

- veterinarian, preferably veterinary pathologist, with knowledge of the effects of known chemical or biological warfare agents on animals and/or infectious/exotic diseases;
- psychologist, familiar with interviewing techniques;
- sociologist, ethnologist and/or cultural anthropologist with knowledge of the area where the alleged attack occurred;
- plant expert, ecologist, etc., depending on what problems have been encountered.

6.2 Equipment

The basic requirements for a field laboratory, should it be possible to establish such a facility, have been detailed in the Handbook for the Investigation of Allegations of the Use of Chemical or Biological Weapons (Government of Canada, 1985; see pp. 23-36). Hence, there is no need to repeat this here. However, it should be stressed that this laboratory, if established, would essentially be restricted to the collection and preservation of samples for further investigation.