agricultural department and state aid to agriculture are all discussed.

Appendix 'F' contains the work of two investigators, upon agricultural co-operation and agricultural credit in the different countries of Europe.

It is stated in the report that it is the opinion of experts who have been over the ground that the annual fruit crop of New Brunswick could and should be as valuable as that of Nova Scotia. The employment of a Provincial horticulturist who would assist in the development of the apple and other fruit, growing capacities of the Province is urged.

The report concludes with the following summary:

"While our agricultural condition is shown to be anything but satisfactory, there can be no doubt as to the favorable natural conditions of the Province for agricultural development. New Brunswick is fortunate in many things. The regularity and efficiency of her water supply both from moderate rainfall and soil reservoirs is not excelled in any country. Her seasons favor the growth of almost every crop necessary to the sustenance and best development of human and other animal life; her climate is healthful and invigorating, fostering the highest degree of mental and physical effort. Her soil, while variable, compares favorably so far as we can ascertain, with any known agricultural country, and under intelligent cultivation produces large crops of the highest quality.

With such natural surroundings her people should be able by intelligent use of their opportunities to live in the largest and noblest sense of the word and to build up here a country of healthful and happy homes and a people who will have no superior in the world.

That this result may be achieved, those who are living, and who are growing up to live on the land must have larger conceptions of the country's capabilities and must place themselves in a position to secure a fair reward for their labors. To this end it would seem necessary that there should be:

(1) A system of education which will enable farmers bent to utilize their opportunities, and which will give their children that knowledge which will be most useful to them for the development of the district in which they live.

(2) Improved means of communication, which will include good highways, sufficient railway accommodation, an adequate rural postal service, a cheaper express service, and rural telephone in every section.

(3) Effective co-operation among farmers for economical production and to enable them to meet fairly the organized interests with which they are forced to deal.

These, we conceive to be among the most important of the immediate needs of the farmers of New Brunswick if they are to best do their important part in the development of the province and take their proper place in the social, intellectual, business and political life of the nation.

Since we are going to have a Canadian navy, look out for a development in steel shipbuilding when the yards are opened up in Nova Scotia. New Brunswick and Quebec at which the warships will be constructed.

A large up-to-date woodworking factory and lumber mills are to be erected at Tide Head for the Northern Company this summer. The Graphic understands that Messrs. Mann & Baxter, contractors and builders, of Campbellton, have secured the contract for the necessary buildings. A large quantity of machinery has been ordered from Sweden and will arrive here shortly after navigation opens. This will be an important industry and will mean much for Tide Head.

THE POOR WHIFFLETIT.

And the Low Down Trick by Which It Is Subdued.

Seating himself at a restaurant table, a Chicago man said:

"Waiter, what kind of fish have you?"

"Oh," said the waiter, "all kinds—whitefish, haddock, grayling, sea bass, weakfish, perch."

"Pshaw!" yawned the customer. "Cut that out. I'm tired of those common fishes. Ah! you got some new kind of fish—some kind I never ate before?"

"Well," said the waiter, "the whiffletit is very rare this morning."

"What in thunder is a whiffletit?"

"Why, doesn't a fish sharp like you know what a whiffletit is? Common enough here. You see, the whiffletit lives only in circular lakes. You go out and find a circular lake and fire a boat. Then you row out all alone to the middle of the lake, about a mile or so, and anchor. Then you take an augur and bore a hole in the water and bait it by putting a piece of cheese on the edge of the hole. The whiffletit comes up to get the cheese, eats it, and it makes him swell up so that he can't back down the hole."

"Well," said the customer, breathless, "what then?"

"Why," replied the waiter as he filled a glass of water, "you lean over the side of the boat and laugh the whiffletit to death—Want a few?"

A LUCKY ESCAPE.

Thrilling Experience of a Cyclist on a Swiss Mountain.

A Dr. Bach was cycling down the pass near Goshenen, in Switzerland, when his brake snapped and the machine darted forward at terrific speed. At the foot of the mountain is a bridge spanning a deep river gorge. The physician tried to guide his flying machine on the bridge, but the front wheel struck a side wall, and he was flung over the parapet. While falling through the air he caught a chain hanging from a girder. The momentum of his body, suddenly arrested, nearly wrenched his grip loose, but he was a strong man and kept his hold. While swinging in midair suspended over the raging river and unable to improve his perilous position an automobile came chugging down the pass. The hapless man shouted for help, but he could not be seen from the bridge, and his cries were drowned by the noise of the motor and the sound of the river. A few minutes after the automobile had passed a carriage drove across the bridge. Again he cried out for help, but in vain. The awful strain on arms and fingers was becoming intolerable, and the doctor was about to drop into the torrent to an inevitable death when two peasants came by and saw him. They flung a noose over him and pulled him up. He fainted and was ill for a long time.—Strand Magazine.

Couldn't Remember His Star.

As illustrative of the fits of abstraction to which some men are subject in an extraordinary degree, Sir Henry Irving was fond of relating a story of his former manager, Charles Dillon. Some years after "The Bells" had made Irving famous he happened to meet Dillon and was outspoken in his delight.

Dillon looked him over, finally remarking that he had no recollection of him. Irving reminded him of the tour they had made together and mentioned his name. Dillon thought for awhile, and recognition appearing dawned upon him, he extended his hand.

"Irving? Oh, yes. I remember the name," he declared reminiscently. "And what are you doing now, Irving?"

A Poet's Breakfast.

George Meredith and Rossetti were to take up house together, but it occurred to the former to go and see what the house was like first. He arrived at noon. Rossetti was not up. But on the table was his breakfast—six eggs on as many slices of bacon. The report had been waiting some time. The eggs were draining out their lifeblood on the coagulating bacon. Rossetti came in in a dressing gown, otherwise just as he had got out of bed. He sat down and "devoured the plat like an oriole." Meredith sent him a check for the quarter's rent next day, but he and the poet never kept house together.

An Incident of Travel.

In Nuremberg, having occasion to ask my way, I said in my best Meisnerschaft to a gentleman passing: "Koennen sie mir vielleicht sagen wie man nach das Deutschen museum geht?"

Imagine my mortification when he replied: "I am going that way. I will show you."

We walked on, and, learning that I was an American and had travelled in England, he said:

"I am professor of English here. That is why I speak English so well. But I didn't been in England a'ready once yet."—Lippincott's.

Unlucky For His Side.

"So you cling to that childish superstition about thirteen being unlucky," said the traveler.

"Yes," answered the other. "Can't get away from it."

"But see how completely it is disproved. This glorious country started with thirteen colonies."

"Very true. But I am an Englishman."

Innocent.

Mrs. Knicker—How did you know your husband was working down in the office? Mrs. Youngbride—I telephoned, and central said, "Busy."—New York Sun.

575,000 PRAC-

TICA FARMERS.

Revenue From Agricultural Sources Is \$700,000,000.

In the House of Commons the other day, a member, Mr. W. D. Stephens, brought out a number of highly interesting facts with regard to the agricultural industry of Canada. He said in part:

"There are many professions, practiced in this country with which it is true that I am not personally connected. To my mind there is no profession more important than that of agriculture. I regret to say that the agriculturalists of this country have not got that representation in our legislative halls and on our boards and commissions to which they are entitled. I need not argue that agriculture is the principal industry of Canada. That has long since been conceded and it is admitted almost every day in this House. But what I cannot understand is that we should find honorable gentlemen apparently so anxious to stand up for the farmers, and yet when it comes to appropriate the necessary money for the development of the great industry, this government is parsimonious to an extreme.

"On looking through the statistics, I find that there are in Canada at present 575,000 practical farmers, that is men who depend on the cultivation of their own farm for a living. And I find that out of a population of 6,500,000, 3,775,000 are depending on the operations of farming. I find that there is invested in agriculture in this country \$2,410,000,000 and that the revenue from our agricultural sources amounts annually to about \$700,000,000 which is more than that derived from all other industries put together. I find further that the agricultural exports from the country amount to about \$150,000,000 annually. I am not going to take up time traveling from the Atlantic to the Pacific to show where those farms are located or where this large amount of capital is invested, but shall content myself with saying that the major portion of this immense capital is invested in the west, and that our sources come largely from the west, notwithstanding the fact that these new provinces are still in their infancy. But notwithstanding the large number of people engaged in agriculture, the large amount of money invested and the large revenue coming from this source, I regret to say that the farmers, who are producing as capable a representative as any other class in this country, have but a small representation in our legislative halls and on our important boards. Let me refer to a moment to the parliament which was dissolved last summer, and I am not doing so for the purpose of making any invidious reflection. In that parliament composed of 214 members there were but 13 farmers. As to the number of practical farmers in this parliament, with its increased representation, I am not able to say, but I want to point out that 99 per cent. of the constituents represented in this House are farmers, and that the farmers expect the members of this House to stand up for their interest when anything pertaining to it is in question. For that reason I claim that there is no one more qualified to speak in this House who can get away from supporting my resolution."

MILLERTON.

MILLERTON, April 12. — Mrs. Seammel and children of St. John are visiting at Dr. Wilson's.

Mrs. Shuttleworth and family are about to remove to Syracuse, N. Y., where Mr. Shuttleworth has received a good position. Miss Shuttleworth will be much missed in musical circles.

Rev. T. H. Cutbert held service at Upper Derby on Sunday afternoon.

Miss Saunders is spending her Easter holiday at the Valley. She returns to her school on Tuesday.

Miss Annie Flett of Nelson was visiting in Miller on Sunday.

Miss Margaret Miller of Mount Allison is spending her Easter vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Miller.

Misses Dorothy Wilson and Augusta Cutbert of Bethsay Girls' school, are home for the Easter holidays.

The Misses Clarke have returned to Derby for the Easter holidays.

Miss Weldon is spending the Easter holidays at her home in Moncton.

Mrs. Ursula Croker, who was visiting her sister, Mrs. Cummings of H. Leart, was called home on Saturday by serious illness of her mother, Mrs. Alexis Croker.

Mrs. Mayne of Lettice is visiting her mother, Mrs. Croker.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

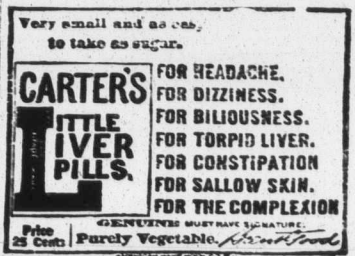
Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Wm. Wood

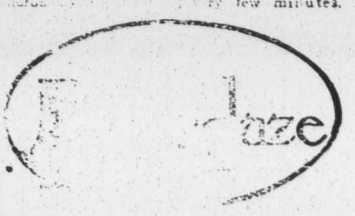
See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.



CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Don't Paint the Floors

It seems that the womenfolk have been right all along in their prejudice against painted floors and their preference for polished hardwood. The doctors say now that any painted floor catches and holds dirt more than twice as much as a carpet, and that it is known to be the vehicle of many diseases and therefore a menace to health, especially during winter, when it is kept so tightly sealed from any fresh air, by covering the floors with paint. It is a well known fact that painted floors are not only unsightly, but they are also a source of danger to the health of the family. They are not only a source of danger to the health of the family, but they are also a source of danger to the health of the family.



Recommended and sold by the Stothart Mercantile Co. Ltd., Newcastle, N. B.

Makes a Creamy White Loaf

You can tell the quality of the flour by the color of the loaf. Notice the rich, creamy white appearance of the bread when "North West Gem" is used—convincing proof of its superior quality. Test it for yourself. Order from your dealer.

"North West Gem" Flour

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PROFESIONAL.

F. L. Pedolin, M. D.,

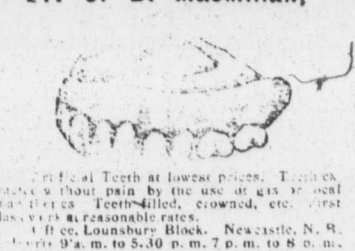
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Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas or other Anesthetics. Artificial teeth set in gold, rubber and celluloid. Teeth filled etc. Newcastle, office Quigley Block Chatham, Benson Block.

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