

## The Union Advocate

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER  
Established 1887

Published Wednesday Afternoon  
Subscription Price, \$1.00 Per Year  
United States, \$1.50 in Advance  
Copy for changes of advt. must be  
in this office by 10 o'clock Tuesday  
morning.

J. H. BROWN, Man. Ed.

WEDNESDAY MARCH 29th, 1916

### THE LATE MAJOR BELVEA

Regret, deep and sincere, was felt throughout Newcastle and district when it became known that Major W. H. Belyea had fallen the victim of a German bullet, and the most heartfelt sympathy goes out to his widow and little ones in their great affliction.

Although not a native of this town, the late officer had made it his home for many years, and had become prominently identified with its public life and business, in which he took a deep interest. As manager of a company whose business is widely known throughout the country, he had made a large circle of friends and acquaintances, by whom he was held in the highest esteem, and whose respect he had gained by his unflinching courtesy and honourable dealings. He was a man who was never known to say an unkind thing of any one, and even those with whom he differed, bore him no ill-will therefore.

To the Advocate, his death comes as a personal loss, for he was one of the incorporators of the company which now owns this journal, and was also its secretary.

Shortly after the outbreak of the war, Major Belyea, who had for several years been an officer in the Militia, felt that the time had come for him to show that he was not a soldier for ornament only, and he at once proceeded to making such arrangements as would permit of his leaving his business, and joining the colours. Once on the firing line, he lost no time in showing that he was a soldier in every sense of the word; and as a soldier he died. In common with many other brave men he has met with the death that every true soldier would wish for; and while sorrow at his tragic end will be deep and lasting, it will be tempered with the knowledge that he died a hero, giving his life for his country.

### THE LABOUR QUESTION

Canada is fortunate that notwithstanding the heavy demands made upon her manhood for enlistment in the Overseas Forces, and the consequent withdrawal from manufacturing, farming and industrial occupations of somewhere about 300,000 men, there is not as yet any serious shortage of labour in this country. Conditions in this respect in Great Britain are becoming very serious indeed, particularly on the farms. British farmers are being urged to increase production to the utmost extent in their power, and at the same time they are called upon to release not only most of their help to supply the needs of the army, but their horses also to a large extent. Merchants, farmers, manufacturers and others are being urged to employ women labour wherever possible, and already some scores, if not hundreds of thousands of women are now doing work that has hitherto been looked upon as only possible for a man to do.

The situation thus created is going to have far-reaching consequences after the war. Women who have been doing the work of men—and doing it well and satisfactorily—will not want to be displaced when the men come back, neither will the vast majority of those who have employed them, probably at a considerable reduction in the scale of wages usually paid to men, desire to go back to old conditions. The war is thus bringing about a considerable addition to the more or less skilled labour market, which will have the very serious effect of flooding that market when the regular supply is again available. Having learned man's work and performed it satisfactorily, women will want to keep on at it, and the problem as to what shall be done with them will be as great and difficult of solution as is that presented by the shortage of male labour today. Fortunately, as we said before, Canada is not yet faced with this problem, nor is it very probable that we shall be so faced. In some parts of the Western provinces farmers have found it convenient to get temporary help from across the line, but

### Progress of the War

The end of the first month of the Battle of Verdun, which began on February 21st, left the Germans with a few additional square miles of French territory, but the French line unbroken, tens of thousands of Germans slain, and the enemy followed in his hope to win a victory that would incline the Allies to thoughts of peace.

While the Germans were unsuccessfully hammering at Verdun, the Russians were steadily pushing the Turks out of Armenia, and at the same time preparing for a vigorous offensive against the Germans on the Dvina River between Riga and Dvinsk, where they have captured a line of advanced German trenches. At the same time they have succeeded in capturing a bridge across the Dniester, thus opening a way into Northeastern Austria.

The Turks evacuated last week the Armenian city of Erzingan, where they established headquarters after the fall of Erzerum. (They first blew up their munitions depot. Erzerum lies eighty miles west, southwest of Erzerum on the Euphrates river, and is a city of about 25,000. It was the headquarters of the Ninth Turkish army, and after the surrender of Erzerum to the Russians became the Turkish secondary base. Erzingan is of considerable military importance because the plain on which it is located opens the way to Sivas on the west and to western Mesopotamia on the southwest. Several British and neutral vessels have been sunk at sea by the enemy's torpedo boats, with considerable loss of life.

The British made a daring air raid on Slesing Holstein, the north-western province of Prussia, Sunday, doing much damage to the enemy. Three British aeroplanes are missing, two German patrol vessels were sunk, and the British destroyer Modressa is believed to have been lost in a collision with another destroyer.

On the 27th the British stormed the German first and second line trenches at St. Etienne, France, for 600 yds. The Russians did the same thing in the Dvinsk section.

### WOULD NOT BE WITHOUT BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Baby's Own Tablets are guaranteed by a Government analyst to be absolutely safe and free from injurious drugs. Once a mother has used them she would not use anything else for her little ones. Concerning them Mrs. George Tallon, Noelville, Ont., writes:—"Please send me two more boxes of Baby's Own Tablets for I have found them so good for my baby, I would not be without them." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

It cannot be said as yet that the labour market in this country has been unduly disturbed by the necessities of the war.

### GERMANY'S INTERRED SHIPS

Some months ago we suggested in these columns that every British ship sunk by a German submarine should be replaced by a German ship, of which there are many hundreds now interned in British and Allied ports. In view of the shortage of tonnage with which British merchants have had to contend for several months past, the suggestion is such a natural one that it is surprising that it has not been acted upon long ago, for the same idea must have occurred to many others. We notice however, that the London Chamber of Commerce has at last taken the matter up, and is now demanding not only that the losses sustained by the British mercantile marine be made good from the interned German ships, but that the latter ships be commandeered to the full extent of the necessities of the situation, in order to carry on the increasing amount of British commerce. Germany will have to pay for this war in the long run; and she may as well begin to make a payment on account now by giving up vessels which under present circumstances are no earthly use to her, but can be of very considerable use to her enemies.

At the present time both the Provincial and Dominion Departments of Agriculture are endeavoring to get farmers to take a greater interest in the raising of live stock, recognizing that without it, the fertility of the farm cannot be kept up, and farm progress generally cannot make much headway. One of the greatest crimes present day farmers commit is the slaughter of calves for veal. How is it possible to have an increase in the number of cattle in the country if these calves continue to be killed off instead of being reared, the helpers for dairy cows and the steers for beef? The British Government has recently passed an Order-in-Council prohibiting the killing of calves for veal, and our own Departments of Agriculture would be doing the live stock industry of this country a very good turn if they would pass a similar Order-in-Council here.

### Willard Keeps the Championship

Defeats Moran in a Ten Round Fight—The Fighters Get \$71,250

New York, March 25—Jess Willard, champion heavyweight of the world, easily outpointed Frank Moran in a ten round bout here tonight. Willard had the better on points in every round except the third, which went to Moran by a narrow margin, and the eighth and ninth, which were even. The conqueror of Jack Johnson claimed to have broken all the bones in the back of his right hand during a slashing rally in the third and 'was noticeable that he did not use his right to any extent in the latter rounds. Occasionally he upturned to Moran's body of jaw with that hand but it lacked the punishing power shown in his training work. Promoter Tex Rickard announced that the gate receipts amounted to \$151,254. Of this amount the state received seven and a half per cent. of the gross receipts, which amounted to \$113,445. Willard's share was \$47,500 and Moran's \$23,750.

Combined with the percentage taken by the state and the \$7,500 paid for the rental of the Garden the expenses totalled \$90,095.52. To this must be added other expenses which probably bring the total up to about \$100,000, so that Tex Rickard and his partner in the enterprise, Sam McCracken, will clear close to \$50,000 profit on the bout.

### 132nd Inspected by Brig-Gen. McLean

Brigadier-General H. H. McLean, commandant of the New Brunswick Division, accompanied by Major Stetham, inspected C Company of the 132nd Battalion here, Wednesday, and were well pleased with the men, declaring the company one of the best yet inspected. C Company is now nearly 200 strong, and is growing rapidly, some dozen names being added in the last week, and work of recruiting up to strength is being rapidly pushed. Recruiting meetings are being arranged for different parts of the district, and men are then detailed to follow up these meetings. Good results following these meetings. C Company is commanded by Major Jas. W. Howe, of Stanley, with Captain Arthur L. Barry, second in command, while the lieutenants attached to C Company are Lieuts. J. Graham McKnight, F. T. Mowatt, E. W. Benn, Arthur Jardine and Frank J. Lawlor. Gen. McLean also inspected the companies at Chatham, Bathurst, Dalhousie and Campbellton, reporting all in good condition. The total strength of the Battalion is nearly 1000.

### Mr. Loggie Explains

Says that Telegraph's Report of His Potato Speech was Misleading

Ottawa, March 24—Before the orders of the day were called Mr. Loggie rose to correct a report of his speech of Friday last which appeared in the St. John Telegraph in regard to the collection of excess profits through the new business tax proposals. Mr. Loggie had cited the case of Armstrong & Ferguson of Newcastle, N. B., who appeared in the auditor-general's report as having sold 1,045 pounds of potatoes to the Militia Department at four and a half cents per pound, or about \$7.00 per barrel. Mr. Loggie had declared that there was at present no such firm in Newcastle. He said today that the report of the Telegraph had given the price of the potatoes "at 7 cents per pound or \$7 per barrel." He thought he owed it to Armstrong and Ferguson to say that they were in existence during August, September and October of 1914, when the transaction referred to took place.

### Where the Socks Go

This Consignment Went Straight to Their Destination

Somewhere in France or Belgium March 3, 1916

Mrs. John Ashford, Four days ago we received, each man in our Battery, a pair of socks and in the pair I received there was a note with your name on it, and I wish to thank you for the same as they came in mighty handy, as we were after experiencing four days snow storm.

I remain yours sincerely,  
W. W. GOGGIN,  
No 300,060  
Gunner 28th Battery  
7th Brigade C. F. A.  
2nd Divisional Artillery  
Army P. O., London, England.

If possible, plan the child's wash dresses in button-up styles that can be opened out flat for ironing.

Lace is as indispensable to the beauty of an evening gown as fur is to that of a tailored costume.

### PERSONALS

Mrs. James O. Fish is improving in health.

Mrs. C. C. Hamilton has been the guest recently of the Misses Evans of Shediac.

Mrs. James Stables has returned from her visit to Mrs. Geo. N. Clark of Rexton.

Mrs. S. Allanach of Kent Jct. was the guest of her sister Mrs. John Kingston last week.

Mrs. William Ryan, King St. has gone to Chatham Hospital for a rest. She has been suffering from la grippe.

A Memorial Service for Major W. H. Belyea will be held in the United Baptist church Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Mrs. Isaac Leighton who was visiting friends in town last week has gone to Millerton to visit her daughter, Mrs. Clifford Crocker.

Mrs. Cleveland returned home this week after a visit to friends in Albert, Albert Co.

LeRoy Morrison of the Heavy Seige Battery, has been in town this week visiting his parents, Hon. Donald and Mrs. Morrison.

Rev. W. R. Robinson of St. John, has been in town this week visiting his mother, Mrs. John Robinson, sr., who has been ill for some time, but who is now improving.

Mrs. Mitchell Falconer has returned from Bathurst, where she has been with her son Clifford, who was injured in the Bathurst Pulp mill.

Mrs. R. D. Christie of St. John, who has been spending a few days with her sister-in-law, Mrs. W. H. Belyea, returned home on Tuesday.

Mrs. Nathan Miller of Millerton and little daughter, spent Tuesday with friends in town.

Mrs. Con. Doyle of McKinleyville, spent Tuesday with friends in town. Mr. William Reid, representing the Beveridge Paper Co., Ltd., of Montreal, was in town yesterday.

### Provincial Prohibition Will be Absolute

Ottawa, March 27—The House adopted by a vote of 67 to 46, R. B. Bennett's amendment to the Stevens—March Dominion Prohibition resolution, which amendment was in line with the government bill introduced by Hon. C. J. Doherty the other day and declared that when prohibition has been decided upon by a province the transportation or importation of liquor into that province for purposes contrary to the provincial laws is forbidden.

### Prohibition Meeting

(Continued from page 1)  
Mayor Stothart said it was a libel on soldiers to say that they favored liquor. In Manitoba the majority of soldiers had voted dry.

For Immediate Prohibition  
Mr. J. Andler moved the following which was seconded by Mr. John R. Allison and carried by a standing vote:

Resolved that this meeting of the citizens of Newcastle places itself on record,  
That Whereas, it is the declared intention of the Government of the Province to pass at this session of the House of Assembly a Prohibitory Measure,

And whereas the greater part of the Province is already under local option by the will of the people,

And whereas, A decided wave of Temperance sentiment is sweeping the Dominion from ocean to ocean,

And whereas, A great number of our young men are overseas on active service for the defence of the empire,

Be it therefore resolved that we, the citizens of Newcastle, urge our Representatives in the Government and House of Assembly to put the said Prohibitory Measure into operation, without the expense of an appeal to the people.

Rev. S. J. MacArthur

Rev. Mr. MacArthur made a brief speech. Manitoba soldiers had voted for prohibition. Liquor had been forced into the British trenches against the wishes of Lord Kitchener, but the prospects for 1916 were that it would be discontinued. Prohibition had been a great success in Seattle. Working men would be much better off under prohibition, as much of their earnings goes for liquor. All business men should stand for prohibition, as the Fraser Company do.

The Mayor said that what was true of Seattle applied to Newcastle. Dollar Day had, because of enforcement of C. T. A., been the most successful yet that had been held here.

The following, moved by Rev. Dr. Harrison, and seconded by Ald. H. H. Stuart, a member of the Alliance Executive, carried unanimously:

This meeting places on record its appreciation of the increasing activity of the Provincial Temperance Alliance in urging the Government



## THE NEW Ladies' Suits HAVE ARRIVED

Beautifully Tailored, Perfect Fitting and ultra stylish garments are shown here at reasonable prices.

NOW is the time to select your new spring suit or dress while assortment is complete, and prices are so low. We cannot duplicate any of these beautiful models unless at an advance of 10 to 30 per cent.

All garments are "NORTHWAY" made which insures perfect fit, unexcelled workmanship and up to the minute style.

Suits	\$15.00	to	\$25.00
Dresses	3.00	"	20.00
Skirts	4.00	"	7.50
Waists	.98	"	5.00

New Dress Goods, Silks, English Prints, Curtaining, Whitewear and Wash Goods, are on exhibition this week.

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**A. E. Shaw Store**

**E. J. MORRIS,**

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## MEN'S FURNISHINGS

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We are Outfitters for Men, from head to foot.  
We supply the Stylish Suits you see in town.  
Our business is to furnish you with Clothing.

Being specialists in Men's and Boys' Furnishings, we select our stock to suit every taste and fancy. We can please the most fastidious. We stock up with the very latest, that our patrons may keep abreast with the leaders of fashion. Follow our advertisements in this paper, and watch for our spring announcements.

**RUSSELL & MORRISON**  
Men's Outfitters

## WALK A BLOCK AND SAVE A DOLLAR

A FULL LINE OF

Brass and Iron Beds, Springs, Mattresses  
And all kinds of

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We will offer them at special discounts during the coming month

WRITE FOR PRICES AND CUTS ON

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**A. J. BELL & CO., McCALLUM STREET**

to take the action now proposed, and

would assure it of our earnest co-operation in advancing the interests

of the present campaign.

On motion of Rev. S. J. MacArthur

vote of thanks was unanimously tendered

Rev. W. D. Wilson. Adjourned with National Anthem.