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CAMPBELLTON.

Continuation of the Argument Before the Water Works Commission.

Mr. Mott and Mr. Emmerson Present the Case for the Town in the Strongest Possible Light.

CAMPBELLTON, N. B., Nov. 16 .-The arbitration proceedings were continued this morning. Mr. Currey began his closing address, contending that the town of Campbellton had no power, neither had the local legislature, to give a company exclusive America act rested solely in the dominion government. The only value the board could allow was the actual value of the works irrespective of what the company may have paid for the same, because if the conpany cr Thibaudeau expended a million recklessly that was no reason why the town should be made to recoup them for any reckless expenditure.

Mr. Vannier asked Mr. Currey at the adjournment how he could explain the financial statement of the town's expert, Mr. Chipman, in which he placed the value of the work at \$75.

To this Mr. Currey replied that it was done in answer to Mr. Holt. Mr. Gregory then asked how the ar-bitrators were to deal with Mr. Chipman's evidence if part was erroneous to which Mr. Currey replied that he relied upon the evidence of Mr. Chipman irrespective of the financial statemeth he made, which was extraneous to his expert evidence altogether.

CAMPBELLTON, N. B., Nov. 17.—
Mr. Mott, in a most clear and lucid

address, reviewed the legal features of this complicated case, showing that while seemingly the town by its pre-sent action wanted to go back on its agreement, yet the aggressors in the matter in that respect were the gentlemen composing the company, who by their action plainly indicated that they sought to overreach the citizens of a young community who were not so familiar with municipal government as were those of older cities, who even recently, after a hundred years expenrience, had committed far

greater errors. with the actual proof, which fell far short of the promise. He discussed fully the legal aspect and enunciated as the proper principle of making the award, was the actual value without regard to any prospective profit of values, holding that the terms of the 21st section of the expropriation act unreservedly restricted the arbitrators to this course, which involved simply the structural value as a going con-cern with a reasonable advance in the nature of interest. The qualifying words clearly showed the intention of the legislature to allow the structural value. He commented severely on the absence of the books of the company and animadverted upon the fact that the chief expert witness for the company, Mr. Laurin, was an employe of the arbitrator for the company. He showed the disadvantage under which and felt that the town's people, no matter what the result, would view with suspicion the attitude of that arbitrator. The weight of expert evidence was clearly on the side of the town in the proportion of two to one, and he deemed it a most unfortunate circumstance that one should be a paid employe of one of the arbitrators who, unconsciously, however desirous of doing right, would naturally be

THE WEST INDIES.

INGSTON, Ja., Nov. 16.—Considerable ppointed has been occasioned here by asspatch from Washington announcing failure of the negotiations for the proceed Anglo-American reciprocity treaty for the West Indies.
The Hon. S. C. Burke, the leader of the popular" side in the legislature says: "The lession now arises, if the West Indies cannot obtain American reciprocity now, as countervalling duties in the home market as the only alternative to ruin which is le us. But this is deplorable insufficient on and the question of Canadian annexation Jamaica arises and be agitated as it new has heretofore, with the view of compellin further action."

SPORTING MATTERS.

Complimentary Dinner to Harry Vail Last Evening.

Nat Butler Wins Against the Horse Albatross in Races at Philadelphia

> AQUATIC. Harry Vail Entertained.

The friends of Harry Vall enter-tained him at a dinner at the Hotel Stanley last evening, in honor of his recent victories in Halifax. The affair was a success. W. A. Cathers presided, and after full justice had been done the excellent bill of fare provided by Mr. Fowler, a number of toasts were duly honored. Our Guest was received with three cheers and the singing of He's a Jolly Good Fellow. Mr. Vail replied in a very modest manner. He expressed his willingness at all times to endeavor to uphold the honor and reputation of St. John.

During the evening many toasts were proposed and responded to by Payson Davidson, T. O'Leary, Walter Mellican, R. J. Armstrong, R. J. Garnett, H. Ervine, Mr. Fielders, Mr. Maitland, J. A. Fowier, Wm. Miller (Sussex), Wm. Cathers and others. The gathering separated at an early hour this morning. During the even-ing the health of Messrs. Ruggles and Myra of Halfax was enthusiastically drunk, and Mr. Ervine responded, telling of the many kindnesses shown by those two geatlemen towards Mr. Vall. Mr. Vall goes to Gagetown this

THE WHEEL Nat Butler Wins Against Horse Albatross.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 16.-Albat-PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 16.—Albatross, the champion guideless pacing stallion of the world, with a record of 2.09 1-4, was beaten today at Point Breeze track, in half mile and quarter mile heat races, against Nat Butler, the New England bicyclist. The first heat of the half mile race Albatrace. ross won easily, but in the second heat Butler forged ahead and the stallion Mr. Emmerson made the closing stopped twenty feet from the wire. In the second heat Butler caught up to Albatross in the stretch and raced meant a case, contrasting in the first place the with him until near the wire, when of Albatross charged Butler with being responsible for this by calling Whoa, whoa; time, 1.08 1-2, 1.08, 1.16. In the quarter mile Albatross again stopped in front of the club house, Butler winning in 36 seconds. Butler also won the next heat by ten feet in

Lena No the champion pacing man of the world, with a record of 2.06 1-4, defeated W. S. Sager, the Denver wheelman. Lena N. won the first two heats and the race; time, 2.161-2, 2.12 1-2.

The track was very soft and no fast

THE RING.

time was made.

LEWISTON, Me., Nov. 17.—Patsy Reardon of Lewiston get a decision over Morris Rosenberg of New York in the sixth round here topight by a foul. After the second round it was clearly Rosenberg's fight, and had it not been for hitting his man after time was called he would have put ion out easily. Reardon started in fast, hitting often on the face and body and in a general mix-up in the second round seemed to have much the best of it. In the third round, however, Rosenberg entered the ring very fresh, and from that time on formed the fighting. In the sixth forced the fighting. In the sixth Reardon was knocked down, taking nearly his full time to rise. Soon after, when time was up, Roser committed the foul. Referee, Billy McGinnis; seconds for Reardon, Don-ovan, Daly and Walsh; for Rosenberg,

Flannel dipped in boiling water an sprinkled with turpentine and lard on thes will relieve severe cold.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

GUNS AND SPORTING GOODS



Davenport Single Barrel Breech-Loading Guns. Belgian and English Double Barrel Guns. Winchester and Marlin Rifles Hazard's Celebrated Black Powder, Eley's Job. Brown, and Green Cartridge Cases. Caps, Wads. Dominion Trap Shells. Winchester Blue Rical Shells. Schultze Smokeless Powder. Shot Cartridges of all kinds. Shells filled to order with Hazard's Celebrated Powders. Gun Tools. McEwan's Scotch Golf Clubs. Silverton Golf Balls.

W. H. THORNE & CO. Limited, MARKET SQUARE.

In Language That the Wide World Will Understand.

England Welcomes the United States in Its New Career as a Colonizing Agent.

But Will Never Need More Aid Than Would be Given by Her Own Children.

LONDON, Nov. 16 .- Joseph Cham evening, in replying to a toast to his health, spoke at length on colonial matters. The secretary of state for the colonies said that at most all international troubles of recent years had arisen from the competition of nations for the undeveloped territory on the world's surface in the possession of barbarous tribes or decaying nations. He dwelt upon these vast tracts as "outlets for the teeming populations and trade of civilized na-

Mr. Chamberlain predicted an "Immense future" for Rhodesia and Great Britain's other acquisitions in Africa, even the gold coast and Largos, "when medical science shall have succeeded in overcoming malarial disease."

He warmly defended the government's Chinese policy contending that ment's Chinese policy, contending that. Great Britain had "good reason to be

Great Britain had "good reason to be satisfied with the results obtained as compared with other powers."

Regarding the contention that Great Britain ought to have an agreement with Russia he said: "Experience has taught us that we require a better guarantee than a paper guarantee to secure the policy of an open door. The best security, in my opinion, is the desire of other nations, like Japan, Germany and the United Japan, Germany and the United States, to preserve in open door.

Japan is becoming an important power. with whom our relations throughout have been those of cordial friendship, while with Germany and the United

"Germany and the United States are the two great commercial nations whose interests are identical with our own. In what I have said I have not meant a permanent formal treaty of WINTER PORT MATTERS. that a speech of mine some months ago gave rise to misinterpretations. "Those persons are very premature, very much mistaken, who think that Great Britain is in need of an alli-

ance for her own security, or in order that other powers may pull chestnuts out of the fire." This was received with loud and rolonged cheers, which greeted every

eference to the United States. In an eloquent peroration Mr. Chamberlain developed this theme, declaring that if England ever ceded an alliance, she would give as much as she received, but that she would never need more aid, in his opinion, than would be cherefully afforded by her own children. He scorned the idea that England should fear German competition, as he believed, he said, that Anglo-Saxon co-operation and influence would prove irresistible, and that there was no reason why, even without an alliance, Great Britain's friendly relations with Germany should

"I rejoice," he said in conclusion 'at the change that has occurred in the relations between Great Britain and the United States. To us they stand in a relation different from that occupied by any other people. I know a hundred reasons why we should be friends, none why we should be otherwise, and I believe that it has been the true feeling of this country toward the United States for many years. All misunderstandings have been happily removed, and the union of the two English speaking nations would fear no other alliance. "Our imagination nust be fired when we contemplate the possibility of such a series."

of such a cordial understanding bethe United States and our fifty millions Britons, an understanding which would guarantee peace and civilization to the world. We welcome the United States in their new career as tween the seventy million people colonizing nation, because we know they are animated by the same motives and aspirations, employ the same methods and love justice as ourselves; and such a new departure will, doubt-ess, as Lord Salisbury has said, serve our interests, not in any selfish or mercenary sense, but because it will give each a better understanding of other's work, increase our sympathies, bring us closer together, and make easy and inevitable that most lesirable co-operation."

LONDON, Nov. 17.-Mr. Chamberlain's speech at the Conservative Club last evening does not meet with the unqualified approval bestowed upon the Manchester address. The disappointment felt concerns chiefly his

the staunch supporters of the govern-ment are unable to feel sure that the cabinet knows its, own mind. The

cabinet knows its, own mind. The government's Chiense policy is rather condoned, in consideration of their general policy eisewhere, than heartily approved upon its own merits."

The Daily Graphic says it would prefer to hear Lord Salisbury's views and that it does not believe Germany would join with England and the United States in restraining Russis from shutting the Chiense door. Mr. Chamberlain, in the Daily Graphic's opinion, is unwise in flouting Russia.

All the papers, however, recognize the importance of the speech and no-

CHAMBERLAIN TALKS tice Mr. Chamberlain's repudiation of ONTARIO AND QUEBEC

ST. JOHNS, Nov. 16.—The speech of Joseph Chamberlain before the national liberal union ists' conference at Manchester, England, yesterday, in the course of which he condemned the ch policy in Newfoundland along the treaty shore, gives general satisfaction here. It is regarded as ensur-ing a speedy settlemnt of the ques-tion. He recently despatched a royal commission here to enquire into the whole matter of French treaty rights. The commissioners found the French claims far more exacting than the treaties permitted, and, before leaving, a fortnight ago, to return to England, they expressed their intention of supporting the case of Newfoundland apon every count. There is no doubt

PARIS, Nov. 16.—The speech of Joseph Chamberlain, British secretary of state for the colonies, at Manchester yesterday, has had a disquieting effect upon French official circles, where it had been expected that the evacua-tion of Fashoda would satisfy Great

Mr. Chamberlain's statements are regarded here his indicating Great Britain's desire to discuss and settle all questions pending while she is in a state of preparedness to exent pressing in support of her view.

High officials suggest that the reult of the British attitude may be a lose understanding between France and Germany on colonial matters. They say Spain would meet with the support of Russia, would find ardent adherents among French officers, and would be welcomed by the French ha ton at large.

ten in France."
The Soir says also "the national defence group in the chamber met today and instructed their executive comwhile with Germany and the United States our relations, I rejoice to say, are now closer and more cordial than they have been for some time.

"Germany and the United States are the two great commercial nations whose interests are identical with our content of the day in the chamber on Friday resolution piedging the government to assume the efficiency of the national defence."

Will Employ Only Members of the Ship Laborers' Society.

The Manchester Line Sailings-Arrival of the Kanawha from New York-Special Trip by the International Company.

The Ship Laborers' Union not havng accepted the terms offered by the Montreal steamship agents, it was unanimously decided at a meeting held in Montreal Wednesday to give all the steamship work for the present to the new society, they having promptly agreed to accept the Montreal terms. In accordance with this decision Schofield & Co. have arranged with the new society to discharge and load the Van-couver of the Dominion line and the Ceemun of the Donaldson line, both of which steamers will be due here next week. The new society will also ttend to the West India Duart Castle, due here on Friday, and the London City of the Furness line, which will be due here on Wednesday The Manchester Enterprise will be the first of the Manchester liners to

come to St. John this winter. She is

to leave Manchester on Saturday, 19th nst., and will call at Halifax on the way here. The Manchester City and lanchester Trader will follow her, and the sailings from St. John will be fortnightly throughout the winter. The Kanawha, the pioneer steamship of the Manhattan line, which will run between New York, St. John and Eastport, arrived at nine o'cloc Wednesday morning. She is a woode no passenger accommodation aboard her, but after a few trips she will be replaced by a larger and better fitted steamer, with good passenger and freight accommodation for the service. The Kanawha brought a large freight to Eastport and was detained there in consequence. For St. John merchants the steamer brought about 35 tons of cargo. After discharging and taking aboard a quantity of freight the Kanawha left on her return trip at one o'clock for Eastport. The next sailing of the line from St. John will be on Nov. 24.

Ine International steamer Cumber-land arrived at 9 o'clock Tuesday night from Boston via Maine ports, with a large cargo. She left again at three o'clock Wednesday morning for Boston via Eastport. This is an extra trip. S. S. Teelin Head, the first of the Head line boats, left Ardrossan on Tuesday for St. John.

Seven steamships are on the way sailing for Portland, Me., as follows: Sheikh, from Liverpool, November 5; Numidian, from Liverpool, November 11; Christiana passed Isle of Wight, November 12; Kildona, from Newcastle, November 12; Sarmatian, from Glasgow, November 11; Georgian, from London, November 13; tramp steamer Cleveland, from Girgenti, November 2.

A HANDSOME ADMISSION. "Your replies are very tart," said the young husband. Then he hastily added: "Bur they are not as tart as those mother made."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

It is Stated Mulock Will be Knighted on Christmas Day.

The United States Alien Labor Law and Debarry's Action,

Lord Minto and the Toronto and Montreal St. Andrew's Societies - The Lumber Trade.

OTTAWA, Nov. 15.-The Interio until about Christmas. To commemorate the establishment

of an imperial penney post on Christ-mas it has been decided to issue a special postage stamp. The postmaster general has not fully decided upon the design, but several sactones are under consideration, nearly all of which embody the imperial idea. It is understood that the stamp will be in use for a limited period only. Hon. Mr. Mulock of course gets another pull from the pockets of philatelists by his

Col. Sain Hughes was here today telling the defence committee what he thought of the defence question. Mr. Yeo's translation makes the sixth vacancy in the commons. There are no signs of by-elections. Still another officer has been added to Mr. Sifton's army. Not satisfied with a superintendent of immigration, a Mr. C. W. Speers has been appointed chief colonization agent for the do-

Major Lake, quartermaster general, demands \$400, the difference between his salary and that of a G. O. C., while Lake was acting commandant between the date of Gascoigne's resignation and the appointment of Gen. Hutton. Lord Minto arrived at noon today and was given a cordial welcome. The mayor and city council met him at

The department of agriculture is advised that large shipments of poultry are going forward to England for the Christmas trade.

The Allan and Dominion lines have

notified the department that all the cold storage accommodation on the vessels which leave St. John during the next three weeks has been taken

Postmasters are advised by the mailed letters short of postage. If supplementary postage cannot conveniently be obtained before the mail leaves he articles must go forward short The conference of district officers

commanding with Major General Hutton commenced here tody. Those present were: Lt. Col. Holmes, London: Lt. Col. Otter, Toronto; Lt. Col. Montizambert, Kingston; Lt. Col. Gordon, Montreal; Lt. Col. Roy, St. Johns, Que.; Lt. Col. Pelletier, Quebec; Lt. Col. Vidal, Fredericton, N. B.; Lt. Col. Irving, Halifax, and Lt. Col. Moore, Charlottetown. There were also present: Col. Aylmer, adjutant general; Major Lessard, Toronto; Lt. Col. Dunn, Kingston; Lt. Col. Cotton, and Col. Foster, quartermaster gen Amongst the subjects to be discus at the meeting are the distribution of new arms, the concentration of troops at central points for company, battalion and brigade training; advanced instruction for senior officers; instruction in staff duties, corps and rifle practice and medical service; appoint ment of officers as second in d abolition of paymasters; limiting of ne surgeon to each regiment; organization for mobilization and creation of administration departments; discontinuance of any anticipation of government grants for drill, etc: abolition of the present tunic, which is unsuitbale for warm weather, and the election of serges to take its place; institution of a system of confidential reports to G. O. C.; the question of establishing a school of gunnery upon modern lines; improvement of the permanent force; institution of local schools of instruction; improvement of cavelry dismounted drill, etc. OTTAWA, Nov. 16.—None of

enders for the two years' mail ser-ice commencing 1st May next are onsidered satisfactory by the govern-ment, each having a modification of the government's condition to sug gest. New tenders are to be invited. the Indian department, died this morning, Mr. McNeill was a Prince Edward Islander by birth, and before entering the civil service of the dominion served in the royal navy.

The results of the shipments of tender fruits this summer have been received by the department of agric ceived by the department of agricul-ture. Consignments of pears arrived in good condition, and paid the ship-pers well. The experiments show, however, that it is impossible to ship peaches or grapes to England to give remunerative returns.

Ottawa's new central station will cost in the vicinity of \$130,000.

The officers attending the military

The officers attending the military conference paid their respects to Lord Minto this afternoon.

Seven schooners have been selzed by the customs preventive officers this season for liquior smuggling.

Commander Wakeham spent most of the summer on the Labrador coast. He says the fishing season was only poor, but that little distress prevails among the settlers on the coast.

HAMILTON, Ont., Nov. 16.—Robert. Spinning, a tramp from Nova Scotia,

Spinning, a tramp from Nova Scotia, while jumping from a C. P. R. freight train from Toronto on which he was stealing a ride, slipped, and his right foot was run over. The foot was amputated at the city hospital. Spinning



London correspondent cables: Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal will sail for Canada today. His visit, no doubt, will revive tales of his retirement from the high commissionership, but I can not ascertain any ground for such suggestion. His visit is chiefly on pri-vate business, though he will consult with the government on several matters, notably the fast mail service (which may soon enter an important stage) and the Pacific question, with a view to securing a contribution from the British government more in pro-portion to the large trade and imperial interests affected.

Sir Charles and Lady Tupper are at

Canada has unwittingly prepared a rod for the imperial government by its generous grant in aid of the West ladies, as announced here today. Papers appliand this fresh evidence of Canada's status as the pioneer of the Empire, and contrast her large-minded imperialism with the fact that the British government has as yet given no money to help that part of the empire which most exemplifies the past neglect of British statesmen in colonial affairs.

The Canadian Steamship Company, Limited, as houses that the steamship Gaspesia will be despatched from Liv-erpool December and and from Milford Haven December 7th, with passengers and cargo for Paspebiac, Quebec. The and cargo for Paspebiac, Quebec. The company is negotiating for another steamer for the service. The Gaspesia is classed in Lloyd's register as the Galicia, and was built for the Pacific Steam Navigation. Company in 1873.

are about to remove their business to St. John have held a meeting and unanimously resolved to give all their work to the new ship laborers' society. The old ship laborers' union is utter-

OTTAWA, Nov. 17.—It is currently reported that Hon. Mr. Mulock will set his highthous on Christmas day, when the new imperial postage

notorious in connection with the en-forcement of the alien labor law, has exceeded his duty. A high outhority exceeded his duty. A high outhority informs the Sun that when the international commission met at Quebec an understanding was reached by the two parties that pending the conclusion of this question there should be no action taken by either country to enforce the law. Debarry's recent action therefore came in the nature of a surprise to the government. The attention of the United States treasury department will be drawn to Debarry's department will be drawn to Debarry's

Drs. Mackay and Jones will be ap-pointed joint medical quarantie offi-ers at Halifax. The marine department issues notice

that a lighthouse will be put in operation at Arisag Point, Northu land Strait, at the opening of naviga-

Two range lights were put in operation at Cole Harbor this week. The department of marine and fish-The department of marine and fisheries has received information that Capt. Cox, the sealer's representative, and Capt. Taylor of Wolfville, N. S., who was appointed by the government to proceed to the Pacific coast to determine the value of sealing vestices. Francisco, who, it is alleged, is connected with the Alaska Commercial Co., which has a lease from the American government of the seal rook

CAYUGA, Ont., Nov. 17.—In dismissing the Haldimand election protest today, in which no proof was offered, Judge Osler declared the political saw off a disgrace, and said he intended