

million and a quarter dollars in purchasing work. He was a free trader but he would and equipping the road, and the local govnot be disinclined to assist an industry ernment will be asked to guarantee the were shown that this was necessary. If he were to carry out his own feelings he would put up the tariff against the Unibonds to the extent of one million dollars. In return for this concession the the interests of the country. Especially government will be given control over was this the case in regard to the maritime freight and passenger rates as a guarantee "provinces. We might put an export duty on pulp wood but the Americans would which the road passes will not suffer.

on pulp wood but the Americans would which the road passes will not suffer, regaliate with duties on hard coal and ke and other articles to the detriment Canada. As a maritime province man, was not going to oppose expenditures.

Canada. As a maritime province man, was not going to oppose expenditures. A day of two and will be backed up by local members for York and North Shore counties who are anxious that the Canada Eastern shall remain a competitive line. George W. Allen, M. P. P., was given a hearing before the city council tonight on the subject, and the hearty support of the best interests of the country. He quoted figures of expenditure and receipts for the three periods of 1891 to 1900, to show that, whereas the cost of running the road had increased largely, the in-crease in receipts had been still greater. The increase in total receipts last year as compared with 1895-96 was more than two ne best interests of the country. He appointed to draw up suitable resolutions which will be considered at an adjourned which will be considered at an adjourned which will be considered at an adjourned meeting of the council tomorrow evening. The hope has long been entertained that is the dominion government would see their vay clear to acquire the road and cperate in total receipts last year as ompared with 1305-96 was more than two offers. Dr. Kendall pointed out that it was not the second section by meeting of the interease dargely. The interease is not all receipts last year as ompared with 1305-96 was more than two offers. Dr. Kendall pointed out that it was not the second section by making the bonds non-allow of the interease in second largely. The interease is not all pointed out that it was not the second section by making the bonds non-allow date the second section by making the bonds non-allow date the second section by making the bonds non-allow been obtained. The second section by making the bonds non-allow date the second section by making the bonds non-allow that it was not the second section by making the bonds non-allow that it was not the second section by making the bonds non-allow the did not create the ment making this apply to convictions accomplished.

reasonable to think that this result could be obtained withouts an increase in the running expenses, besides which the late government had so starved the road prior it up to a proper standing. His view was that the day for large expenditures on the Intercolonial was not yet over. As for the Intercolonial was not yet over. As for the fast Atlantic line it would require to call at Sydney and the road would have to be put in condition to meet the increased intercent of the public. George W. Allen, M. P. P., was heard in support of the proposition. travel.

Dr. Kendell made the statement that the coal companies were charging both the Intercolonial and the public too much for that article, putting the increased cost to the former at \$300,000 and the extra burden on the people for their do-mestic supply at between a million and a million and a half. In doing at they did, he admitted, the companies were within their rights and if private individuals or Awful Calamity Befalls Southern companies began operations on a small scale they were absorbed or frozen out.

The industry he described as illimitable, and the MacKenzie & Mann property, he e expected to see rival the Dominion Coal Company in a few years. Already a large market was being found

for Cape Breton coal in Europe. This brought the doctor to his proposition that the government should go into coal mining in both for the untercombining it will for the untercombining it for the for the Intercombining it will for the untercombining it will for the untercombined it will for the untercombining it will for the untercombined it will for t not only for the use of the Intercoloniai but as a business. If it did so, he assur-Alice Frances, 6. The family had retired with the excep-

not only for the use of the Intercolonial but as a business. If it did so, he assur-ed the house, on the authority of two of the best mining engineers whose names he offers to give the leader of the opposition in confidence, that where now it costs \$2.70, \$2.80 and \$2.90 a ton for coal in Cape Breton the government could mine it and put it on its cars for \$1 a ton. Notwithstanding the high price of coal there is a probability of the Intercolonial deficit. It would also mean a low price for the consumers. He would not ask the government to go into coal mining without a taske in the country and were one who had a stake in the country and were one who had a stake in the country and were one the best organized bodies in the world. The family had retired with the excep-tion of one son, who was away. In the children, Mrs. Mitchell, the children who were burned and three that and smoke. They aroused the father and screamed for help. Neighbors were and screamed for help. Neighbors were fightened and as fast as she got them in cape Breton miners were men who had a stake in the country and were one the best organized bodies in the world. He would not, therefore, advocate too rapid development which would bring in large hordes of the world. The miners were appreheneive on this point. In Cape Breton there was not a strike for He counter parts of the world. The miners

other parts of the world. The miners were apprehensive on this point. In Cape Breton there was not a strike for 16 years. The ambitions of the capitalista were great and the men would have to (Continued on page 2, fifth column)

(Continued on page 2, fifth column.) burned but not iatally.

## CHATHAM WOMAN FOUND DROWNED IN WELL NEAR HOME

Chatham, N. B., April 3-(Special)-A very sad accident occurred this morn-Chatham, N. B., April 3-(Special)-A very sad accident occurred this morn-ing. Miss Jane Whalen was drowned in a well. She was very highly esteemed, was about 50 years old and lived alone. It is thought she arose early this morning and went to the well for water, and in reaching for the bucket lost her balance and fell in, the planks around the well being covered with frost and very slippery. A lamp was burning in her house, her bed had been slept in last night and pre-parations had been made for a fire in the cooking stove. The body had apparently been but a few hours in the well when discovered. A brother lives in New York and a sister in Boston.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie presented the report of the provincial board of health. The house went into committee, Mr. Carpenter in the chair, on the bill to authorize the municipality of St. John to issue debentures for the isolation hospital.

Agreed to with an amendment, striking out the provision making the bonds nonout the provision making the bonds non-assessable. The bill authorizing the municipality of St. John to issue debentures for jail extension was agreed to in committue with a similar amendment. Mr. Osman's bill to provide for the ap-Mr. Osman's bill to provide for the ap-

pointment of a stipendiary magistrate with civil jurisdiction in the parish of Harvey, the Carleton county count from November until December was agreed to in com-

The House went into committee on a

Home.

were agreed as to the unwisdom of re-troactive legislation there might be some difference in cases such as those covered expressing hope that the government would guarantee the bonds and at the

CHILDREN DIE IN FLAMES.

Johnstown, Pa., April 1.-Six persons were burned to death tonight in Prosser Hollow in a fire which destroyed their home. The dead: Philip P. Mitchell,

to. Mr. Allen introduced a bill to further amend the municipalities act. Its object is to enable the agents of candidates to transfer their votes from one polling place

bill should not be operative unless three fifths of the value of real estate was i favor of it, which was surely conservative enough. Individuals as well as real estated

single enterprise. Agreed to. The house adjourned at 6 o'clock. Fredericton, April 2-The house met at 3 o'clock.

Mr. Lawson gave notice of inquiry with reference to lands of the New Brunswick Railway Company. Mr. Shaw presented the St. John peti-tion for an act to enable them to operate tion for an act to enable them to operate tion for an act to enable them to operate the st. John peti-turers and others in St. John, Frederice turers and others in St. John, Frederice

Mr. Osman's oni to provide for the ap-pointment of a stipendiary magistrate with ivil jurisdiction in the parish of Harvey, Mr. Appleby's bill to change the term of Mr. Appleby's bill to change the term of

million dollars. Dr. Kendall pointed out that it was not reasonable to think that this result could be obtained without an increase in the government had so starved the road prior to 1896 that it cost much more to bring it up to a proper standing. His view was The three and one-half per cent bonds of St. John city, which were non-assessable were now practicably as good as five per cent bonds which could be assessed. The attorney general thought a great mistake had been made when the bonds of St. John city, wave, made non-assessable

difference in cases such as those covered by Mr. King's amendment. In those cases there was no defect as to the evidence convicting the violators of the game laws, except that the Royal Gazette containing the proclamation of the law being in force was not put in evidence. The law in fact was in force, and this is not taking away any right but only to prevent a criminal escaping under a technical objection. ent bonds which could be assessed. The attorney general thought a great mistake had been made men ansessable. If every municipality obtained this privi-lege the bonds of the province could not be sold at add. It would be a matter of serious consideration whether the law should not be changed with reference to future issues of St. John bonds. The amendment was voted down and company. No money has been paid by the province since the last session of the legisla-ture towards the extension of the Central

the proclamation of the law being in face was not put in evidence. The law in fact was in force, and this is not taking away any right but only to prevent a criminal escaping under a technical objection.
The amendment was agreed to with an addition providing that it should not apply the any case in which proceedings had already been taken to have the conviction quashed. The bill was then agreed to as amended.
Mr. King's bill to amend the debtors act by providing for the appointment of a commissioner in the parish of Sussex, was considered in committee and amendment of the parish of Sussex, was considered in committee and amendment of the parish of St. Andrews. The bill have the call in the parish of Sussex, was considered in committee and amendment of the parish of St. Andrews. The bill have the addition for the appointment of the parish of St. Andrews. The bill have the and the heat and the parish of St. Andrews. The bill have the and the heat and the parish of St. Andrews. The bill have the and the band of the parish of St. Andrews. The bill have the and the heat and the band of the parish of St. Andrews the municipal council the bill which he thought would be unjust the municipalities act. The bill was agreed to. issue of bonds for the \$20,000 for building wharves and warehouses. Nothing had been done and it was now proposed to issue these debentures on the credit of issue these debentures on the credit of been sent forward by the municipal council, but Mr. O'Brien (Charlotte) opposed it.
the bill which he thought would be unjust to the residents of the parish dying outside of the town. There was a petition against it.
Mr. Todd supported the bill and Hon.
Mr. Hill opposed it.
Progress was reported with leave to sit again.
Hon. Mr. Pugsley introduced a bill respecting the proceedings of the Supreme Court in equity, also a bill amending, the district courts act. The object of the latter, he said, was to entitle attorneys to costs where the amount recovered in tort was \$8 and in debt \$20. Under the present should be given to secure should be given to secure stall great efficiency in the educational administration;
Therefore resolved, that the following discussion in the officiency in the educational administration;
The resolutions are: The object of the latter secures and in debt \$20. Under the present should be given to secure still great efficiency in the educational administration;
Therefore resolved, that the following discussion in the following discussion in the direction of a gricultural to the discussion of the following discussion in the direction of a gricultural to the discussion of the following discussion in the direction of a set of the secure should be given to secure still is reader of the following discussion in the following discussion in the following discussion in the discussion of the following discussion in the discussion of the secure still greater efficiency in the educational administration;

ent act costs were not allowed where the amount recovered was less than \$40. In reply to Mr. Hazen as to when it

was the intention to Abring into force the district court act passed last session, Hon. Mr. Tweedie said the government had the matter under consideration. Hon. Mr. Tweedie introduced a bill amending the St. John Graving Dock

The Chipman Railway.

The province where rights that should be control for a group of the control to the back of the control the province of the control the handware stipply in the control to the sequence of the control the control the control to the control to the control the control to the co

and the second second

Some of the steamship agents met today into, but the company has satisfied the government that the C. P. R., which uses about 50,000 tons per annum on its east-ern division, will, by reason of the cheapand discussed the situation and they decided that conditions would not warrant their acceding to the demands. ness with which the coal can be delivered

ton, Woodstock and other towns in the be granted, but none would promise to informed the police, who began an investiwestern section of the province will, as soon as the line is in operation, take at linent egent told them plainly that the con- warrant was sworn out for his arrest.

act to enable them to assess for agricultural purposes; Mr. Young, that of N.
A. Landry for an act to amend the law methanish are been made for the state of sugar stated. One promine the state of a sugar stated of the state of sugar stated. One promine the state of sugar stated of the state of sugar stated. One promine the state of sugar stated of the state of sugar stated. One promine the state of sugar stated of sugar stated of sugar stated of the state of sugar stated. One promine the state of sugar stated of sugar stated of sugar stated of sugar stated. One promine the state of sugar stated of sugar stated. One promine the state of sugar stated states and sugar stated of sugar stated states of sugar stated of sugar states of sugar sta

Railway; \$5,000 has been paid to the New

but watch the non-union hands handling freight. Halifax, April 3-(Special)—There is no change in the strike situation so far as the coming to terms is concerned. At deep water terminus this morning the Sar-dinian at pier 2 was being discharged by members of the crew, and the Oruro at pier 4 was being loaded by small gangs, made up to some extent of boys and youths. The work was not progressing "every rapidly. What the longshoremen want is: Lane says he then proceeded to rob the house. He found \$130, two watches and a pocketbook and while searching for jewelry was interrupted by the arrival of policemen with a warnant for his arrest on the charge of larceny. They asked to see Mrs. Furbush. Lane showed them to the sitting room on the second floor and said he would call his mistress. Lane escaped by the rear of the house. The policemen hearing a moan, started an investigation. On the third floor hallway they found hitle Eloise. To the police-Railway; \$5,000 has been paid to the New Brunswick Coal & Railway Company. Hon. Mr. Pugsley introduced a bill amending the act respecting conditional sales of chattels. Under the present act a hen note is void if not filed within ten due form the giving of the order. The days from the giving of the order. The amendment allows ten days from delivery Mr. Hazen moved his resolutions, notice

of which was given a week ago, and said he would defer making any remarks therewery, rapidly. What the longshoremen want is: That none but union men be employed

while available.

That the day scale of wages be 25c. per

bush lived with her two daughters and was wealthy. Lane had been her butler since Christmas, and besides him she had another colored servant, a woman named Yesterday a committee of the union interviewed the steamship agents to ascer- Agnes. Recently Mrs. Furbush had been tain whether or not the demands would missing small amounts of money, and she

systems, and it has been a matter of much concern to the government as to how this could be obviated. So far no solution of the difficulty has been arrived at, and the lieutenant governor in councel has not yet given his approval of the method of amalgamation proposed by the company. No woney has been paid by the provof police officers were on duty at the terminus but they found nothing to do but watch the non-union hands handling to do

they found little Eloise. To the police-men, she said: "William shot my mother and my sister and tried to kill me." Before going to Camden, Lane purchas-That the day begin at 7 a. m. and end at 6 p. m. That the night scale of wages be 30c. If hat the night begin at 7 p. m. and end if 7 a. m.

at 7 a. m. That 50c. per hour be paid from 7 p. m. Saturday until 7 a. m. Monday. That work on stranded or wrecked ves-sels be 25c. per hour, all time to count from the time men leave the wharf until return to same, board included. That when men are ordered out to work between 7 p. m. and 7. a. m., all time shall count until ordered home, per hour, 30c. That the ingin begin at 1 p. in the dual the was coming to see her. Lane is the son of a preacher who lives in Bridgeton. He has served a term in the Mount Holly, N. J., jail for lar-ceny and has been confined in the Hunt-ingdon, Pa., reformatory. Philadelphia. April 3-Justice as quickly, as the laws will allow will be meted out to Wm. H. Lane, the colored butler, who, on Tuesday, killed Miss Ella J. Jarden, otherwise known as Mrs. Ella J. Furbush, and her 10 year-old daughter, Madeline,

Soc. That meal hours be 7 to 8 a. m., 12 to 1 noon; 6 to 7 p. m., 12 to 1 midnight. That all meal hours be double time, and all succeeding hours, until sent home. That we recognize the following as holi-tars of the very 21st June Thanksriving the sent second and the purpose of robbery. The grand interview indicts the second se

That we recognize the following as holi-days of the year: 21st June, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day and Labor Day. That double time be paid from 7 p. m. of the eve of a holiday, until 7 a. m. after a holiday.

## **DUNDONALD WILL ASSUME**

greater efficiency in the educational admin-istration; Therefore resolved, that the following changes and reforms are desirable in the public interests; 1. Such amendments in the election act as will secure a secret ballot so that electors may vote according to the dictates of their conscience and judgment without fear of in-timidation or coercion from employers or creditors. 2. Such changes in the law as to render it easy and less expensive for the prosecu-tion of election trials as it is inmortant to discourage bribery and corrupt influences at elections and as the machinery of the courts for prosecuting violations of the elèction laws is now expensive, cumbersome and ineffec-tive.

