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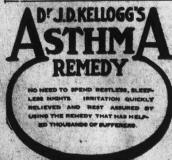


GIRL FALLS DOWN FARMER'S WELL AT MACLACHIE

Taking a Drink When Top Gave Way But is Uninjuried

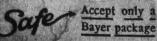
Camlachie, Aug. 4 .- On Monday morning Mr. and Mrs. Frank Crone and daughter Dora and Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Smith and daughter Isabell, of Sarnia, were on a motor trip when tire trouble caused them to stop in front of John Joynt's farm. Being thirsty the two girls went in to get a drink at a pump beside Mr. Joynt's house, but just as Miss Crone stepped on the well top it gave way, letting her drop in. Miss Isabelle used presence of mind and grabbed a ladder was near, putting it down the well so Miss Crone was able to brace herself till further help came. Miss Smith then secured the aid of Justus Joynt, who with a rope was able to Crone to safety. She was uninjured and readily recovered from

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## From the Past

By OTTILIA FRANCES PERFER

Bride of a month, mated to a man she devotedly loved, mistress of a beautiful home, Arline Ward sat crouched back in the darkest corner of her boudoir staring aghast, heart stricken, at a letter that seemed to

"Oh, to blot out that foolish, reckless hour in the past!" her trembling lips repeated woefully over and over again.

In memory she saw herself the daughter of a man of means, the belle of the seminary where she was a general favorite. Young, confiding, inexperienced in the ways of the world, she had met and fancied she loved a man she had met incidentally. He had told her that he was Roger Der went. He had saved her from being run down by a speeding automobile, being himself slightly hurt in the res-Interest, sympathy in and for a handsome, flashing face had led her to meeting him clandestinely. He had made love furiously, and one day-oh, that fatal day! ever destined, eemed, to shadow all life's calendar. He had told her that he was called

to a distance to settle up an estate. He had pleaded for a secret marriage -she was to steal to the city, a brief ceremony, an immediate parting, she to hasten back to the seminary before she was missed, he to return in a few months and go to her father and claim his bride.

It was only after Roger Derwent was gone that Arline Ward comprehended that there had been no depth to the affection she had believed she felt for him. She had been dazzled, led to confide in a man who had spe ciously developed her gratitude into what she fancied was love. She was dumbfounded and frightened every time she thought of the rash deed of which she had been guilty. Then one day two months later her soul froze with terror, a nameless dread, as she read in a daily print of the capture of a notorious counterfeiter, Roger Der-went, and from the description she recognized beyond the shadow of a

doubt the Mentity of her husband. A few weeks later she received a letter addressed to her maiden name Derwent," and the contents chilled and crushed her. Audaciously the man divested himself of all delicacy and shame. He told her that he was in prison, that he had married her because of her father's wealth, that he had been sentenced to ten years penal servitude and that she must send a thousand dollars to a friend at a cer tain address or he would cover her with contumely and reproach.

Arline managed to obtain the money and sent it as directed. She sold so of her jewelry, she drew upon her fa-ther for fictitious wants and there was a period of half relief, but always the gnawing dread of later exactions in mind. Then one day she read in a newspaper where Roger Derwent, in attempting to escape, had been shot by a guard while swimming in a river and drowned. "Free !"

That was the one thrilling paean of deliverance that seemed to herald in a new life. Arline left school. Her faer lost his fortune and died. Then she was wooed and won by Harold Ward, the brother of her closest girl friend, and she realized that true love had become her portion at last.

And now! A letter just delivered was signed "Roger Derwent," and in the same handwriting as the one she had first received. It told her that he had really escaped guard and river. He informed her that he had learned of her second and illegal marriage and demanded a second thousand dollars to be sent to the same address he had named to her nearly two years previ-

It was hours before Arline could arouse herself from the lethargy of dark despair into which she had been cast without a seeming ray of hope.
There were but two clear thoughts in her mind—flight from the home and man she loved and whose life she had

blighted, and then—self-destruction.

Arising to put her plan into execution the terrible strain of the hour carried her down as from a lightning strike, first to insensibility and then

into a raging delirium of weeks.
"Oh, at last, thank heaven! Arline -Arline, do you know me?" and as one emerging from a blur of mist, Arline looked up into the face of her hus-band's sister. She was in her own home, there was nothing but love, tenderness, welcome in the anxious, yearning face of Irma Ward.

"Harold!" breathed Arline weakly—and then the past! "The man who

"All—all of that is out of your life,

poor, dear surering dark on old started to explore the interpolar letter you received it round that Roger Derwent had been dead for two years, that his lawyer, who had written the ter, was the author of the second ter, was the author of the secon. Are you strong enough to have old tell you that the dark secre your life is buried fathoms deep all your future golden and beautif and, as Arline nodded feebly, Hart Ward came into the room and folded her in his strong, shelter arms.

A nutmeg may be great, but soon or later it will meet a grater.

## Rome's Holy Year

The Anno Santo, or Holy Year Jubilee, for the Roman Cath Church occurs every twenty-fi years. Its significant events tak place in Rome and pilgrims gathe there for the solemn ceremon which attend it. For an then six ceretaies the rounan Church has held these special has the first one was held in 1300 and the intention of the Pope who established the institution was that they should be held thereafter each century, but the first one proved so popular with the Roman people, both on leligious and business account, that Clement VI. issued a bull fixing the flate between each of them at fifty years. Later this was reduced to thi ty-three years, and later still to ty-ty-five years. A Jubilee was held by Pope Leo in 1900. Previous to hat there had been no celebration of the kind since 1825, for in both 1850 and 1875 international complications in-

terfered with the plans of the church.
The idea of the year of Jubilee comes direct from the Old Testament and the Jews. It is a year for spe-cial thanksgiving, special religious exercises and presumably spiritual benefits. From the time that the per-secution of the Christians ceased and Rome became their headquarters have always been pilgrimages from the more distant parts of Eu-rope into which the faith had penerope into which the faith had pene-trated, but there was no formal year of Jubilee until 1300, and it arose almost by accident. In the last months of the year 1299 many pilgrims visited Rome apparently from ly of each other. Pope Boniface VIII. hannened to learn of the unusual influx and questioned several of them. The oldest of them told him that their fathers had visited the city in 1200 and had received many remarkable spiritual favors as a result of the visit, and they themselves believed that equal blessings would flow to them by their visit. The Pope was impressed, and so ordered that 1300 should be a Holy Year.

Every pilgrim must visit the shrines of the apostles, St. Peter and St. Paul, and the Churches of Santa Maria Maggiore and San Giovanni, the latter known as the "mother of all churches." Confession and communion and a penitent spirit are necessary, as well as a prayer, to be offered by each pilgrim on his visit to the churches named. This prayer is to be made according to the directions of the Pope. They provide for a prayer for the peace of the world, "not merely the peace of treatles, but the peace in the hearts of men"; "the return of all Christians to the fold of the Church of Christ," and "a final orderly settlement of conditions in the Holy Land, so as to secure the sacred rights of the Catholic Church." Pligrims are particularly admonished not to act "like ordinary travellers or visitors, but eschewing all appear-ances of worldliness, to be modest in looks, in conduct and especially in the matter of dress." The bull goes on to exhart the pilgrim to care only soul in its search for Divine grace The visits to the four churches named need not be made on consecutive days unless the pilgrim so desires, provided the requisite number of visits is observed. The day may be computed either according to the natural or ecclesiastical reckoning, i.a., from the first vespers of any given to the Ave Maria of the follow

ing day. most dramatic part of the proceedings occurs on Christmas Eve when the doors of the four pilgrim Peter's the ceremony is performed by the Pope in person. Here the gate is not really a gate since there is no opening and no bars. A piece of the wall is thrown down opening and no bars. A piece of the wall is thrown down, and every crumb of the masonry is eagerly sought by the pious as a holy memento. Upon this piece of wall the Pope strikes three times with a silver hammer, saying: "Open unto me the gates of justice," and at the third blow the wall magically col-lapses, having been previously weak-ened by competent laymen following their profession as engineers. The

years as a farm hand am, leaving to go over irst contingent. met at the home rtson July 9th with a tendance. Roll call was by a verse on prayer. al leastet was read by Collier. A reading on mpel came to Port Simp-ing by Mrs. W. E. Park-pon Japan was given by a ker. A very interesting Que Days of Days of Win atiss Virgo on her work read by Mrs. Joseph Ch' The glory g closed with prayer by Next meeting to be C. Reycraft's Aug. 13.

mithirty-five bres-roned by siging of Mrs. D. New. The meeting ope ...ected Miss Annie Ross gav the past and part in the music wed from them, solos by Miss As that are destined to the past and part in the music wed from them. solos by Miss as that are destined Ross. Monte made by Dante, of which there are two in the Divine Conedy. He was an eye-witness to one of the celebrations and it made a profound impression upon him.

now be disti

## ANIMALS HABITS CHARACTERISTICS OF OUR DUMB

CREATURES. Dogs Turn Around Several Times

Before Laying Down—Baby Whale Swaffows a Barrel of Milk at One Gulp-Other Oddities.

Many animals which have been domesticated by man have curious characteristics and habits. Dogs turn around several times before lying down to rest, a habit inherited from ancestors who, living in a wild state were wont to so trample down the long grass in order that a comfortable couch might be obtained. Cats do not make use of their claws in rending meat from bone and do not even place their feet upon food of this kind. A further curious fact concerning the domestic cat is that although a quadruped it has a biped track. In walking, the hind paws are set exactly in the tracks of the fore paws. The common pig is not usually considered an intelligent creature yet on the approach of a storm it may be observed carrying straw to make a bed in a sheltered place. Horses have peculiar horny growths on the inner side of both fore and hind legs. Asses have such formations only on the forelegs. The cow and the sheep have no cutting teeth on the upper law. The young ealf has in its upper jaw some rudi-ments of teeth which however never develop. A dog will not take hold of a toad with his mouth. He has sive acid secreted in the head glands of the reptile.

In rearing their young many ani-mals have occasion to resort to ex-traordinary expedients. Thus, the whale, a sea animal common to the coasts of Canada, in suckling her young gives the gigantic calf but one mouthful of milk to a meal. This great baby swallows the ration at one gulp, a quantity sufficient to fill a large barrel. Another marine animal, the porpoise, gives milk which is composed of eighty per cent. fat.

The hoary bat, a winged animal, frequently takes her young for an "atring." Clinging tenaciously to the under side of the parents body they accompany her on her aerial food flights and must have many a thrilling moment as the mother twists and turns in mid-air in pursuit of elusive This type of bat has a singularly ugly facial expression, re-sembling in miniature that of an English bulldog.

The burrowing beasts exhibit many quaint traits. When a badger has succeeded in digging out a gopher and has finished his meal he carefully manicures the claws on his fore feet scraping the earth and clay from be-tween the toes in a most thorough manner. Many people believe that the burrows of gophers and prairie dogs go down in the earth until water has been reached. This is a misconception. In particularly arid regions such creatures have acquired the ability to live without drinking water, the starchy foods being trans formed to liquid in the stomach. A mole found in parts of western Canada has a peculiar fringe of fleshy tentacles on the point of its nose. It is called the "star nosed mole." The tail of this queer-looking beast be-comes quite large and thick during the autumn months and remains so until the winter is over. Such a pe-culiarity is no doubt similar to the fat-acquiring habits of bears and other hibernating animals.

Beavers have a double claw on one toe of the hind foot, said to be used as a toothpick by that sagacious creature. The teats of a bear are placed far forward on the body being found almost between the fore legs. The Rocky Mountians goat has a strangely formed vent on the upper part of the

FRIDAY, AUGUST 7, 1925 He was formerly em DETROIT CHILD KILLED WHEN MOTORCYCLE IS DITCHED NEAR ARKONA

A young child of Mrs. Albert Far-ris of Detroit, was instantly killed about 7.30 Tuesday evening, near Arkona, when the motor cycle and side can in the letter of which the side car, in the latter of which the younster was a passenger, with its mother and two other children struck some loose gravel and plunged into the ditch. The child's skull was frac-

The motor cycle was ridden by M. Farris, of Detroit who, with Mr. Farris and the two other children Farris and the two other children, escaped with bruises and a sever shaking up. They were enroute from Bartlett's corner, about three miles of Arkona, they turned out to pass a motor car on a narrow ting of the Warwick a Lwas held at the thicloss on Friday ay hortheast of Arkona, they turned on a narrow the loose graver the loose graver way to domestic never driaks water by quantities through the state of a rate are more muscles in the tail of a rat

quantities through the said of a rat than in a human hand. A mouse found in the Arctic regions of Canada stores the bulbs of certain plants for winter food. Last but not the least interesting in this long list of animal curiosities is the fact that the pronghorn antelope, peculiar to western Canada, has the coat of a deer, the feet of a giraffe, the eyes of a gazelle and the horns of a deer and a bisom

In the Dominion of New Zealand there is to be found but one native animal, a small rat. We in Canada are particularly fortunate in the possession of an extraordinary variety and abundance of native animals.

Ultra-Violent Ray Catches Fakers. New methods of identifying pictures have been perfected by French chemists, according to the American Chemical Society. They use groups of red, blue, green, or white light to light the picture, and they examine the suspected canvas with the spectrometer, Employment of these var-lous colors puts in relief the retouchings, scrapings and changed signa-tures which constitute a false picture. By employing the ultra-violet ray they make the zinc white and certain varnishes stand out by fluorescer Finally, by scraping off very small amounts of paint, they have made spectrographic analyses of them, and have been able thus to determine, for example, in a false Renoir, the presence of a cadmium: wellow, when Renoir only used chrome yellow .-Science.

## Stars.

The sun is only one among a vast number of stars, estimated to number anything between seventy-five millions and one thousand millions.

Divers' Tanks.

Modern salvage enterprises de mand greater and greater ranges in dem-sea diving, and as the depth to which a diver can descend is limited by the pressure of water his body can sustain without risk of collapse, improved forms of diving suits and ories are being continually devised.

Few of these, however, increases the diver's range of operations by more than a few fathoms, and the maximum depth to which even the most expert diver can go remains at about 200 feet.
Actually men have gone to as great

a depth as 300 feet, but under such conditions no work could be attemptd. Moreover, the men who made this record were permanently incapa-citated as a result. A new apparatus has little in

common with the usual type of diver's outfit. It resembles a small U-boat turret, which by means of a double-telephone can be kept in constant communication with the surface, and which is provided with movable arms and legs to accommodate the limbs of the diver. The arms and legs are surrounded by sleeves made of a tough aluminium alloy.

Such a diving tank enables the

diver to descend or rise at will be admitting or discharging water, replacing it with compressed air from a battery of six cylinders. One diver descended 530 feet in the course of tests, though at this depth the pressure amounted to 225 pounds

Stamboul and Constantinople.

While the famous Turkish port is generally known by the name of Con-stantinople, it is commonly called Stamboul by the Turks themselves. It is specifically applied to that portion of the city—Constantinople proper—that lies south of the Golden Horn, as distinguished from Christian Constantinople, lying on the north side. Stamboul occupies the site of ancient Byzantium and contains the Mosque of St. Sophia, the Seragolio and almost all the mont-ments and antiquities to be seen in the city. Christian Constantinople is pre-eminently a commercial quarter. The name is written also Istambol.

. Good Substitutes.

George-Of course, being back in London, I miss the cows and sheep and pigs and things.

Ethel—Ah, yes, but we still have each other, darling.—The Humorist

The sale of ited in Iowa gale of corn A jazz g summer ca by one conti

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