

The Toronto World

FOUNDED 1880.

A Morning Newspaper Published Every Day in the Year by The World Newspaper Company of Toronto, Limited, 11, J. Maclean, Managing Director, WORLD BUILDING, TORONTO, NO. 40 WEST RICHMOND STREET.

Telephone Calls: MAIN 5303—Private Exchange connecting all departments.

will pay for The Daily World for one year, delivered in the City of Toronto, or by mail to any address in Canada, Great Britain or the United States, \$2.00.

Postage extra to United States and all other foreign countries.

Subscribers are requested to advise us promptly of any irregularity or delay in delivery of The World.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 28, 1913.

APPLICANTS FOR ANNEXATION.

Runnymede and Todmorden are both seeking admission to the city. If any annexation schemes are to be carried out this year the matter should be taken up by the board of control, or referred to a committee of the council to prepare a comprehensive and consistent plan. When any annexation is proposed there always seems to be a number of people who think that the idea is intended to benefit some individual section, or perhaps some individual. Nothing can happen in the city scarcely without some being either injured or benefited. This is a natural outcome of the great interests involved in any large city.

But the local injury or benefit of one or more persons cannot be permitted to interfere with the welfare of the whole community, and the question of territorial expansion is a vital one to the great general interests of the city.

Metropolitan jurisdiction has been advocated and is most earnestly to be desired over a much wider territory than the city boundaries include, but it seems practically impossible to get the consent of the legislature to any adequate measure of this description. The next best remedy is annexation of territory which evidently must eventually form part of the city proper; which is now being favorably affected by the proximity of the city, altho making no return in taxation therefor; or which, for social decency or other humane considerations, should be supplied with the sanitary conveniences and necessities of civic organization.

It has been the custom of two of the controllers to "knock" and obstruct every civic proposal this year. Why do they not lay their heads together and exhibit their constructive powers in relation to this problem for once?

It seems to us that the board of control should take up the question and either act directly or delegate action to a committee.

CIVIC ETHICS.

The Star has been reading The London Advertiser a very proper lesson on the folly of loading up a whole city with the reputation created by and justly attaching to only a few. The text of the discussion was the printing of forged tickets for the Laurier meeting. The Star does not blame anyone in particular and points out that Toronto is largely made up of Ontario people from surrounding towns and villages. The Star might have said also that the printing and distribution of the bogus tickets was a village trick. It is regrettable that in the smaller communities of Ontario the ethics of the practical joke, the humor of boisterous horse play and admiration for what is vulgarly regarded as a smart trick prevail, to the exclusion of more reasonable and intelligent standards of social behavior. Very often what might be excused as a rough joke in a small community becomes little short of a serious crime in a city like Toronto. But many Toronto residents have not yet gained a proper sense of social proportion. They have not grown up to the standard of a capital city.

PAYING FOR PREJUDICE.

In its endeavor to injure the reputation of Mayor Hocken's administration The Telegram does not mind risking its reputation for accuracy, as a newspaper. The story that the water-works were about to be disabled once more was a particularly silly and pointless canard, which could have been verified or disproved quite easily. It is a poor business this coloring of news columns to suit editorial prejudice.

OLD AND NEW.

Colonel Denison is reported as saying that it would put the Royal Society of Canada in a humiliating position to be the first of all such societies in the world to admit women. This is an interesting illustration of the reverse method in which some minds work. As a matter of fact the Royal Society of Canada will be hailed throughout the world as the most advanced of all similar bodies in taking such a just and reasonable step. According to Colonel Denison Madam Curie would not be a fit and proper member of the Royal Society, nor Jane Addams, nor Lady Butler, to mention representative women who would honor the roll of any society. Old prejudices die hard and Canadian opinion is largely dominated yet by antiquated views, but it is a matter for congratulation that the Royal Society of Canada has shaken itself free from the prejudices represented by Colonel Denison and made

it possible that in future Canadian women, who may attain such eminence as those we have mentioned have attained, can be suitably honored.

GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS FOR ALASKA.

If the United States secretary of the interior has his way there will be government ownership of railways in Alaska. In a recent despatch he declared it to be the policy that will most certainly make for the lasting welfare of that vast district. In answer to the plea that government ownership is a new policy for the United States, he answers—Alaska is a new part of the United States and policies properly change with new conditions. The one determining question in all matters of government, he said, should be, "What is the wise thing to do?" Mr. Lane holds that for the government to build these railroads and control them may be an experiment, but it does not suggest scandals more shameful or political conditions more unhealthy than have been known in new portions of the United States under private ownership. The highest and fullest use of Alaska, he concludes, can only be secured by making her railways wholly subordinate to her industrial and social life and needs—true public utilities.

CAN BRITISH STATES BE NEUTRAL?

In the first of a series of six lectures of "Colonial Problems," now in course of delivery at King's College, London, Dr. Lawrence, formerly deputy professor of international law at Cambridge University, dealt with "The Colonies in International Law." This course received the approval of Mr. Lewis Harcourt, secretary of state for the colonies, who expressed his satisfaction that those problems have now begun to occupy the attention of those who, like Dr. Lawrence, have made international law their particular study. The introductory lecture had special interest for Canada, because it related primarily to the constitutional position which the self-governing dominions hold in relation to the United Kingdom, and, as parts of the British Empire, to foreign countries. Dr. Lawrence spoke, of course, from the point of view of an expert on constitutional and international law, and his pronouncements in that connection have right to be accepted as authoritative.

While the dominions may enjoy almost complete self-government they are units in a greater unit, to use the phrase of Mr. Asquith, the Bri-

tish prime minister, and, so far as foreign affairs are concerned, only that greater unit is recognized. It follows from this that the dominions, in international status, have no independent status. Within the empire, they may be practically, and be practically regarded as autonomous states, even equal members of an imperial co-partnership, influencing, or even conditioning, the foreign policy of the empire. But the United Kingdom, under present circumstances, exclusively represents the empire. Should it be involved in war, the whole empire is at war and no declaration of neutrality on the part of any of the dominions can render it immune from attack. As Dr. Lawrence says: "The only way in which any one dominion can constitutionally seek neutrality is by seceding from the empire and setting up a separate national existence."

While Sir Wilfrid Laurier, when prime minister, admitted that if the empire were at war, Canada would necessarily be involved, he apparently cherishes some more or less latent idea that it is possible for Canada, while remaining within the empire, to occupy the virtual position of a neutral nation. In this he follows Mr. Schreiner, who, as premier of Cape Colony at the outbreak of the Boer war, declared his wish that it should stand apart and aloof. Dr. Lawrence strongly suspects that the controversy on this point in Canada, as elsewhere, was largely due to the use of technical terms in a non-technical way. Whether the dominions resolve to give or withhold assistance to the mother country in time of war is a matter of internal arrangement which in no way concerns foreign nations, neither has it anything to do with neutrality. For neutrality has its obligations as well as its privileges. Would Canada enforce its neutrality against the empire of which it is a part, refuse passage to British troops or the use of its harbors to British ships? Such questions can only be answered one way while Canada remains an integral member of the imperial co-partnership.

TORONTO WATER RATES.

Water takers are reminded to pay their water rates early, secure the discount and avoid crowding. To secure full discount, payment must be made not later than May 31. Water rates may be paid at branch banks throughout the city until May 30, but as the last day of payment, the 31st, falls on Saturday, payment of rates on that day must be made at the city hall, as the banks will not accept them on a Saturday.

O'Keefe's
SPECIAL
EXTRA MILD ALE
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—IN—
O'Keefe's Special Extra Mild Ale

Race week has its ups and downs, but the Joy of Success and Victory in a hard-fought field is only properly celebrated with that King of all brews—O'Keefe's Special Extra Mild Ale.

Bright, sparkling and delicious O'Keefe's Special Extra Mild Ale will never make you bilious. Full Bodied, Properly Aged, Rich and Creamy and yet mild in stimulating properties and a little better than any other brand.

In ordering from your dealer do not simply say Extra Mild Ale, but O'KEEFE'S SPECIAL EXTRA MILD, and insist that nothing else is "Just as good."

If your dealer will not supply you telephone us and we will see that you are supplied at once.

The O'Keefe Brewery Co., Limited, Toronto
Phones Main 758 and Main 4455

The Philosopher of Folly

By Sherwood Hart

SUMMER BOARD.

"Tied to the city's dust and heat, I long to steer my weary feet for Uplands, where the air is sweet with scent of buds and flowers; I crave the joys of Uplands dells, where quiet and contentment dwell, and Nature casts a kindly spell over all the joyful hours. I yearn to turn my weary eyes upon fresh fields and azure skies, where in the morning I may rise to help the farmer labor. I sicken of the crowds I see—oh, what a pleasure it would be to dwell alone, uncrowded, free— a mile from any neighbor! The city's streets are full of noise—I faint would fly to simpler joys where I could keep the morning quiet, and the ducks and geese; where 'mid the lovely Uplands scenes I can parade in worn-out jeans and lose the cucumbers and beans—there truly rest and peace is found. The city's life is full of rush—I would that I could free its crush, and lie me to the country's hush, its soothing healing quiet. I read that Uplands is the spot to go to when the weather's hot; we'll pack our things, and like a shot we'll scamper off and try it." Thus yestern spoke a city man, and heans—there truly rest and peace is found. The city's life is full of rush—I would that I could free its crush, and lie me to the country's hush, its soothing healing quiet. I read that Uplands is the spot to go to when the weather's hot; we'll pack our things, and like a shot we'll scamper off and try it." Thus yestern spoke a city man, and heans—there truly rest and peace is found. The city's life is full of rush—I would that I could free its crush, and lie me to the country's hush, its soothing healing quiet. I read that Uplands is the spot to go to when the weather's hot; we'll pack our things, and like a shot we'll scamper off and try it." Thus yestern spoke a city man, and heans—there truly rest and peace is found.

Canada Permanent Mortgage Corporation

Toronto Street - - - - - Toronto.

ESTABLISHED 1855.

President - - - - - W. G. Gooderham

First Vice-Pres. - - - - - W. J. Matthews

Second Vice-Pres. - - - - - G. W. Monk

Joint Gen. Managers - - - - - R. S. Hudson, John Maasey.

Superintendent of Branches and Secretary - - - - - George H. Smith.

Paid-Up Capital - - - - - \$5,000,000.00

Reserve Fund (earned) - - - - - \$4,000,000.00

Investments - - - - - \$31,299,095.95

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, DEBENTURES ISSUED.

Associated with the above Corporation and under the same direction and management is the

CANADA PERMANENT TRUST COMPANY.

lately incorporated by the Dominion Parliament. This Trust Company is now prepared to act as Executor, Administrator, Liquidator, Guardian, etc. Any branch of the business of a legitimate Trust Company will have careful and prompt attention.

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At Osgoode Hall

ANNOUNCEMENTS

May 27, 1913.

Motions set down for single court for Wednesday, 28th inst., at 11 a.m.:

1. Re McKenzie Estate.

2. Stammer v. Ferguson.

3. Re Solicitor, etc.

4. Re Felicit Estate.

5. Goudie v. Goudie.

6. Kendler v. Goldberg.

7. Re McCoubrey and Toronto.

8. Re Fillingham Estate.

Peremptory list for appellate division for Wednesday, 28th inst., at 11 a.m.:

1. National v. Brantford (to be continued).

2. Badenach v. Inglis.

3. Traders Bank v. Wilford.

4. Daloutania v. McCormack and cross appeal.

5. Sauerman v. E. M. F. Company.

6. Richter v. Employers' Liability.

Master's Chambers.

Before J. S. Cartwright, K.C., Master.

Clarkson v. Linden—W. A. Lampert, for plaintiff, obtained order discharging his pendens.

Sovereign Bank v. Taylor—Gordon (Bicknell & Co.), for plaintiff, obtained order for issue of concurrent writ for service on defendant at St. John, N.B. Time for appearance twenty days.

Imperial Glove Co. v. Griesman—Mortimer (Heighington & M.), for defendant, moved for order for security for costs. D. Peat (Hamilton) for plaintiffs. At plaintiffs' request motion enlarged until 30th inst.

Boyd v. Richards—A. M. Boyd, for plaintiff, moved for order postponing trial until after vacation. M. H. Ludwig, K.C., for defendant. Order that case be put on peremptory list. Costs in cause to defendant.

Sovereign Bank v. Henderson—J. F. Boland, for plaintiffs, moved for order for examination of D. M. Stewart at Buffalo instead of New York and for examination of Henderson, A. M. Boyd for defendant. Order made for commission to examine defendant Henderson as may be arranged, to be expedited.

Johnston v. Armstrong—C. W. Kerr, for plaintiff, moved for order appointing guardian for plaintiff. E. C. Cattanch for defendant. Motion dismissed.

Costs to defendant in any event.

Kilmer v. Deseronto—M. H. Ludwig, K.C., for defendants, moved for order changing venue from Toronto to Bellefleur.

G. H. Kilmer, K.C., for plaintiff. Motion enlarged until 28th inst.

Broom v. Finan—Plaintiff on consent obtained order for payment out to him of moneys paid into court on September 9, 1911, and dismissing action without costs.

Judges' Chambers.

Before Britton, J. McL. Macdonell, K.C., for defendant, moved for order discharging his pendens or caution filed by plaintiff and expediting

"Cheap" Matches are an Extravagance

They are made of poor materials. In getting a light, the waste is invariably excessive. As a result, they cost you more—ultimately—than if you used the best:

38 Brands For all Demands

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Scotch Whisky

A blend of pure Highland malts, bottled in Scotland, exclusively for

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TORONTO

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Ladies' and Gentlemen's, cleaned, blocked, and altered, latest styles.

NEW YORK HAT WORKS

566 Yonge Street

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trial. E. D. Armour, K.C., for plaintiff. Motion dismissed with costs.

Re Toronto Suburban Railway Co. and Rogers, ditto and Solomon, et al.

—R. B. Henderson, for railway company, moved for order for immediate possession of lands to be expropriated as per plans filed. J. Pearson for owners, McCullough, Abbott and Solomon. A. B. Turner for ten other owners. Chadwick, one owner in person. Motions stand until 30th inst. pending negotiations to amounts to be paid into court in each case.

Reinhardt Salvador Brewing Co. v. Gamble—J. Mitchell, for defendant, moved for order staying execution under order of master in chambers of May 16, 1913, until appeal therefrom can be heard. W. R. Smyth, K.C., for plaintiffs. Order made that no execution be placed in sheriff's hands before 30th inst.

Re Toronto Suburban Railway Co. and Winters—R. B. Henderson, for the railway company, obtained order confirming agreement to pay into court moneys on possession proceedings where agreement has been made with life tenant.

Stevens v. Electrical Development Co.—F. W. Harcourt, K.C., for infants, obtained order for payment out of her share to Mabel Stevens, now of age, and for payment out to the other infant upon attaining majority.

Emmons v. Dymond—E. C. Cattanch, for defendant, moved for order transferring action from county court into high court division. R. U. McPherson for plaintiff. Reserved.

Re Colonial Investment Loan Co. and Murray—O. H. King, for plaintiffs, obtained two weeks' enlargement of motion herein.

Re M. Nicholas—A. McL. Macdonell, K.C., for father, moved, on return of habeas corpus for an order giving him custody of infant, McLary (Robinet & Co.), for Maud Nicholas, asked enlargement. Motion dismissed. Dismissal to be a bar to further applications within two years unless upon leave of court or judge.

Re Peel—G. M. Willoughby, for inspector of P. and P. C., obtained order for payment out of court of moneys for maintenance.

Re Winsor—G. M. Willoughby, for inspector of P. and P. C., obtained order for payment out of court of moneys for maintenance.

Re Montague—G. M. Willoughby, for inspector of P. and P. C., obtained order for payment out of court of moneys for maintenance.

Appellate Division.

Before Muir, C.J., Clute, J.; Riddell, J.; Sutherland, J.

Garrett v. Gibbons—T. J. W. O'Connor and E. E. Wallace, for defendants; R. H. Holmes, for plaintiff. Appeal by defendants from the judgment of Britton, J. of March 18, 1913. Argument of appeal resumed from yesterday and concluded. Appeal dismissed with costs.

Before Muir, C.J.; Clute, J.; Riddell, J.; Sutherland, J.; Leitch, J.

Pringle v. Rudd—E. J. Hearn, K.C., for defendant; E. E. Wallace, for plaintiff. Appeal by defendant from Meredith, C.J., of March 27, 1913. Action by Arnold Arthur Pringle, an infant, and by his father, Charles Pringle, both of Toronto, claiming \$10,000 damages on behalf of infant plaintiff, and \$256 damage on behalf of the father, for injuries received by infant plaintiff by being struck in the eye by a rocket which defendant was setting off in front of his residence on May 24, 1912. At trial judgment was awarded infant plaintiff for \$1070 and costs; the \$70 to be paid for doctor's and druggist's bills, and the \$1000 into court to credit of infant. Appeal argued and dismissed with costs.

Vipond v. Discepolo—N. W. Rowell, K.C., for plaintiff; C. H. Clive (Cornwall), for plaintiff. Appeal by defendant from the judgment of O'Reilly, J. of C. C. of Stormont, D. and G., of April 2, 1913. Action by wholesale fruit merchant of Montreal to recover \$758.53, claimed to be balance due by defendant for goods purchased from plaintiff. At the trial judgment was awarded plaintiff for \$668.65 and costs, the court being of opinion that in view of the judge's certificate the plaintiff cannot be heard, the judgment having been settled in terms of consent, motion retained and defendant permitted to apply to trial judge to modify his certificate. If trial judge modifies his certificate appeal may be argued, if

certificate not modified appeal to be dismissed with costs.

Before Muir, C.J.; Riddell, J.; Sutherland, J.; Leitch, J.

National Trust Co. v. Brantford Street Railway Co.—J. A. Patterson, K.C., for plaintiffs; S. C. Smoke, K.C., for defendants. Appeal by plaintiffs from judgment of Kelly, J., of July 13, 1912. Action by plaintiffs, trustees for bondholders, to recover \$125,000 and interest, claimed to be due on mortgage, and in default foreclosure, and for recovery of possession of mortgaged lands and appointment of a receiver. At trial it appearing that interest had been paid, action was dismissed with costs from payment of interest on June 11, 1912, plaintiffs to have costs to that time. Appeal partially argued, but not concluded.

Before Muir, C.J.; Clute, J.; Riddell, J.; Sutherland, J.

Rallying at the Labor Temple last night the local branch of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters discussed the pending trouble on the wage question, and if the present feeling of the men is a true barometer, a general strike before the end of the week is not improbable. The men are firm in their demand for a wage rate of 46 cents an hour, and the employers have offered nothing better than 42 cents.

The matter will probably come to a head on Friday evening, when a mass meeting is to be held in the Labor Temple. If a strike was declared it would affect at least 2600 men and possibly up to 3500. It is expected that the situation is rendered more serious by the fact that several of the building trades are at present in an unsettled condition and are thought to be waiting until the mass meeting of Friday and Saturday before taking further action.

Japanese Money

FOR 'FRISCO FAIR

Six Hundred Thousand Dollars Will Be Spent on Big Exposition.

Special Cable to The World.

TOKIO, May 27.—(Copyright)—Parliament has appropriated 1,200,000 yen (about \$600,000) for the proper representation of Japan at the San Francisco Fair to celebrate the opening of the Panama Canal.

The foreign vice-minister told The World correspondent today that the California land question will not interfere with this appropriation, although no committee has yet been appointed to determine to what extent Japan will participate in the exposition, nor have any definite plans been formulated. This is because of pressure of work looking to international financial reform.

Violent agitation in the press over the California crisis is decreasing as a better understanding is reached of the complicated difficulties which confront both the United States and the Japanese Government. There are still occasional jingoistic outbursts, but these are the exceptions, a much calmer tone prevailing.

Rochester and Return \$2.

For the first trip of the Toronto-Toronto, May 31, leaving Toronto at 2:30 p.m., the Rochester and Ontario Navigation Co. will put in a low rate of trip rate of \$2 from Toronto to Charlotte, Sunday night, arriving in Toronto Monday morning. Tickets can be obtained at ticket office, 46 Yonge street, Toronto, corner Wellington street.

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