

World's Production of Zinc, 1913-19

(In metric tons, by countries where smelted)

	1913 ^a	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919
Australia	3,724	4,187	5,094	5,393	5,382	4,769	5,712	
Austria	21,407	19,308						
Belgium	197,703	201,220	145,925	51,660	22,930	10,290	9,245	17,000
Canada					2,698	9,058	11,139	11,182
China (exports)		923	315	2,328	174	432	127	
France	64,403	67,890						
Germany	283,113	283,113			195,500	180,500	236,000	
Great Britain	59,146	66,243	50,000	45,000	60,000	50,000	50,000	35,000
Holland	24,323		16,453	11,130				
Italy					258	367	1,188	20,000
Japan		900	5,881	21,132	38,994	54,716	44,500	
Norway	9,987	9,287	19,000	25,000	32,000	22,000		
Russia	7,600	10,500	6,500	2,000	1,160			
Siberia					213	569		
Spain	6,920	6,00	11,733	8,117	8,523	10,155	15,900	
Sweden		2,115	2,300	8,588	9,997	7,979	4,098	
Tasmania						49	3,883	
United States	320,283	311,502	352,019	444,089	606,315	607,433	446,707	422,519
	997,919							

^a Statistics from the Metallgesellschaft for 1913, given for comparison.

The foregoing statistics of the world's production of zinc, though incomplete, show approximately the foreign production during the war. There is always a possibility of duplication in figures showing European production, for some countries send crude zinc of poor quality to other countries for refining. Furthermore, secondary zinc is included in the figures showing the foreign production, so that to put the United States on an equal footing in the statistics it would be necessary to include in its production the domestic output of secondary zinc. (From U. S. Geol. Survey Report.)