

**OXITLAN, SAN LUCAS DE**, a settlement and head settlement of the district and *alcaldia mayor* of Tenitlan in Nueva España; of a hot temperature. It contains 60 families of Indians, who trade in cotton and *vainilla*, and is 10 leagues *s.* of its capital.

**OYA**, a settlement of the kingdom of Nueva Vizcaya in N. America; situate near the garrison of Conchos.

**OYAC**, a river of the province and government of Guayana, in the French possessions.

**OYACACHI**, a small and poor settlement of Indians of the kingdom of Quito; situate on the *w.* shore of the river Suno; annexed to the curacy of the settlement of Quinche. It is celebrated for a wonderful image of our Lady, the devotion of which began from the fame of its miracles in 1591. This image was removed to Quinche in 1640. The climate of Oyacachi is cold and moist; situate amongst woods almost uninhabitable; and the few Indians residing in it gain their livelihood by sawing planks, which they carry to sell at Cayamba and the other immediate settlements. In lat. 10° 7' *s.*

**OYACATLA**, a settlement of Indians of the province of Misteca in Nueva España, in the time of the Indian gentilsim, but now not existing.

**OYADAIBUISC, SANTIAGO DE**, a settlement of the province and government of Sonora in N. America; situate in the country of the Cocomaricopas Indians, on the shore of the grand river Gila, between the town of San Felipe and the settlement of S. Simon de Tucuni.

**OYAMBARO**, a settlement of the kingdom of Quito, on the *llano* or plain of Yarnqui.

**OYAPAPU**, or **ORAPAPU**, a small river of the province and government of Guayana, which runs *e.* and enters the Aruy.

**OYAPO**, a river of the same province and government as the former, in the part occupied by the French.

**OYAPOC**, a river of the same province as the former, in the district of the French, who have built a fort on its shore, called S. Luis. Some geographers wrongly confound this river with that of Vicente Pinzon. It is one of the largest rivers in that territory, and enters the sea in a kind of bay of four leagues wide, and into which other rivers also flow. The point which forms the bay on the *e.* side is called Cape Orange, which is distinguished at a great distance off. This river is two leagues wide at its mouth, and there is anchorage of four fathoms. At the distance of one league from its entrance is an island, called De

Biches, which is covered at high tides, and to go up the river you pass to the *w.* of it, the other side not being navigable on account of the sand banks there. Six leagues up the river is a bay or port, where very near the shore there is six fathoms of water, and where is the fort of which we have spoken, built in 1726. The territory in its vicinity is very fertile and well cultivated. The Dutch established themselves there in 1676, and the French were some time before they drove them out. Three leagues from the island are other small isles, and from thence the river becomes gradually narrower and shallower, until it is scarcely more than seven or eight feet deep.

**OYAPOC**, a settlement of the French, in the same province, and on the shore of the former river.

**OYES**, or **GEES**, River of the, in the county of Lunenburgh, of the province of Virginia, to the *s. e.* It is small and enters the Staunton.

**OYES**, an island in the gulf of S. Lawrence, at the entrance, close to the point of Raye, of the *s.* coast of Newfoundland.

**OYOLO**, a settlement of the province and *corregimiento* of Parinacochas in Peru.

**OYON**, a settlement of the province and *corregimiento* of Caxatambo, in the same kingdom as the former; annexed to the curacy of Churin.

[**O-YONG-WONGEYK**, on lake Ontario, at Johnson's landing-place, about four miles *e.* of fort Niagara.]

[**OYSTER BAY**, a township of New York; situated in Queen's county, Long island, extending from the sound *s.* to the Atlantic ocean, and includes Lloyd's neck, or Queen's village, and Hog's island. It contains 4097 inhabitants, of whom 611 are electors, and 381 slaves.]

[**OYSTER Bay**, a harbour for small vessels in the *s. w.* limits of the town of Barnstable, in Barnstable county, Massachusetts; which see. It affords excellent oysters; hence its name.]

[**OYSTER Beds**, in Delaware bay, lie opposite Nantuxet bay.]

[**OYSTER Point**, on the coast of S. Carolina, where the water does not ebb till an hour and a half after it begins to ebb at the bar of Ashley river, near Charlestown. It is best to go in an hour and an half before high water.]

[**OYSTER Pond**, a part of the waters of the Atlantic ocean, which set up *w.* into Long island, in the state of New York, between the *n.* easternmost point of the island called Oyster Pond Point, and Gardner's island. Off the point are two small isles, one of which is called Plumb Island.]

[**OYSTER River**, a *w.* branch of PISCATAQUA