POETRY.

LITTLE GEORGE'S WISH.

- "I wish I could see Jacob, mother," Said little George, as he Looked kindly in his mother's face, While standing by her knee.
- " I wish to ask good Jacob, mother, If i.e would please to lend To me the ladder upon which The angels did descend.
- "I thought how I should love, mother, To see those angels fair, On wings of light so beautiful. Soaring above me there.
- " And it seems to me, dear mother, The angels then might see Your little boy, and kindly come To speak a word with me.
- "And, if you could but spare me, mother, Might I not with them rise. And, mounting upwards, join the hosts Of angels in the skies 1
- " I wish I could see Jacob, mother, I know that he would lend To me the ladder upon which The angels did descend."
- Dear boy," the mother san Fast filled her loving eye, ' the mother said, while tears
- "Good Jacob long ago hath joined The angels in the sky.
- " If thou, my son, like him of old, The blessed Lord wilt love, Thy guardian angels, all unseen, Will watch thee from Above.
- " And, when the night of life draws nigh, Death comes with friendly care, Thy spirit shall ascend to Heaven, And join good Jacob there.
- " But, oh! a long and weary way Before us all may lie, Ere we may hear the angel choir In that bright world on High.
- " May holy thoughts, my gentle boy, Like angels, ever come And dwell with thee, while journeying Unto thy heavenly home !
- " And, when thy pilgrimage is o'er, Mayst thou at life's last even Exclaim, as holy Jacob did, This is the gate of Heaven!""

THE PILGRIM'S SONG.

God help thee, weary traveller, and guide thee on thy way.

In danger be thy refuge, in weakness be thy stay; When storms around thee threaten, or snares thy stens attend,

May He be thy Deliv'rerand save thee to the end.

Thy path is rough and stormy, thy comforts few and rare,

Thy garb is poor and homely, thy tent is worn and

Like thy great Lord an outcast, a wand'rer here thou art.

Yet, sharing in His sorrow, in His joy thou'lt have a part

Shouldst thou hy fraud or violence be led to leave i the way.

- May He pursue thy footsteps, too prone, alas! to siray, Restrain thee in His mercy, light up thy darkened

mind.

Dry up thy terms of sudness, thy broken spirit

When comrades fail or grieve thee, or vanish from thy sight,

May He, thy Friend and Brother, be near to lead thee right;

A table in the desert may He with bounties spread, Supply thy feet the cooling stream, with oil anoint thy head.

When lengthened nights of darkness involve thy

soul in gloom, And death's deep-shaded valley presents to thee the tomb,

Then may the light of morning again shine on thy wav.

And thou with hope and courage press on to endless day.

Whenthou passest through the Jordan, may He the

stream divide, Go with thee through the river, roll back the swelling tide; Safe land thee as a pilgrim on Canaan's blessed

shore.

Receive thee to Mount Zion to triumph evermore.

Till then, God kelp thee, traveller, and guide thee on thy way

In danger be thy refuge, in weakness be thy stay; When storms around thee threaten, or snares thy steps attend, May He be thy Deliv'rer, and save thee to the end.

SELECTIONS.

ALL THINGS IN CHRIST.

"He that spared not His own Son, but freely delivered Him up for us all, how shall He not with thin also freely gire usall things,—Rox, viii. 32.

In this passage it is implied that Christ is God's greatest gift to man, and the apostle infers that He, who has given the greater, will not withhold the lesser gift. If, therefore, I have received Christ, I have the pledge of Almighty God, I shall never suffer the lack of any thing which is needful for me either in time or in eternity. I have not included the careful and troubled either in regard to spiritual or temporal things. If I have Christ, I shall have "all things." I may not have what I think I need, but I shall is have what is far better. I shall have what infinite wisdom and infinite love sees that I need. would not substitute my wisdom in the place of God's wisdom. I would leave the ordering of my lot to Him, resting upon His promises, and strengthening my faith by the constant reference to his greatest gift.

THE DEATH OF AN AGED PASTOR.

[From Sermon by the Rev. John Kerr on the death of Dr Kidston of Glasgow.]

Tun world we live in is one of ceaseless muta- 1 tion. Every setting sun brings its changes, whether we perceive them or not. Day by day "our ! age is departed, and removed from us like a shep-herd's tent." We pitch our tabernacle every mght nearer death, nearer judgement. The departure of each friend who enters the world of spirits is intended to give us this admonition. Leaving they i leave this lesson. Thou also shall become weak as we; thou shall become like unto us." The death of a Christian minister comes with a wider i circumference and deeper significance of warning than almost any other. It visits every house in a large community with its note of change, and I knocks loudly at every heart. The pulpit speaks in death, as in life, to all who gather round it.

The absence of its wonted occupant is the last and most solemn of his admonitions—the silent eloquence of that preacher, Death—wao, more im-pressively than the wise man, writes " ramty of vanities" on all this sublunary life. The departure of an aged minister gives an emphasis to this lesson even more profound. For sixty years change invaded every seat in this house of God, but it spared the central one. The teacher's place

stranger might have visited this congregation at the interval of half a century to find the same face there; and in the ceaseless revolutions around it one fixed place appeared to have been found, as in the firmament of stars, moveless and surrounding mutability. But now that fancy is dissolved, the ancient landmark is removed, which these fathers had set for us. First came one stroke, and then in rapid succession another; and this place that knew them shall know them no more. Once, yea. twice, has God spoken to assure us that there is no place exempt from death's inroad; "that time and chance (to speak with men) happen alike to all." Now we have been brought to the heartfelt acknowledgement, "We are strangers before Thee, and sojourners, as were all our tathers; our days on the earth are as a shadow, and there is none abiding." This one change calls to mind many; it stirs up the dead for us; it leads the eye to wander from seat to seat, and ask the question, "Our fathers, where are they?" There are high places of weeping in the path of life that summon us to look back, and none more sacred and touching than those that lead us to meditate on the waste that death has caused in a religious com-munity. The overthrow of empires, and fall of nunity. The overthrow of empires, and ich can cent dynasties, are impressive; and yet frequently they roll overhead like the thunder peal, sun may smile on them when the storm is past. But change in a Christian congregation reminds us of the quenching of domestic fires, of the dispersion of family circles, of coldness and desolation in homes and hearts, once warm with affec-tion lighted at the altar of God. Within five brief years, just closed, two ministers and six elders have been called by death from our midst; and how many more have joined them from the ranks of membership! When we cast our eye further back, how few survive of those that saw him, who has just departed, enter on his ministry! names of them that are asleep are more by far than of them who are alive and remain. 'Tis long since the congregation of the dead has had the majority. Men of faith, and prayer, and active zeal, who carried many a year the ark of God, are numbered with a generation past. Families, once numerous, have left not a name; or some solitary mourner, with Rizpah-like grief, lives to guard their memory. Voices that sung God's praises are husbed in silence. Those who walked guard their memory. to the house of God in company are resting together in the narrow house; and fathers and brethren, and fellow-partners in the journey of life, whom we have loved as our own soul, "have been led captive of him who opens not the house of his prisoners." What hearts have been tent in these partings, that bleed afresh as memory touches the wound, and that shall never be fully healed till the great day when the grave shall hear the word Restore! As the Saviour stood before the sepulchre of Lazatus, it is said with touching simplicity, "Jesus wept;" and wherefore? It was not, as John Howe has observed; over that one grave: "For He knew His own purpose, and foresaw the certain and glorious area (the data descents)." case of this dark dispensation." No, but in that single death he saw many. In the weeping mourners around His eye beheid all the wo and desolation which sin and death had brought into this fair world; and then that large heart of His was melted—He groaned in the spirit and was troubled." This one recent grave may so lead us back to many a mouldering heap around it-"The air is full of farewells for the dying,

seemed to have made a covenant with death; a

And mournings for the dead."

We have been, like the Apostle, " in deaths oft." It is not forbidden to call up the forms of the departed, although, like Samuel to the unhappy king of Israel, they came to tell us that we must soon be with them. The sorrow is salutary:—

> "O let the soul her slumbers break, Let thought be quickened and awake ; Awake to see

How soon this life is past and gone, And death comes soilly stealing on, How silently!