Miramichi and the North Shore, etc.

BARNABY ISLAND:—See advt.

THE TAYLOR WHARF at Bay de Vie, which is to be completed by June 1st, is to be contracted for at public competition to-day.

THAT BAND:—It was the "Unrestricted Reciprocity" Band that made the serenading expedition the other night through the town. Sam. was banner-bearer.

FIRE ALARM:—Last Friday morning's fire-alarm was caused by the ignition of the roof of Mr. Loggie's tin shop near the chimney. Very little damage was done.

PORTAGE BRIDGE repairs, which include the raising of the outer ends of both approaches, an entirely new forty foot span and new flooring, were contracted for at public competition conducted last week by Mr. John Carrie. The work was secured by Mr. Fidele Russell at $60. The price is considered a very reasonable one.

"THE BURT BAND," in connection with St. Andrew's church, Chatham, gave an interesting musical, literary and spectacular entertainment on Tuesday evening in Masonic Hall. Much credit is due to those in charge of the preparations, and also to the different performers, who, although they did not acquit themselves as professionals, were very good amateurs.

THE St. John "Globe" seems to assume the role of constance keeper to the general public. It declares the public conscience is shocked because some of the newly-appointed members voted to have the life of the Legislative Council terminate two years hence, instead of at once. What kind of conscience has the Globe and other anti-government organs, which endeavor to make the public believe that in thus voting the gentlemen they malign have broken any real or implied understandings with the government?

MARRIAGE OF REV. D. CHAPMAN:—At the Methodist church, Point de Bute, on the 8th inst., Rev. Jas. Crisp officiating, Rev. Douglas Chapman, of Marysville, York Co., was united in marriage to Mrs. Lizzie A. Cotten, of this city. The church was beautifully decorated with flowers and a large number of friends were present. Mr. and Mrs. Chapman received numerous congratulations. Very efficient music and singing were rendered by the choir. Miss Nellie Louise Carter presided at the organ and Mr. Amasa Tingley accompanied with the cornet. *Times.*

GROWLING:—The *Advocate* is ever busy raising about after something over which to find fault with the local representatives of the County, but it cannot find anything to condemn, although it has to tumble over their good work everywhere. It has a characteristic attack upon the Surveyor-General about some men who, it seems, are performing special work at the draw of the Northwest bridge; but it has not yet had the fairness to refer to the fact that there was never a time in the County's history when its roads and bridges were better attended to or had more work done on them. This shows, of course, the difference between effective and non-effective representation and, therefore, does not please those who inspire the *Advocate*.

"SLIGHTLY OFF":—A Miramichi paper recently said:—

St. Stephen elected a straight temperance mayor the other day, and this was looked upon as the beginning of a really earnest attempt to enforce the Scott Act; but the rum party has the majority at the council board and the mayor's hands are tied. It was his popularity and respectability that won his election, and not, apparently, his temperance programme.

The *Courier*, published in St. Stephen, says the paper that publishes the foregoing "is slightly off in its estimate of the position in St. Stephen civic politics. It will be a surprise to the members of the Board to learn that a majority of them represent the rum party of the town. And, besides, in so far as the vote given him on election day indicates, the mayor is no more a temperance mayor than many of his predecessors have been."

Master Meeting at St. Peter's, Derby.

At the regular meeting of St. Peter's Church, Derby, the Rector, Rev. R. W. Hudgell, L. S. T., occupied the Chair. The officers appointed for the ensuing year were:—

Rector's Warden:—David S. Betts.
Vestry Clerk:—John Betts.
Vestrymen:—William Cliff, Allan A. M. Saunders, John Cliff, William Allison, George Cliff, Isaac Leighton, James Carmault, Allan Barron, Frank Yeo, Everett Allison, George Chambers.

Delegates to the D. C. S. and Synod:—Warden Betts, William Allison. Substitutes:—A. A. M. Saunders, James Carmault.

The following resolution touching the death of our late Warden, William T. Crocker, was passed by a standing vote:

"That since it has pleased Almighty God in His unerring Providence to remove from our midst by sudden death since the last meeting of the Corporation, our beloved brother, William T. Crocker, for many years the faithful and gifted senior Warden of the Church, it is

Therefore Resolved,—That we, the members of the Corporation, desire to place on record our deep sense of our loss, and also to extend to the bereaved family our sincere sympathies."

R. W. HUDGELL, Chairman,
JOHN BETTS, Secretary.

Sons of Temperance.

Officers of New Era Division, No. 215 Sons of Temperance, Nelson, for the present quarter:

W. P.—Alfred Bateman.
W. A.—Jas. Vye.
R. S.—Barbara McLeod.
A. R. S.—Edgar Vye.
F. S.—Effie Johnstone.
Treas.—Mr. W. Bateman.
Chap.—John Bateman.
Con.—Allen Flett.
A. C.—Ella Appleby.
I. S.—Henry J. Vye.
O. S.—Henry K. Vye.
P. W. P.—Montgomery McLeod.

This Division has commenced the erection of a new hall 20x40 feet, 14 feet post. The material is all on the ground ready for raising.

The Concerts of the Season.

The members of the Orpheus Orchestra have consented to give one of their very attractive concerts in Masonic Hall, on Tuesday evening next, 21st instant, and are to be assisted by a number of our best local vocalists, as well as by Mr. E. H. Russell, a popular New York tenor. They have fixed the rate of admission at 25 cents for all parts of the hall, and ought to have a full house, On Thursday evening, 23rd inst., they also propose giving a concert in Newcastle, where they have received much deserved encouragement from a number of friends and will no doubt be well patronized.

Bishop Rogers in St. John.

His Lordship Bishop Rogers preached at the Cathedral Sunday morning and made touching references to Bishop Sweeny, who has just completed his thirty-first year as Bishop. Bishop Rogers referred in feeling terms to the life of Bishop Sweeny, first as a priest at Chatham, and to his heroic labors among the fever stricken emigrants at Miramichi; the lepers at Tracadie, and the afflicted Indians, as well as to the earnestness, zeal and charity that marked his pastoral work generally. He also spoke of the courage and devotion Bishop Sweeney had shown when in 1854 the cholera visited St. John. Of his labors since he has been consecrated—of the charitable institutions he had founded and the great good he had done—it was superfluous, he said, for him to speak.

Bishop Rogers is on his way to Halifax to pay a visit to Archbishop O'Brien, who is about to start for Bermuda.—*Globe.*

The Sunday Evening Menagerie.

Church-goers in Chatham complain of the rudeness of the crowd of young men and boys who make a rule of obstructing the sidewalk and crossing at St. Andrew's Church corner every Sunday—especially in the evening. Some of them are of the class who ought to have more respect for themselves than to become mere corner-loafers on either Sundays or week days, but their training in that respect seems to have been entirely neglected. It is presumed that the policemen are as indifferent in the matter, as these "monkey roost" occupants are ill-mannered, for nobody appears to have ever heard of the gang being interfered with by the officers. At all events they are a nuisance to the people worshipping at St. Andrew's as well as those of the other churches, so many of whom have to go out of their way to get by them.

St. Luke's Methodist Church Chatham.

Rev. T. Marshall, Pastor.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Class Meeting 10 a. m.
Preaching services 11 a. m., 6.30 p. m.
Sunday School 2.30 p. m.

WEEK NIGHTS.

Epworth League, Monday, 8 p. m.
Class Meeting, Tuesday, 8 p. m.
Prayer Meeting, Wednesday, 8 p. m.

A Restigouche Matter.

FLAT LANDS, Co. Restigouche.

To the Editor of the Advance:—

SIR:—I notice by the papers that our M. P.—Mr. MacAlister—has been at Fredericton, and that our M. P. P.—Mr. C. H. Labillois—has introduced a bill to enable aliens to traffic in real estate. The Restigouche and Metapedia Salmon Club will soon be able to recoup themselves for their late outlay in this County. Yours,

CANADIAN.

About the Late Mr. Barnum.

P. T. Barnum was buried last Friday.

Apropos, Barnum's last marriage, was about as original as anything he ever did. He saw the girl in the street—she was a governess—and followed her home. He then introduced himself to the mistress and said he would like to marry the girl. The mistress consulted the girl and the whole affair was arranged inside of 24 hours. There is nothing to show that their married life sat not as pleasant as that of those who spread their courtship over years.

Mrs. Barnum expressed the opinion that a woman can often make her husband happy by letting him alone, and especially by refraining from too many "foolish questions."

Young Men's Christian Association of Chatham.

Meetings held every week in their rooms up-stairs, Barry's Building, as follows:—

Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, for Prayer and Praise.

Monday evening at 8 o'clock, for Bible Study.

Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, for Training Class.

All young men are most cordially invited to any or all of these meetings.

Missing Man.

D. J. Nickerson, book agent in the employ of S. F. Collier, St. John, N. B., and belonging to Mary Joseph, Guysborough Co., N. S., has been missing since Feb. 8th last, when he left Bridgewater, N. S., on foot for New Germany and at which place he did not arrive.

The friends of W. H. Mills, of St. John, are becoming disheartened as the most searching enquiries have failed to discover his whereabouts. There is no reason to suppose that Mills has met with foul play nor had he any cause to run away. The statement that he was seen at Springfield on Monday is not credited by his friends. Searching parties are making vigorous efforts to discover traces of him.

Herbert W. Moore, barrister of St. John has not been heard from for over two months. About December last he went to New York on business and then on invitation of a friend he proceeded to Norfolk, Virginia. The last communication from him to his wife was dated Norfolk, January 24. He was then ill with la grippe. On Saturday, March 28, the Union Lodge of Portland, F. & A. M., telegraphed to Norfolk for any particulars concerning him. A week later the reply came that the most thorough search failed to reveal the whereabouts of the missing man.

[From the European Edition of the N. Y. Herald.]

The Truth about the Czar and the Russian Jews.

Our special correspondent at St. Petersburg sends us to-day a very remarkable letter.

A few months ago public opinion in America and Western Europe was almost paralyzed by awful pictures of "persecution," "excruciating torture" and "baiting" of the Czar's Jewish subjects. Our correspondent is absolutely impartial. He has studied the Jewish question with the sole desire of getting at the truth. Secret and powerful machinery for this purpose has been placed in his hands. Eyes and ears that have good warm American hearts and just American minds behind them have been watching and listening at all points. Our correspondent has talked with Jewish prisoners, Jewish shopkeepers, Jewish lawyers and returned Jewish exiles. Almost every civilized government has caused its representitive in Russia to make searching inquiries into the wholesale charges that the British press has thundered forth against the Czar and against the Russian government, and against ninety-four per cent of the entire Muscovite population.

The letter which we publish to-day contains the result of our correspondent's investigation, and he unhesitatingly pronounces the stories printed in the London *Times* to be "gross falsehoods shrewdly mixed with half truths."

Our correspondent admits that the laws drawn up in 1882 by General Ignatieff are cruel, but these laws are not enforced except in aggravated cases, and the significant fact that the Czar removed General Ignatieff from the Ministry speaks for itself. The Czar's rule is a patriarchal rule. Only six per cent of his subjects are Jews; nearly all the rest are Slavs, and he very justly looks after the welfare of the majority first of all. The Jewish question is substantially a problem of political economy, and experience shows that in Russia whenever the Jews extend their operations the national credit becomes less; whenever they are allowed to settle in agricultural districts the peasantry becomes discontented, poor and rebellious, and whenever the doors of the higher educational institutions are thrown wide open to them then nihilism raises its head.

Our correspondent also points out that the Jews in Russia are totally different from the Jews in Western Europe or in America. The Jew of the United States is a thoroughly patriotic American, and stands almost at the head of our law abiding citizens. The Jew in Russia, on the other hand, is "evasive and tricky." He is, moreover, absolutely refractory to national amalgamations. In fact, the Russian Jew is, in this respect, not unlike the Chinaman in America, and the laws of the United States concerning the Chinese are far more sweeping than are those of Russia against the Jews.

Another malignant misrepresentation is also dispelled by our correspondent. The common impression prevailing in Europe and America is that Alexander III. is in hourly danger of assassination and is virtually a prisoner in his palace. This is absolutely false. The Czar may be seen almost daily driving through the most crowded streets of his capital, accompanied only by his footman. Our correspondent unhesitatingly declares that the Czar is not only universally respected by his people, but is without question the most popular man in the Empire.

The wonder is that Russia has remained so patient in the face of the wholesale attempts to blacken her reputation by distorting the most innocent incidents into despotic atrocities.

One Secret of Health and Happiness.

The political battle is over, but the battle with disease must be constantly and unceasingly waged, else the grim reaper will come out victorious, and loved ones will be gathered to their long home. On all sides may be seen pale and listless girls, who should be enjoying the health and glow of rosy youth. Everywhere we are met with women young in years, yet prematurely old, who suffer in silence almost untold agonies, the result of those ailments peculiar to the female system. To all such, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills come as a blessing. They restore wasted vitality, build up the nervous system, enrich the blood, and transform pale and sallow complexions into glowing, rosy cheeks that alone follow perfect health. In a word they are a certain cure for all these distressing complaints to which women and girls are peculiarly liable. A trial of these pills will convince the most sceptical of their wonderful merit. For suffering men Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are equally efficacious. For overwork, mental strain, loss of sleep, nervous debility, and all those diseases that lead to broken-down manhood, they are a certain specific, stimulating the brain, reinforcing the exhausted system and restoring shattered vitality. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are nature's restorative and should be used by every weak and debilitated person. For sale by all dealers or sent post paid on receipt of price (50 cents a box) by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Fish Exterminators.

OTTAWA, April 7.—One of the greatest engines of destruction of the fisheries of the Atlantic coast and the Gulf is what is known as the purse seine. To its use by the fishermen of New England may be attributed, in a large measure, the practical ruination of the American fisheries. The purse seine is a large, fine mesh net made out of tarred cotton twine. The basis of operations is a schooner carrying two seines and two seine boats. The seines are called the deep and shallow seines, the one being 15 and the other 10 fathoms deep. With the boats the 300 fathoms seine is thrown around a school of fish in an incredibly short space of time. When the seine is shot the purse rope is brought to the winch and the net pursed in a few seconds. A more wasteful method of fishing than that furnished by the purse seine it is hardly possible to devise. Large quantities of small and unsaleable fish, both herring and small mackerel, are destroyed for the sake of the few good mackerel a school may contain. In this particular the United States fishermen are more wasteful than the Canadian, as the latter can find a market for much of the stale fish, which a United States seiner at such a distance from his base of supplies, cannot handle. Public opinion in the Maritime Provinces is against the continued use of the purse seine, and as an indication of the strength of Canadian opinion on this matter, of 214 people asked if purse seining was injurious to fishing and should be stopped, only seven declared it not injurious. It is not only in the mackerel fishing that injury has been done; the herring bait fishing has suffered in places, and this injury reacts on the cod fishing. In order to prevent the harassing of the schools of unspawned fish on the United States coast, a law was passed by congress prohibiting the landing in the United States of mackerel caught with a purse seine before the 1st of June in any year, thus practically showing that the use of the purse seine prior to that date was liable to injure the fishery. The condition of the fish which prevails on the United States coast up to 1st June is precisely that of the gulf of St. Lawrence up to say 20th July, and therefore this date of prohibition, which may afford adequate protection to the fish on the United States coast, affords none to those on ours. But the point is none the less established that a government whose ruling principle of fishery legislation has been to interfere as little as possible with the liberty of the fisherman has definitely concluded that the purse seine used prior to the spawning season is injurious to the fishery. Mr. Tupper, who since his acceptance to the portfolio of minister of marine and fisheries has shown himself thoroughly alive to the necessity of protecting ou fisheries, has been studying the injurious effects of the purse seine, and it is decided at the coming session of parliament to introduce a bill abolishing its use in Canadian waters. Overtures will also be made to the United States government with a view to arriving at an international agreement for prohibiting the use of these fish-destroying agencies in the waters of both countries.

For a Wife's "Cook Book."

My dear and gentle friends, you young wives, have you ever bethought you out of what very small seeds domestic happiness is grown?

Let us draw a scene. A young husband returns to his cosy suburban home, weary with work, worried with anxiety, of which he says nothing—he does not bring that home—but he arrives hungry and dusty. He finds his wife dainty and cool, reclining in the shade of the veranda. It lacks three hours to dinner time, and in his eagerness to reach his home he has neglected to get any food. He is rather faint. The lady is quite distressed. How foolish of her! She turns her head over her shoulder and calls to Nora to get something quickly for her master. Nora spreads a napkin on the corner of a table and serves a lunch of bread and the ghastly skeleton of a cold leg of lamb. The young fellow had resisted the invitation of two friends who were sitting down to a tasteful hot lunch at the club, and now he compares the cold and lenten fare set before him with the bright faces and delicate food he had relinquished. I can hear the young wives call this picture unjust and unreasonable. They will say a cottage in the country is not a club. We cannot be expected to meet such emergencies! I know a nice little woman that met them and I will tell you how she did it. I remember it well for I sat beside her in the porch of her cottage when we heard the distant whistle of the locomotive announcing the stoppage of the train at the adjacent station. She was on her feet in a moment, for her Jack was coming home. I followed her into the kitchen. Two thick slices of bacon were quickly and snugly placed on the bottom of a small saucepan. I was set to chop an onion up fine. When the bacon was hissing its notice she put over it two lamb kidneys and sprinkled them with my chopped onion. On was the lid. "Now cut this slice of bacon into small pieces one inch long and the size of a small lead pencil, while I gather some herbs, and you Jenny, break four eggs into a bowl." In two minutes she was back again with a handful of cheril, onion grass (which the French call ciboulette) parsley, and was holding the bunch under the tap. I was set to chop up the herbs, while she, folding the parsley in a corner of a towel, proceeded to beat it with a heavy spoon. The towel absorbed the raw, bitter juice from the crushed fibre of the leaves. These were quickly cut up and all the herbs mixed with the eggs. Meanwhile Jenny had put a piece of lard as big as your thumb into a small saucepan, together with the beacon. In a few minutes the bacon was cooked, and while the whole was stewing briskly the eggs were whipped up and poured in. A tea spoonful of black pepper was added and a piece of salt butter as big as a pigeon's egg was stirred in. "Now, Jenny, keep that stirring good. Never let it rest until the eggs are set, but not too solid." Here the cherry voice of Jack was heard in the lane, heralding his approach with a war whoop. The little wife snapped off her apron and turned down the front of her skirt, which she had carefully folded upward to preserve its freshness, and rosy from the fire, she darted out to meet her mate. We heard her conveying him into the room where his toilet was all prepared, and when he emerged after five minutes, freshed up with a good wish, we had the table laid. A couple of kidneys done to a turn, tender and whole. When cut open, a rich red gravy inundated his plate. Jenny had, of her own head, done a dish of Saratoga chip potatoes, lightly sprinkled with mignoette and black pepper, and beside it all there was a plate of scrambled eggs. Jack sat down beaming, and as he looked up into the eager face of his wife do you think that he regarded her little sweet domestic effort to please and satisfy him as a trivial thing? He said nothing, but he rose went to her, lifted up her face and kissed her. That was the grace he said. It came right from his heart, where the angel home brooded quietly.—Dion Boucicault.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The True and Experienced Liberal View.

Mr. E. K. Spinney, the well-known Yarmouth hardware merchant, and a prominent Liberal, was in the old country during the recent Dominion election campaign, and a representative of the Yarmouth *Times* called on him last week when he returned home and asked him what the feeling of the people in the mother country seemed to be on the questions before the Canadian electors.

"The feeling was one of astonishment that any political party in Canada should have brought forward a policy of the character of unrestricted reciprocity, a policy of discrimination against the mother country. This feeling seemed to pervade all classes, without regard to party."

"Did they think that policy ever would be brought into effect, even if the opposition in Canada carried the election?"

"Judging by the press comments, they certainly thought the Canadian liberal party meant to carry out the policy if they got into power. The English people were convinced unrestricted reciprocity would seriously injure Canada in her commercial relations with Great Britain. The sentiment there, of course, is strongly in favor of free trade, allowing the products of all countries to enter free of duty. While admitting Canada was not in a position to adopt that in its fullness, they thought it was not fair for us to make a treaty with one country which would practically exclude all others from our markets."

"Does the agitation for a customs union of the British empire seem to have made much headway in England?"

"I did not hear the subject discussed at all."

"The old country people took a great deal of interest in the Canadian election campaign?"

"My experience was ptincipally with manufacturers, and from conversations with them and reading the papers there I form my opinion of the public feeling. There certainly was a very wide interest taken in the Canadian elections. More than ever before, I think. I happened to be in England during the campaign of 1887. Then there seemed no great interest, but a hope was generally expressed that the result of the elections might not lead to any tariff changes injurious to the trade with Great Britain. But this time Canada was the general topic of discussion. You could not pick up a city or provincial paper which was not devoting a large part of its editorial space to discussing the question and "very full cablegrams as to the progress of the campaign were published daily and appeared to be read and discussed with great interest."

"Do you think the result of the elections would be received with satisfaction over there?"

"Yes, the return of the old party as compared to the possible adoption of the proposed liberal policy. Of course the manufacturers regret that even now their export trade to Canada is restricted by a policy which in some respects supplants British manufacturers with Canadian, but they would far more deplore the total exclusion of British goods proposed by the opposition."

"If you had been at home during the election, would you have supported the opposition as before, now that unrestricted reciprocity is their policy?"

"I am a free trader, if the country were ripe for it, believe free trade would be the correct policy, but that would involve direct taxation, a means of raising revenue which the people are not educated to favor. But I certainly am not in favor of a policy involving tariff discrimination in favor of the United States and against all other countries. I am a liberal, but had I been at home I could not honestly have voted for the advocates of unrestricted reciprocity. I think the tariff should be as nearly a revenue tariff as the interests of the country will permit. I would never support any policy which would tend to weaken our connection with the mother country. Regard for the material interests of the country as well as sentiments of loyalty should prevent any one supporting such a policy."

MARRIED.

On Wednesday, April 8th, in S. Andrew's Church, Newcastle, by the Rev. J. H. S. Sweet, Rector, Charles Ambrose Vye to Emeline Corcoran, both of Nelson.

DIED.

At Williamstown, on the 5th inst., of heart disease, Fidelia Hosford, second daughter of Wm. and Sarah Hosford, in the 18th year of her age.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

ARE NOT a Purgative Medicine. They are a BLOOD BUILDER, TONIC and RECONSTRUCTOR, as they supply in a condensed form the substances actually needed to enrich the Blood, curing all diseases coming from POOR and WATERY BLOOD, or from VITIATED HUMORS in the BLOOD, and also invigorate and BUILD UP the BLOOD and SYSTEM, when broken down by overwork, mental worry, disease, excesses and indiscretions. They have a SPECIFIC ACTION on the SEXUAL SYSTEM of both men and women, restoring LOST VIGOR and correcting all IRREGULARITIES and SUPPRESSIONS.

EVERY MAN Who finds his mental faculties dull or failing, or his physical powers flagging, should take these PILLS. They will restore his lost energies, both physical and mental.

EVERY WOMAN should take them. They cure all suppressions and irregularities, which inevitably entail sickness when neglected.

YOUNG MEN should take these PILLS. They will cure the results of youthful bad habits, and strengthen the system.

YOUNG WOMEN should take them. These PILLS will make them regular.

For sale by all druggists, or will be sent upon receipt of price (50c. per box), by addressing

THE DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO.
Brockville, Ont.

NOTICE OF SALE
Under Mortgage.

TO Charles Stuart of the Parish of Glenelg in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick, Farmer, and all others whom it may concern.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the sixteenth day of March, A. D. 1881, and made between the said Charles Stuart of the one part, and William S. Loggie of Chatham in the County and Province aforesaid, Merchant, of the other part, and registered in the Records of the said County in volume 60 pages 517 and 518, and numbered 507 in said volume; and also under and by virtue of a certain other Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the eighth day of May A. D. 1888, and made between the said Charles Stuart of the one part, and said William S. Loggie of the other part, and registered in said County Records in volume 68 pages 47, 48 and 49 and numbered 56 in said volume; there will for the purpose of satisfying the moneys secured by the said Indenture of Mortgage default having been made in payment thereof be sold at Public Auction, in front of the Post Office in the town of Chatham in said County, on Friday, the 17th day of July, next, at twelve o'clock noon, the lands and premises mentioned and described in said first mentioned mortgage as follows:—

"All that piece or parcel of land situate lying and being in the Parish of Chatham aforesaid, on the north side of the Napan River being part of lot number two and bounded on the north by Napan River; on the east by lands owned by Benjamin Sweezey; on the south by lands willed to Ellen Stewart by Charles Stewart, deceased; and on the west by lands willed to Ellen Stewart by the said Charles Stewart, the said lot commencing at the north-westerly corner of Benjamin Sweezey's lot and running along the north line of the said number two lot to the big drain, and the same width from front to rear and containing——acres more or less being the piece of land willed by said Charles Stewart to Alexander Stewart by will dated the twenty-fifth day of September one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, as by reference thereto will more fully appear, and by the said Alexander Stuart sold and conveyed to the said Charles Stuart by deed bearing even date herewith, as by reference thereto will appear."

"Also all that piece or parcel of land situate in Glenelg aforesaid, bequeathed and devised to the said Charles Stuart by his father Charles Stewart in and by his said last will and testament being part part of lot number two from the westerly line of the said lot number two to the water far, at the east side of sheep cote, and thirty-six rods in width from front to rear, on the west side of the said Charles Stuart's, deceased, rear land as by reference to the said will, will more fully appear;" and the lands and premises in the said last mentioned mortgage described as follows:—

"All that piece or parcel of land known as part of lot number two on which the late Charles Stewart resided, situate and lying in the Parish of Glenelg on the south side of Napan River and bounded as follows:—On the north by said Napan River; on the west by lands owned by Janet McGilmuir; on the south by lands now owned by Alexander Stewart and on the east by lands now owned by Robert Stewart and being in width from said westerly line to the east side of line known as Sheep Cote, and being same width from front to rear. Also thirty rods in width from front to rear on the west side of rear lands owned by the late Charles Stewart both of which properties were bequeathed to said Charles Stuart by his father Charles Stewart by will bearing date September 25th 1877, as by reference thereto will more fully appear." Together with all and singular the buildings improvements, privileges and appurtenances to the said lands and premises belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Dated at Chatham, this 5th day of April, 1891

WARREN C. WINSLOW, Solicitor of Mortgagee. W. S. LOGGIE, Mortgagee.

Competent Cook.

Wanted immediately, a competent Cook, wages wages from $3 to $12 a month—depending upon the applicant's knowledge and ability. Apply to

T. P. KEARY,
"Keary House," Bathurst.

BRICKS!
MIRAMICHI
STEAM BRICK WORKS.

The Subscribers wish to call attention to the

BRICKS MANUFACTURED

by them, which are of large size, 13 to the solid foot, and perfect in shape and hardness

All orders attended to promptly.

Bricks delivered f. o. b. cars, or at wharf, or can be got at the stores of Mr. W. S. Loggie, Chatham and Mr. Wm. Mason, Newcastle.

G. A. & H. S. FLETT

Oranges, Lemons and Grapes
and a large assortment of
CONFECTIONERY.
PURE GOLD FLAVOURING EXTRACTS AND SPICES A SPECIALITY,
—ALSO—
Raisins and Currants, Citron and Lemon Peel,
—AND A NICE LINE OF—
Gift Cups and Saucers and Mugs,
All of which I will sell at
REDUCED PRICES
ALEX. McKINNON.

NOTICE.
Queen Insurance Company
CAPITAL $10,000,000.

Mr. Warren C. Winslow, Barrister, has been appointed agent at Chatham, N. B., for the above named Company and as such, is now authorized to accept premiums and

BIND FIRE RISKS
for said Company.

C. E. L. JARVIS,
General Agent St. John, N. B.

Manchester House,
SPRING---1891.

Now in Stock Gents', Hard and Soft Hats in Fur and Felt, in all

THE LATEST STYLES.

12 dozen ornamental Spring Roller Blinds, Elegant Designs, ready mounted from 80 c up, also Separate Spring Rollers, for sale.

W. S. Loggie.

New Advertisements.

For Sale.

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