## FRIDULIN,

Translated from the Gervan, by J. W. We
We present cur readers, this wede ivith the whole of the beautiful ballad, entided "Fridulin, or thic Message to the Furge." The original ballad has, for nearly thirty years, formed the delighe of the (iermans, and it has furgished the subject of varivus opuras and trag.dies. It has been set to a beautiful, simple and affecting melocly, by the late regretted Weber. The subject of this ballad is an ancient Alsacian tradition, which is sill extant in Lorraine and on the banks of the Rhine; and it is said that Schiller, having heard it repeated at Manhein, male himself master of it, and by the force of his talent, it thens became, in some sort, national.
The translation, though not equal to the vigour of the original, is easy and spirited: and conveys a tolerably just idea of Schiller's powerfil delineation.

In beauty's train was never seen
A boy of nore engaging mien,
Or more endowed all hearts to win,
Than the fair page, young Fridulin;
Zlis lady was a lufty dame,
The Countess of Saverne ly name ;
Oh! she was gente grood and mild,
She loved him as a favourite child,
And he loved her with that pure zeal,
Which souls devout for angels feel.
From carly dawn to deep in night
He served her with unfeigned delight ;
And if the latly bade him rest,
His eyes were d w'd, his heart opprest ;
Fins still he thought his daty vain,
If done without fatigue or pain.
Above the empty pride of birth,
The Countess saw and prized his worth;
She tyrught not of his low degree, But of his mind's nelitity ;
From fairy lips his praises fell,
The swet reward for doing well.
The huntsman, Rubert, saw, with rage,
These fivours to a stripling page; Dark as his fierce and hideous scowl,
The demon hate possess'd his soul :
Ife watch'd, determin'd to destroy;
Tire unsuspiciuns, arthess koy;
And one hay in his mater's ear,
Thus pourd the subtle poison thare:
" How lappy is my noble lord!"
The traitor eried with venom'l word;
"Duabt ia his bosom camut dwell,
Nor jealousy, that fiend of liell;
For with so rare a consurt blest, The purest, faidifullest and kest; The serpent-tempter's self must tail Who dured buch virtue to assail."
"What say'st chon, slave!". with frowning brow,
The Count exclaimed, "and thinkest thou My faith is pinu'd to woman's sleeve, Whose truth 'twere folly to believe? -
They're changing as the shifting waves,
And he who vaunts their virtue raves;
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{y}}$ faith is built on firmer ground,
And long 't will be ere he is found
Whose lawless passion mects return
From her whose lord's the Count Saverne!".
Robert repliod-" The wretch, .'tis true,
Merits, my Lord, but scorn from you;
And though the recreant, vassal-knave
Dares your high diguity to brave,
Lets his loose thoughts and fierce desire,
Even to his mistress' love aspire." -
"Houlu!" cried the Gount, "of whom you te!!; And does he in this castle dwell ?"
"Oh, yes ! he daily eats your bread.-
But can it be," the reptile said,
"My noble naster's not aware,
Or what to all the household's clear?
'Tis strange ! and yet perhaps I'm wrong,
But henceforth I will hold my tongue.".
"Speak, or thou diest!" convulsed with rage;
The count exclaimed, "His name ?" "The page."
No pen could paint the count's dismay, While Robert thus went on to say,
"The boy's well-shaped one can't" And female hearts are prone to love, And opportunity and youth,
Are dangerous foes to wedded truth ;
But then the haughty pride of blood,
Besides the countess is so good;
Yet did your lordship never note
His looks that languiskingly dote
Upon her, and that seem to claim
An answer to his amorous flame ?
"And then his verses full of fire,
And sentiment, and soft desire,
Where he avows his love."-"Avows!
And docs he thus insult my spouse ?"
"Duubeloss your lady mild and true,
Thro' pity, hides his faull from you ;
But I regret what I have said-
And what have you, my lord, to dread ?"
With burstüig heart and boiling blood,
The count plunged in the neighbouring wood, Tho where his iron-forgers bent-
That metal, from earth's caverns rent, In flames, whose red, thirific light Perpetual glar'd thro' day and night ;
Where fire, water, and man's skill
Subducd the stubiora steel at will.
The count now beckon'd to draw nigh
Two cyclops, that had caught his eye;
Then said: "Slaves listen, and attend! The firs, , the very first I send
To you, whose message thus shall run :
The master's orders are they done?
Seize him and hurl him, in a breath,
Into your hottest flames to death?"
The wretches grinn'd with horrid joy,
For in their souls no soft alloy
Of pity dwelt, no tempering glow To melt their iron hearts to woe;
Forth to the fire, with enger feet,
They speed, to rouse its fiercest heat ;
Like demons they exulting wait
The rictim of their master's hate.
"Haste, comrade haste, make no delay !"
To Fridolin did Robert say :
"My lord demands you."-Swift as light
The page was in his master's sight;
Who said: "Quick, to the forges run,
And ask if iny commands are done."
He bowed, and promised to obey,
But scarce had he began his way,
When jusily to himself he thought,
My lady's leave should first be sought; So he retraced his steps, and cane To ask permission of the dame.

With that sweet voice, whose witching tone
Could move a stoic or a stone,
The countess of Saverue replied :
"My son is ill, I must abide
Beside his infant couch, to save
My.first-born darling from the grave :

Then to the holy masis repair,
My page, and offer up a prayer
Forhim, and heaven will not despise'
A willing heart's pure sacrifice:
With graceful bow, and heart coutent,
Fridolin from the countess went ;
Fleet as an arrow hie pursued
His path, impell'd by gratitude.
And now the bell began to toll,
Which vibrates to the sinner's soul.
On sainted ground his steps now trod,
Within the temple of his God ;
A silence, solemn and sublime,
There reign'd-for it was harvest time.
No pious hand as yet appear'd
To aid the holy priest rever²-.
Till Fridolin, as quick as thought,
The' sacred vests and vases sought,
And offered to the holy man
To serve as clerli and sacristan.
His soul was pure and free from guile,
And he aven's own approving smile
Seem'd to endow him with the skin'
Required these duties to fulfil :
He well performed his pious part,
His hand was prompted by his heart.
The mass was done, the blessing given ${ }^{\text {* }}$
By the meek minister of heaven;
The sacred vessels of the Lord,
By the young clerk were then restar'd:
Each to its proper place with care;
And with a hëart as light as air,
A conscience free, and spirits gay,
Forth to the forge the bent his way.
Envelop'd in the stifing smoke,
Thus to two sooty feinds he spoke.--
"The count's commands are they obey.ed?"
With looks as hideous as their trade,
They pointed to the gulph of flame,
And grinning said-"We've done the same::
We did the deed like hearts of steel,
The count will thank us for our zeal."
Back to his master now he hies,
But how describe the count's surprise,
To see the beauteous, buoyant page
Return uncunscious of his rage!
"Whence comest thou!"-"From my lord's forge :"
And can the burning flames disgorge
Their prey unhurt;---thus thought Saverne;
Then to Fridolin said he, stern:
"Boy, thou hast loitered on the way."-
"I did, my lord."-"For what ?"-..""To pray.
"This morning when I left your sight,
Forgive me, that I thougit it right;
Ere I went out first to receive
My lady's orders, and her leave;
She bade me to the mass to go,
And there I pray'd for her and you;
For you, and her, and your sweet heir,
I pray' $i$, my lord-a grateful prayer."
The count was moved; in his stern heart
Remorse and pity each had part;
He ask'd, conceiving the mistake,
"What answer did the forgemen make?"
"My lord, their words were dark and wild,.
They pointed to the flames and smiled:
'We've done the deed like hearts of steel,
The count will thank us for our zeal.'"
"And met'st thou Robert on thy road ?"-"
"Nor in the village, field orwood.

