Habitat.—West Point, Nebraska, July 1, 1887, "on plum." Type in collection of the University of Nebraska,

The following table separates all the entirely black or blue-black Hylotomæ of boreal North America:

I. Colour black; legs beyond femora pale; base of wings

dark......nigrescens, Roh.

Hylotoma grandis, n. sp.— ♀. Length, 10-12 mm. Robust. Head narrower than thorax, shining, outer orbits and vertex impunctate, front with a few small punctures; ocelli in a low triangle; ocellar basin shallow, joining with the elongate middle fovea; middle fovea with well defined walls, narrower below; middle carina broad, strong; frontal furrows extending as far down as ocelli; antennal foveæ elongate, broad, extending downward to clypeus; antennæ subclavate, second joint shorter than first; clypeus circularly emarginate, densely punctured; mandibles broad; thorax shining; posterior angles of pronotum sharp; scutellum convex, rounded at apex; middle and posterior tibiæ with lateral spurs; all the tibial spurs simple, sharp; tarsal claws simple; basal nervure joining subcosta basad to origin of cubitus; stigma widest at base, tapering to apex; third cubital cell longer on radius than on cubitus; hind wings normal; abdomen as usual. Colour cherry-red; ocelli piceous; antennæ black; head, pronotum in the middle, tegulæ, entire mesonotum, mesopectus; entire metathorax, all the legs, sheath, blue black; wings very dark, darkest

S.—Length, 9 mm. Differs from Q in having the antennæ with small hairs, the ocellar basin slightly separated from middle fovea, the basal nervure joining the subcosta at origin of cubitus.

Habitat.—Halsey, Nebr., June, 2 & 's, 2 2 's. Co-types in the collection of the University of Nebraska and in the author's collection.

This species is closest to *H. humeralis*, Beauv., but the abdomen is without black, second joint of the antenne is shorter than the first, the