

reduced the amount of beer released to 90% of what was received in the base year, and the wine quota was set at 80% of the amount received in the base year.

Imports of the three types of alcoholic beverages are cut to the same quotas: 70% for spirits, 80% for wine, 90% for beer. Furthermore, the sale of alcoholic spirits of strength greater than 70% proof spirit is prohibited, with the exception of spirits which were out of bond or bottled prior to the date on which the Order came into force. The distilling of spirits for use in fortifying wines is also prohibited.

These quotas were set, and have been strictly enforced by the federal government. The success with which the Canadian government's plan, enforced by the Prices Board, has met is indicated by the following table. In each case the consumption has been held almost exactly at the level set in the Wartime Alcoholic Beverages order:

		SPIRITS (Proof Gallons)	WINE (Imperial Gallons)	BEER (Imperial Gallons)
Amount delivered during 12 months ended Oct. 31/42 (base year)	Domestic -	3,800,776	4,145,584	97,980,753
	Imported -	1,191,614	378,492	78,830
Amount permitted under restrictions set by Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order, 1942	Domestic -	2,660,543 (70% of amount delivered in the base year)	3,316,467 (80% of amount delivered in the base year)	88,129,600 (90% of amount delivered in the base year)
	Imported -	834,876 (70% of amount delivered in the base year)	357,077 (80% of amount delivered in the base year)	70,947 (90% of the amount delivered in the base year)
Amount actually delivered or sold during year ended October 31/43	Domestic -	2,659,577	3,307,767	87,831,926
	Imported -	824,694	309,197	66,692
Amount actually delivered or sold during year ended October 31/43 in relation to base year (percentages)		69.79%	79.79%	89.65%
Amount delivered during year ended October 31/44	Domestic -	2,659,629	3,293,148	
	Imported -	817,527	293,678	
Amount delivered or sold during year ended October 31/44 (percentages)		69.01%	79.02%	

On March 12, 1944 control of beer was removed from control by the federal government and placed under provincial jurisdiction. However, low malt stocks prevented any substantial increase in brewing.