HAVING LIVED 110 YEARS.

Hamilton lost the oldest of all her citizens last week--one who had lived in three centuries and who, up to a few months ago, could talk entertainingly of things which happened long before many men, now old, were born. Mrs. Charlotte Goodold, were born. Mrs. Charlotte Goodman, "Granny" Goodman, as she was called by everyone, died at about 8 o'clock last evening in the House of Refuge, where she had had a comfortable and happy home for the past two years or so.

Mrs. Goodman, as she penditure of a large amount of electrical energy, but radium possesses the quality of giving off these rays all the time, without excitation by an outside force,

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and she was never the same. Durthe past few weeks her mi wandered at times, especia when she was alone. She wours sing, laugh and talk much like a little child. When spoken to she would gather the remnant of her mental faculties and talk intelligently enough, but as soon as her attentions. attention was disengaged - she would again lapse into a childish state. She was little or no trouble, was generally bright and cheerful, and account of her great age had the veneration of everybody at the Refuga. the Refuge. Deceased was the last of her fam-

Deceased was the last of her family. Her husband died in 1878 and one by one her soms and daughters have passed away, and her grandshildren and great grandchildren have become scattered. Still sho has grandchildren and great grandchildren residing in and around the city. Ten years ago she showed the Times a group photograph of five generations, of which she was the head, At that time she spoke of the late Dr. Case, remembering him well when she was a young woman and he a lad,

Probably no woman in Hamilton has been more frequently "written have been more frequently "wri

westey Curren, when her. Dr. Wilson was its pastor, some years ago,
and has since continued her membership. It was the custom of the
young people to take her to church
once or twice a year, and to provide her with comforts and delicacles. For a great many years she
lived almost alone in the east end of

Rentalimates and his apand has apshot was simply a r sump ion of his
former (i.e. G normal bull r was a
good jo be commander

TO BOUNCE DE BARRY. the city, and her most constant com-panion was her pipe, but of late years her declining days had been made happy by the many attentions she received at the hands of friends and especially by the care of Super intendent Rae and his good wife, at

WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

Graham Bell Talks of the New Element Radium.

ITS IMMENSE UTILITY STATED.

Radium, the new element just discovered by a lady, is, Prof. Graham Bell, the inventor of the telephone; thinks, the discovery of the greatest scientific interest at the present time, and the one that is likely to have the most far-reaching consequences.
Prof. Bell is passing through Toronto, on his way from Minucapolis
to his summer home at Boddeck, N.

s, and is a guest at the Queen's Hotel. Last evening he talked in a most fascinating way about some of the recent advances of science. Radium, which he thinks the most wonderful thing now in the public eye, was discovered a short time are by a Radish lady Madam Courte. ago by a Polish lady, Madam Courie, who is carrying on her chemical re-searches at Paris, This substance has searches at Faris, this superation all the properties of a chemical element, including a distinct spectrum, and whether it be an element or a combination, it is one of the most

worders. I substances yet discovered. It gives off rays similar to Roentgen rays, except that they are entgen rays, except that they are much more powerful. These rays are also capable of reflection and refraction, which Roentgen rays are not, so that they may be focussed upon a point and all the advantages derived from Roentgen rays multiplied indefinitely. Sir William Crooks has just succeeded in photographing a room which was absolutely dark by these rays, which are themsolves invisible. The possibilities of the uses of the new substance will thus be seen Radium looks like common sait, and in the dark is slightly phosphorescent, it is not volatile or dangerous to handle, so that it is conceivable that lanterns may yet be made by the aid of which the operator can look right through a human body. At present Roentgen rays are only produced by the expenditure of a large amount of electrical energy, but radium possesses the quality of giving off these rays all the time, without excitation by an outside force,

First Business Done Under the New Premier.

CHAMBERLAIN WAS PRESENT.

London, July 21.—The Premier, A. J. Balfour, presided to-day in the Foreign Office at the first Cabinet meeting of the new Administration. The colonial Scoretary, Joseph Chamberlain, was sufficiently recovered from the effects of the cab accident to be able to attend, though he discarded his hansom in favor of a more luxurious carriage. He was pale, and wore lower than the colonial statement of the cabinet o ious carriage. He was pale, and wore a soft felt hat. Otherwise he showed

a soft felt hat. Otherwise, he showed no signs of his injuries.

The meeting of the Cabinet gave fresh impotus to the reconstruction reports. One of these is the suggestion that the Duke of Marlborough will succeed Lord Curzon of Kedleston as Viceroy of India. But there is not the least possibility of any such appointment. It appears very doubtful if Lord Curzon will come home before the expiration of his term of office. As a matter of fact there is no fore the expiration of his term of of-fice. As a matter of fact there is no appointment which could be offered him, except the Foreign Office, which would be a promotion from the Vice-royalty of India, and there is no in-dication that Lord Lansdowne has any intention of retiring. Under no circumstances, however, would the Duke of Marlborough be given such an important post as India, though he might possibly succeed Earl Cado-gan as Lord Licutenant of Ireland. All suggestions in regard to appoint-ments are still of a highly tentative character.

woman and he a lady.

Probably no woman in Hamilton has been more frequently "written up" in the newspapers than the dear old "granny," When she was 90 she hold the story of her life to a reporter, who reproduced it. Then when she reached the century mark another write-up was printed. At the age of 102 she told an interesting story of old times, and it was printed with a sektch of her own, life. On January 2nd, 1901, when she entered the third century in which she had lived the Times published her portrait, taken at the "Uncle" Adam Misener, and it is here reproduced.

"Granny" Goodman was born in England in either 1791 or 1792, probably the latter year. She came to this country when a young woman, and had resided here for 91 years. She could remember the little village as it was in the year of the war of 1812, as she had come here just before that time, she could tell about the one brick bnilding in the place, the one grocer store, and remembered that the got was neither church nor sklewallation traces of golden grain and great forest trees growing where the city now stands.

Mrs. Goodman became a member of Wesley Church, when Rev. Dr. Wilson was its pastor, some years ago, and has since continued her membership. It was the custom of the long of the should not reliable since continued her membership it was the custom of the command at Aldershou was stamply a resumption of his for was a fail in a point was a fa

Brutal Immigrant Inspector to Walk

the Plank. U. S. Customs Inspector De Barry, according to telegraphic advices from Washington, has been found from Washington, has been found guilty of insubordination and recommended for dismissal. If this action is taken to-day the veteran inspector will soon find himself out of employment and some one else will take his place at his station at International Bridge.

Inspector De Barry has repeatedly denied that any charges have been placed against him. In spite of these denials, however, charges were forwarded to Washington, and Mr. De Barry was asked to answer them. Commissioner General Scrgeant ordered and investigation, with the above result.

The Inspector is found guilty of

The Inspector is found guilty of going outside the regulations by placing travelers under both use-

placing travelers under both use-less annoyance and inconvenience, A great many thousand people pass back and forth over the Interna-tional Bridge, and, it is claimed, Inspector De Barry has caused con-siderable trouble to a number of innocent and well-meaning travel-ers without any excuse for his ac-tions. In any event, it is said, the In-

pector will not be permitted to ontinue work at his present sta-When seen last night Mr. De Barry refused to discuss the situation beyond declaring that the charges

finding were unjust .- Buffalo

CITY OF VENICE DOOMED.

Pillars and Piles Rotten and Subsoil Deteriorated.

WILL REBUILD THE CAMPANILE.

Venice, July 21.-Prof. Wagner, the city architect, is of the opinion that practically the whole of Venice is doomed to destruction. He says that the subsoil has deteriorated and the piles and pillars are rotten and unable to stand the pressure on them. Shrinkages and sinking have been observed in the subsoil for many years, although an official commission lately declared that there was no danger from these causes. Prof. Wagner advocates the restoration of the loggia of Sansovine, but not the tower. He says that if the tower. He says that if the tower is rebuilt it should be in modern style.

The Municipal Council, however, has decided to rebuild the Campanile of St. Marks, and the Sansovine Loggia. It has opened the subscription for this purpose with a vote of 500,000 lire. It is estimated that yesterdays collapse caused damage to the amount of four million lire (about \$800,000).

In all Venice there was no object of more historic interest than the Campanile of St. Marks. It stood 98 metres (322 feet) in height. It was founded in 888, and restored in 1829. In 1417 a marble top was pat on the old tower, and in 1517 it was crowned with the figure of an angel nearly sixteen feet in height.

The logetta or vestibule on the east side of the campanile was erected by Sansoving, the famous architect, in 1540. It was once a rendezvous for the nobility, and was afterward used as a waiting-room for guards during the sessions of the councils. There were bronze statices of Palce, Apollo, Mercury, and Pallas, and some reliefs on the coping that were also of Sansovino's creation. There were bronze doors that had been east in 1750. In the interior was practically the whole of Venice is loomed to destruction. He says that

vessel from the main mast was blown to pieces. This was followed immediately by volumes of smoke and flame as high as the masthead, and a Terribic oreport, which was heard for a distance of seven miles. The corcussion was tremendous, and men, spars, deck-boats, cabin fittings, doors, furniture and effects were blown into the air several hundred feet, and numerous shells exploded on the beam of the Atago, some fishing boats being badly damaged by them. The Kai-Chih sank at once, even before some of the debris came down. The Japanese cruiser anchored near by was enveloped in smoke and debris, so much so that her ccamander ordered his crew to seek shelter. When the smoke cleared away, there was nothing to be seen but a mass of floating wreckage.

There were only two survivors, a carpenter and a sailor. The sailor says the explosion was probably caused by seamen going into the magazine with a light to get saluting ammunition.

SPOUTED FLAMES 100 FEET

Louisiana Oil Well Fired by Lightning During Storm.

WIND BLEW 60 MILES AN HOUR.

New Orleans, La., July 21.-A terrific hail, rain, wind and electric storm swept over New Orleans and Southern Louisiana yesterday. At New Orleans the wind reached a velocity of 60 miles an hour. Lightning struck a dozen buildings, destroying one at Tchoupitoulas and Notre Dame streets. Trees and Iences were blown down and 1,200 telephones were burnt out.

burnt out.

At Jennings lightning struck a big oil tank, setting it afire. The flames spread to surrounding oil pools. The derrick and shed surrounding Jennings oil well No. 2 were soon in flames. The tank was totally destroyed. flames. stroyed.



RIGHT HONORA BLE

a Madonna and Child, with St. John in terra cotta, also by Sansovino.

The tower was always open, but no one was permitted to enter alone. A lone traveller, however, was permitted to engage a bystander to enter the tower with him. The ascent was made up a wiading inclined plane that had thirty-eight bends in it. At the top was stationed a fire watchman, who always carried a tiescope, The view from the tower top embraced the whole city, the lagoon, the Alps, and part of the Adriatic.

From the tower, in the great days of the Venetian Republic, the first glimpse of home-coming war yessels was send and city was send and climpse of home-coming war yessels was seen and signalied. In 1516 there was seen and signaled. In 1518 there huse, half-way up the tower, a wooden cage in which prisoners were kept until they starved to death. In the olden days there were four bells sounded for different purposes: La marangola was sounded at dawn to call the laboring classes; la sestatmezzana openel the official tureaus; la trotterar called the councils to duty, and the bell del malefizlo tolled out the requiem for those who were to be put to death. A fifth bell later was brought from Candia, and was tolled only on Ascension (Day.

CHINESE SHIP BLOWN UP.

Only Two Saved Out of 250 on Board.

WERE PREPARING A SALUTE.

Victoria, July 21.-Details of the Victoria, July 21.—Details of the blowing, up of the Chinese cruiser Kai-Chin, at Hsiakuan on Sunday, June 22nd, a terrible disaster involving the loss of nearly 250 lives, were received by the R. M. S. Empress of India, which arrived to-day from the Orient. The Kai-Chih was anchored in the river when the Japanase manof-war Atago arrived at Hsiakuan, and, anchoring two cables away from the Chinese cruiser, the crew of the Japanase vessel watched preparaand finding were unjust.—Buffalo Courier.

The Dominion rifle matches, announced for August 25th, may be postponed for a week, as the Ottawa Fair will occupy the date named.

At 11 o'clock the situation at the Jennings lierd grow alarming. The tank fired by lightning communicated its flames to Jennings gusher No. 2. The iron valve cl. sing the gusher was

The iron valve cl. sing the gusher was burnt through and the gusher rose in a fountain of flame to a height of cighty or a hundred feet.

The people of Jennings being unable to cope with the fire, telegraphed to Benumont for assistance, and a special train, carrying a chemical engine and a number of oil experts, who know how to deal with oil fires, left for the Louisiana town. The other oil wells have been covered with from six to cight feet of dirt in order to protect them from fire.

the possessor of a fortune of \$142,-000, all of which is said to be in cash and on deposit in a national bank in Los Angeles, Cal. Many years ago the family of Mrs. Cox's husband befriended a man named Charles Hill, who was noor and in edversed the said of the company of the who was poor and in adverse circum-stances generally. Last April Mr. Hill came to Mount Vernon, hunted up Mr. and Mrs. Cox and spent a few days with them. Before leaving he executed a judgment note in favor of Mrs. Cox for \$142,000, and then went to Calfornia, when he became sick. He entered a hospital in Los Angeles, where he died recently. Prior to his death he wrote the Coxes a letter stating what he had done, and explaining matters a thou could be explaining matters a thou could be stating what he had done, and explaining matters so they could be easily identified and receive the money. The public administrator of Los Angeles writes them that \$2,000 was found among Hill's papers and that the rest of the money is in the bank. Hill had no relatives, and it is not probable that the Coxes will have any difficulty in securing the money.

Thirty-five machinists are on the way from Scotland to take the places of strikers at the Kingston locomotive works.

J. W. McNaughton, of Peterbore, who had improved under Christian Science treatment, died in the buggy in which he was being taken home.

BARNEY'S SUBJECT

Girl Inoculated With Consumption Germs Dead.

TOOK TOO MUCH STRYCHNINE.

New York, July 21—Miss Emma King, a nurse, died at Lake Hopa-kong, N. J., Monday, from strychnine poisoning. The drug was taken for heart trouble, and probably she took too much accidentally.

too much accidentally.

Miss King was the young woman who allowed Dr. George D. Barney, of Brooklyn, to inoculate her with tuberculosis germs to demonstrate his consumption cure theory.

Miss King came to Shippenport on Friday afternoon, a mental and physical wreck. She was nervous and excited most of the time. The only thing that would calm her was a cigarette. She smoked cigarettes incessantly, but always in her own room. The pówder which she took and which killed her was one of a box of a dozen which she brought with her. The powder was the first she had taken. She apparently was not altogether innocent of its nature and not without some fear of it. This is shown by a remark she made to Mrs. Shuman just before she took the medicine.

"Thère's arsenic in this, and I am a d— fool to take it," she said as she poured it out on her tongue and washed it down with a glass of water.

washed it down with a glass of water.
Yesterday afternoon the body of Miss King was buried in the church-yard of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Succassuna before any relative or friend had claimed it, and notwithstanding the mystery surrounding her death. Coronor Hagen, of Morris county, who is marshal of Dover, and has police authority over all the surrounding county, made a hasty investigation of the death of Miss King this morning, and this afternoon went to Moring, and this afternoon went to Mor-ristown, where he made a report to District Attorney Elmer Miller, who ordered the exhumation of the body to-day. Dr. Adsit, of Succassunna, and Dr. Cook, of Dover, will perfrm

BRITAIN AND COTTON TRADE

Lancashire Now Fighting for its Existence.

THE MILLS ARE BEING CLOSED

London, July 21.—The newspapers display great anxiety regarding the situation in the cotton trade, They describe Lancashire as preparing to fight for its existence as the world's great cotton centre. Mills are being closed and orders from India have lmost ce:sel.

The Daily Mill says that at the bliding of told groups of American speculators the mill-owners had to choose between conducting their business at a heavy loss or stopping. The writer declares that certain groups headed by Theodore Price, of New York, have gradually acquired control of what is left of the old crop of cotton. The new crop not being available until September, the Lancashire millionaires will have to pay about \$100,000,000 extra for raw material between now and October unless something is done. The present situation means ruin for them. America is fighting for the British markets, and India is building her own factories.

Ing her own factories.

The President of the Master Cotton Spinners' Federation says that combination must be met with comcombination must be met with com-bination. The American rings have already forced up prices a cent a pound, or \$50,000,000 on a half year's crop. The federation pro-poses that the mills close on Mon-day and Saturday of each week.

THE NORTHWEST HARVEST. reparations Being Made for the

Annual Excursions. Winnipeg, July 21.-The Department of Agriculture is sending out its annual request to crop correspondents to send information as to the number of harvest hands who will be required in their townships. From reports re-ceived from farmers through Governnent travelling agents, there will be a large number of men required this year, and the farmers are already making enquiries as to what preparations are being made. Arrangements for excursions have been just completed, and will be published in a few days. In the meantime the Government has faken the areal terror. ernment has taken the usual steps to find out just about how many men will be wanted, so that they can ar-range their advertising accordingly. While it is too early in the season as yet to make any definite prediction, it is probable that harvesting will commence early in August, as the present weather is just what is required for the development of the

DISTURBANCES IN MACEDONIA

Turkish Soldiers Used Women as Screen for Overcoming Rebels. London, July 21.— Telegraphing from Vienna, the London Daily Mail's correspondent says reports received there describe a formidable uprising in the Vilayet of Monastir, Eu-

ing in the vilayet of Monastir, European Turkey.

According to these reports, the rebels, entreached on the banks of the Ostrovo, withstood the attacks of a thousand Turkish regulars and several hundred Bashi-Bazouks for a

Finally the Turks placed the Marthany the Turks placed the Macedonian women and children in the front of a screen and stormed the position of the rebels. The latter maintained a murderous fire, and many women and children were killed by their own husbands and fathers. After dispersing the rebels the ers. After dispersing the rebels, the Turks massacred the population and leoted and burned houses of the in-

INJURED MAN'S HEROIC ACT

Paralyzed by Lightning Reford

Pewaukee, Wi. July 21.—One fatality, an act of feroism and considerable property damage accompanied a seyere wind and rainstorm
to-night, George Vincent, a retired
jeweler of Wankesha, and E. P. Reford, a farmer, took refuge in the
latter's barn when the storm broke,
and the building was struck by lightning. Vincent fell over dead and Redford was struned and partly paralyzed by the shock, but he pluckily
dragged the body of Vincent out of
the burning building, and, crawling
on his hands and knees, went
through the barn and liberated forty
cattle just before the roof fell in.
About six years ago Mrs. Reford
was struck and kfiled by lightning,
and Reford escaped them as marrowly as to-day. Pewaukee, Wi .. July 21 .- One fat-

YANKS ARE BIDDING HIGH.

For a Share of the Trade of the Transveal.

Transvasi.

Johannesburg, Transvasi, July 21.
—At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce to-day called to receive the British trade commissioners, a member read a cable despatch which he had received, offering freight from New York to Natal at 10s. per ton. Other members of the chamber said they had received similar offers. This rate is not remunerative, but is the outcome of competition. It is 21s. 3d. below the lowest freight rate from England. The merchants do not see how the Americans are able to offer such low rates. Nevertheless, they are overhauling their stock to see what they can order in the United States. A majority of the members of the executive committee of the Chamber of Mines are advocating a duty of 5s. to 7s. 6d. per case of dynamite in order to protect the local factory. The proposal is strongly opposed as tending to, create a worse monoply than existed during the Kruger regime and tio establish a precedent in the direction of protection.

HEROIC GRANDMA KILLED.

Thrust Her Grandchildren Out of Danger and Was Run Down.

Hicksville, L. I., July 21.—In saving her two grandshildren from being run down by a freight train on the Long Island Railroad this evening. Mrs. Mary Meyle, 70 years old, wildow of Chas. Mayle, who died about three months ago, received injuries from which she died. Mrs. Mayle lived with her son, William, a decorator, about a mile and a half west of this village. She was crossing the Long Island Railroad tracks with the shill, dren as the thunderstorm came up and darkened the sky. A westbound freight train bore down on the little group. As the whistle shrieked a warning Mrs. Meyle thrust both the children out of harm's way. Before she could follow the locometive struck her. Danger and Was Run Down.

MAY INFECT CHICAGO.

Smallpox Patients Pick Borries for Windy City.

St. Joseph. Mi.'h., July 21.—The failly of George Howard, filteen makes from this city, has been placed, is quarantine for smallpox. The disease was discovered yesterday by Jr. Witt, of this city. Great excitement prevails over the fact that this family has been afflicted with smallpox for two weeks, when they thought it was only chickenpox. They have picked berries every day and shipped them to Chicago.

This is said by doctors to be a horrible state of affairs, as every case of berries shipped by this family has been infested with smallpox and has gone into the Chicago market. Shipments of berries by this family have been stopped by the health authorities. St. Joseph, Miche, July 21. The fair

Escaped to the Bush Only to be Shot to Death.

Melbourne, July 21.-Recently the

McIbourne, July 21.—Recently the Dutch Government transferred 200 prisoners, chiefly from Sumatra, to Merouke, the new pearl-fishing settlement in Dutch New Guinea.

The prisoners' quarters were surrounded by a barbed wire fence of feet high, but by some means they managed to escape to the bush, and have not been traced by the search parties sent out after them.

Now a report has reached the settlement that the whole band has fallen into the hands of the savage and treacherous natives, who managed the notorious Tugari head-hunters. Thirteen at least of the Dutchmen were decapitated, their heads being carried off as treather. Dutchmen were decapitated, their heads being carried off as trophies.

SAVED A FOOLISH GIRL.

Latest Achievement of Capt. Hobson of Merrimac Fame.

Plasa, El. Jaly 17.-Miss May Cerf. Plass, I.I. July 17.—Miss May Cerford St. Louis, was rescued from drowning in the Mississippi River near the Chautangua grounds here yesterday afternoon by Captain Richmond Pearson Hobson was in swimming when a yacht on which Miss Cerf was stawing passed near him. Miss Cerf called to him and asked:
"If I should fall overboard would you rescue me?

"If I should fall overboard would you rescue me?
Hobson, thinking It only a joke, said he certainly would.
Immediately the young women jumped into the water. For several seconds her sailor hat showed above water. Hobson and a companion instantly started swimming towards the spot where she had gone down, a distance of about 100 feet. When he reached the place he looked into the muddy water, suddenly making a deep dive. He came up in a few seconds with his left arm tightly grasping Miss Cerf. He and his companion reached the yacht with her after a hard pu'l. Miss Cerf was unconscious and Hobson greatly expansed. conscious and Hobson greath

A fire in Swift & Co's offices at the Chicago stockyards did \$1,000,000 damage.

M. Harry De Windt has reached Dawson on his overfind journey. from Europe to the United States. There is a movement on foot at Montreal to dine Sir Edmund Bar-ton, Premier of Australia, on his visit to Canada.