# ST. JOHNSEMI-WEEKLY SUN

MILE

ON THE

EVERY

APPER

TLE OF

n one-size bottles only. B

Don't allow anyone to sell on the pies or promise that it and "will enswer every purest you get C-A-S-T-O-B-I-A.

for Varmouth.

Me., Barch 4.—Ard, str Do-Liverpool; sch Kioka, from

DY, N. J., March 4.— Sid.

March 4.—Cld, str Oceanic,

Fla, March 4, seh Went-

k, from Basse-Terre. March 3, bark Strathers, agapore; bark L W Norton,

eb 22, sch Lillie, Davis, fron

b 3, sch Glenville, Butel,

arch 3, sch Emma Cotting-ana; 4th, ship Charles, Mc-don; sch Leonard Parker,

oria, frem Glasgow.

Jan 7, brig Morning Star
Gaspe (and sailed Feb 1

e, Fla, March 4, sch Went-ck, from Basse Terre, FWI. PR, March 1, sch F B Wade,

k, March 4, sch. Gypsum ndrews.

March 4, seh Cora H, Mit-

Ayres, Feb 6, bark Low

Breakwater, March 1, sch Hooper, from Norfolk for

and, March 2, sch Glenrosa, B C Gates, for St. John; Newburyport. Feb 24, sch Fearless, Kemp,

March 1, seh Gypsum King,

aneiro.

March 4, bark Robert S
vs. for Barbados for orders.
etown, March 4, sch C R

, March 5, str Oceanic, for

k, Ga, March 4, bark Gen-Santos.

ss., March 2.—Heavy south-fog and rain, prevailed at dications of a change to

Neah Bay, Wash, Feb 21, Fulton, from Tacoma for

ana, Feb 26, bark Calcium, York; seh Monbegan, Mur-

Light, March 6, strs Regu-Newport News for Sydney; en, from Sydney for Glas-

Harris, from Boston for b 10, in 4 N, 25 W.

te., March 4, 1962.— Notice that Kitts Rock bell buoy, of position 500 feet to the y 11, was placed in its promary 27.

HILL, March 5.-The place, owned for years

y C. A. Peck, K. C., as

a drug store. coat crossed from the thester March 4th, an

date for a first trip.

e.—Chinese officials fear of the bankers' commission ruary instalment of the in-ter the collection of future difficult.

TO MARINERS.

WELL HILL.

REPORTS.

MORANDA.

SPOKEN.

arch 4, seh M A Achorn

SIGNATURE

ST. JOHN, N. B., WY NESDAY, MARCH 12, 1902.

whole war.

in a further despatch from Lord Ki ener, which Mr. Brodrick, the secr-for war, read just as parliamen adjourning. This despatch shows the first confusion was caused by tive boys with led horses who gallo

tive boys with led horses who galloued through the mule convoy as the mule convoy was endeavoring, by Lord Me, thuen's directions, to close on the ox convoy. The disorder among the mules communicated itself to the mounted troops and the Boers, dressed in khaki and riding alongside the wagons, frustrated all the attempts of the British officers to rally their forces. Great confusion ensued among this portion of the mounted troops, they and the mule

Sections of the 4th and 38th batteries

of artillery fought with great gallantry

and 300 men, composed of the Nor-thumberland Fusiliers, and the Lan-

cashires, showed conspicuous courage in protecting the wagons and refusing

Delarey, Celliers, Kemp, Vermaso Tromp and other commandants were

agent of the intelligence department. He was being well cared for in his own

It is feared that Lord Kitchener's in-

The distinguishing features of the

editorials in the morning papers on this matter are, first the outburst of

in hilarity when Mr. Brodrick in the

announcing Lord Methuen's capture

In this connection, it is worthy of not

ing that neither John Redmond nor T. P. O'Connor were present, whilst T. M.

Healy disclaimed any sympathy with

At the same time the papers admit

the extreme gravity and even the

humiliation to British prestige abroad

involved in such a reverse inflicted by

a body of Boers of equal numerical

strength. It is recognized that al-

though the damage is more moral than material, if will certainly have the

effect of prolonging the Boer resist-

BOER COMMENTS.

The Daily News says the event has scarcely a parallel since the dark dis-

astrous days when the North Ameri-

can colonies passed from British co

The Standard says this defeat comes

after a succession of mishaps for

which it is impossible to account by

lowance is made," says the Standard,"we cannot but find something not

creditable to our vigilance in these

The Morning Post points out that

Gen. Methuen did not surrender, "but he was wounded and included in the

surrender by the next unwounded of-

It is commonly believed that a large part of the mounted men who fied must have been raw yeomanry, and that Gen. Methuen's district has been

against Botha and De Wet.

This incident, the flight of five hun

dred mounted British from the Boers is regarded as the gravest part of the

affair. The Daily Chronicle says: "An

mere bad fortune. "When every

the demonstration.

ance for many months.

constant surprises."

convoy.

### BOER VICTORY.

Captured Gen. Methuen, Four wagons. All efforts to eneck them were unavailing. Major Paris collect-Guns and Large Force.

First Time Since the War Began That a British General Has Peen Taken Prisoner.

LONDON, March 10., 4.33 p. m.-Gencaptured by General Delary. LONDON, March 10.—Gen. Methuen was wonded in the thigh. Three British officers and 38 men were killed. Five British officers and 72 men were wounded. One British officer and 200

men are missing. The fight in which Gen. Methuer was captured occurred before dawn March 7, between Winberg and Lichtenburg, Orange River Colony. The British force numbered 1,200 men. The Boers captured all the British baggage. Gen. Methuen is retained as a prisoner. General Metheun was the British commander who led the army to the relief of the besieged town of Kimber-ly, in Nov. 1899. In this expedition he successfully engaged the Boers at Belmont, Graspan, and Magersfonte The British were successful in the first three battles, but suffered a severe defeat at Magersfontein. The Boer com-mander at Graspan was General De-larey, who has now taken Gen. Meth-

It was after the Magersfontein defeat that General Lord Roberts was sent to South Africa, where he took personal command of the British advance on Kimberley, and assisted by General French, released that place Feb. 15,

Paul Sanford Methuen, third Baron Methuen, is descended from John Methuen, lord chancellor of Ireland. He was born Sept. 1, 1845, and succeeded his father on the latter's death in 1891. He was educated at Eton and became a lieutenant in the Scots Guards in 1864. He served with distinction in Egypt and South Africa and has been fre-quently decorated and mentioned in

PRETORIA, Saturday, March 8.-"I and three hundred infantry, four guns and a pom-pom, from Winberg to Lichtenburg, and was to meet Grenfell, with 1,300 mounted men at Roviraines Fontein today. Yesterday morning early he was attacked by Delarey's force between Twebosch and Palmiethnill. The Boers charged on three sides. Five hundred and fifty men have come in at Maribos and Kraaipan. They were pursued by the Boers four miles from the scene of the fight."

The feeling of depression in the lobbles of the house of commons over the news of the disaster in South Africa was very marked. The service members of the house expressed the order. "They report that Methuen and Paris, with the guns, baggage, etc., were captured by the Boers. Methuen, when last seen, was a prisoner. I have no details of the casualties and suggest delaying publication till I can of Gen. Methuen's prominence to hold him as hostage for the safety of Comsend definite news. I think this sud-den revival of activity on the part of Delarey is to draw off the troops press-

In a second despatch, dated Sunday, March 9th, Lord Kitchener says: "Major Paris came in at Kraaipan with the remainder of the men. He reports that the column was moving in two parties, one with the ox wagons, left Twebosch at 3 a. m. The other with the mule wagons started an hour later. Just before dawn the Boers attacked. Before reinforcements

flank parties, but the panic at stampede of the mules had be un, and the mule wagons, it cerrible mixture of mounted men, rushed past the ox ed forty men and occupied a position a mile in front of the ox wagons, which were then halted. After a gallant, but useless defense, the enemy rushed into the ox wagons and Methuen was wounded in the thigh. Paris, being surrounded, surrendered at 10 a. m. Methuen is still in the Boer camp."

The killed include Lieuts. Venning and T. P. W. Nesham of the Royal Artillery, who were both killed while erving their guns with case shot. As Lord Kitchener announced that Major Paris had surrendered, and also elegraphed that he had reached Kraaipan with the remainder of the men it would seem that the Boers sub-sequently released the major and his

the house was deeply grieved at what eral Methuen and four guns have been had occurred. He would ask their lordships to concur with him in his sympathy for the gallant officer in his



present unfortunate position and de fer adverse criticism till they had dedirectly responsible. From Delarey's conduct throughout the war they could all be assured that Gen. Methuen would be taken great care of.

Lord Spencer (liberal), the former
president of the council, said he thor-

GENERAL METHUEN

oughly believed in Gen. Methuen's ealousness. He did not want to offer despatches for bravery.

The text of Lord Kitchener's despatch announcing the capture of General Methuen is as follows:

Zealousness. He did not want to offer a hint of criticism at the present moment.

The premier, Lord Salisbury, also

The premier, Lord Geliabury, also expressed deep sympathy with General Methuen under the present unfortungreatly regret to have to send you bad Methuen under the present unfortun-news of Methuen. He was moving with always acted with the greatest galantry, and the premier, therefore, thought they should defer criticism or examination of the very sad intelligence until the details arrived. His lordship was convinced Gen. Methuen

bers of the house expressed the opin-ion that it will necessitate sending fresh troops to the front, while the beof Gen. Methuen's prominence to hold him as hostage for the safety of Commandant Kritzinger and other Boer leaders now in the hands of the Brit-

LATER PARTICULARS. LONDON, March 11.-Delarey, who has proved himself to be the most able of all the Boer generals, has gained a second decisive victory within a fort-

His first victory was the capture of Von Donop's convoy, when the British casualties in killed, wounded and prisoners totalled 632, and he has now added to his laurels by the capture for the could reach them, the rear guard broke. In the meantime a large number of Boers gathered on both flanks.

These at first were checked by the capture for the first time throughout the campaign of a prominent British general and by inflicting what is generally admitted to have been one of the worst reverses the first time throughout the campaign of

FREDERICTON. British have suffered throughout the It is supposed that Lord Methuen was marching with the intention of avenging the capture of the Von Donop

Premier Tweedle's Lame Reply to the Opposition Leader. South Africa have not yet been allow to describe the affair. The only at tional details available are contain

opt to Justify His Treatment o he St. John Citizens' Committee When Duke and Duchess of York Arrived.

Tweedie declined to reply to Mr. Hasen's speech on Friday last, when the opposition leader finished his rea few minutes after 5 o'clock d took two days to prepare an an-er. Yet his speech today is gener-v segarded as a very weak utter-ted He was not in good form and was thresome and labored elicited little applause from his

only two points in it are worthy of notice. In reference to his course on the Quebec conference resolutions he said it was his intention to impress upon Blair and Fielding the necessity of carrying out the terms of the Quebec conference. His reference to Mr. Hazen's charge of arrogantly insulting the representatives of the city of St. John on the occasion of the reveal reto surrender until resistance was use-less. The force under General Delarey was almost entirely dressed in British uniforms. This made it impossible for uniforms. This made it impossible for the infantry to distinguish between their own men and the enemy when the mounted troops were driven in on them. The enemy numbered fifteen hundred men. They had one fifteen pounder and a pom-pom. John on the occasion of the city of St John on the occasion of the royal re-ception was even weaker. He claim reported, and stated as follows: That he did not know any delegation from the citizens committee or city council had been appointed to attend at the railway station until told so at the Royal Hotel by James F. Robertson just as he was leaving for the station. He had since learned that the fact of such committee having been ap-He had since learned that the fact of such committee having been appointed had been published in the press previously, but he (Tweedle) had Lot been aware of the fact. At the Beyal Rotel, Mr. Robertson had asked him what position the citizens' committee would take, and he had replied that he was not aware that they had wagon.

In a private telegram just received here Lord Kitchener adds: "I/ and Methuen has a fraction of thigh, but he is reported to be done well."

In arother message Lord Kitchener says that the wounded will be brought in to the rallway today and adds:
"I here the reinforcements now are mittee would take, and he had replied that he was not aware that they had a right to any position at all. Mr. Robertson then referred it to Governor McClain, who said he would be governed by the advice of the premier. The citizens committee, continued Mr. Tweedle, would not take this for an analysis and said than would be down. "I hope the reinforcements now arriving will rectify the situation in this area without disturbing operations

complete accounts have not told the worst, but among the newspapers and the public there is a tendency to accept Mr. Brodrick's advice to suspend judgment pending the receipt of deanswer and said they would go down to the station. They went down there for the purpose of being insulted. They could not be insulted, but I simply ignored them. Mr. Osman followed Mr. Tweedle

with a few inconsequences and then Mr. Hill made a few remarks approv-ing of Mr. Tweedie's treatment of the St. John committee, although, he add-ed, I would probably have acted difthis matter are, first the outburst of sympathy for General Methuen, which is quite extraordinary, when it is remembered how he was assailed with hostile and angry criticism during the early stages of the war, and, second, the fierce denunciation of the Irish members of parliament, who indulged

ferently.

Not a single member from St. John
was present to resent Mr. 'Tweedie's insulting remarks.

### LORD DUNDONALD

Militia on Certain Conditions

TORONTO, March 8—The Telegram's special cable from London says: Major General Lord Dundonald was seen today by your correspondent, to whom he said, he had given a reply with reference to the acceptance or otherwise of the position of general officer commanding the Canadian militia, but as communications were at the present time of a confidential character, he would not be justified in giving any information thereon to the press. The earl said he at one time thought of visiting Canada, with a view of study-ing the situation, and to judge for himself, whether or not to accept the position. He is of opinion that the neral staff officer commanding should be subordinate to the minister of mil-itia. He strongly favors giving such positions to men capable of filling them. Family statuts or social position would have no weight with him in conferring appointments of that na-ture. He is also of opinion that Can-adian officers should interchange with other colonies, and does not approve of garrisoning men in large towns, owing to the temptations which such places offer. It is understood that Lord Dundonald will accept the position, provided certain suggestions contained in his reply will be followed. Indeed, it is safe to say his lordship accepts provisionally. appeared anxious to do so.

### DOMINION GOAL CO.

used for months past as a sort of training ground for new men, whilst the seasoned troops were withdrawn from his command for operations Has Discovered a New Area Conjuga Billion Tons of Coal.

MONTREAL, March 9.—Cornelius Shields, general manager of the Dom-Sydney. He stated that he had received a telegram from Sydney that search for additional areas of coal on the Dominion Company's lands had been successful, and that south of But-ler's lake an area had been discovered, estimated to contain a billion tons of coal. Search for this bed had been going on for the past eight years. Shields also dicussed the earnings of the company. For the year ending February 28, he stated that after payrebruary 28, he stated that after paying all fixed charges, including six per cent. In bonds and eight per cent on preferred stock, the company had a surplus of \$1,200,000, equal to eight per cent on the common stock. The profits for the present year he estimated at 2,000,000 pounds. He stated that a dividend of six per cent. Will be paid this year. this year.

### RUSSIA TO FIGHT JAPAN.

LONDON, March 10.-In a despatch dated Shanghai, the correspondent of the Standard says that Chinese merchants coming from Port Arthur declare they have been ordered to remove their families from Port Arthur because preparations were being made for a war with Japan.

### SPRING SUITS, 1902

Our Spring Suits for Men and Boys are now ready for your inspection The quality, color, fit and finish are an excellent combination and are sure to please. You will be surprised at the quality and style of the suits we are offering at the following prices :

Men's Suits, Fancy Mixed Tweed All Wool, worth \$3.00, our price \$6.00.

Men's Brown Mixed Tweed Suits, extra special at \$7.50.

Men's Suits, light grey, also brown mixed, Tweeds, \$8.50.

Men's Suits, the newest shades in Dark Grey, worth \$12.00, our price \$8.50.

Men's Suits in Blue and Black Serges and Worsteds, from \$6.00 to \$14.00.

Youths' Suits, long pants, from \$4.50 to \$9.50.

Boys' Two Piece Suits, from \$2.50 to \$6.50.

Boys' Two Piece Suits, from \$1.25 to \$5.50.

Call and examine goods and prices. Store open evenings till 8 o'clock.

Saturday till 11.

199 UNION STREET, Opera House Block.

# CANADIAN ADMIRAL

Will Succeed Sir Frederick Bedford, and

Will be in Home Waters-A Promotion for Admiral Sir John Fisher. Well Known in Canada.

LONDON, March 4.-It is officially unced by the admiralty that Admiral Sir John A. Fisher, K. C. B., commander-in-chief of the Mediterranean station, has been selected to succeed Vice-Admiral A. L. Douglas as econd naval lord of the board of adniralty, who will shortly vacate that office on appointment to the command of the squadron on the North Amer-ican and West Indies station. Sir John Fisher will be succeeded in the command of the fleet on the Mediterranean station by Admiral Compton E. Domville, K. C. B.

Sir John Fisher is well known Canada, having been in command of the North American station for several years, and having visited Queb and Montreal on several occasions.
Before going to the Mediterranean,
where he was appointed at the explry
of his term in Canada, he was the naval representative of Great Britain at the Hague Peace Conference in 1899. Sir John Fisher was made K. C. B. in 1894, and wears the medals for the Baltic, China, with Canton and Taku clasps, and Egypt, with Alexandria clasp, also the Khedive Bronze Star and the Grand Cordon of the Osma-men. He was 61 years of age on Jan-

uary 25 last.

After three years at Whitehall, Vice-Admiral Archibald L. Douglas will again hoist his flag. His appointment already flown his flag in East Indian waters; now he will take over the more important squadron on the North American coast, where Sir Frelerick Bedford is at present. He will thus be in home waters, for he is a native of Quebec, where he was educated, and where also he entered the cawen. After forty-six years he re-turns, with the flag of an admiral fly-ing, to the port he left as a middy. He has seen some war service—up the Congo and Gambia in 1860, and in the Soudan in 1884—and was director of the Japanese Imperial Naval College

from 1873 to 1875. Admiral Sir C. E. Domville, who goes to the Mediterranean, has been from box 122, and several streams from in charge of the Naval Reserves for No. 4 engine saved the factory and a house owned by Mrs. Eliza Lang, which more naval manoeuvres than any stood near by. The stable, which was other officer. He is sixty years of age, uninsured, was totally destroyed. Beand for a couple of years, down to squadron of which he will now be the enior admiral. Like Admiral Fisher, he was once captain of the Portsmouth Gunnery School, and subsequently director of Navil Ordnance.

### FIRE AT AMHERST.

o'clock this morning fire was discovered in the building occupied by the Amherst Daily Press on Havelock street. The firemen were on hand promptly and fought the fire in the composing room at the back of the building. It had gained great headway before being discovered, and the firemen had a very difficult task before them. The fire worked its way into the walls of the ceiting and roof, and it was only after six hours of hard. AMHERST, N. B., March 9.-At six; The new Lord Dufferin, if he sucand it was only after six hours of hard work that it was extinguished. work that it was extinguished. The back of the building was entirely destroyed and the front badly gutted. Dense smoke prevented the firemen from locating the fire, which was all through the walls. The building was owned by Thomas Dunlap, and was occupied by the Press, and a Chinese laundry up stairs, and the Amherst hotel sample rooms. The principal losers will be the Press people.

All the stock on hand was destroyed and also the files of the papers of many years. The presses were only slightly damaged. The loss to Thomas Dunlop is about \$1,500; to the Press the same; both insured. It is und the Press will not resume publication at present.

### CHINA.

Capture of Pricet by Bandits Gives Russia an Excuse to Send Troops to Jehol.

PEKIN, March 9.— Chinese officials are greatly disturbed over the condi-tions at Jehol' (Cheng Te), about 100 miles northeast of Pekin, where ban-dit soldiers have captured a priest. An official of the foreign office de-

clares that the Russians have already despatched 500 troops to Jehol from the Manchurian border. The trouble began over the settlement of claims rioting between the Christians and the non-Christians. Brigands took ad-vantage of these conditions to plunder the country, and the Russian tele-graphic connections were incidentally cut. The foreign office says that the captured priest is a Belgian.

It was reported March 7 from Pekin that the Chinese court had ordered the immediate release of this priest in order to forestall the entry of foreign troops into the district of Jehol, which is rich in gold mines.

#### GLOUCESTER, MASS.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., March 9.-It was expected that an attempt would be made today to float the stranded steamer Wilster, at Rockport, and with that idea in view the Boston Towboat Co. had a large fleet of vessels here, including the large wrecking steamer Orion, and ocean tugs Herald, Confidence, Mercury and Juno. The Orion went to the wreck this morning, but the heavy southwesterly storm had kicked up such a high sea that it was impossible to do anything toward floating the steamer. The storm had the effect of driving the Wilster's bow some 25 feet further inshore, but Capt. Wiley, who is in charge of the wreck-

Wiley, who is in charge of the wrecking fleet, believes that the vessel has
suffered no further injury.

He has already taken out 13,000 bags
of sugar from the steamer's cargo, and
intends to take out 2,000 bags more,
then float her and bring her to this

port for examination.

The gale today forced the spray completely over the steamer's smokestack and the several hundred people who visited the scene of the wreck witnessed a most spectacular marine pic-

ture. CARRIAGE FACTORY ON FIRE.

A. W. Gay's carriage factory, with a large stock of nearly completed vehicles, narrowly escaped destruction by fire Saturday afternoon. The blaze broke out in a small stable adjoining the factory, the wall of which was nearly burned through before the fire was discovered. A horse of Thomas Blizzard's, which was standing in the stable, was saved just in the nick of time by the owner, who received some painful burns on his hands in getting the animal out. An alarm was sent in sides the indury to the side of the factory, some of the partly finished carriages were damaged by the heat and by the hurry of removal. The loss, \$300, is fully covered by insurance. Repairs will be immediately executed and work will go on as usual.

THE NEW LORD DUFFERIN

Took Six Hours to Extinguish Flames. Is Devoted to the Wheel and Is an in the Daily Press Office.

Lord Clandeboye, who succeeds as second Marquis of and sixth Baron Dufferin, is of middle height, slightly foreign-looking, slim, and athletic Though not possessing the distinctive appearance of his father or the good looks of his brother, he has a clever, intellectual face. He is devoted to the cycle, which he has the nerve and the skill to use largely through London traffic.—London Express.

Unless something unexpected happens the census commissioners in 1911 will include in their lists the names of the two young ladles who came to this city from Halifax a few months ago. They have definitely decided to remain in St. John, and to this end they have been materially assisted by the knowledge that warrants have been issued for their arrest in Halifax, and that their friend, Mrs. Richardson, was at last accounts enjoying a life of ease in the city jail. The girls are still at the Salvation Army Rescue Home.

The Trenton, N. S., Steel works are bringing out large quantities of steel from Glasgow by the Donaldson line. They have imported through St. John between 700 and 800 tons already this winter.

## Thorne's Pure Ready-mixed Paint, whether the war office may not be



a combination of pure white lead, linseed oil and dryers. No chemical The Berliner Tageblatt says: "It is the Boers' answer to England's high handed rejection of the Dutch government's offer of mediation." combination or soap mixture. Insist on having Thorne's. It is the best. Ask for our painters' supply Catalogue.

W. H. THORNE & CO. LTD.,

crippling its generals by sending them raw and unreliable levies."

ST. JOHN, N. B.

A RUSSIAN FIEND.

De Telegraaf of Amsterdam says

"It will give the Boers a fresh lease of

ment's offer of mediation."

LONDON, March 10.—A despatch to the Daily Chronicle from Berlin says that the Russian General Gribski, who was responsible for the massacre at Blagovestchensk, has been dismissed from the army from the army.

According to reports of the Blago According to reports of the Blagovestchensk massacre, about 5,000 Chinese were driven by the Russians in the Amir river. Russian troops on the banks clubbed or shot any who attempted to land, and the river bank was strewn with corpses for miles.